

Transfers to older people in developing countries reduce poverty and support growth and development

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By 2050,

for every

- 10 Europeans aged 60 and over there will be
- **9.2** Africans,
- 8.2 Latin Americans, and
- 55 Asians in the same age group*

*UN Population Division







OECD countries address poverty and vulnerability through public transfers to older people and their families

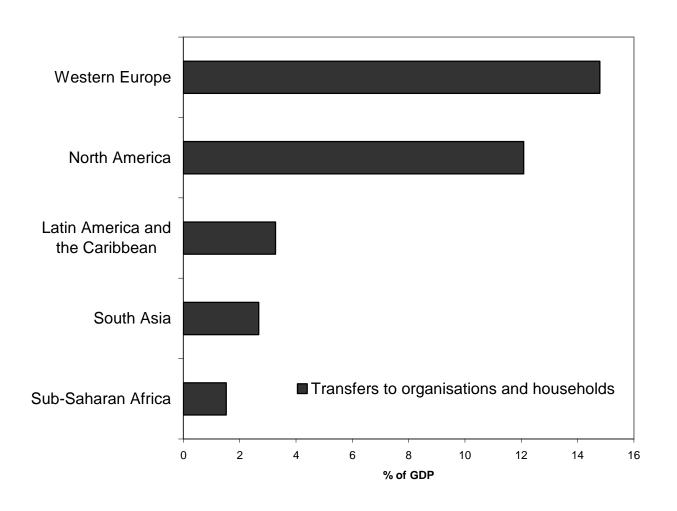
In <u>middle income</u> countries <u>public transfers</u> fail to cover poor households

In <u>low income</u> countries old age <u>public transfers</u> are scarce

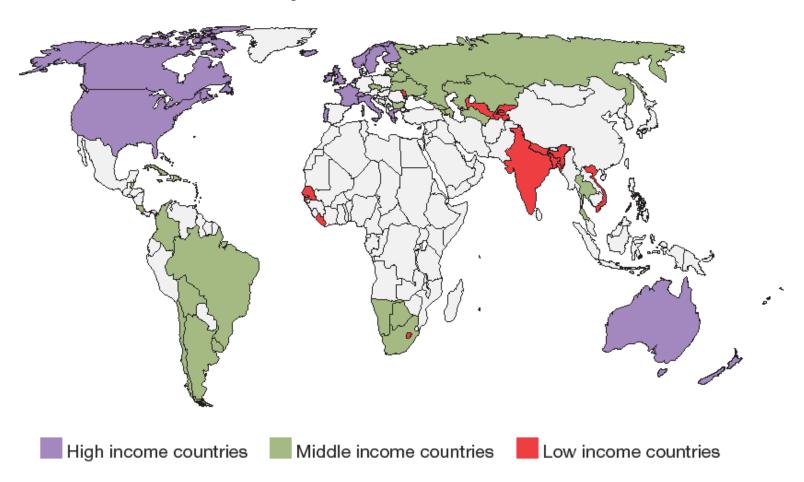




Direct public transfers as a proportion of GDP 1971-1997



Countries with a social pension



 Can social pensions work in low income developing countries?

• Do they reduce poverty and vulnerability?

 How can they support growth and development?





- **Lesotho** is one of the poorest countries in Southern Africa
- In 2004 a social pension was introduced, it pays
 US\$ 24 transfer a month to all aged 70 and over
- Because older people in developing countries live with their extended family, the social pension is in fact a household transfer paid through the older person'







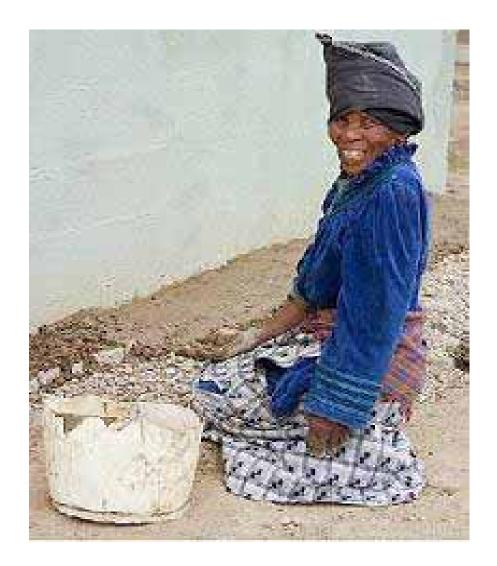
Lesotho

Pension day is also market day

In <u>cash-strapped</u> communities in Lesotho, transfers **encourage production and trade**



In neighbouring
South Africa, old age
transfers are a
leading poverty
reduction programme



Following the privatisation of utilities in the 1990s, **Bolivia** established a fund supporting a transfer to all aged 65 and over, called BONOSOL.

The transfer is around **US\$ 250** paid once a year on the **birthday** of the beneficiary

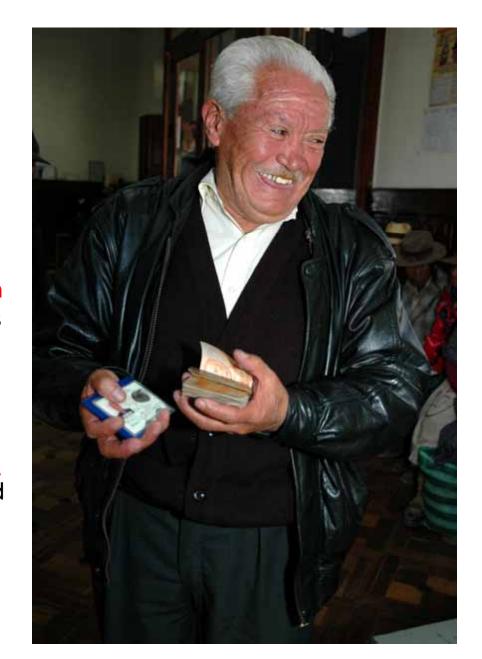




Bolivian pensioner receiving his BONOSOL

In rural areas of Bolivia, many farmers have land but **no cash** to buy seeds and tools

A study showed the rise in consumption among pensioner households was twice the amount transferred



In Zambia, the incidence of poverty and HIV/Aids are high

...leaving grandparents to care for grandchildren

A scheme piloted a transfer of **US\$ 10 a month** to labour scarce households





Mr. Motu is one of the beneficiaries

He and his wife live here

He saved 3 months of transfers to pay for an operation to remove his wife's cataracts

A 12 year old grandchild lives here

...who now attends school and helps with the family plot

Armando Barrientos/2005



Armando Barrientos/2005

The capacity of public agencies is very limited, so a village committee manages the transfer scheme

In Bangladesh, a **US\$2** transfer a month is paid to the 20 oldest and poorest in each district

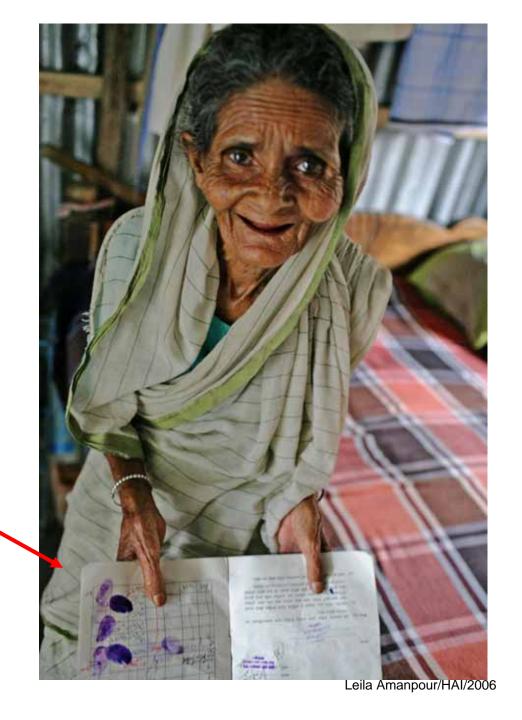




Registration is important

Her pension book records the transfers received

and protects against corruption



There is no 'retirement' in developing countries



Sawang Kaewkantha/HAI/2004

- According to ILO estimates, financing a social pension would require less than 1 percent of GDP in low income countries
- If well designed, social pensions can
 - reduce poverty and vulnerability
 among older persons an their households, especially those affected by HIV/Aids and migration
 - and contribute to production, trade, and growth in poor communities



