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JOB LOSS BENEFIT IS THE SAME AS UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE

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CURICULUM VITAE

: DJOKO HERIYONO, SH



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N A M A TEMPAT/TGL.LAHIR ALAMAT KANTOR RIWAYAT PEND

GROBOGAN 6 JULI 1964
 GEDUNG ILP LL4 JL. RAYA PASAR MINGGU 39A JAKARTA SELATAN
 1. STM MESIN UMUM
 2. S 1 HUKUM

RIWAYAT ORG

- 1. KOMISARIS PUK SPSI PT DOSON TAHUN 1997-1999
- KETUA PUK SPTSK PT DOSON TAHUN 1999-2003
- 3. KETUA DPC SPTSK KAB TANGERANG TAHUN 2002-2004
- KETUA DPD SPN BANTEN 2004-2006
- 5. WASEKUM DPP SPN TAHUN 2003-2006
- SEKUM DPP SPN TAHUN 2006-2009
- 7. KETUA BIDANG ADVOKASI DPP SPN TAHUN 2009-2019
- 8. PROTOKOL PLAY FAIR MULTINATIONAL CORPORITE (MNC)
- ANGGOTA LKS TRIPNAS 2007 2015.

10. KETUA TIM KAJIAN WANTIMPRES BID.KESRA RI 2012 - 2014 KESEJAHTERAAN PEKERJA/BURUH & JAMSOSTEK

11. KETUA UMUM DPP SPN 2019 - 2024

SOCIAL PROTECTION



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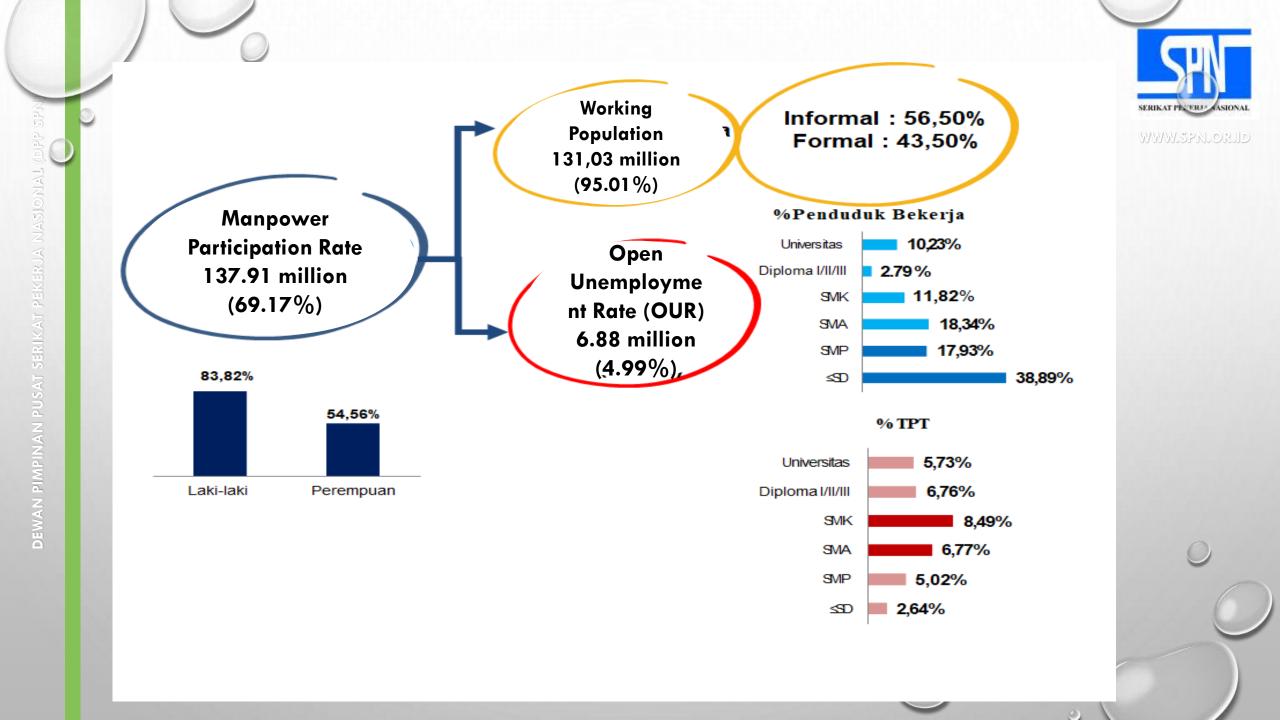
Job Security	• Job Protection
Income Security	• Income Protection
Sosial Security	 Universal Lifelong Social Security Protection





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- 1. HEALTH INSURANCE (JPK)
- 2. OCCUPATIONAL ACCIDENT BENEFIT (JKK)
- 3. DEATH BENEFIT (JK)
- 4. MATERNITY BENEFIT
- 5. UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE
- 6. PENSION BENEFIT (JP)
- 7. OLD-AGE BENEFIT (JHT)
- 8. ELDERLY BENEFIT
- 9. SEVERANCE PAY BENEFIT
- CONTINGENCY STATUS



Currently, the largest population of Indonesians is the productive group (19-59 years old) of approximately 57% of total population, and the elderly group (60 + years old) has reached 10% of total population

ASIONAL

	All Population							
Age Group	Female		Male		Total	%		
	Number	%	Number	%				
0-6	16,143,367	49	16,814,544	51	32,957,910	12.2		
7-18	27,258,275	49	28,741,785	51	56,000,061	20.7		
19-59	77,032,401	50	77,507,590	50	154,539,991	57.2		
60+	14,023,590	52	12,793,877	48	26,817,467	9.9		
Total	134,457,633	50	135,857,796	50	270,315,430	50		

	Below 40%							
Age Group	Female		Male		Total	%		
	Number	%	Number	%				
0-6	7,536,323	49	7,858,569	51	15,394,892	14.2		
7-18	12,180,726	49	12,817,243	51	24,997,969	23.1		
19-59	28,429,995	51	27,678,988	49	56,108,982	51.9		
60+	6,261,302	54	5,366,100	46	11,627,402	10.8		
Total	54,408,346	50	53,720,900	50	108,129,246	100		

In their life span, each individual has risks and challenges



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CHILD AGE



Stunting

- not getting immunized
- No access to pre- and post birth care
- Loss of parental care due to migration or death

ELDERLY

- Increased inability to live daily life
- Inability to work
- not getting cared by family
- Discrimination in the labor force
- Limited acces to credit

CROSS-AGE CHALLENGES (ECONOMICAL SHOCK, NATURAL DISASTER, HEALTH AND DIABILITY ISSUES)

WORKING AGE

- Unemployed or under-employed
- Insufficient income
- Debt
- Required to care children and the elderly
- No access to child care center or kindergarten
- Gender discrimination
- Divorce or domestic violence

SCHOOL AGE

- Child labor
- No accesss to schooling
- Malnutrition
- Loss of parental care due to migration or death
- Limited access to training
- Early marriage and too young to take care of children





PRINCIPLES OF EMPLOYMENT SOCIAL SECURITY



- IT IS A CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHT OF ALL INDONESIAN PEOPLE
- ABILITY AND WILLINGNESS TO PAY/CONTRIBUTE
- SUSTAINABILITY AND ADEQUACY OF CONTRIBUTION AND BENEFITS
- OPENING WIDER ACCESS OF FINANCING TO ALL INDONESIAN PEOPLE
- WORKERS ARE GUARANTEED IN THE CASE OF OCCUPATIONAL ACCIDENT OR
 DEATH
- WORKERS ARE GUARANTEED OF THEIR INCOME LEVEL BOTH DURING THEIR EMPLOYMENT AND RETIREMENT PERIODS
- BASED ON MUTUAL HELP
- SUPPORTING INDONESIA'S HUMAN DEVELOPMENT INDEX (HDI)



UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE

• PERSPECTIVE OF MUTUAL HELP

•ACTIVE WORKERS SUPPORT INACTIVE WORKERS



• INACTIVE WORKERS :

- 1. ELDERLY
- 2. DISABLED
- 3. TERMINATION/CONTRACT EXPIRATION/EFFICIENCY/RESIGN/CB/COURT DECISION



• ACTIVE WORKERS :

• FORMAL OR INFORMAL WORKERS IN PRODUCTIVE PERIOD OF AGED 18 TO 59 YEARS, WHO ARE ABLE TO PAY SOCIAL SECURITY CONTRIBUTION

Social Protection Challenges for Productive Age Group Challenges in Expansion of Participation in Employment Social Security

- 1. Too many regulations and inconsistencies between the existing ragulations
- 2. Not optimal Socialization and education on the employment social security programs, especially to the PBPU segments
- 3. Limited outreach of participation to the informal sector, eventhough the number of informal workers is higher than the formal one.
- 4. Not all categories of workers can access the pension benefit program, especially non-wage workers (PBPU), daily casual/piecemeal/seasonal workers in the construction service and migrant workers.
- 5. Non-compliance of employers in enrolling the PPU in the employment social security programs
- 6. Early withdrawal of JHT has risk of defisit and unsustainability in the long term





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• EASY IN PARTICIPATION AND RECEIVING BENEFITS

- ID NUMBER-BASED PARTICIPATION FOR EVERYONE AND NIB FOR COMPANIES
- SUKET AND SUBER-BASED ACCEPTANCE



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KONTINJENSI JAMINAN SOSIAL adalah suatu keadaan atau situasi yang diperkirakan akan segera terjadi, tetapi mungkin juga tidak akan terjadi. Kecuali terjadi KONTINGENSI DANA APBN, APBD dan IURAN PESERTA

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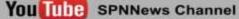
Djoko Heryono. S.H

Ketua Umum DPP SPN

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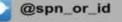
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Serikat Pekerja Nasional

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