

WHO Global Health Expenditure Atlas



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The World Health Report of 2010, Health Systems Financing: the Path to Universal Coverage, argued that every country, regardless of income level, could do at least one thing to move closer to, or to maintain, universal coverage. Moving towards universal coverage increases the capacity of households to access needed health services of all types (prevention, promotion, treatment, rehabilitation) and protects them from financial catastrophe or impoverishment associated with paying for these services.

The health financing options involved one of more of the following:

- raise more funds for health domestically;
- reduce financial barriers to services by increasing forms of prepayment with subsequent pooling of funds, rather than relying on direct out-of-pocket payments;
- improve efficiency and equity in the way resources are used.

Any or all of these actions will result in changes in the amounts and patterns of flows of health expenditures. Recognizing this, World Health Assembly Resolution 64.9 of 2011 on "Sustainable health financing structures and universal coverage" asks WHO Member States, among other things,

"to establish and strengthen institutional capacity in order to generate country-level evidence and effective, evidence-based policy decision-making on the design of universal health coverage systems, including tracking the flows of health expenditures through the application of standard accounting frameworks".

This document, the 2011 WHO Global Health Expenditure Atlas, presents health expenditure data from the 194 Member States of the Organization in individual country profiles and in regional and global summaries. It reports data that is available in the Global Health Expenditure Database (GHED) as of the end of January 2012, data that has been collated from country reports and after consultation with country experts. The GHED is updated continuously, and can be accessed at www.who.int/nha/database. I believe that this document will prove to be a valuable reference point for policy makers at country level as well as for researchers.

Dr Carissa F. Etienne

Assistant Director-General Health Systems and Services

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Spending on health: A global overview

April 2012

Total global expenditure for health	US\$ 6.5 trillion
Total global expenditure for health per person per year	US\$ 948
Country with highest total spending per person per year on health	United States (US\$ 8362)
Country with lowest total spending per person per year on health	Eritrea (US\$ 12)
Country with highest government spending per person per year on health	Luxembourg (US\$ 6906)
Country with lowest government spending per person per year on health	Myanmar (US\$ 2)
Country with highest annual out-of-pocket household spending on health	Switzerland (US\$ 2412)
Country with lowest annual out-of-pocket household spending on health	Kiribati (US\$ 0.2)
Average amount spent per person per year on health in countries belonging to the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD)	US\$ 4380
Percentage of the world's population living in OECD countries	18 %
Percentage of the world's total financial resources devoted to health currently spent in OECD countries	84 %
WHO estimate of minimum spending per person per year needed to provide basic, life-saving services	US\$ 44
Number of WHO Member States where health spending — including spending by government, households and the private sector and funds provided by external donors — is lower than US\$50 per person per year	34 Member States
Number of WHO Member States where health spending is lower than US\$20 per person per year	7 Member States
Percentage of funds spent on health in WHO's Africa Region that has been provided by donors	11 %

Figures used on this fact sheet are based on 2010 data

Source of data: Global Health Expenditure Database (GHED)



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Policy highlights

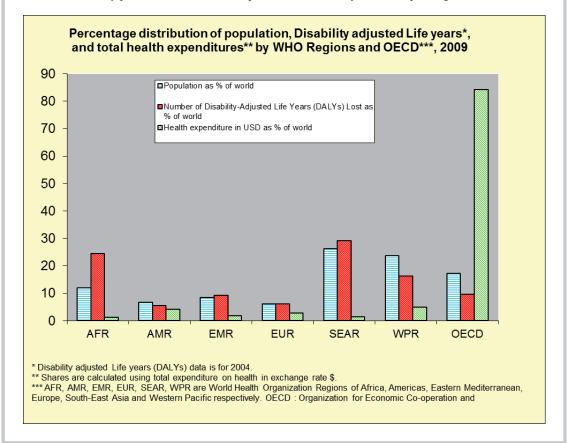
WHO/NHA Policy Highlight No.1/March 2012 (Based on 2009 data)

Do health expenditures meet health needs?

In 2009, the world spent a total of US\$ 5.97 trillion on health at exchange rates or I\$ 6.6 trillion (International dollars taking into account the purchasing power of different national currencies). The geographical distribution of financial resources for health is uneven. There is a 20/80 syndrome in which 34 OECD countries make up less than 20% of the world's population but spend over 80% of the world's resources on health.

OECD countries spend a larger share of their GDP on health (12.4%), as compared to 6.5% to the African (AFR) and 3.7% in South East Asian (SEAR) regions of WHO respectively. This translates to per capita spending of I\$4205 (US\$ 4341) in OECD countries compared to I\$159 (US\$ 83) in countries in the AFR and I\$120 (US\$ 48) in SEAR regions respectively. Linking this to epidemiology, the figure shows that though the poorer WHO regions like AFR and SEAR account for the largest share of the global burden of disease (over 50% of global disability-adjusted life years lost) and 38% of the world's population, they spend only 2.5% of global health resources. The Western Pacific (WPR) region without the four OECD Member States, Australia, Japan, New Zealand, and Republic of Korea, accounts for 24% of the world's population (dominated by China), about 16% of the global burden of disease but only 4.8% of the world's health resources. The region of the Americas (AMR) and Europe (EUR), excluding the OECD countries, account for 12.7% of the world's population, 11% of the global burden of disease and spend only 7% of health resources.

Richer countries with smaller populations and lower disease burden use more health resources than poorer countries with larger populations and higher disease burden. This highlights the absolute need for additional resources for many poor countries and raises questions of efficiency in health spending in richer countries.



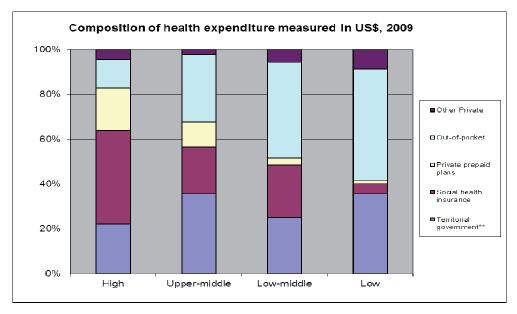


WHO/NHA Policy Highlight No.2/March 2012 (Based on 2009 data)

Heavy reliance on out of pocket expenditures leads to financial barriers for poor.

The target for the first goal of the Millennium Declaration is to have (between 1990 and 2015) the proportion of people with incomes less than one dollar a day. Out of pocket payments lead to financial barriers to access for the poor and for households purchasing medical goods and services result in fall below the poverty line (impoverishment) or suffer severe financial difficulties (i.e. they incur catastrophic expenditures). Household surveys have shown that on average, 100 million individuals are impoverished, and another 150 million individuals face severe financial difficulties during any given year because of these direct health expenditures.

In 2009, the world spent US\$5.97 trillion or I\$6.6 trillion (international dollars adjusting for differences in purchasing power among national currencies) on health. Low income countries with annual per capita incomes (GNI) of less than US\$1005 relied most heavily on out of pocket payments to finance health care. In these countries, the share of out-of-pocket payments in total health expenditures measured in US\$ terms was 50% compared to only 13% in countries with incomes higher than US\$12,276 per capita. Health expenses in most high income countries are raised largely through pre-payment mechanisms such as taxes or health insurance premiums, with potential for cross subsidizing and protecting households from financial catastrophe. These funds are channelled through private insurance, social security and government agencies who purchase or provide health services (see figure below).



World Bank country classification by GNI/capita:
High income: US\$12,276 or more. Upper middle income: US\$3,976 - \$12,275;
Low middle income: US\$1006 - US\$3,975 Low income: US\$1005 or less

Source: National Health Accounts unit, Health System Financing, HSS, World Health Organization www.who.int/nha



WHO/NHA Policy Highlight No.3/March 2012 (Based on 2009 data)

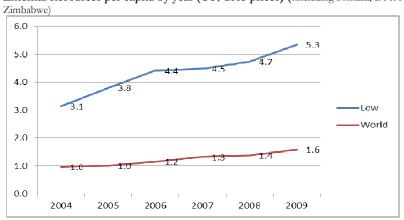
External AID for health remains insufficient in low income countries

It has long been recognized that many countries lack sufficient funds to ensure universal access to critical health interventions and services. In response, the international community has increased their financial support to low and low-middle income countries, particularly related to the Millennium Development Goals (MDGs). Have these funds helped increase overall expenditures on health in poor countries? Are they sufficient? Trends between 2004 and 2009 show significant increases in total expenditures on health in the group of low-income countries. Taken as a group, these countries spent \$14.2 (in 2005 US\$) per capita on health in 2004, a figure that includes contributions from external sources such as bilateral and multilateral partners and foundations. This had increased to \$15.3 in 2005, and \$21.6 in 2009, the last year for which data are available. This represents an increase of 53% over the period.

At the same time, financial contributions from outside these countries for health also increased. External aid per capita received by the low-income countries have increased from 2005 constant US\$ 3.1 in 2004 to 5.3 in 2009 which is an average annual increase of 14%. The relative contribution of these external resources to total expenditure on health has increased from 22.2% to 24.7% during the period concerned; remains relatively low. In individual countries, however, the contributions can be considerably higher, rising as high as 90% of total health expenditures.

The 2001 Report of the Commission on Macroeconomics and Health estimated that a minimum set of essential preventive and curative interventions, focusing largely on communicable diseases, would cost approximately \$34 per person. Despite the increase in aid, per capita expenditure on health across the group of low-income countries in 2009 was only \$25.2, of which only \$5.3 was financed through external aid. At current growth rate, total health expenditure per capita would reach only \$32.4 in 2005 US\$ by 2012, still lower than the original target.





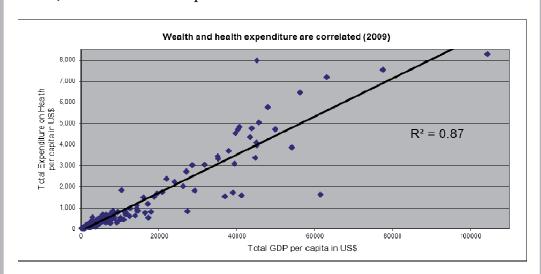
¹World Bank country classification by income level (web page): per capita GNI of less than US \$1005 for low-income countries. Source: National Health Accounts, Health System Financing, HSS, World Health Organization www.who.int/nha



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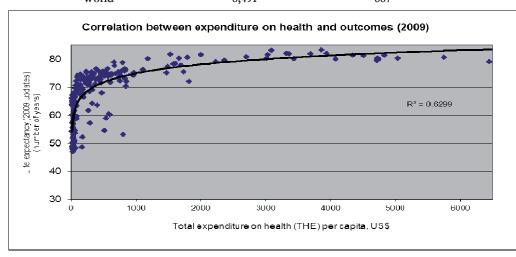
WHO/NHA Policy Highlight No. 4/March 2012 (Based on 2009 data)

Wealth, health and health expenditure



The level of a nation's wealth, as measured by its gross domestic product, is linked very closely to what it spends on health. The larger the per capita income, the larger the expenditure is on health. Some countries, however, spend appreciably more than would be expected by their income levels, and some considerably less. There is no "recommended" level of spending on health. But the graph below shows that increasing health expenditures are associated with better health outcomes especially for low income countries.

Income level	Average* Gross Domestic Product (Per capita US\$)	Average* Total Health Expenditure (Per capita US\$)
High	38,359	4,752
Upper middle	7,819	559
Lower middle	2,385	116
Low	630	34
World	8.491	887



* Estimated as weighted average (weighted by population).

Source: National Health Accounts unit, Health System Financing, EIP, World Health Organization www.who.int/nha



Health expenditures and universal coverage

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Two recent World Health Assembly (WHA) resolutions ^{16,17} have highlighted the importance of health-financing systems in helping countries attain and maintain universal coverage – sometimes called "universal health coverage" or "social health protection". Universal coverage has been defined as:

ensuring that all people have access to needed health services – prevention, promotion, treatment and rehabilitation – without facing financial ruin because of the need to pay for them.¹⁸

The two WHA resolutions requested that WHO support countries seeking to modify their health-financing systems in order to achieve this aim – partly through the sharing of information on best practices and country experiences. Drawing on the experiences of countries at all income levels, *The World Health Report 2010*¹⁸ makes the case that all countries could do at least one thing to move closer to universal coverage or to protect the gains already made. Options for immediate action include:

- raising more funds for health domestically;
- reducing financial barriers to services by increasing forms of prepayment and the pooling of funds, rather than relying on direct out-of-pocket payments;
- improving efficiency and equity in the way resources are used.

The report urged that richer countries continue to support lower-income countries in all of these areas. In the

case of the first two options, national health accounts and other forms of expenditure tracking can provide very useful information.

How much money is available for health?

The overall level of funding allocated to health sets the boundaries that determine which services will be available to the population. This overall level is determined partly by a country's wealth, the proportion of national income devoted to health, and inflows of funds for health from external partners.

Figure 10 shows total health expenditure (US\$) per capita for 2009. Data are unavailable for the Democratic Republic of Korea, Somalia and Zimbabwe. Because of the enormous variation in health expenditures between different countries, the relative values shown by the horizontal bars use a logarithmic scale, with the corresponding absolute figures shown to the left of each bar.

Expenditures per capita from all sources – public, private and external partners – ranged from US\$ 11 in Eritrea to US\$ 8262 in Luxembourg. Average (weighted) per capita expenditures also varied substantially across WHO regions and country-income groupings – ranging from US\$ 48 in the WHO South-East Asia Region to US\$ 3187 in the WHO Region of the Americas; and from US\$ 25 in low-income countries to US\$ 4692 in high-income countries.

The High Level Taskforce on Innovative International Financing for Health Systems¹⁹ suggested that, on average, a country would require a minimum of US\$ 44

¹⁶ Fifty-Eighth World Health Assembly. Resolution WHA 58.33. Sustainable health financing, universal coverage and social health insurance. Geneva, World Health Organization, 2005 (http://apps.who.int/gb/ebwha/pdf_files/WHA58-REC1/eng-lish/Resolutions.pdf – accessed 8 February 2012).

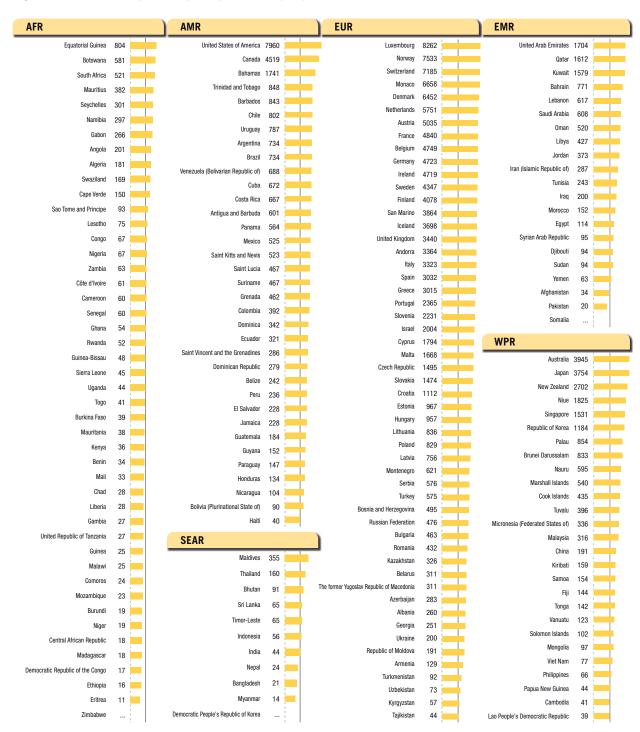
^{17.} Sixty-Fourth World Health Assembly. Resolution WHA 64.9. Sustainable health financing structures and universal coverage. Geneva, World Health Organization, 2011 (http://apps.who.int/gb/ebwha/pdf_files/WHA64/A64_R9-en.pdf – accessed 8 February 2012).

^{18.} The World Health Report 2010. Health systems financing: the path to universal coverage. Geneva, World Health Organization, 2010 (http://www.who.int/whr/2010/en/index.html – accessed 8 February 2012).

^{19.} Constraints to scaling up the health Millennium Development Goals: costing and financial gap analysis. Background document for the Taskforce on Innovative International Financing for Health Systems. Geneva, World Health Organization, 2010 (http:// www.internationalhealthpartnership.net//CMS_files/documents/ working_group_1_technical_background_report_(world_health_ organization)_EN.pdf, accessed 8 February 2012).

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Figure 10. Total health expenditure per capita, 2009²⁰ (US\$)



^{20.} The bars show values on a logarithmic scale and the vertical grey lines show the suggested minimum of 44\$ USD per capita. The numerical values show the total health expenditure per capita for 2009.



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per capita in 2009 to ensure that everyone could have access to a set of essential health services focusing largely on HIV, tuberculosis, malaria, and maternal and child health, with some preventive activities targeting noncommunicable diseases. This figure incorporates the amount needed by national health systems to simultaneously scale up all the required interventions. On the logarithmic scale shown in Figure 10, this cut-off point of US\$ 44 is shown as a vertical grey line. In 2009, 29 countries spent less than this per capita, despite a substantial increase in external financial support for health-care provision following the United Nations Millennium Declaration of 2000. At this level of funding, it is simply not possible to ensure universal access to even a limited set of essential health services.

In addition, many other low- and middle-income countries are facing severe financial constraints, and their capacity to increase the availability and quality of health services over time will depend on their ability to increase funding from both domestic and external sources, and to use them efficiently and equitably. The World Health Report 2010 summarized a number of ways that countries could raise more funds for health domestically including giving greater priority to health in the making of government budget decisions.

Levels of financial risk protection

Information on the extent of financial catastrophe and impoverishment associated with direct out-of-pocket payments for health is available for 89 countries. ²¹ It is estimated that each year up to 10% of the population in these countries suffers this type of financial catastrophe, with up to 4% pushed under the poverty line. Based on data covering 90% of the world's population, an estimated 100 million people are pushed under the poverty line each year simply because they use health services for which they are forced to pay out of their own pockets.

Conclusion

With very low levels of funding, countries cannot ensure universal access to even a very limited set of health services. On the other hand, higher levels of funding might not translate into better service coverage or improved health outcomes if the resources are not used efficiently or equitably. The two health expenditure indicators presented here do not capture aspects of efficiency, and only partially highlight the issue of equity. However, they still provide valuable information on two of the important areas of health financing for universal coverage.

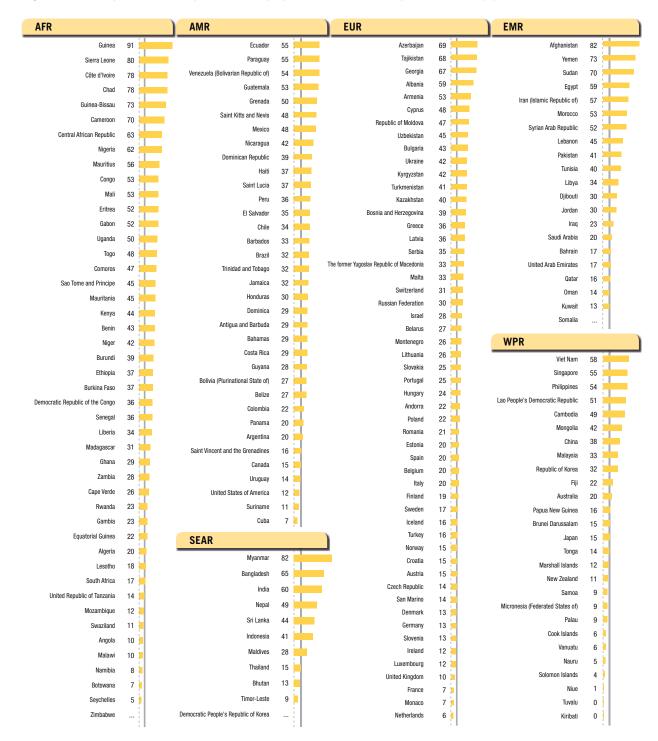
Figure 11 shows the levels of out-of-pocket spending on health expressed as a percentage of total health expenditure by country. High relative levels of such payments have been shown to be highly correlated with the incidence of financial catastrophe and impoverishment. The vertical grey lines indicate a cut-off point of 15%, as evidence indicates that below 15-20%, the incidence of financial catastrophe caused by out-of-pocket health expenses is negligible.22 Forty-seven countries currently fall below the 15% threshold; while in 36 countries, out-of-pocket payments account for more than 50% of total health spending. Prepayment approaches - such as taxes and/or insurance - with subsequent pooling of available financial resources spread the risk across the population, and help to ensure that people can use health services without fear of financial ruin.

^{21.} Xu K et al. (2007). Protecting households from catastrophic health spending. *Health Affairs*, 26(4):972–983.

²² Xu K et al. Exploring the thresholds of health expenditure for protection against financial risk. *The World Health Report 2010* background paper no. 19 (http://www.who.int/healthsystems/ topics/financing/healthreport/19THE-thresv2.pdf – accessed 8 February 2012).

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Figure 11. Out-of-pocket health expenditure as a proportion of total health expenditure, 2009 (%)





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Algeria Lesotho
Angola Liberia

Benin Madagascar

Botswana Malawi Burkina Faso Mali

Burundi Mauritania
Cameroon Mauritius

Cape Verde Mozambique

Central African Republic Namibia

Chad Niger
Comoros Nigeria

Democratic Republic of Congo Rwanda

Congo Sao Tome and Principe

Côte d'Ivoire (Ivory Coast) Senegal

Equatorial Guinea Seychelles

Eritrea Sierra Leone

Ethiopia South Africa

Gabon Swaziland

Gambia Togo

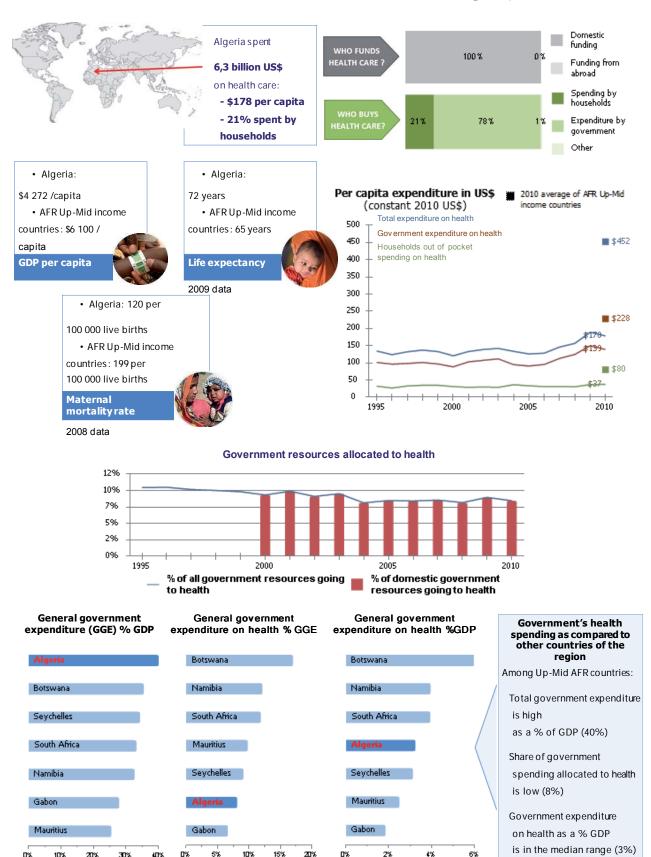
Ghana Uganda

Guinea United Republic of Tanzania

Guinea-Bissau Zambia

Kenya Zimbabwe

HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Algeria, 2010



Source: National Health Accounts database, World Health Organization (nhaweb@who.int) Footnote: te

D%

10%

World Health Organization

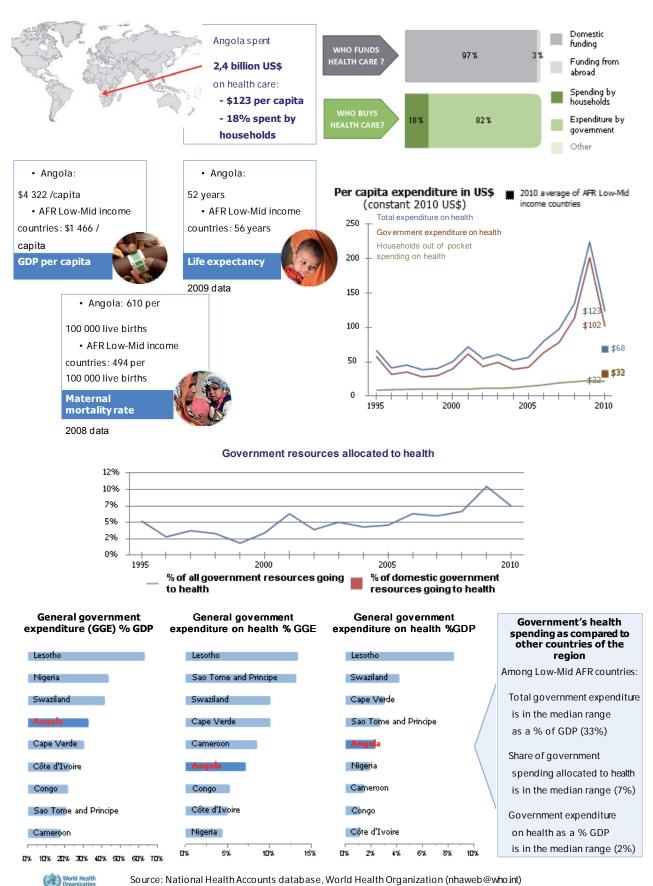
20%

30%

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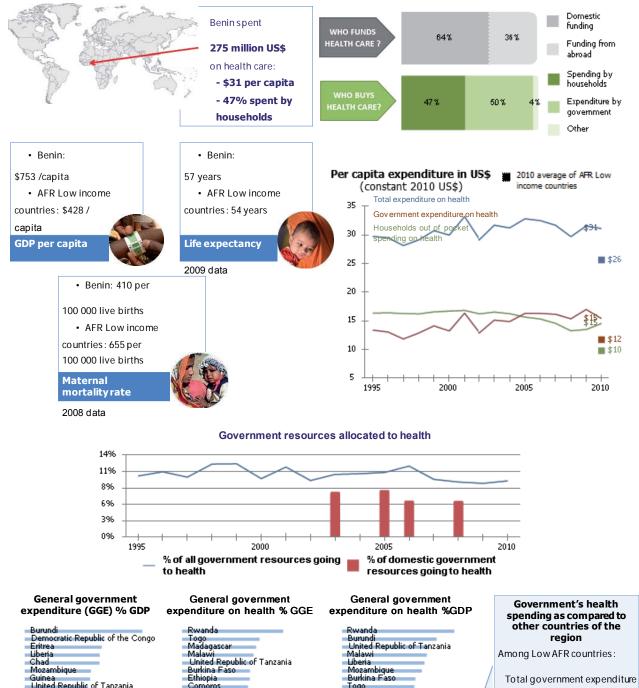
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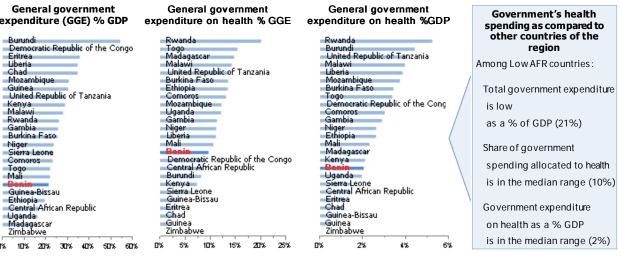
HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Angola, 2010



Source: National Health Accounts database, World Health Organization (nhaweb@who.int) Footnote:

HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Benin, 2010





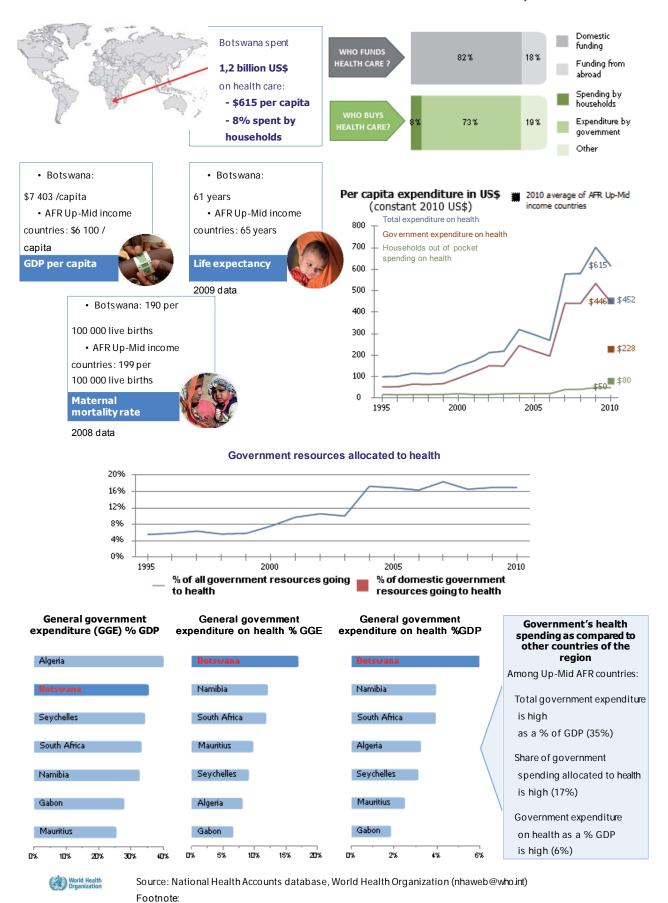
Source: National Health Accounts database, World Health Organization (nhaweb@who.int)

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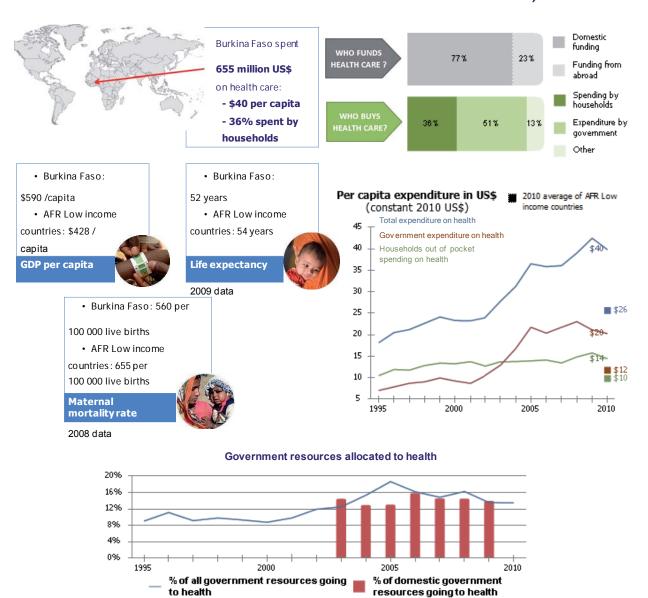
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HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Botswana, 2010



17

HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Burkina Faso, 2010

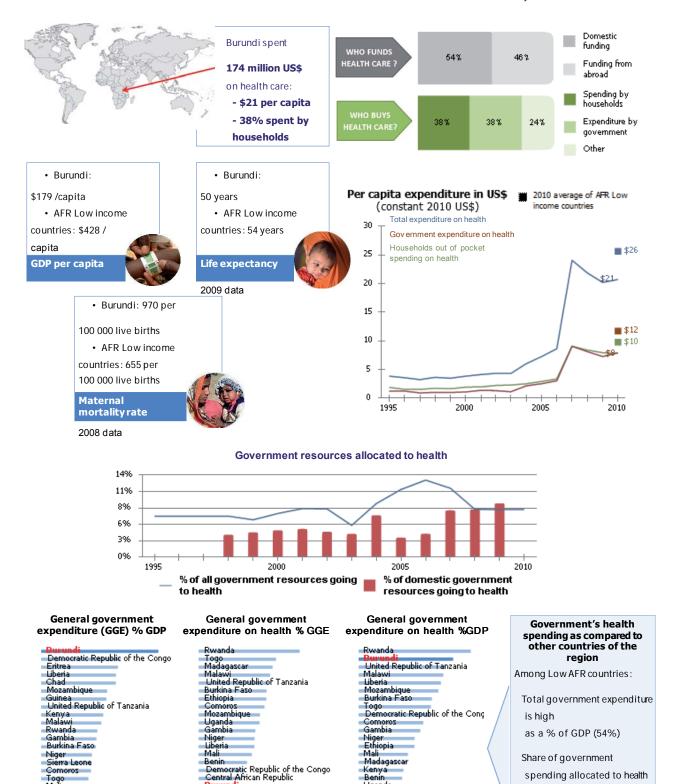


General government General government General government Government's health expenditure (GGE) % GDP expenditure on health % GGE expenditure on health %GDP spending as compared to other countries of the Togo Madagascar Democratic Republic of the Congo region Eritrea Liberia Chad Mozambique United Republic of Tanzania Malawi Liberia Mozambique Malawi United Republic of Tanzania Among Low AFR countries: Ethiopia Total government expenditure Guinea United Republic of Tanzania Comoros Mozambique Kenya Malawi Democratic Republic of the Cong is in the median range Comoros Gambia Niger Ethiopia Mali Madagascar as a % of GDP (25%) Niger Share of government Sierra Leone Democratic Republic of the Congo Central African Republic Kenya Benin Comoros Togo Maii Benin Guinea-Bissau Ethiopia Central African Republic Uganda Madagascar Zimbabwe spending allocated to health Bunindi Uganda Kenya Sierra Leone Guinea-Bissau Guarda Sierra Leone Central African Republic Eritrea Chad is high (13%) Government expenditure Eritrea Chad Guinea-Bissau Guinea on health as a % GDP Zimbabwe Zimbabwe is high (3%) 5% 10% 25% 4% 6% 10% 20% 30% 40% 50% 60% 0% 15% 20% or.

Source: National Health Accounts database, World Health Organization (nhaweb@who.int) Footnote:

World Health Organization

HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Burundi, 2010



World Health Organization

Guinea-Bissau Ethiopia Central African Republic

10% 20% 30% 40%

Togo Mali Benin

Uganda Madagascar Zimbabwe

Source: National Health Accounts database, World Health Organization (nhaweb@who.int) Footnote:

0%

25%

Kenya Sierra Leone Guinea-Bissau

Eritrea Chad

Guinea

50% 60%

Zimbabwe

5%

10% 15% 20% Kenya Benin

Uganda Sierra Leone Central African Republic

4%

Guinea-Bissau

Guinea Zimbabwe

spending allocated to health

Government expenditure

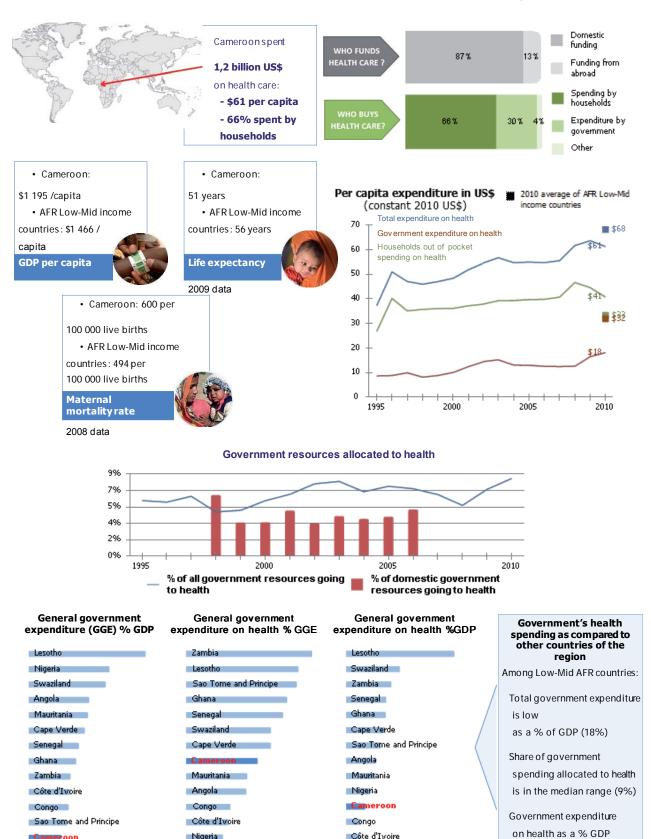
on health as a % GDP

is low (8%)

is high (4%)

6%

HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Cameroon, 2010



World Health Organization

D% 1D% 2D% 3D% 4D% 5D% 6D% 7D%

Source: National Health Accounts database, World Health Organization (nhaweb@who.int) Footnote:

2%

4% 6% 8%

or.

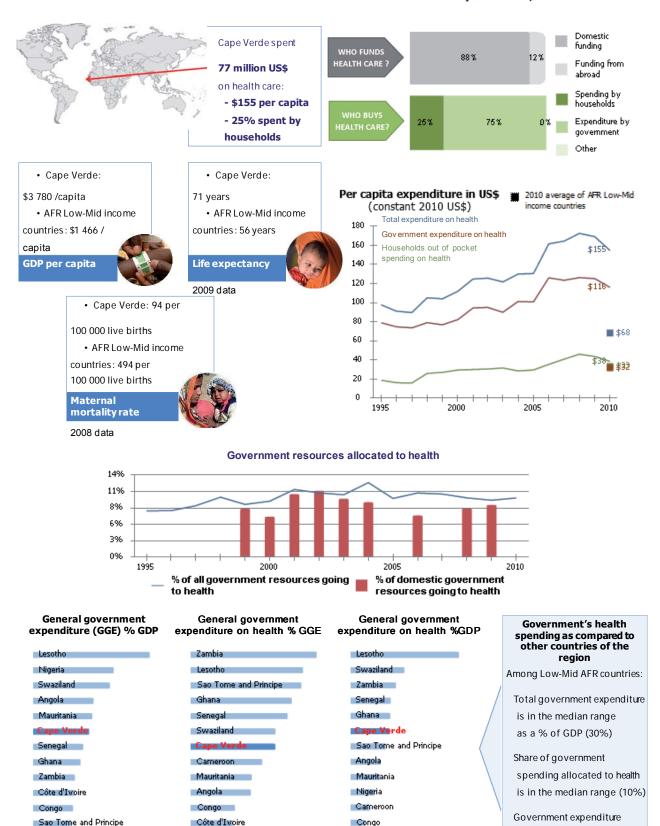
15%

10%

is low (2%)

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HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Cape Verde, 2010



World Health Organization

D% 10% 20% 30% 40% 50% 50% 70%

Source: National Health Accounts database, World Health Organization (nhaweb@who.int) Footnote:

0% 2%

15%

10%

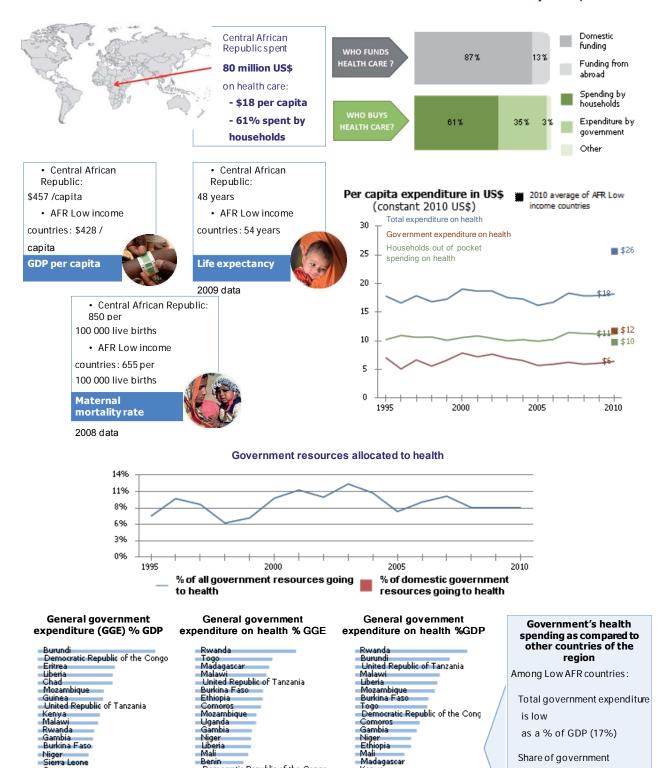
■Côte d'Ixoire

Nigeria

on health as a % GDP

is in the median range (3%)

HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Central African Republic, 2010





Central African Republic Uganda Madagascar Zimbabwe

40%

50% 60%

Maiawi Rwanda Gambia Burkina Faso

Niger Sierra Leone

Guinea-Bissau Ethiopia

Source: National Health Accounts database, World Health Organization (nhaweb@who.int) Footnote:

Kenya Benin

Uganda Sierra Leone

Guinea-Bissau

Zimbabwe

or.

ral African Republic

4%

Democratic Republic of the Congo

15% 20% 25% as a % of GDP (17%)

spending allocated to health

is in the median range (8%)

Government expenditure

on health as a % GDP

is low (1%)

6%

Share of government

Rumindi Kenya Sierra Leone Guinea-Bissau

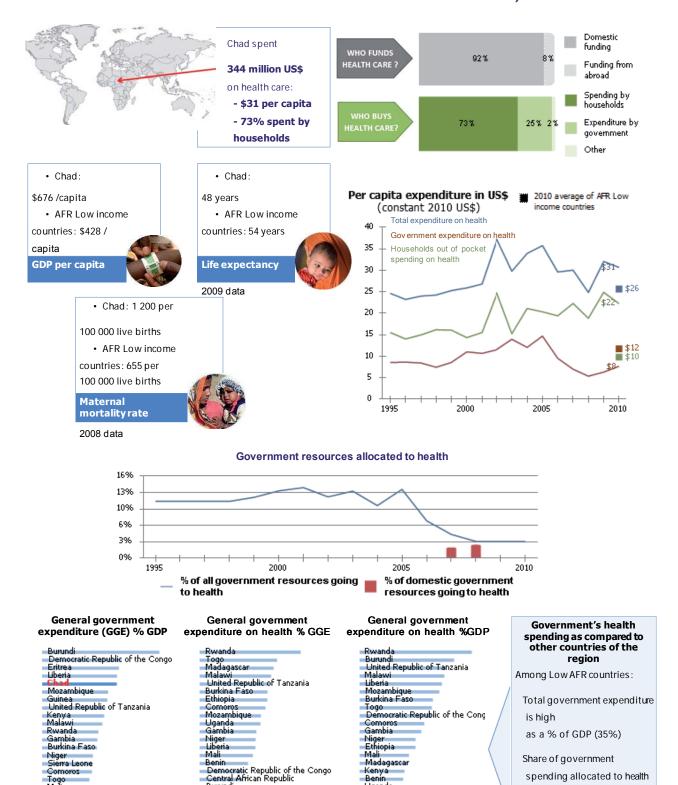
Chad Guinea

0%

Zimbabwe

5% 10% Country profile by region 2010
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HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Chad, 2010



World Health Organization

Guinea-Bissau Ethiopia Central African Republic

10% 20% 30% 40%

50% 60%

Togo Mali Benin

Uganda Madagascar Zimbabwe

Source: National Health Accounts database, World Health Organization (nhaweb@who.int) Footnote:

25%

Kenya Sierra Leone Guinea-Bissau

Eritrea

Guinea

Zimbabwe

5%

10% 15% 20%

Uganda Sierra Leone Central African Republic Eritrea

4%

Guinea-Bissau

Zimbabwe

Guine

D%

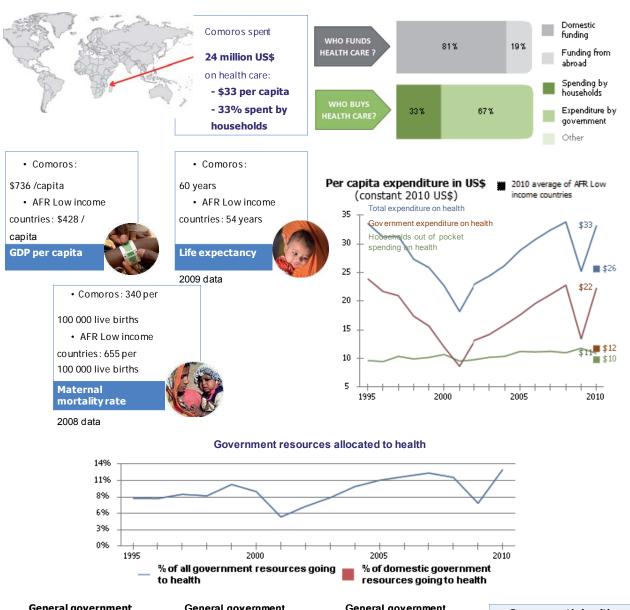
is low (3%)

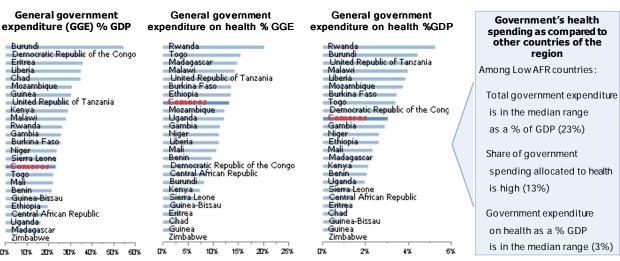
is low (1%)

Government expenditure

on health as a % GDP

HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Comoros, 2010



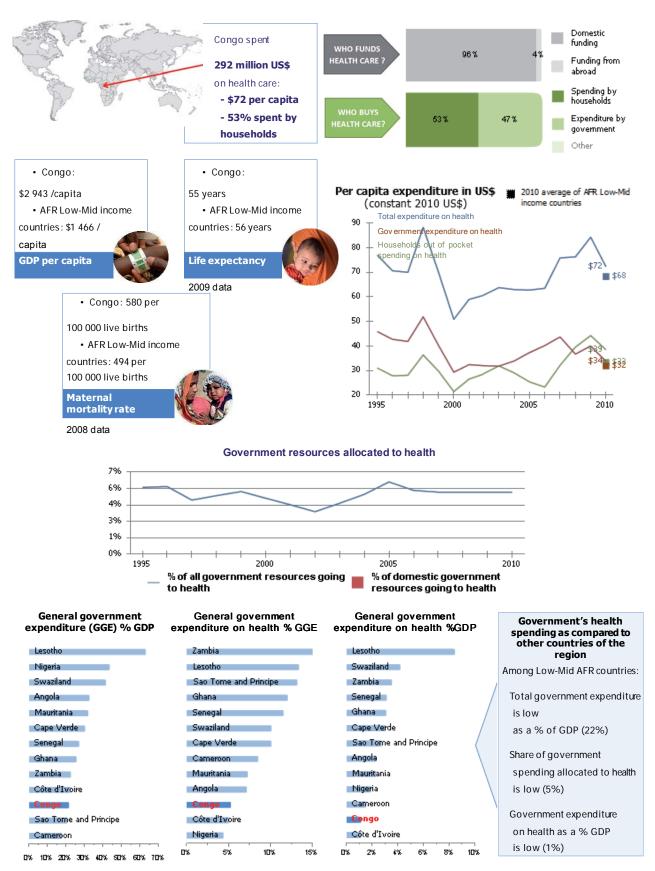


Source: National Health Accounts database, World Health Organization (nhaweb@who.int) Footnote:

World Health Organization

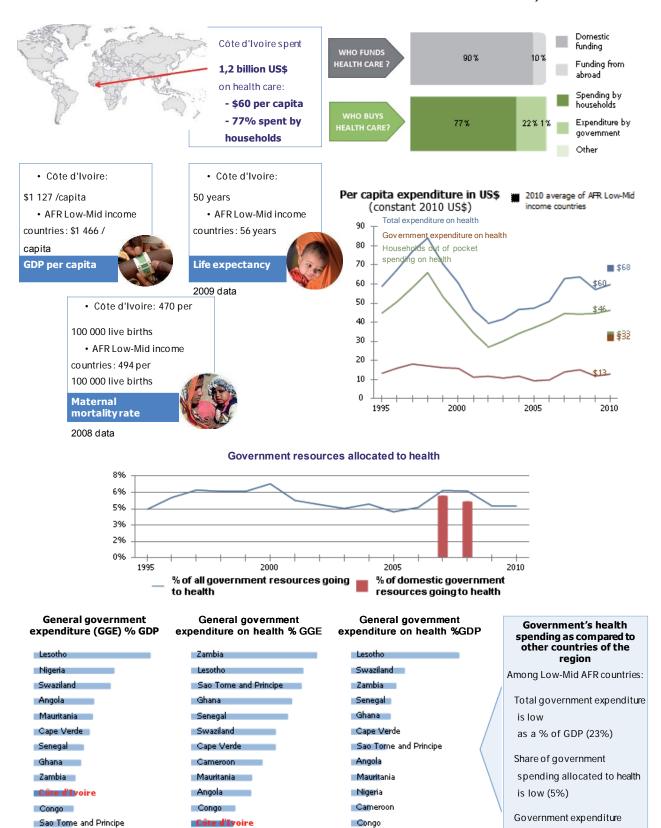
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HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Congo, 2010



World Health Organization Source: National Health Accounts database, World Health Organization (nhaweb@who.int) Footnote:

HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Côte d'Ivoire, 2010



World Health Organization

D% 1D% 2D% 3D% 4D% 5D% 6D% 7D%

Source: National Health Accounts database, World Health Organization (nhaweb@who.int)
Footnote:

15%

10%

■Côte d'Ivoire

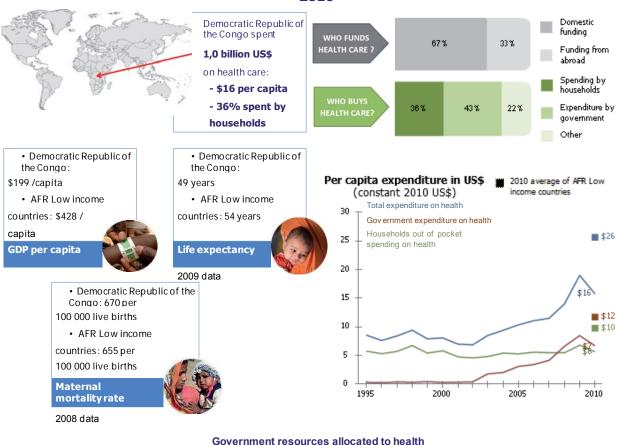
2%

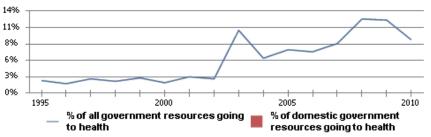
on health as a % GDP

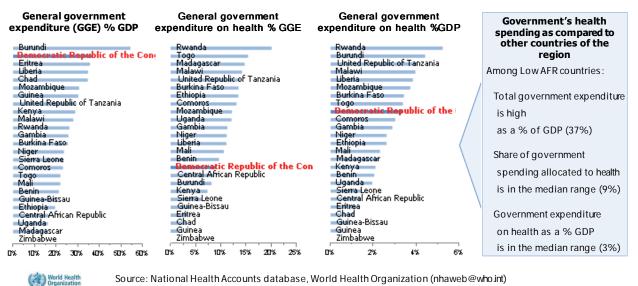
is low (1%)

Nigeria

HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Democratic Republic of the Congo, *2010*

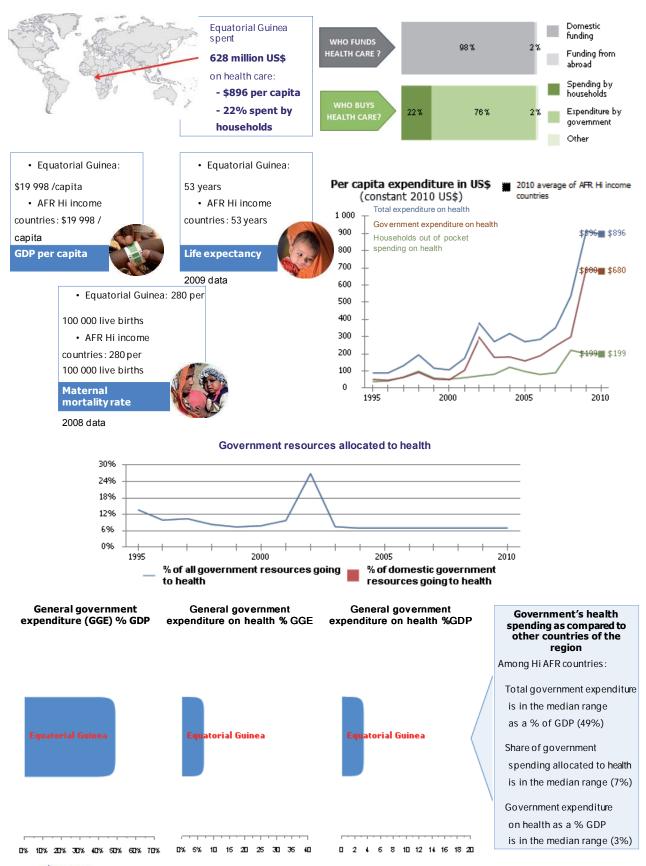






Source: National Health Accounts database, World Health Organization (nhaweb@who.int) Footnote:

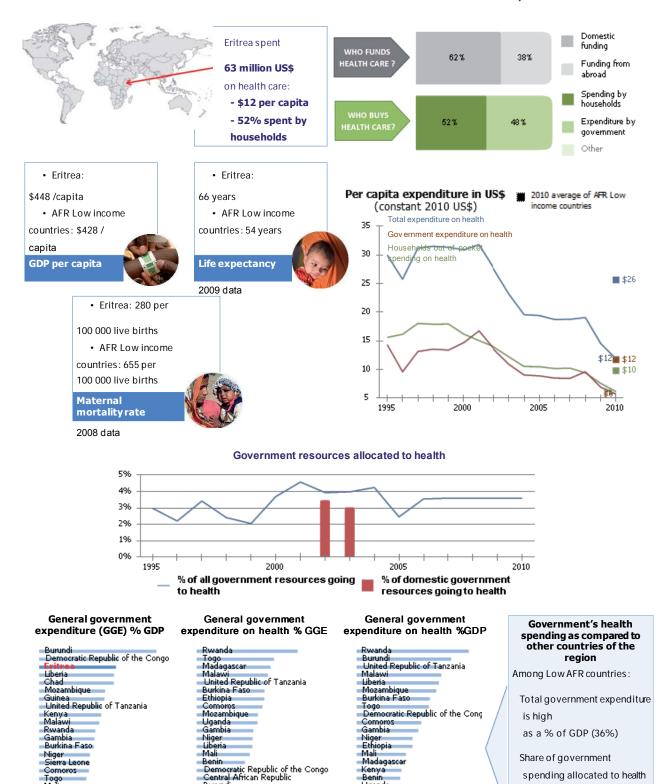
HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Equatorial Guinea, 2010



Source: National Health Accounts database, World Health Organization (nhaweb@who.int) Footnote:

Country profile by region 2010
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HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Eritrea, 2010



World Health Organization

Benin Guinea-Bissau Ethiopia Central African Republic

10% 20% 30% 40%

Togo Mali Benin

Uganda Madagascar Zimbabwe

Source: National Health Accounts database, World Health Organization (nhaweb@who.int) Footnote:

25%

Guinea-Bissau

10% 15% 20%

Chad

50% 60%

Zimbabwe

5%

Kenya Benin

Uganda

Chad

D%

Guinea-Bissau

Guinea Zimbabwe

Sierra Leone Central African Republic

4%

spending allocated to health

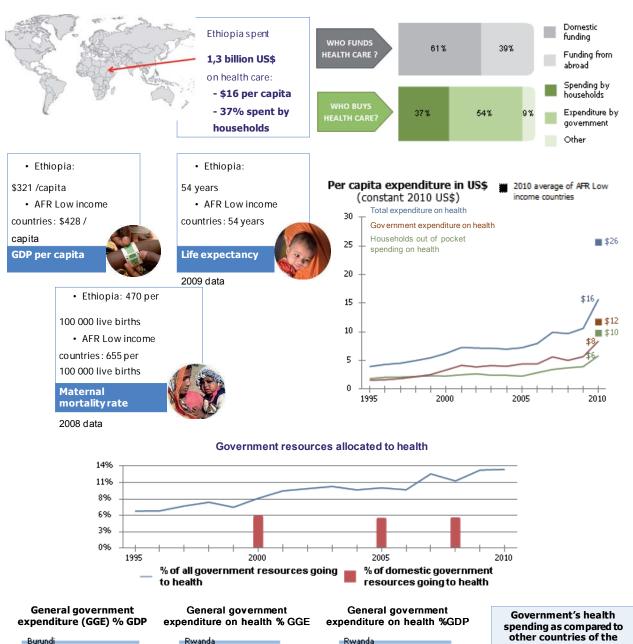
Government expenditure

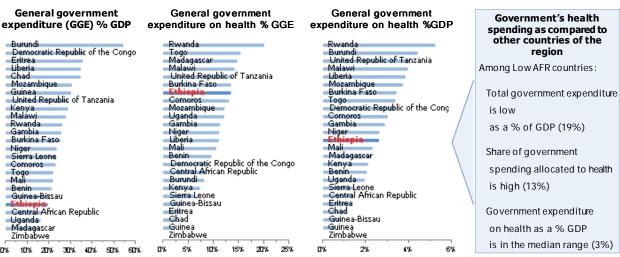
on health as a % GDP

is low (4%)

is low (1%)

HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Ethiopia, 2010



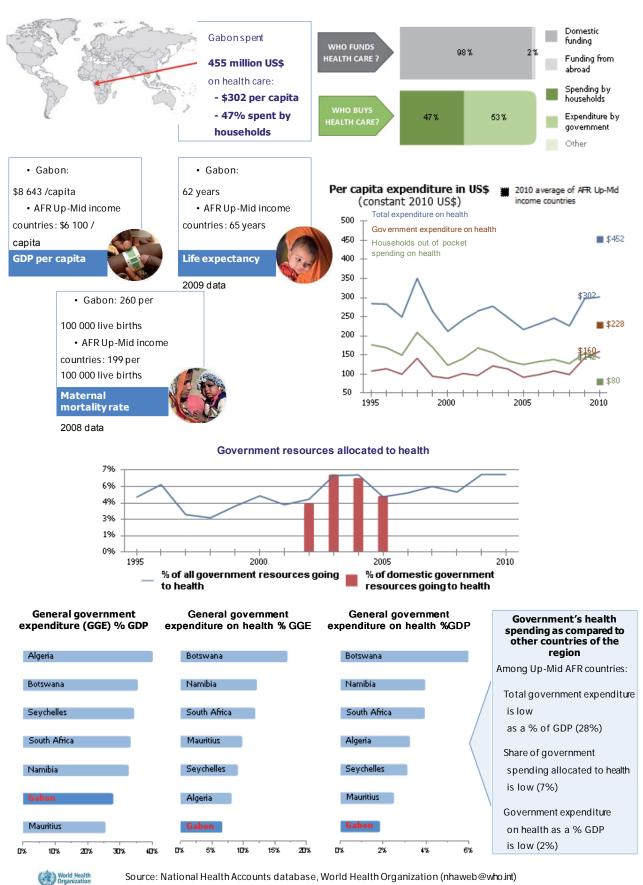


Source: National Health Accounts database, World Health Organization (nhaweb@who.int) Footnote:

World Health Organization

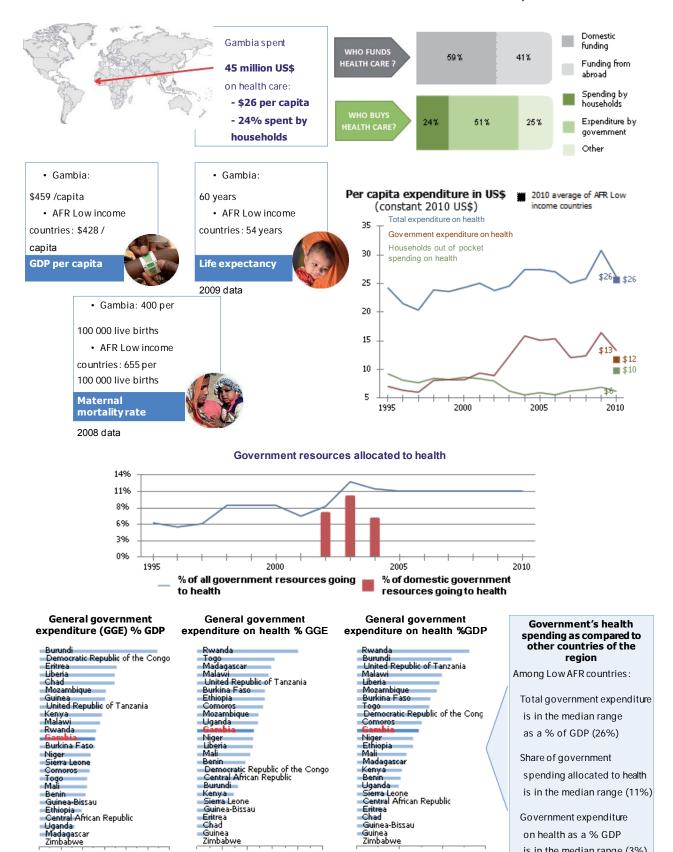
- Foreword Factsheet Policy highlights Health expenditures and universal coverage
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HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Gabon, 2010



Source: National Health Accounts database, World Health Organization (nhaweb@who.int) Footnote:

HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Gambia, 2010



World Health Organization

10% 20% 30%

40% 50% 60%

> Source: National Health Accounts database, World Health Organization (nhaweb@who.int) Footnote:

25%

15% 20% Guarda Sierra Leone Central African Republic Eritrea Chad

6%

4%

Guinea-Bissau

Zimbabwe

or.

is in the median range (11%)

is in the median range (3%)

Government expenditure

on health as a % GDP

Kenya Sierra Leone Guinea-Bissau

Eritrea Chad

Guinea

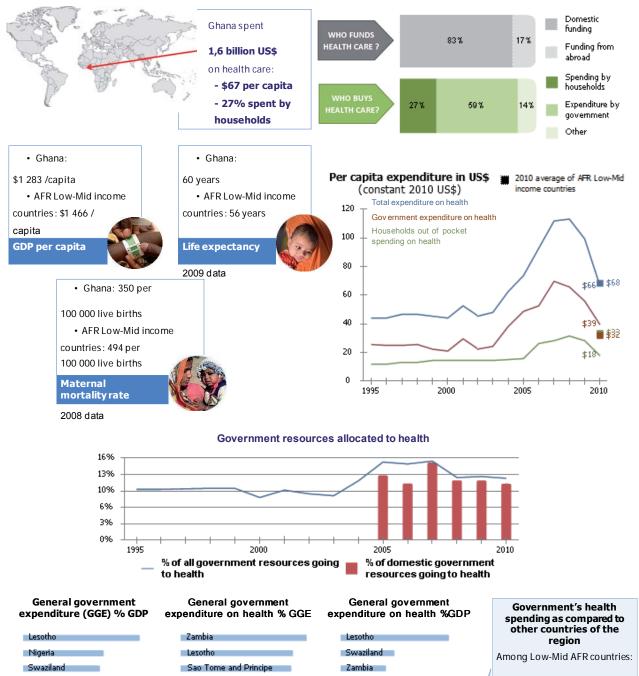
0%

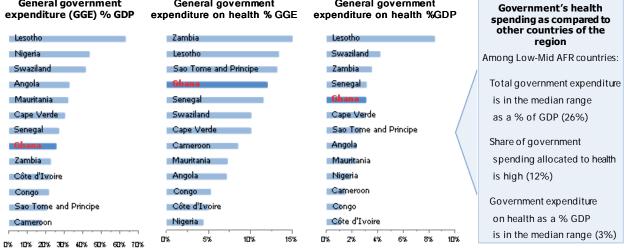
Zimbabwe

5% 10%

- Foreword Factsheet Policy highlights Health expenditures and universal coverage
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HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Ghana, 2010

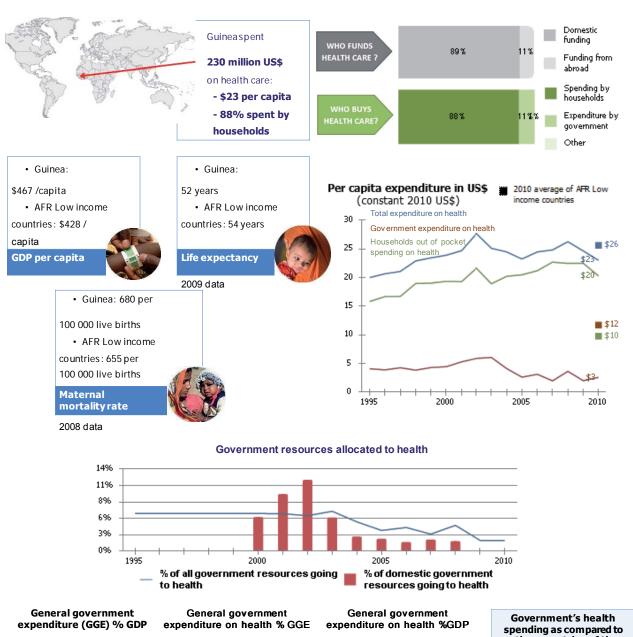


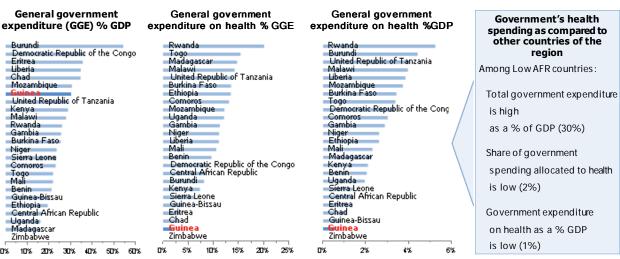


orld Health Organization (nhaweb@who.int)

Footnote:

HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Guinea, 2010

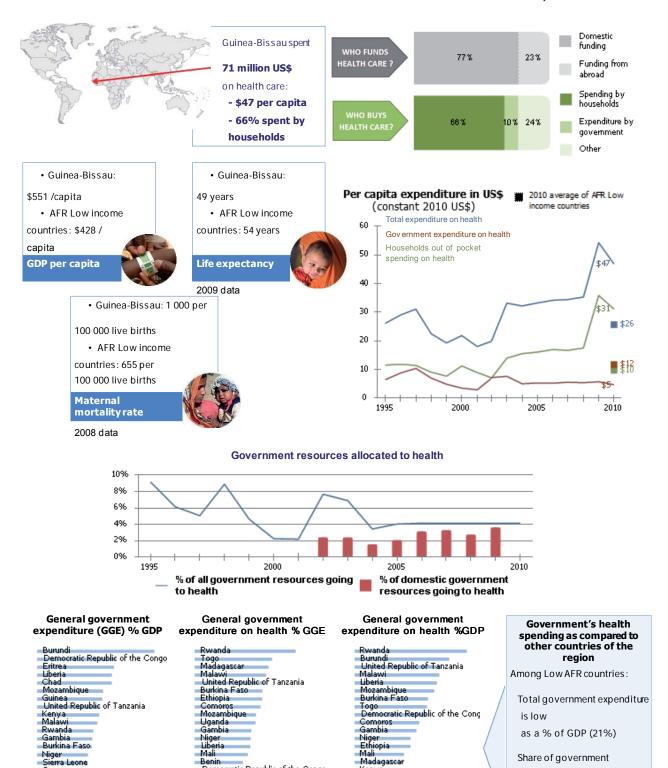




Source: National Health Accounts database, World Health Organization (nhaweb@who.int) Footnote:

World Health Organization Country profile by region 2010
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HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Guinea-Bissau, 2010



World Health Organization

-Bissau Ethiopia Central African Republic

10% 20% 30% 40%

50% 60%

Togo Mali Benin

Uganda Madagascar Zimbabwe

Source: National Health Accounts database, World Health Organization (nhaweb@who.int) Footnote:

25%

Kenya Benin

Eritre Chad

Guinea

D%

Zimbabwe

Uganda Sierra Leone Gentral African Republic

4%

inea-Bissau

Democratic Republic of the Congo Central African Republic

15% 20%

Eritrea

Guinea

Zimbabwe

5% 10%

Chad

Share of government

is low (4%)

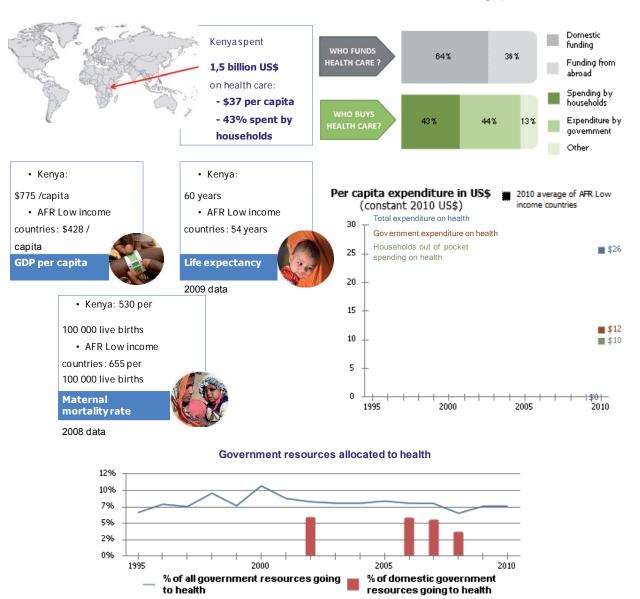
is low (1%)

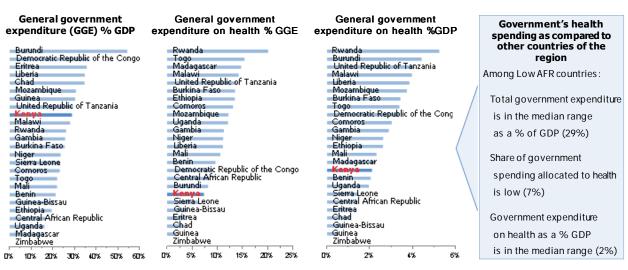
spending allocated to health

Government expenditure

on health as a % GDP

HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Kenya, 2010



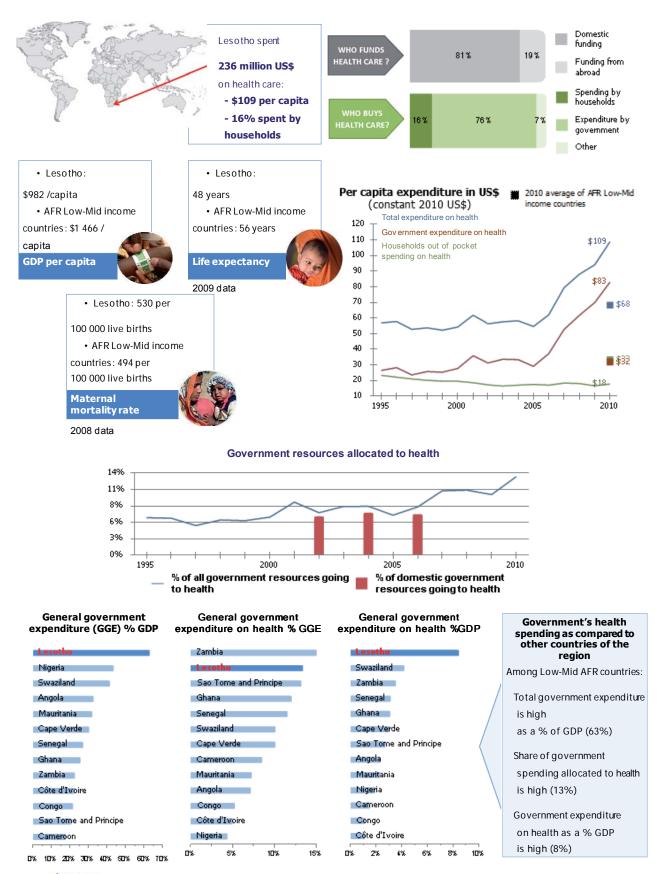


Source: National Health Accounts database, World Health Organization (nhaweb@who.int) Footnote:

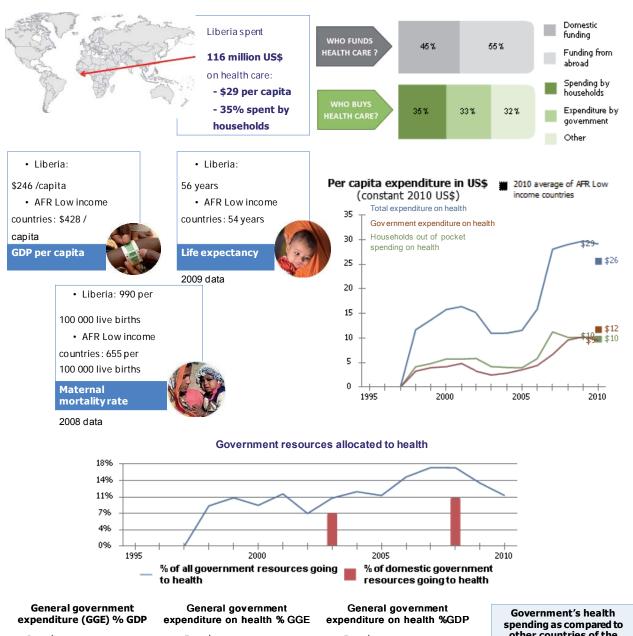
World Health Organization

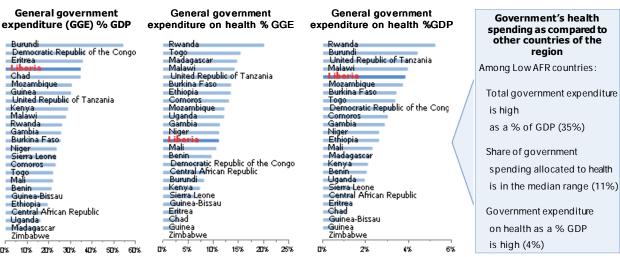
- Foreword Factsheet Policy highlights Health expenditures and universal coverage
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HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Lesotho, 2010



HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Liberia, 2010

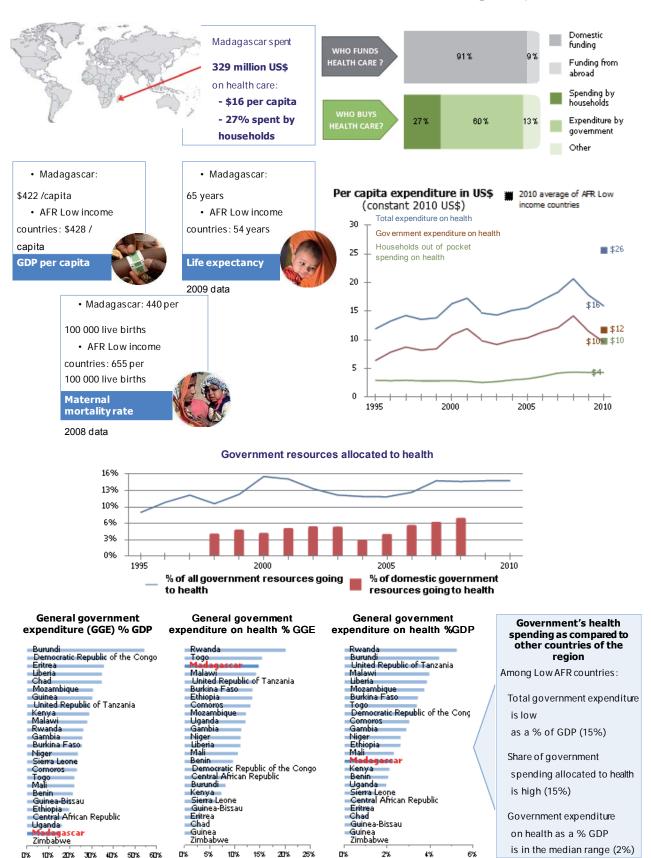




Source: National Health Accounts database, World Health Organization (nhaweb@who.int) Footnote:

World Health Organization

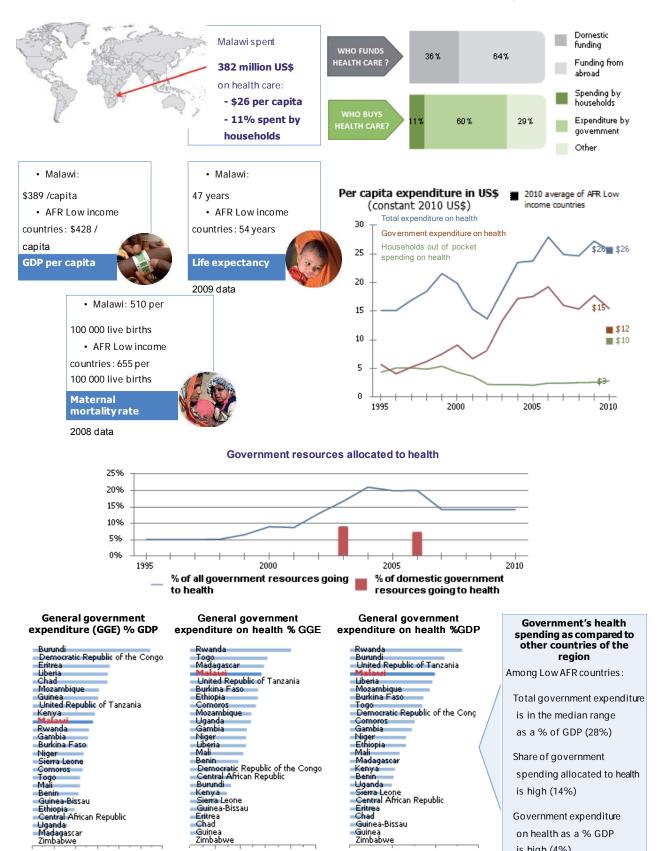
HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Madagascar, 2010



World Health Organization (nhaweb@who.int)

Footnote:

HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Malawi, 2010



World Health Organization

10% 20% 30% 40%

Source: National Health Accounts database, World Health Organization (nhaweb@who.int) Footnote:

or.

25%

15% 20% Guinea-Bissau

4%

6%

Zimbabwe

Government expenditure

on health as a % GDP

is high (4%)

Eritrea Chad

Guinea

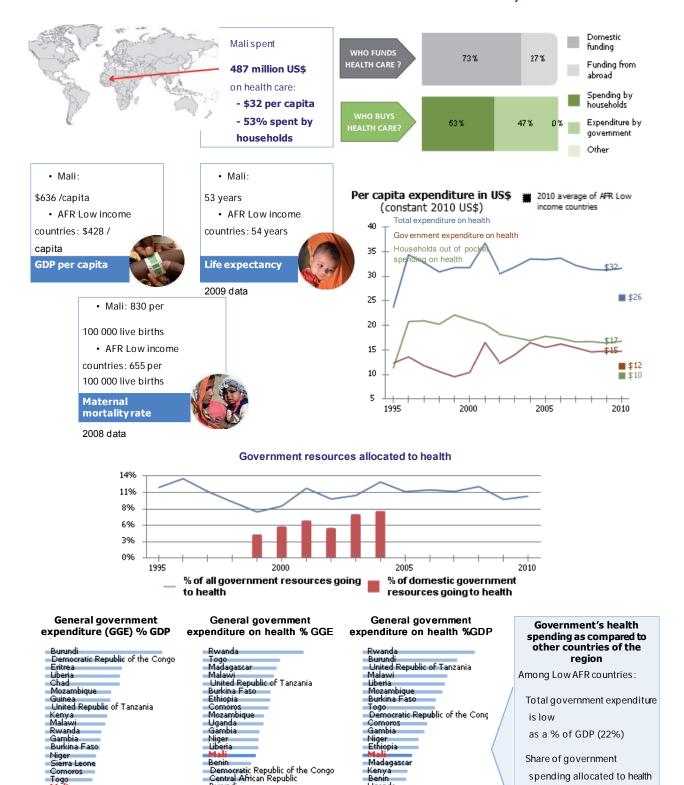
0%

50% 60%

Zimbabwe

5% 10%

HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Mali, 2010



World Health Organization

Benin Guinea-Bissau Ethiopia Central African Republic

10% 20% 30% 40%

Benin

Uganda Madagascar Zimbabwe

Source: National Health Accounts database, World Health Organization (nhaweb@who.int) Footnote:

25%

Kenya Sierra Leone Guinea-Bissau

Eritrea Chad

Guinea

50% 60%

Zimbabwe

5%

10% 15% 20% Uganda Sierra Leone Central African Republic

4%

Guinea-Bissau

Zimbabwe

Guine

0%

spending allocated to health

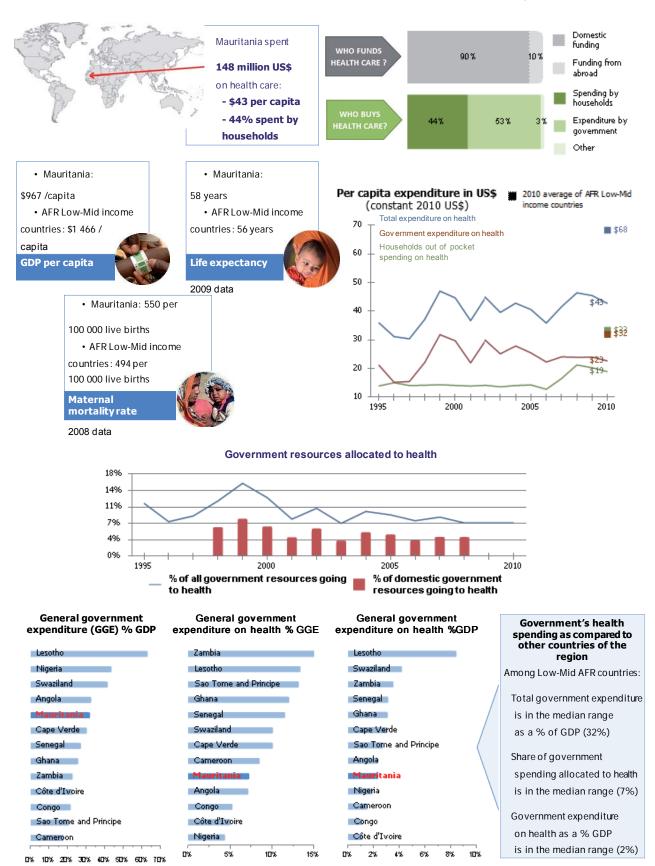
is in the median range (11%)

is in the median range (2%)

Government expenditure

on health as a % GDP

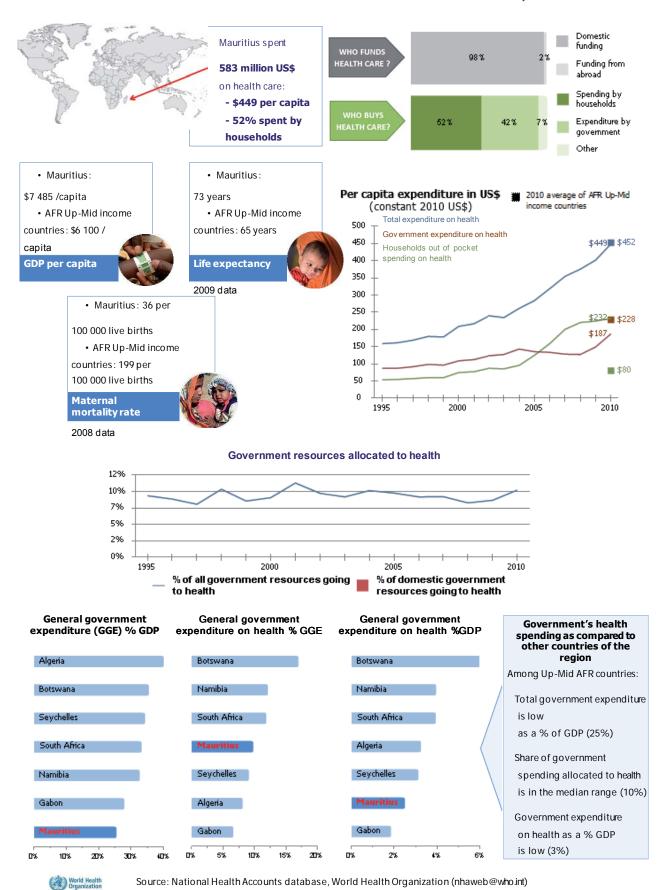
HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Mauritania, 2010



World Health Organization

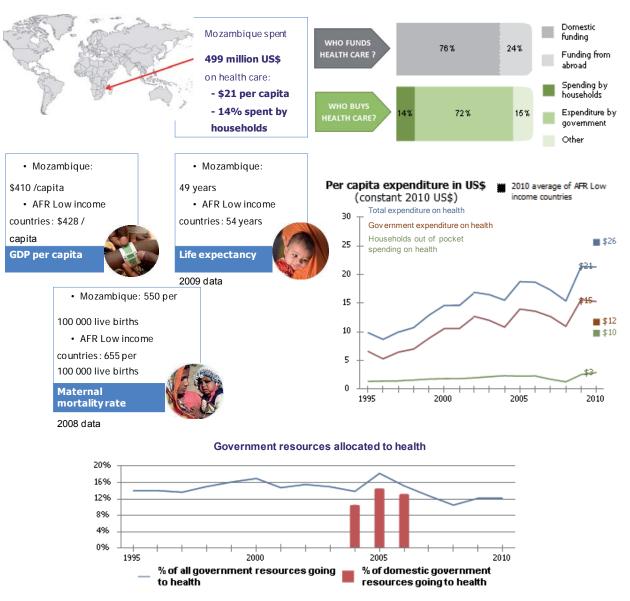
- Foreword Factsheet Policy highlights Health expenditures and universal coverage
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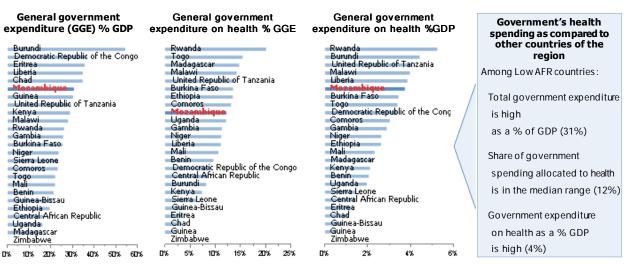
HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Mauritius, 2010



Footnote:

HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Mozambique, 2010



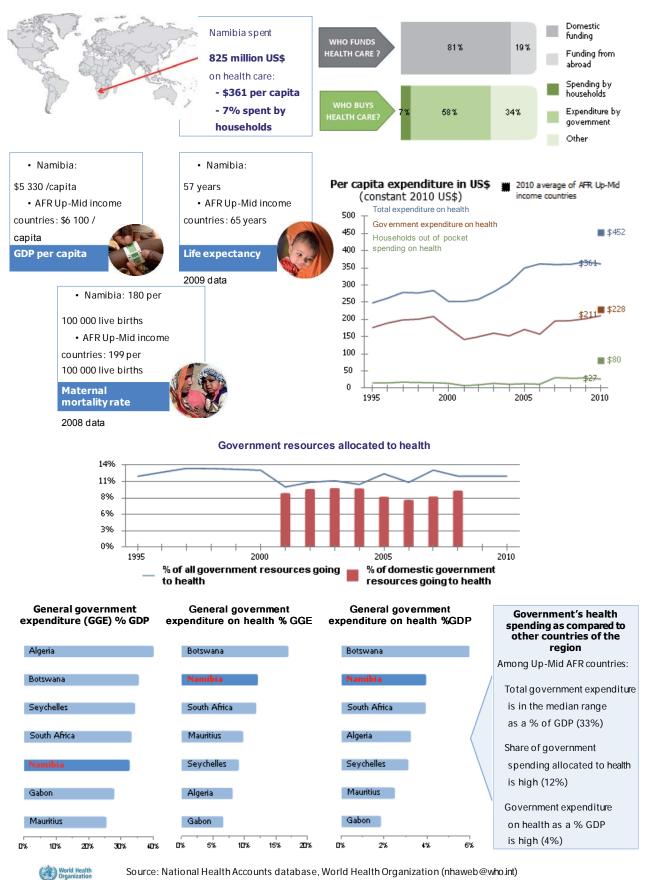


Source: National Health Accounts database, World Health Organization (nhaweb@who.int) Footnote:

World Health Organization

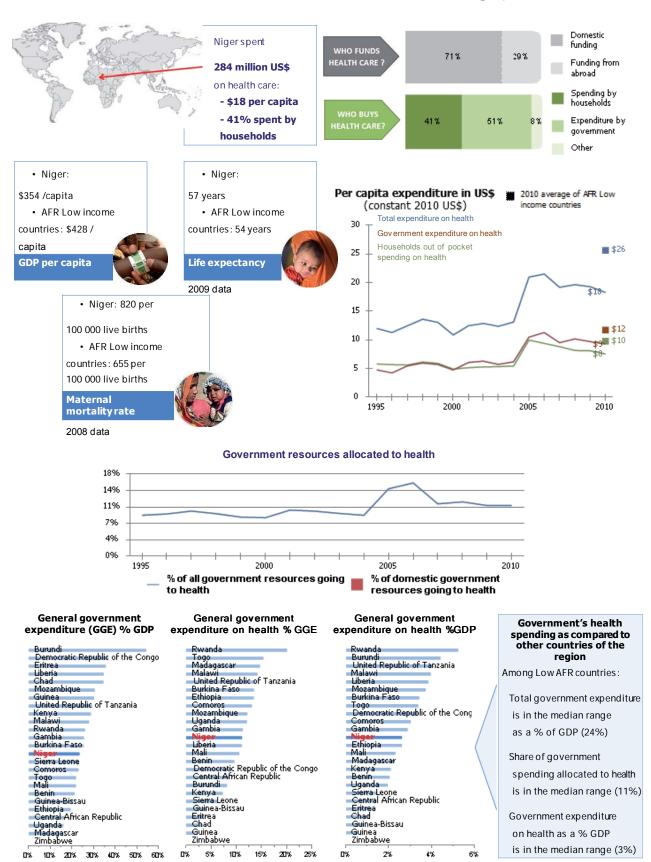
- Foreword Factsheet Policy highlights Health expenditures and universal coverage
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HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Namibia, 2010



 $Source: National \, Health \, Accounts \, \, database, \, World \, Health \, Organization \, (\text{nhaweb} \, @who.int) \, \\$ Footnote:

HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Niger, 2010

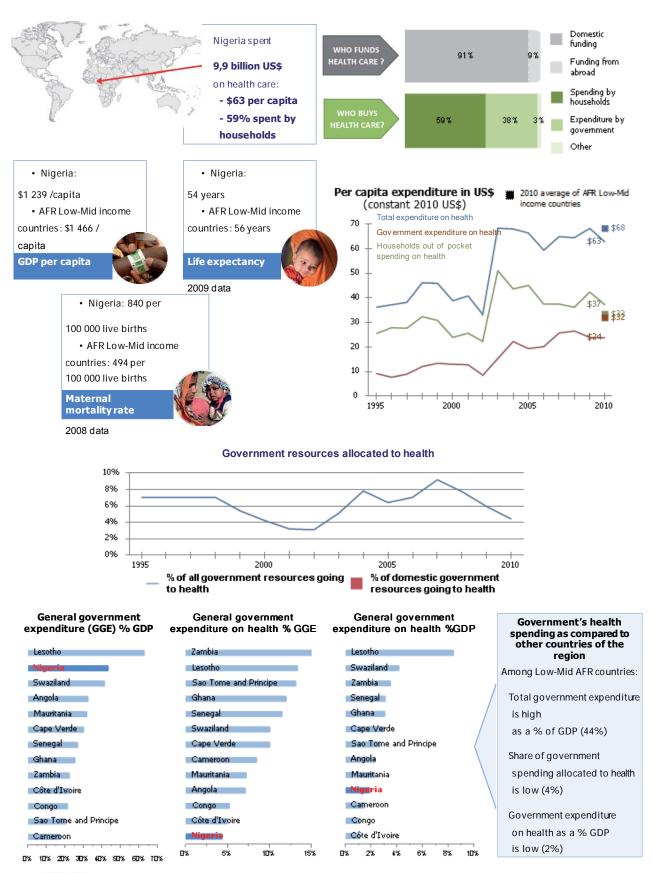


Source: National Health Accounts database, World Health Organization (nhaweb@who.int) Footnote:

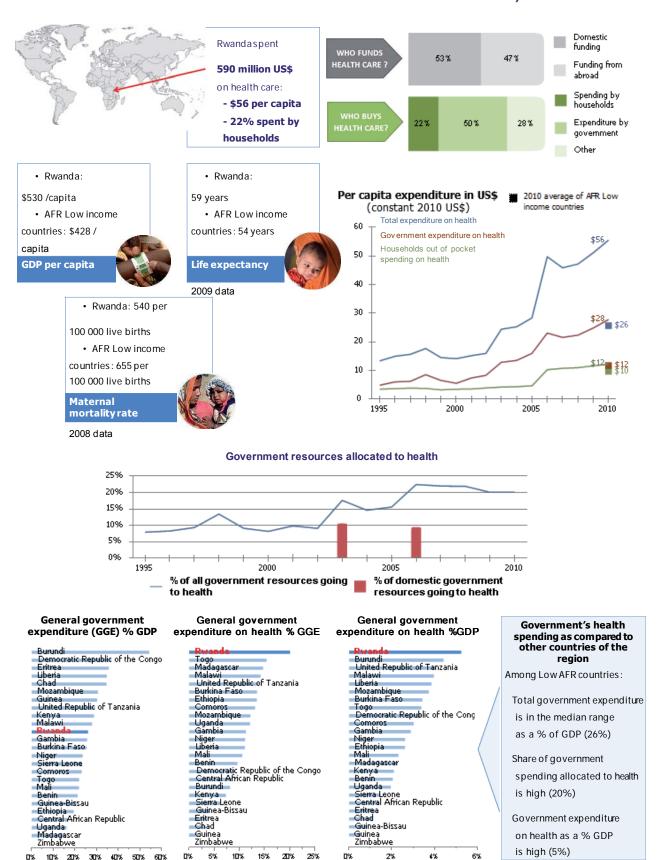
World Health Organization

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HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Nigeria, 2010



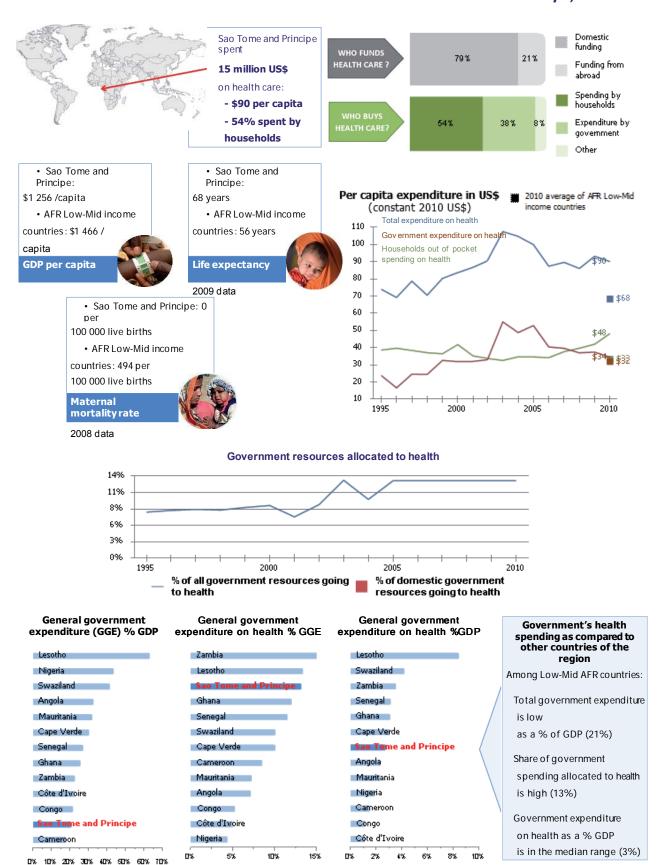
HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Rwanda, 2010



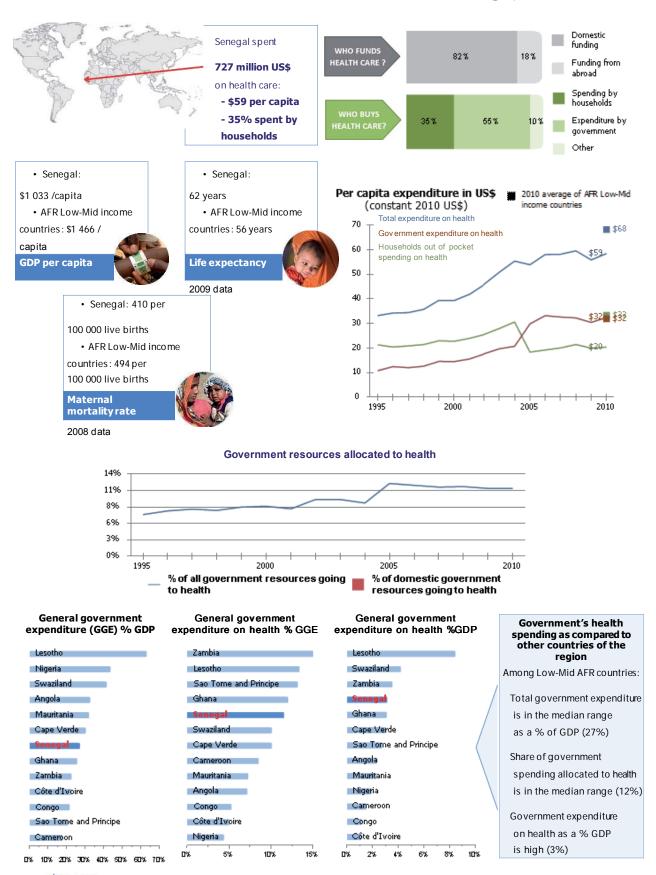
World Health Organization (nhaweb@who.int)

Footnote:

HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Sao Tome and Principe, 2010

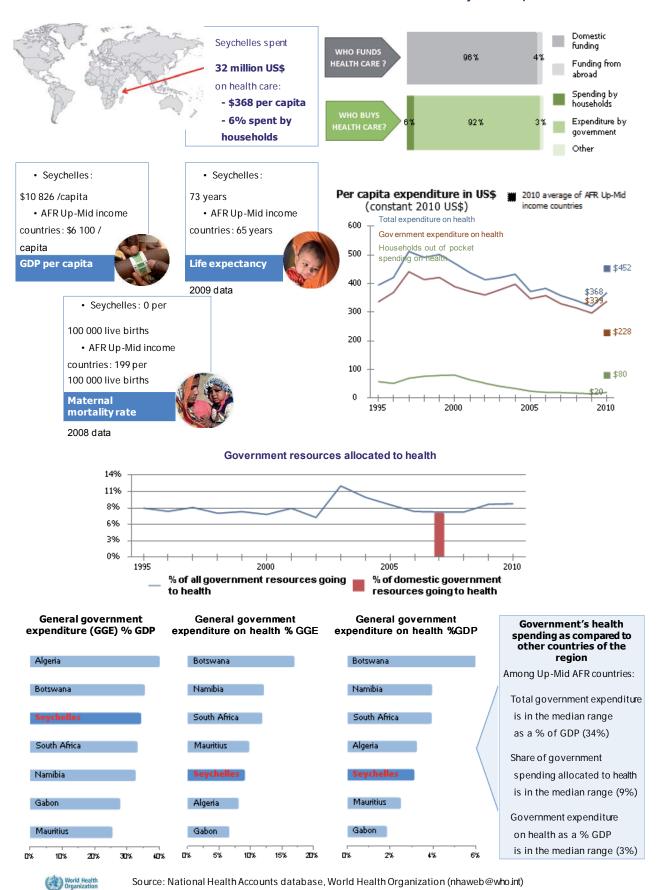


HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Senegal, 2010



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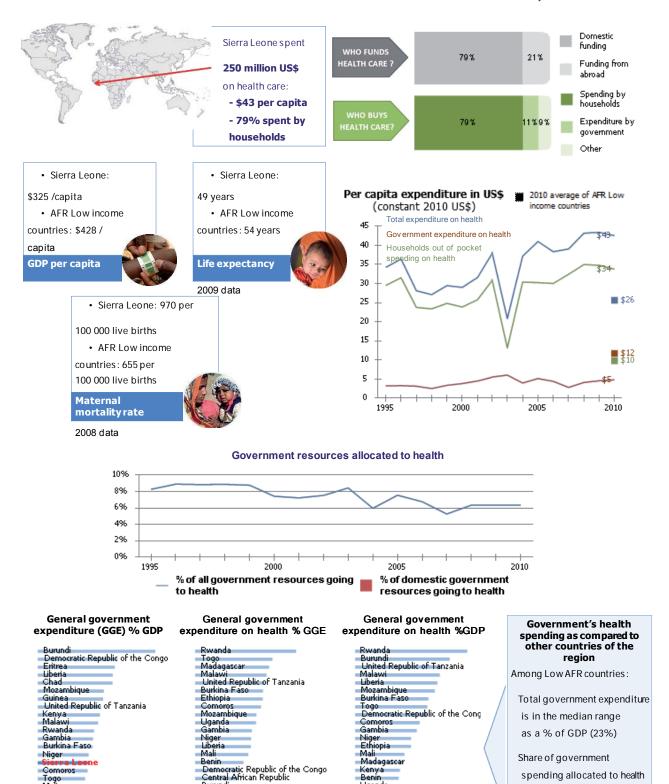
HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Seychelles, 2010



Footnote:

51

HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Sierra Leone, 2010



World Health Organization

10% 20% 30%

dD% 50% 60%

Togo Mali Benin Guinea-Bissau Ethiopia Central African Republic Uganda Madagascar Zimbabwe

Source: National Health Accounts database, World Health Organization (nhaweb@who.int) Footnote:

or.

Uganda

Guinea-Bissau

Zimbabwe

Central African Republic

spending allocated to health

Government expenditure

on health as a % GDP

is low (6%)

is low (1%)

6%

4%

Guinea-Bissau

15% 20% 25%

Eritrea Chad

Guinea

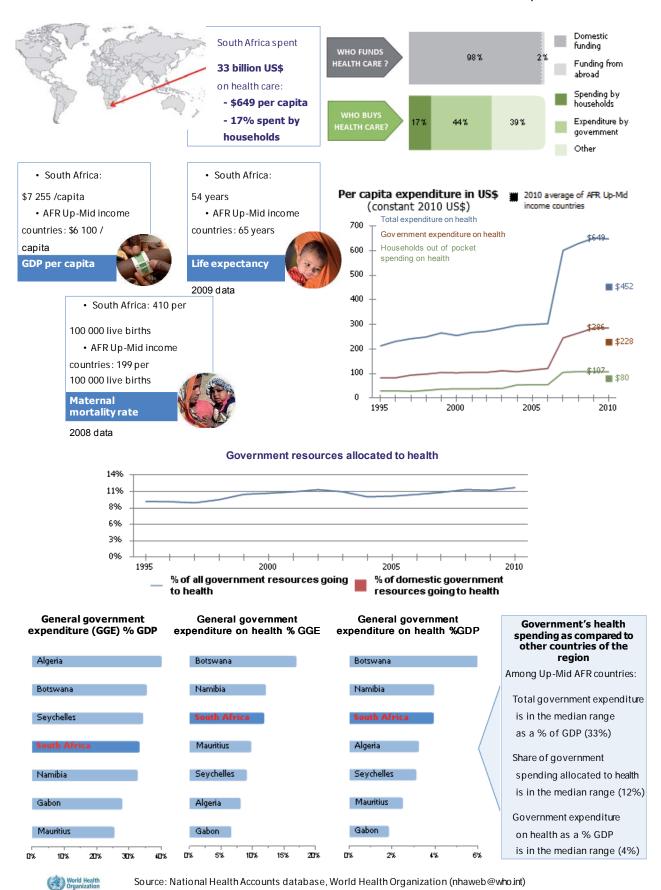
0%

Zimbabwe

5% 10%

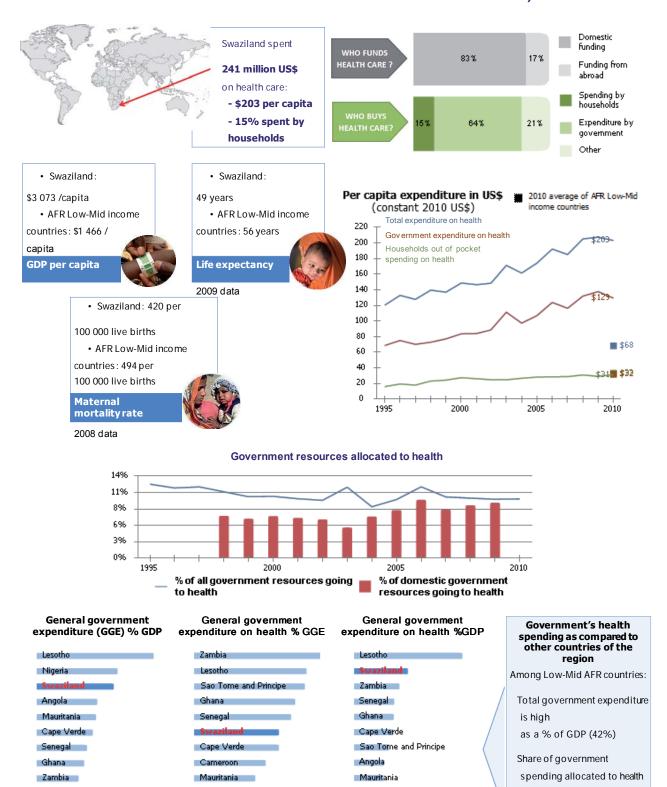
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HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: South Africa, 2010



Footnote:

HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Swaziland, 2010



World Health Organization

Sao Tome and Principe

D% 1D% 2D% 3D% 4D% 5D% 6D% 7D%

Côte d'Ixoire

Congo

Source: National Health Accounts database, World Health Organization (nhaweb@who.int) Footnote:

15%

Nigeria

Congo

Cameroon

■Côte d'Ivoire

0% 2%

4% 6%

is in the median range (10%)

Government expenditure

on health as a % GDP

is high (4%)

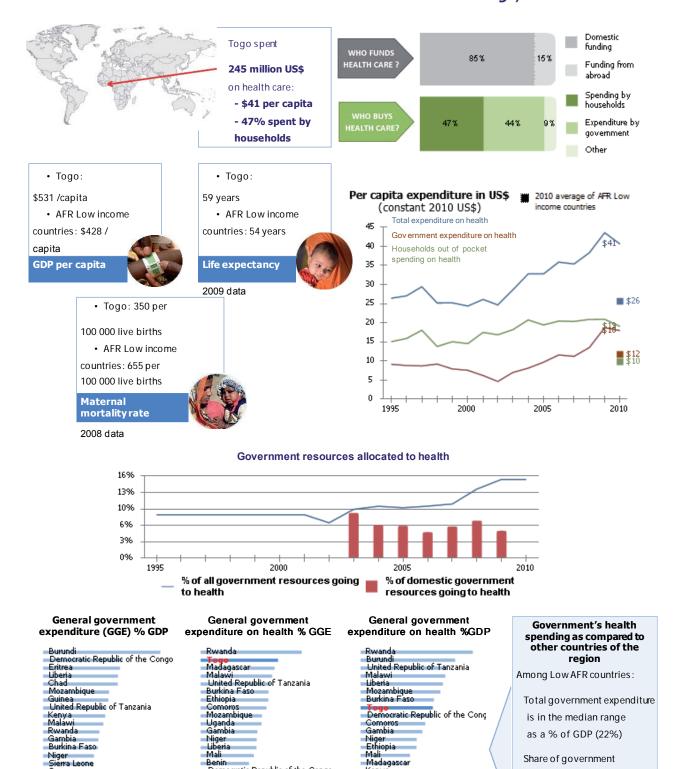
Congo

Nigeria

Côte d'Ivoire

10%

HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Togo, 2010



World Health Organization

Benin Guinea-Bissau Ethiopia Central African Republic

10% 20% 30% 40%

50% 60%

Comoros

Uganda Madagascar Zimbabwe

Mali Benin

Source: National Health Accounts database, World Health Organization (nhaweb@who.int) Footnote:

0%

25%

Kenya Benin

Uganda Sierra Leone Central African Republic

4%

Guinea-Bissau

Guinea Zimbabwe

Democratic Republic of the Congo Central African Republic

Kenya Sierra Leone Guinea-Bissau

Eritrea Chad

Guinea

Zimbabwe

5%

10% 15% 20%

spending allocated to health

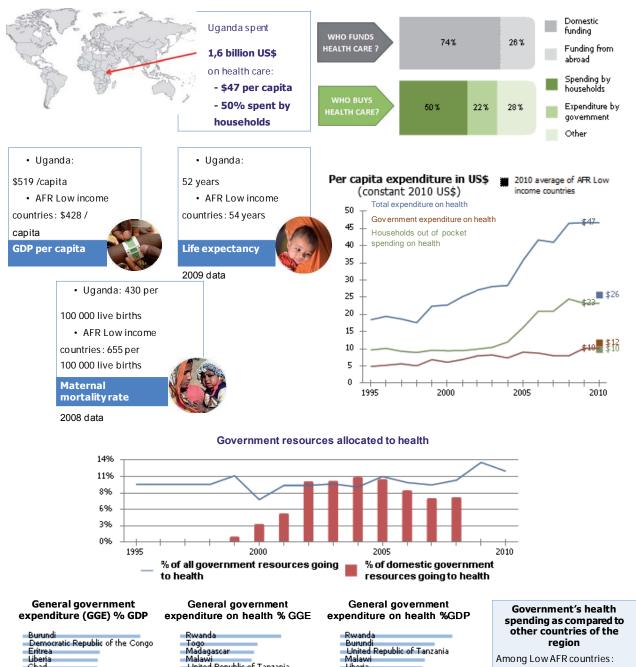
Government expenditure

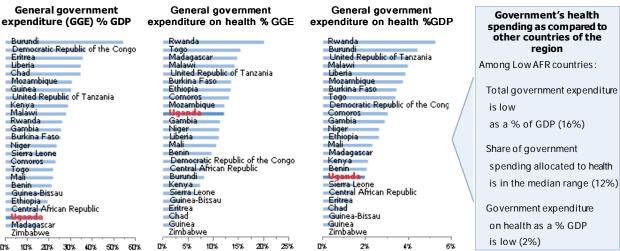
on health as a % GDP

is high (15%)

is high (3%)

HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Uganda, 2010

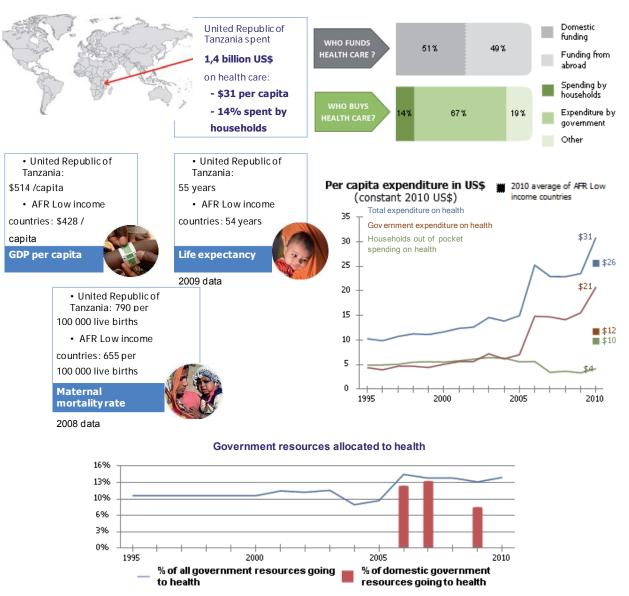


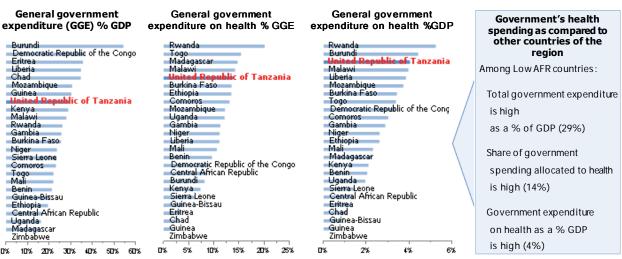


Source: National Health Accounts database, World Health Organization (nhaweb@who.int) Footnote:

World Health Organization

HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: United Republic of Tanzania, 2010

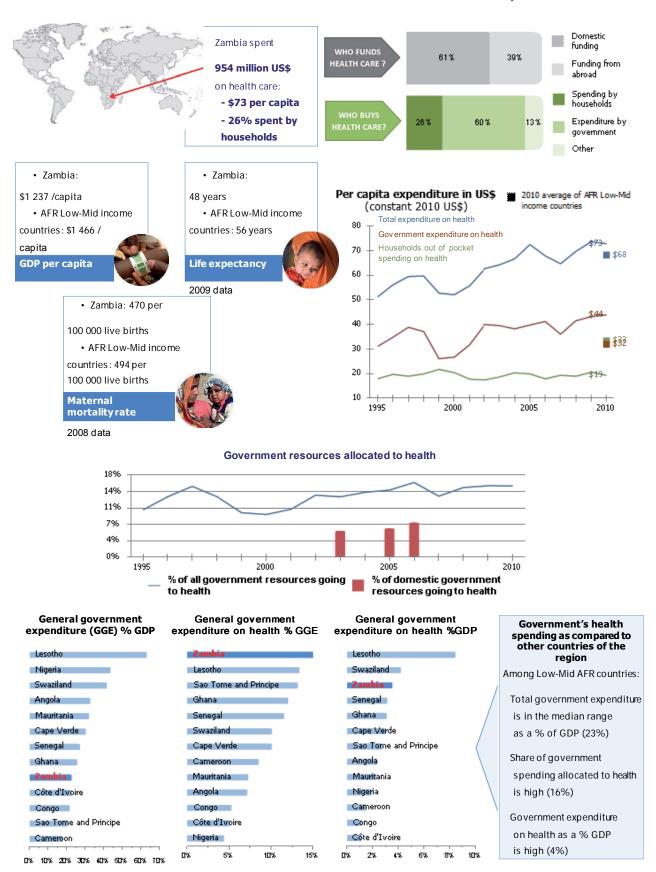




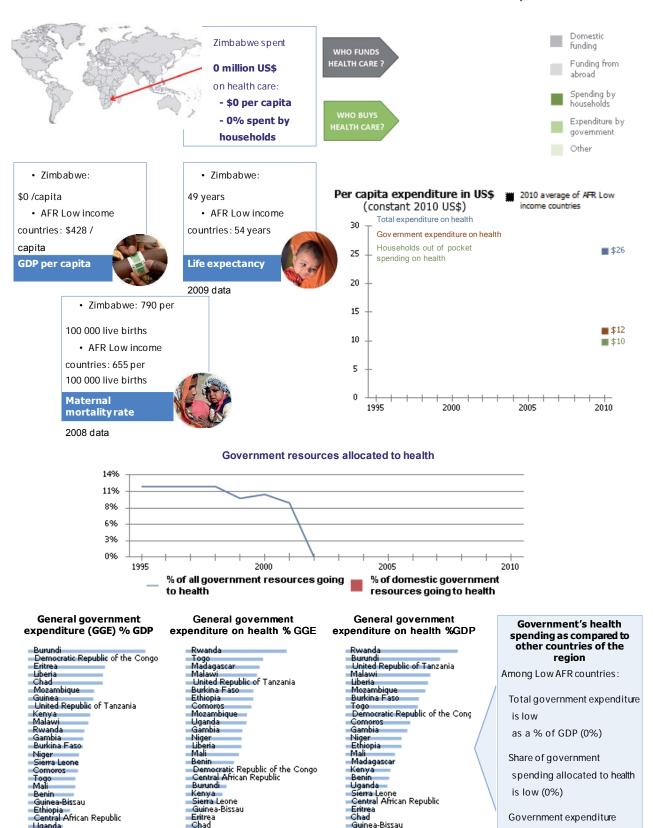
Source: National Health Accounts database, World Health Organization (nhaweb@who.int) Footnote:

World Health Organization

HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Zambia, 2010



HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Zimbabwe, 2010



World Health Organization

10% 20% 30% 40%

50% 60%

Uganda Madagascar

Source: National Health Accounts database, World Health Organization (nhaweb@who.int) Footnote:

25%

Guinea

0%

Chad Guinea

> 5% 10% 15% 20%

on health as a % GDP

is low (0%)

4%



WHO Region of the Americas

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Antigua and Barbuda Guatemala

Argentina Guyana

Bahamas Haiti

Barbados Honduras

Belize Jamaica

Bolivia Plurinational States Mexico

Brazil Nicaragua

Canada Panama

Chile Paraguay

Colombia Peru

Costa Rica Saint Kitts and Nevis

Cuba Saint Lucia

Dominica Saint Vincent and Grenadines

Dominican Republic Suriname

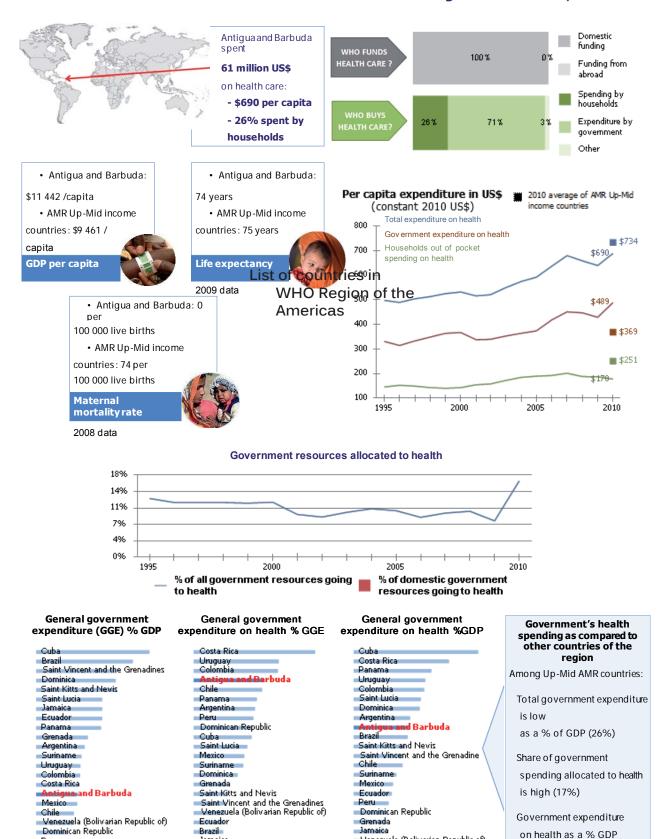
Ecuador Trinidad and Tobago

El Salvador United States of America

Grenada Uruguay

Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)

HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Antigua and Barbuda, 2010



10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80

Peru

Source: National Health Accounts database, World Health Organization (nhaweb@who.int) Footnote:

0%

_Jamaica

5% 10% 15% 20% 25% 30%

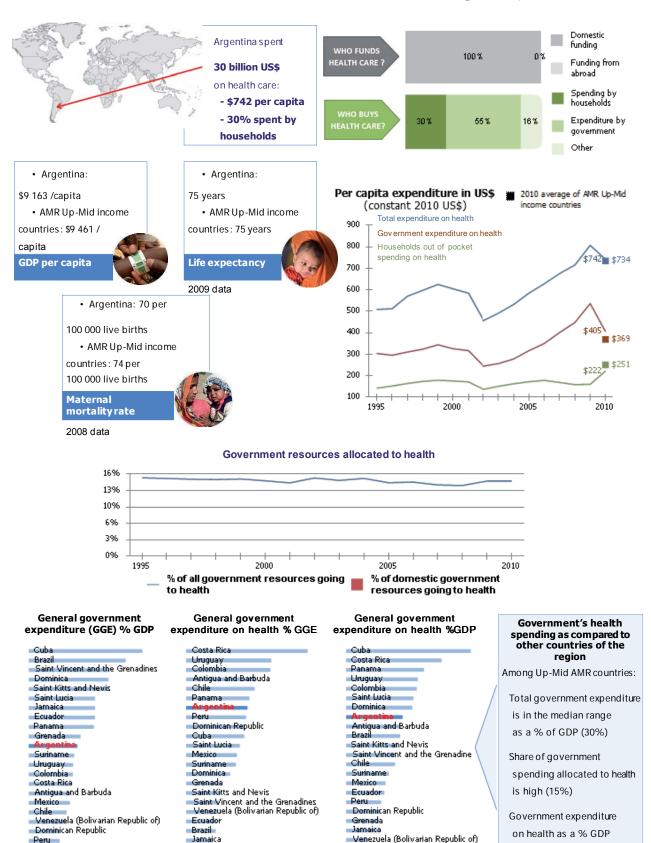
D%

is in the median range (4%)

Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)

6% 8%

HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Argentina, 2010



World Health Organization

10 20 30 40 50 50 70 80

Source: National Health Accounts database, World Health Organization (nhaweb@who.int) Footnote:

5% 10% 15% 20% 25% 30%

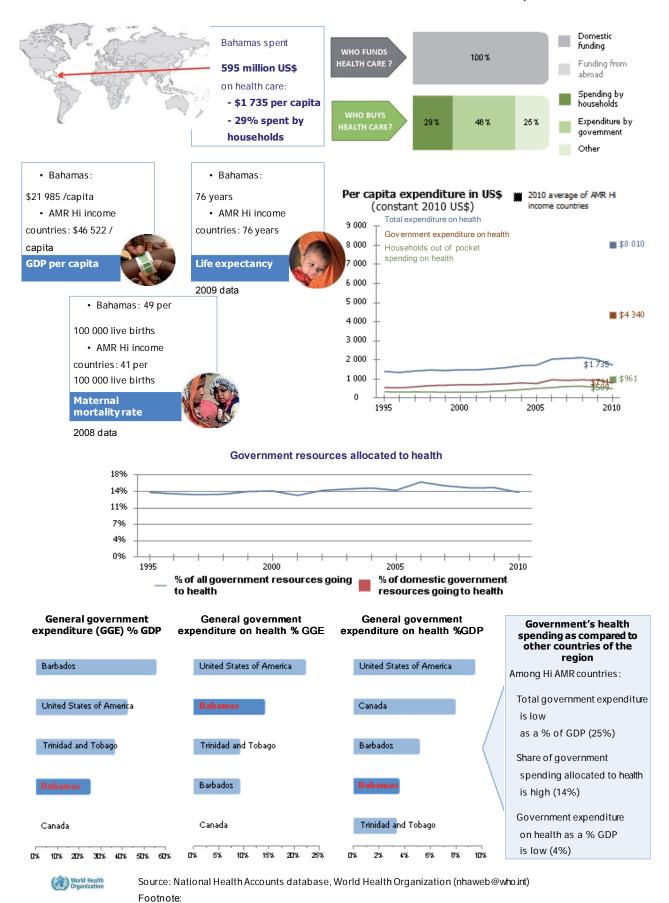
or.

6% 8%

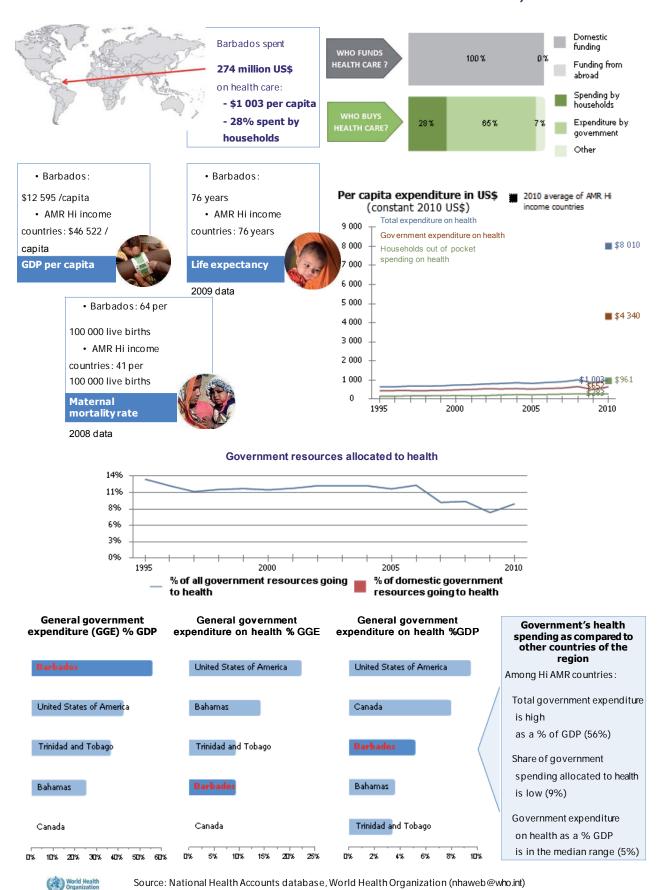
is in the median range (4%)

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HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Bahamas, 2010



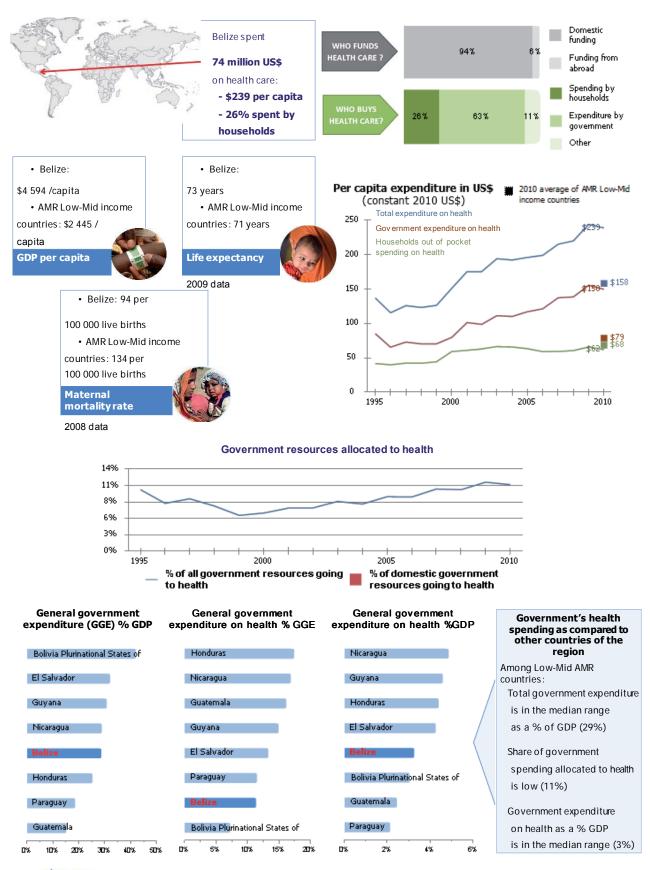
HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Barbados, 2010



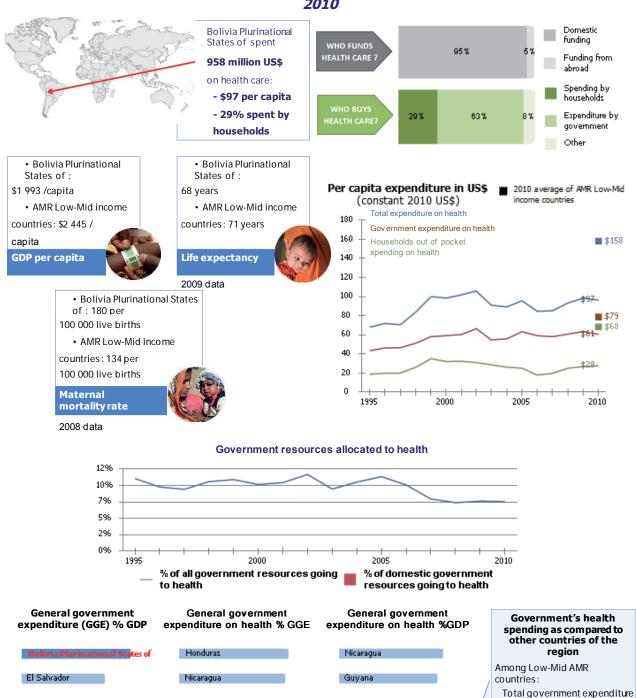
Footnote:

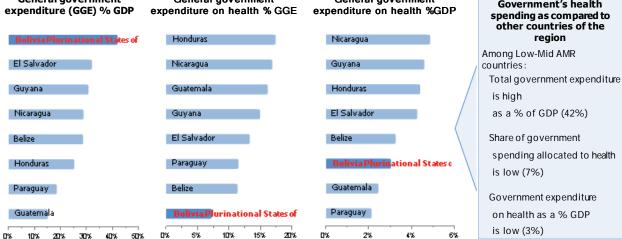
- Foreword Factsheet Policy highlights Health expenditures and universal coverage
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HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Belize, 2010

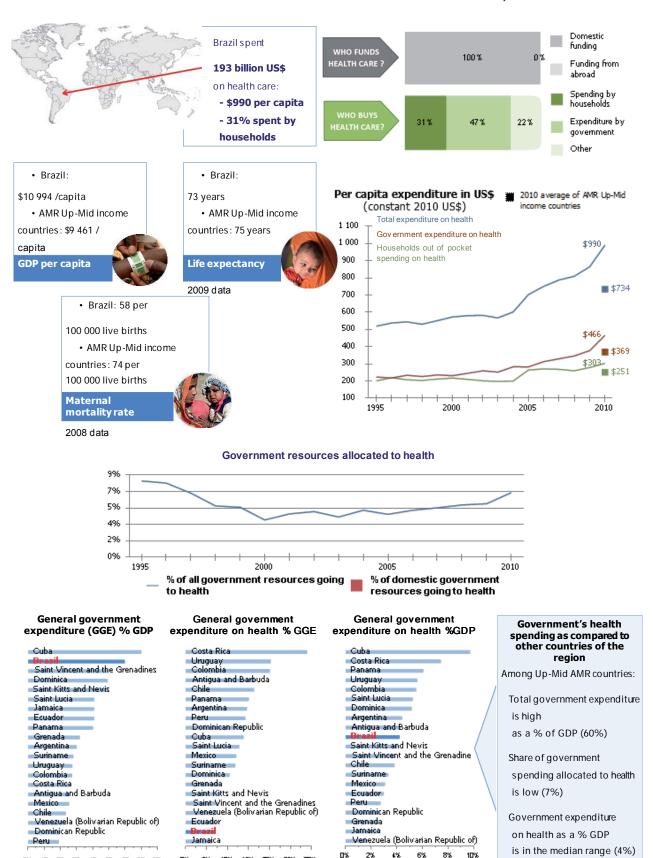


HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Bolivia Plurinational States of, 2010





HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Brazil, 2010



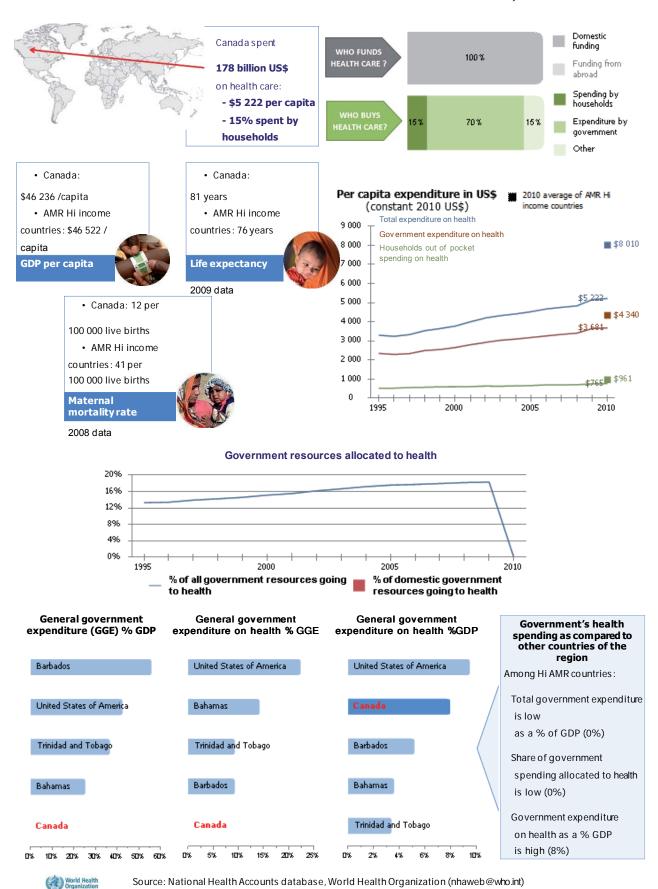
Source: National Health Accounts database, World Health Organization (nhaweb@who.int) Footnote:

5% 10% 15% 20% 25% 30%

10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80

World Health Organization D%

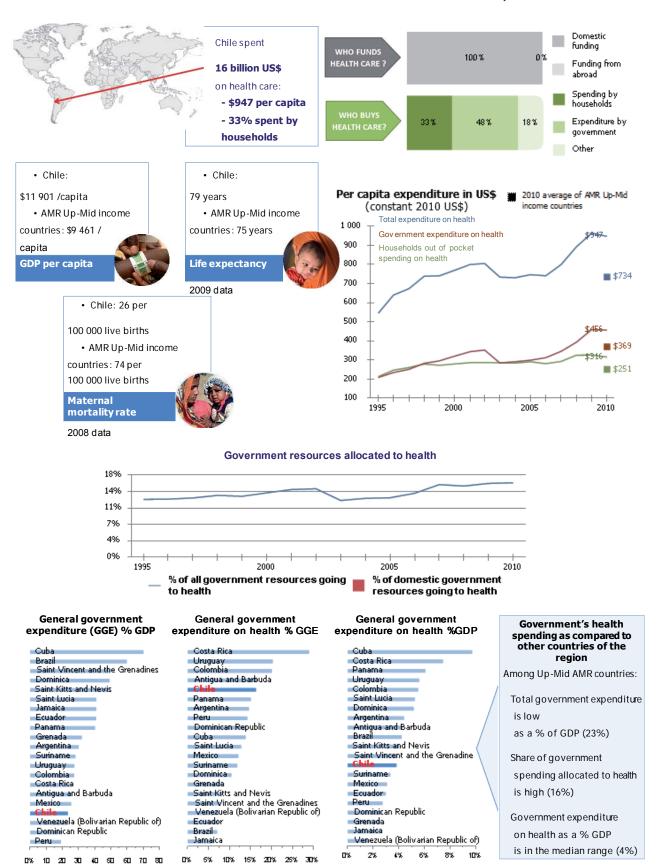
HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Canada, 2010



WHO Global Health Expenditure Atlas

Footnote:

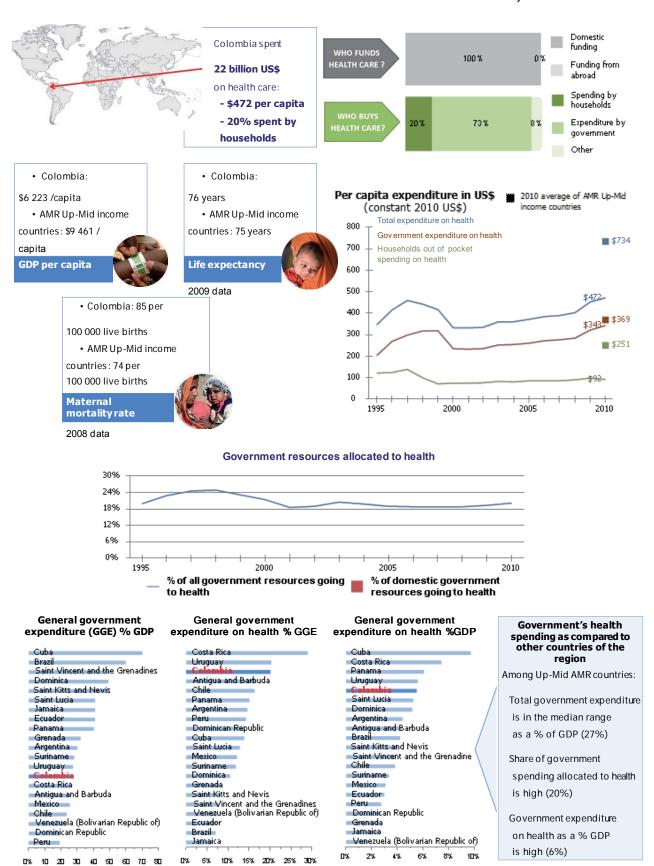
HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Chile, 2010



World Health Organization (nhaweb@who.int)

Footnote:

HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Colombia, 2010

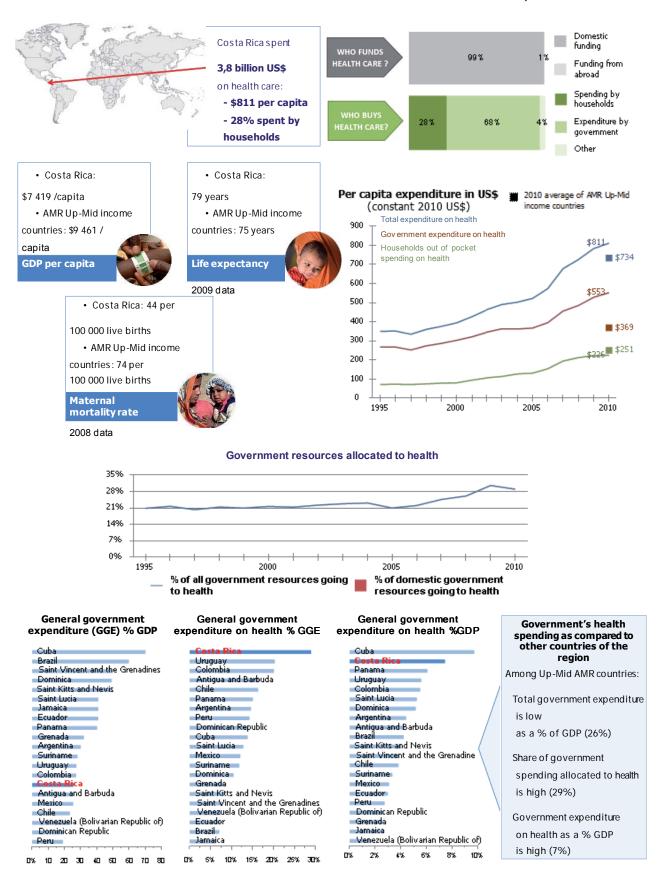


World Health Organization

Source: National Health Accounts database, World Health Organization (nhaweb@who.int)

Footnote:

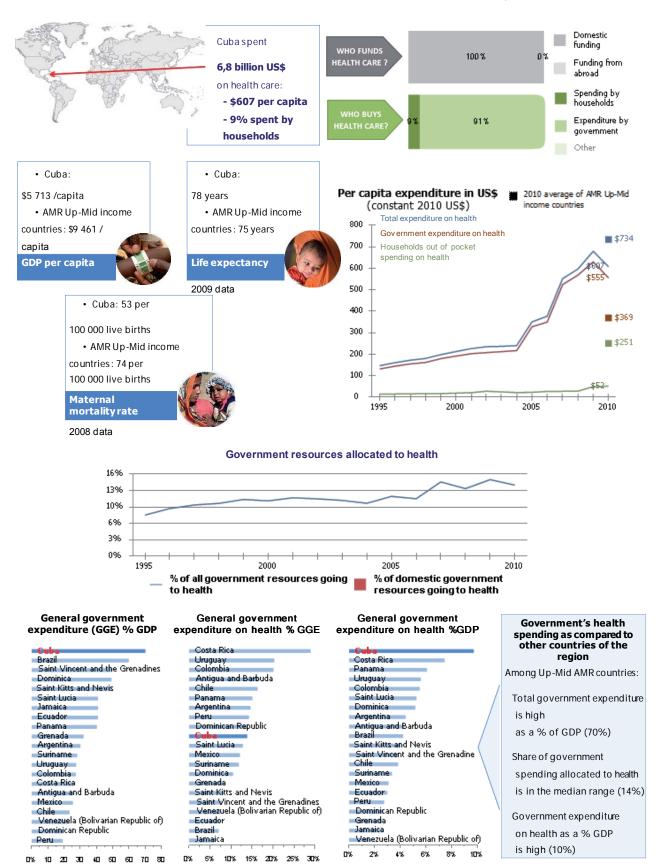
HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Costa Rica, 2010



Source: National Health Accounts database, World Health Organization (nhaweb@who.int) Footnote:

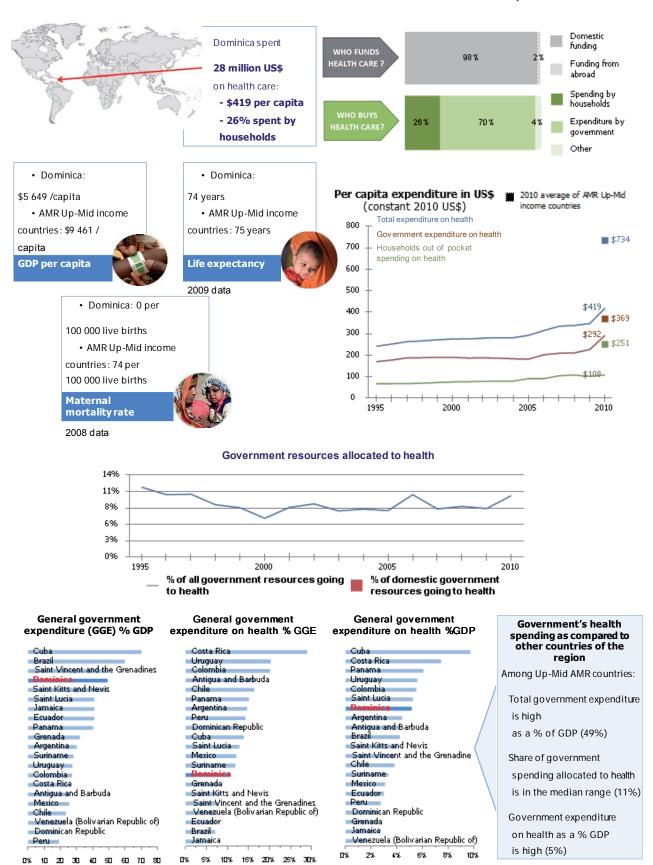
World Health Organization

HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Cuba, 2010



World Health Organization

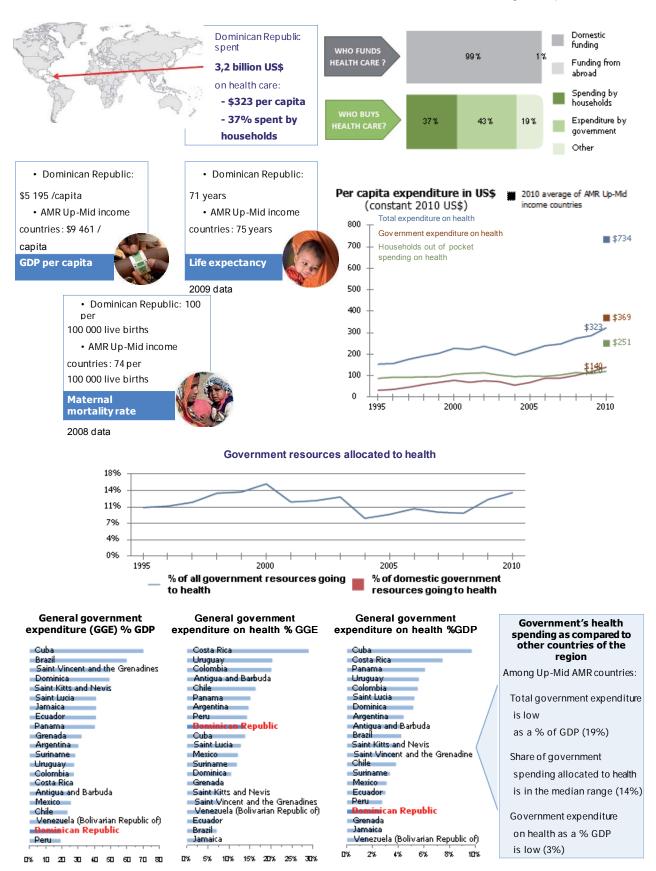
HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Dominica, 2010



World Health Organization (nhaweb@who.int)

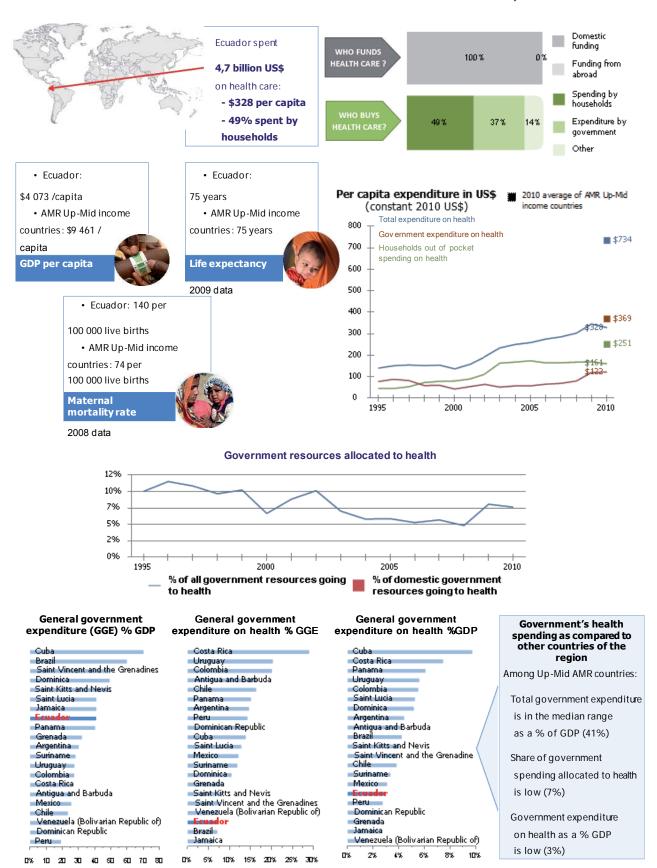
Footnote:

HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Dominican Republic, 2010



World Health Organization

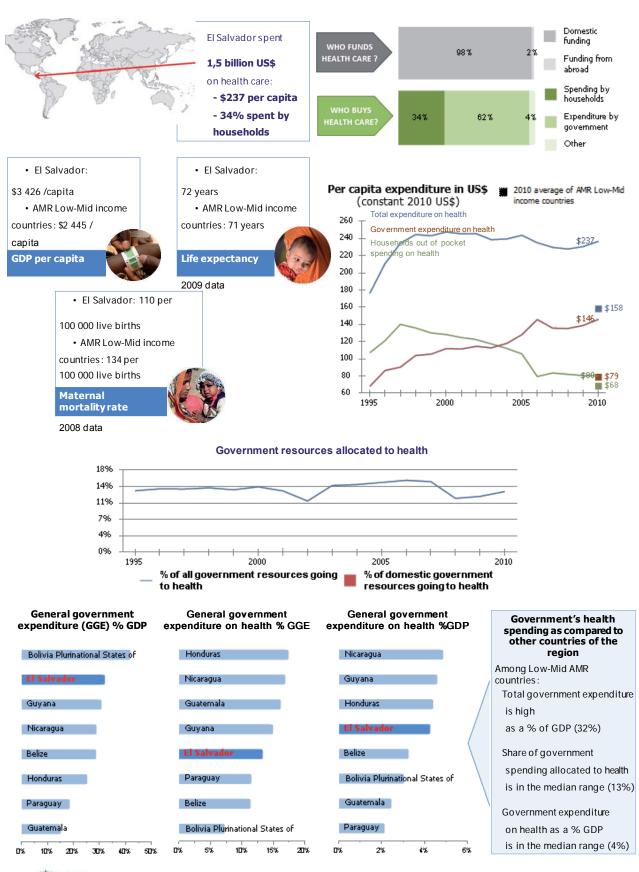
HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Ecuador, 2010



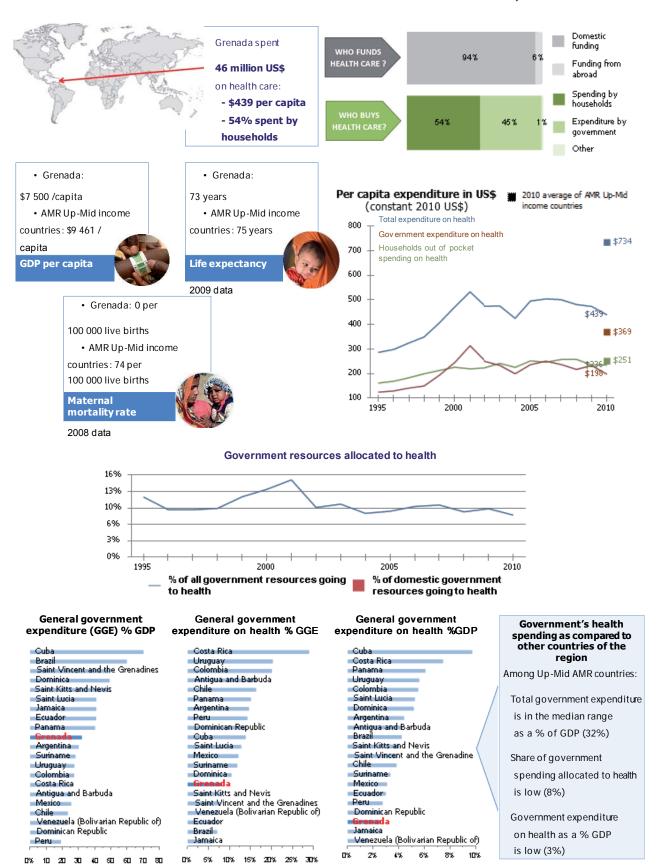
Source: National Health Accounts database, World Health Organization (nhaweb@who.int) Footnote:

World Health Organization

HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: El Salvador, 2010



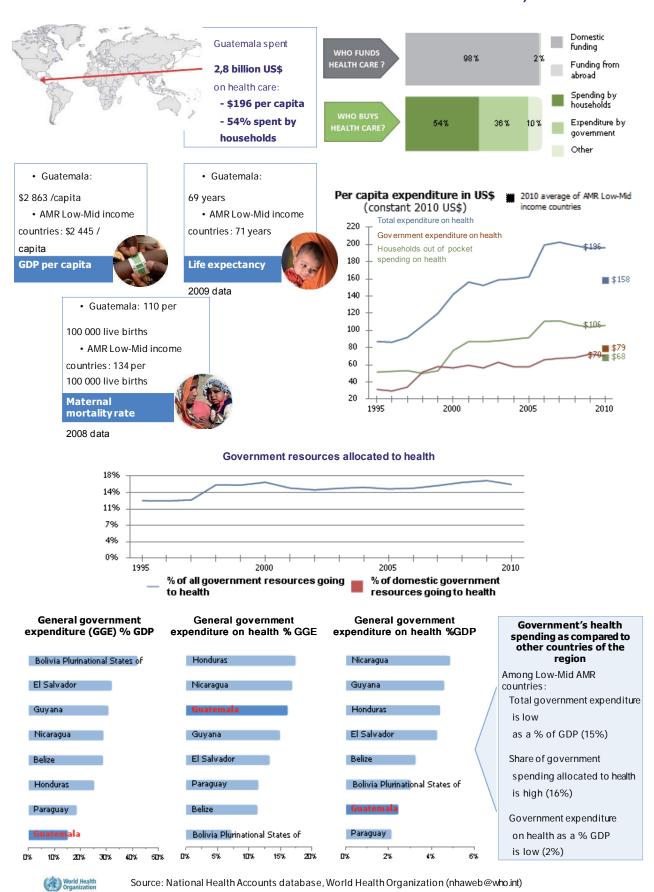
HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Grenada, 2010



Source: National Health Accounts database, World Health Organization (nhaweb@who.int) Footnote:

World Health Organization

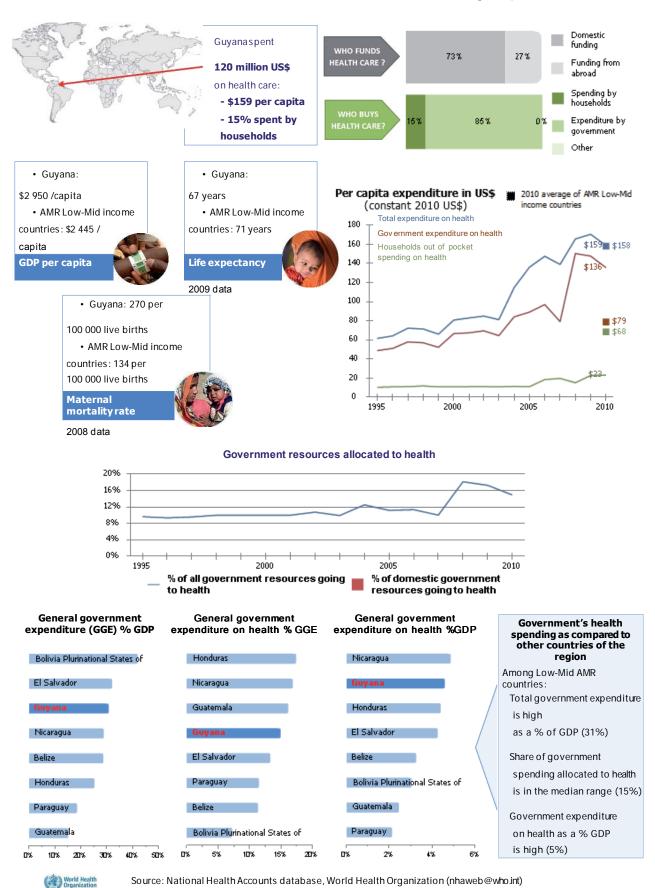
HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Guatemala, 2010



Footnote:

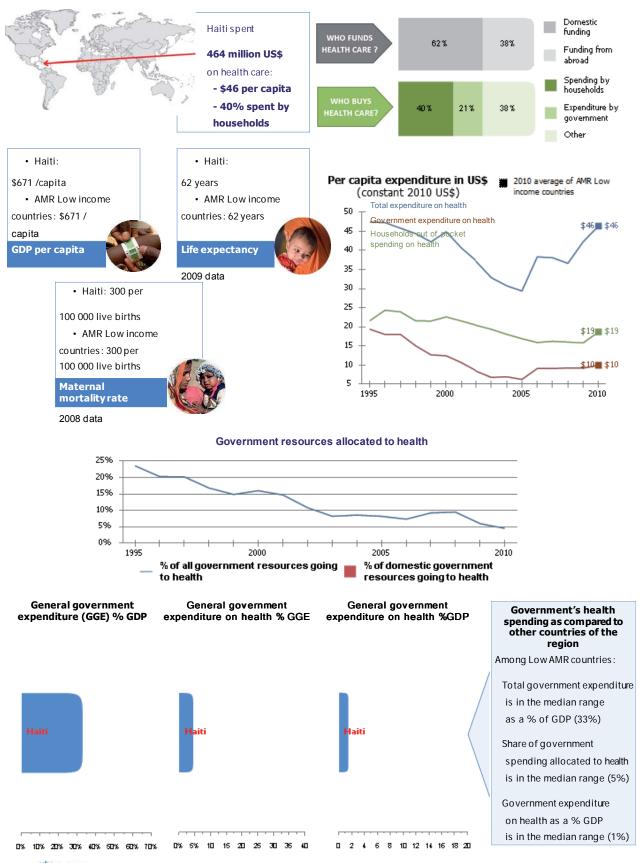
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HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Guyana, 2010



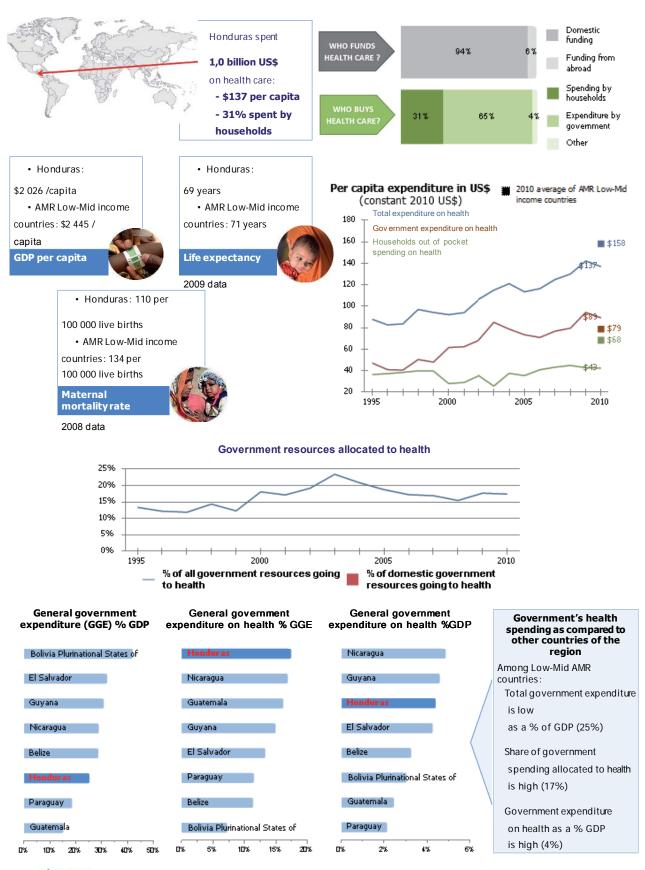
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HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Haiti, 2010

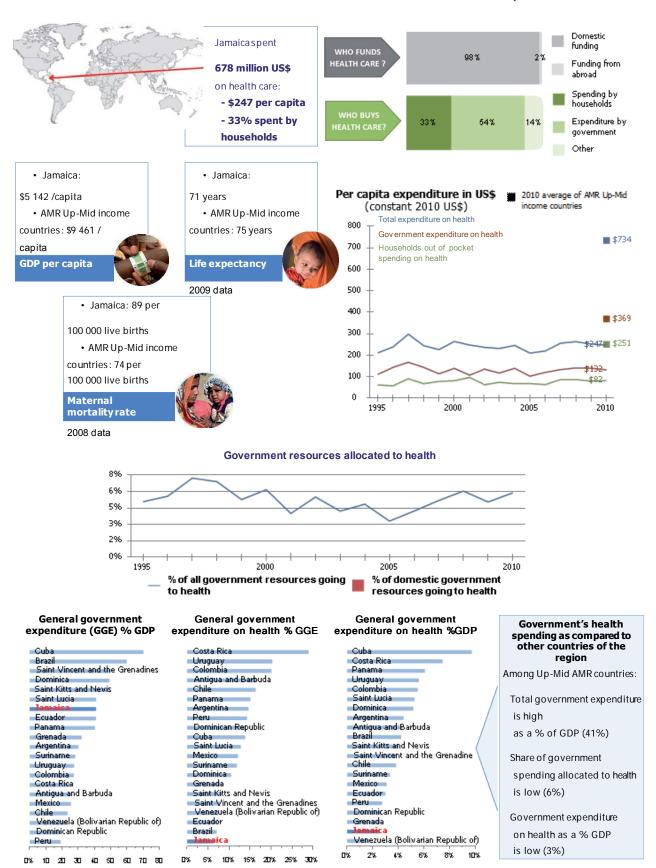


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HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Honduras, 2010

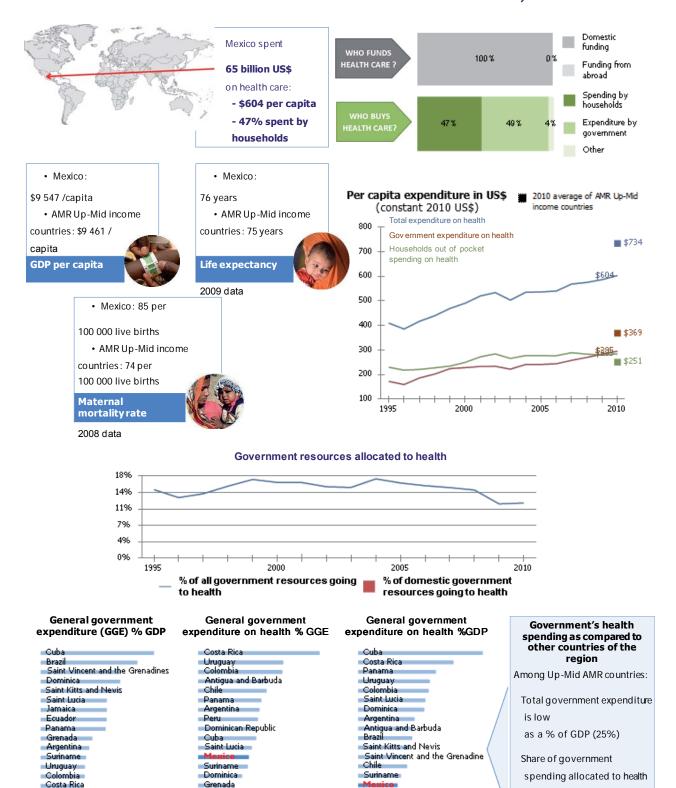


HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Jamaica, 2010



World Health

HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Mexico, 2010



World Health Organization

Antigua and Barbuda

Dominican Řepublic

Peru

Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)

10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80

Source: National Health Accounts database, World Health Organization (nhaweb@who.int) Footnote:

Ecuador

Grenada

D% 2%

Dominican Republic

Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)

6% 8%

Saint Kitts and Nevis

Ecuador

Brazil

Jamaica

Saint Vincent and the Grenadines Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)

D% 5% 1D% 15% 2D% 25% 3D%

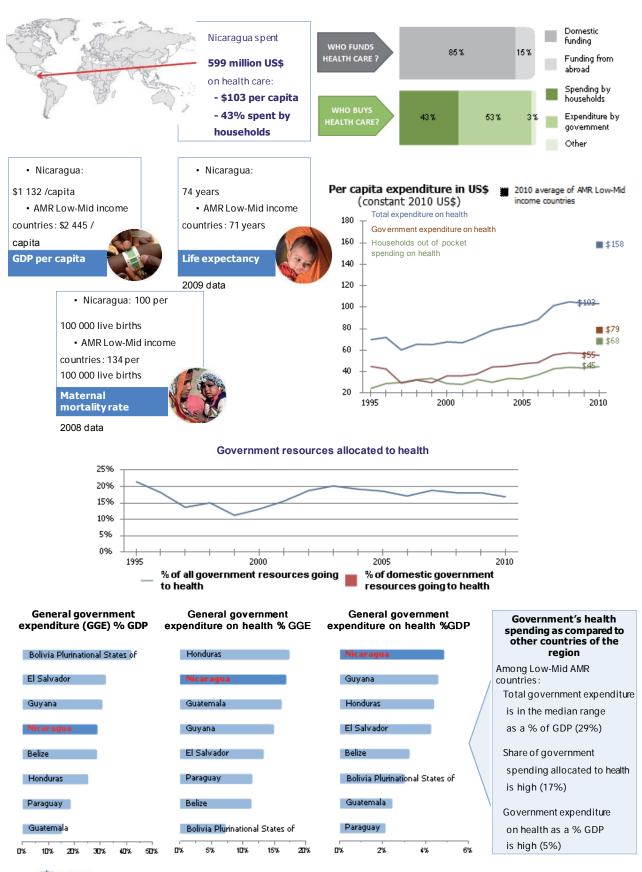
is in the median range (12%)

Government expenditure

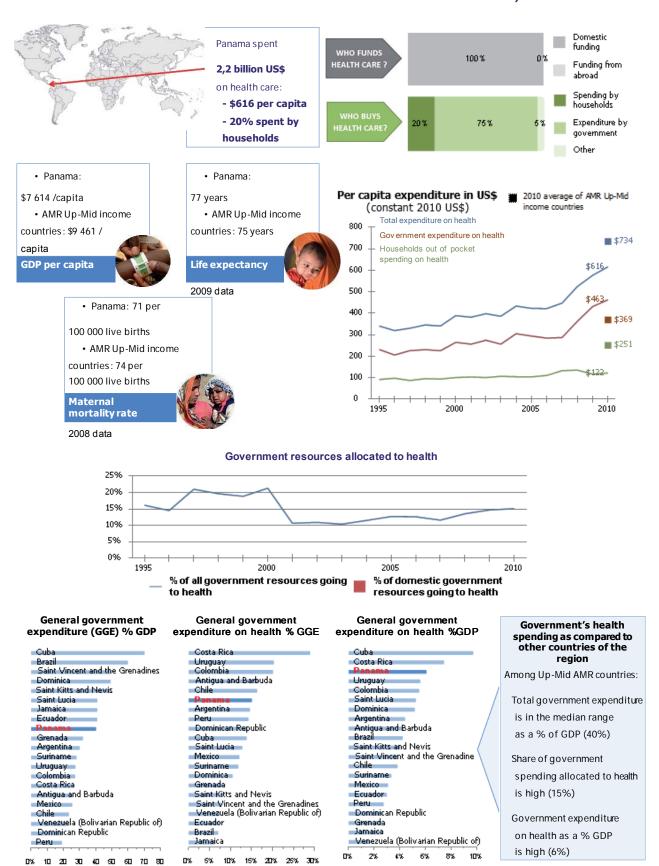
on health as a % GDP

is low (3%)

HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Nicaragua, 2010



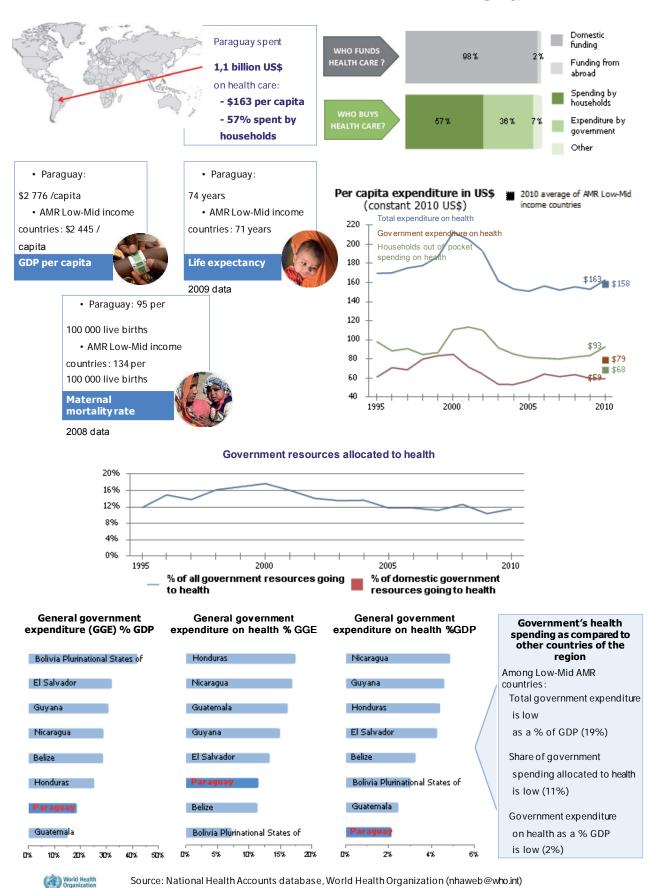
HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Panama, 2010



World Health Organization (nhaweb@who.int)

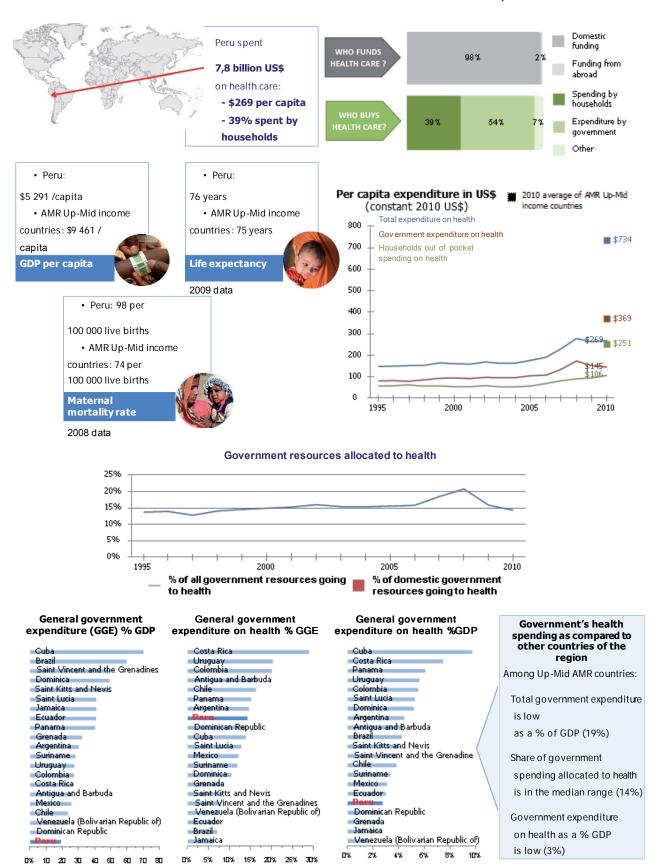
Footnote:

HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Paraguay, 2010



Footnote:

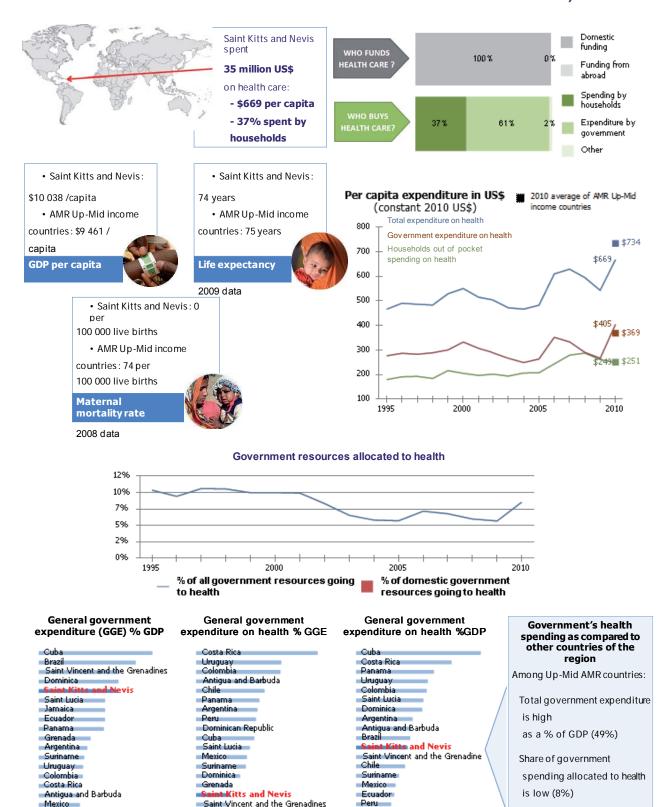
HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Peru, 2010



World Health Organization (nhaweb@who.int)

Footnote:

HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Saint Kitts and Nevis, 2010



World Health Organization

Dominican Republic

Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)

10 20 30 40 50 50 70 80

Chile

Peru

Source: National Health Accounts database, World Health Organization (nhaweb@who.int) Footnote:

Dominican Republic

Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)

6% 8%

Grenada

or.

Government expenditure

on health as a % GDP

is in the median range (4%)

Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)

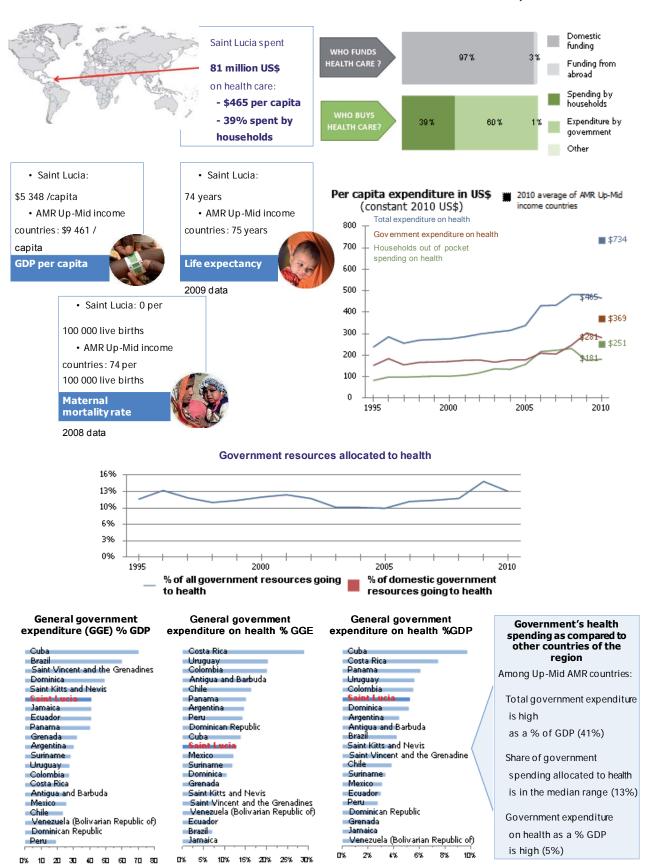
5% 10% 15% 20% 25% 30%

Ecuador

Jamaica

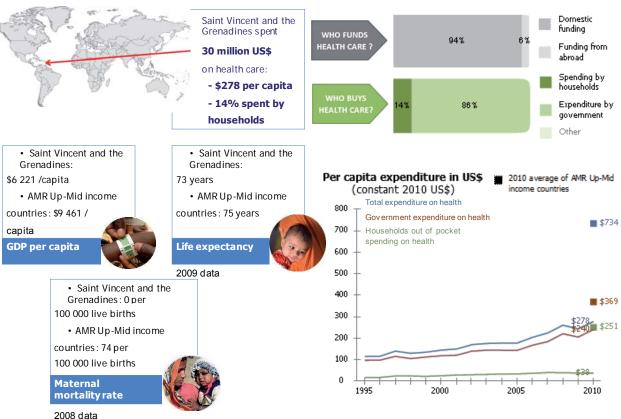
Brazil

HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Saint Lucia, 2010

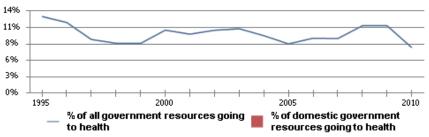


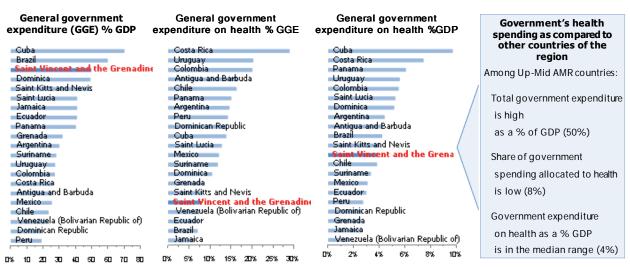
World Health Organization

HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, 2010

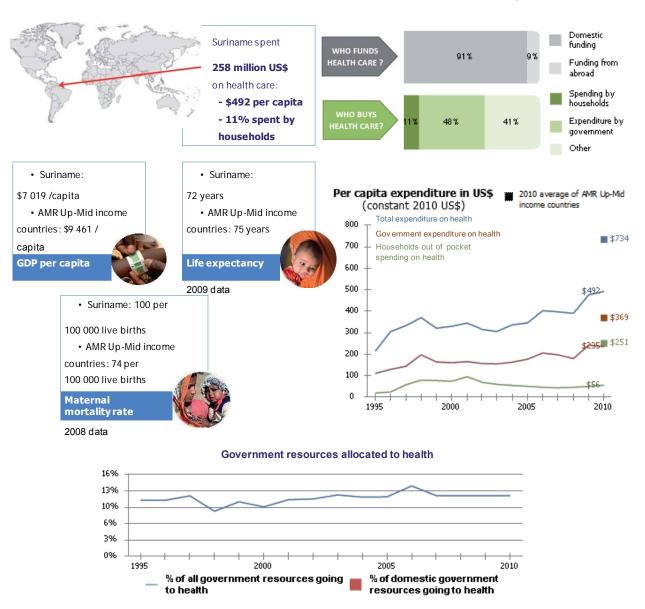


Government resources allocated to health



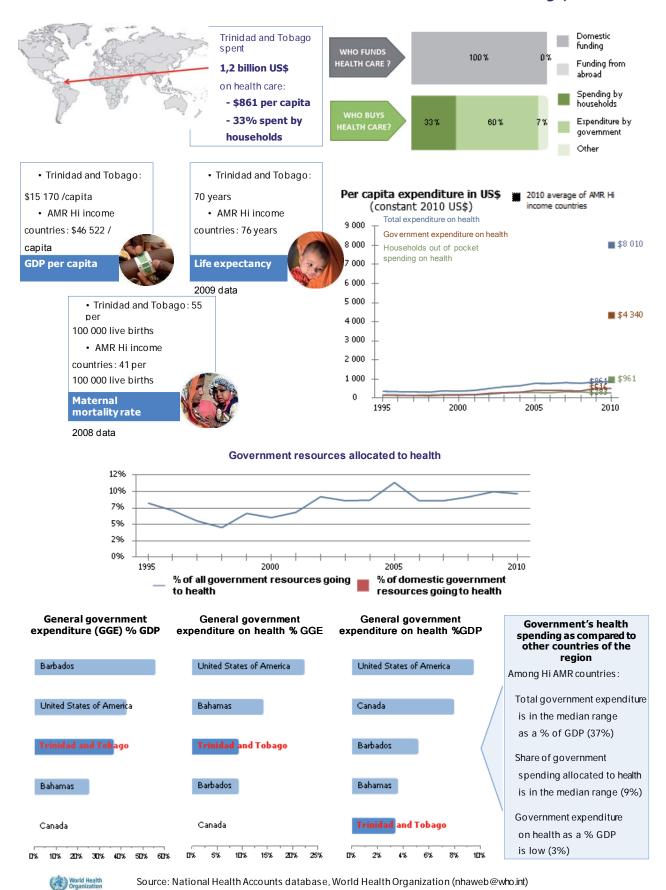


HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Suriname, 2010



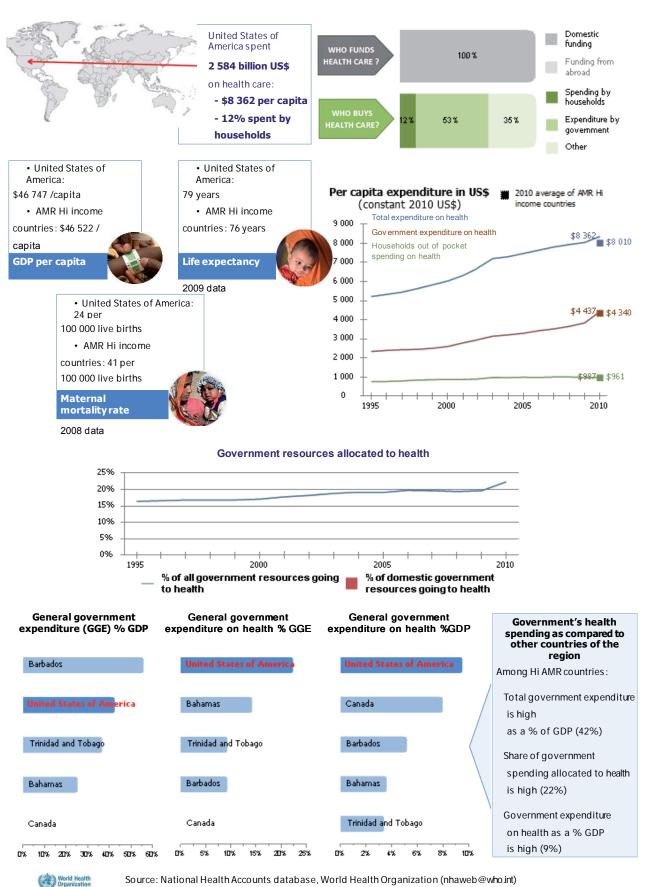
General government General government General government Government's health expenditure (GGE) % GDP expenditure on health %GDP expenditure on health % GGE spending as compared to other countries of the Cuba Costa Rica Cuba region Costa Rica Uruguay Colombia Brazil Saint Vincent and the Grenadines Panama Among Up-Mid AMR countries: Dominic Antigua and Barbuda Uruguay Saint Kitts and Newis Chile Colombia Saint Lucia Panama Total government expenditure Jamaica Argentina Dominica Ecuador Peru is in the median range Argentina Panama Dominican Republic Antigua and Barbuda Brazil as a % of GDP (28%) Grenada Cuba Argentina Saint Lucia Saint Kitts and Nevis Mexico Saint Vincent and the Grenadine Share of government Uruguay Chile Dominica Colombia spending allocated to health Grenada Mexico is in the median range (12%) Antiqua and Barbuda Saint Kitts and Nevis Ecuador Saint Vincent and the Grenadines Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of) Dominican Republic Chile Government expenditure Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of) Ecuador Grenada Dominican Republic Brazil Jamaica on health as a % GDP Wenezuela (Bolivarian Republic of) Peru Jamaica is in the median range (3%) 5% 10% 15% 20% 25% 30% D% 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80

HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Trinidad and Tobago, 2010



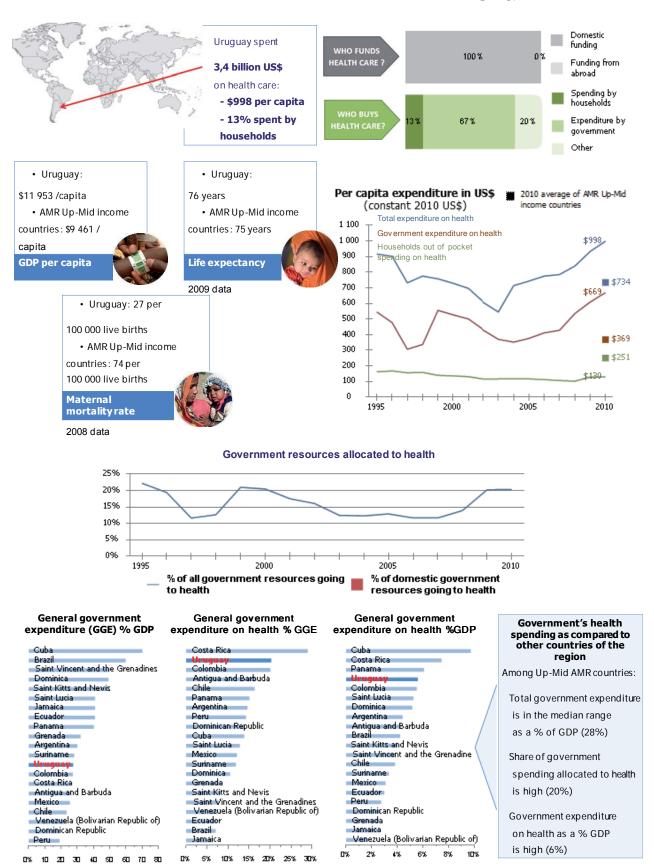
Footnote:

HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: United States of America, 2010



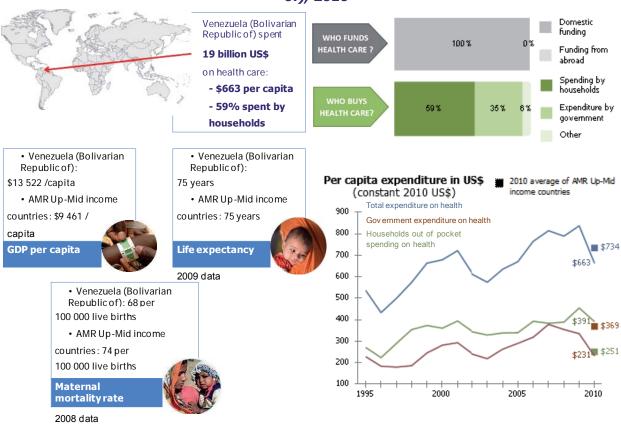
 $Source: National \, Health \, Accounts \, \, database, \, World \, Health \, Organization \, (\text{nhaweb} \, @who.int) \, \\$ Footnote:

HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Uruguay, 2010

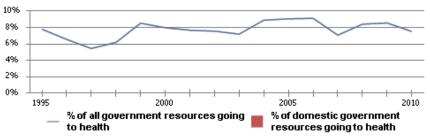


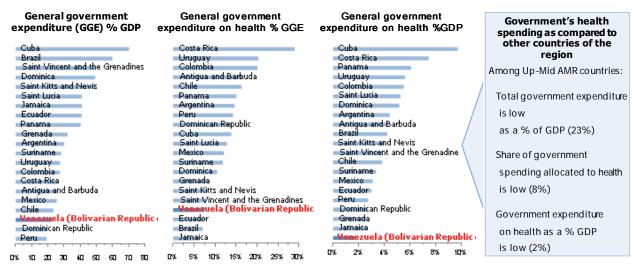
World Health Organization

HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of), 2010



Government resources allocated to health







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Bangladesh

Bhutan

Democratic People's Republic of

Korea

India

Indonesia

Maldives

Myanmar

Nepal

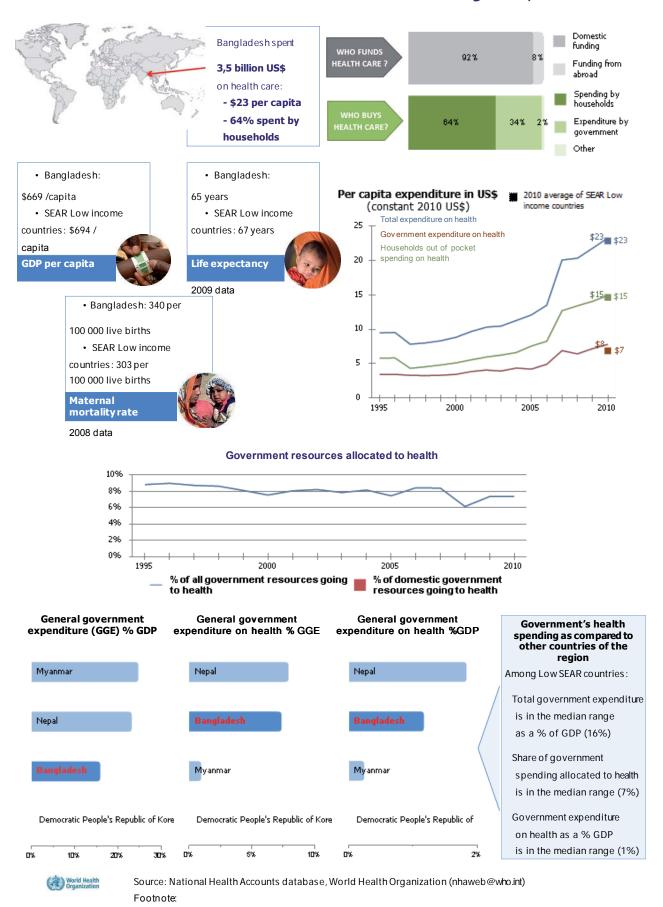
Sri Lanka

Thailand

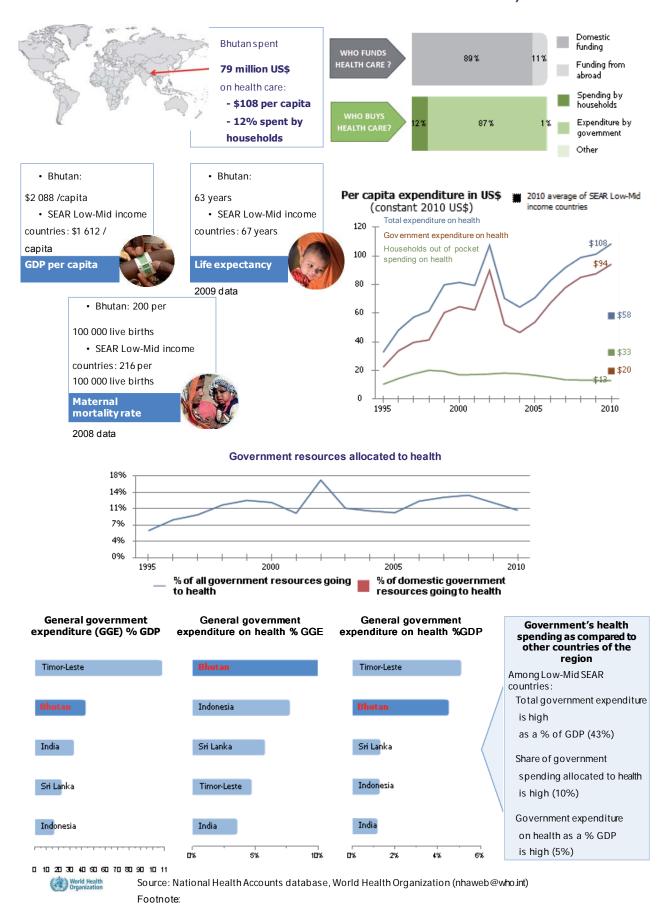
Timor-Leste

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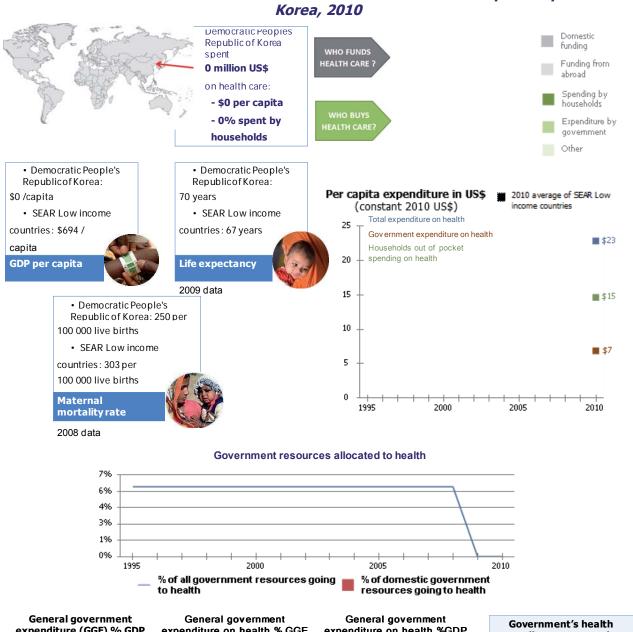
HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Bangladesh, 2010

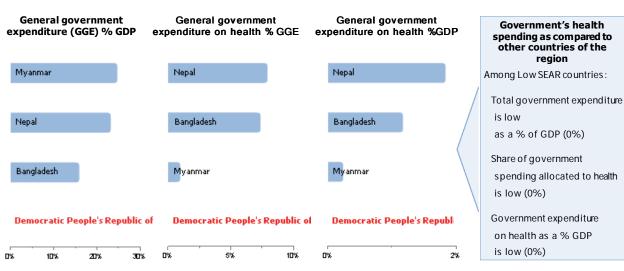


HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Bhutan, 2010



HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Democratic People's Republic of

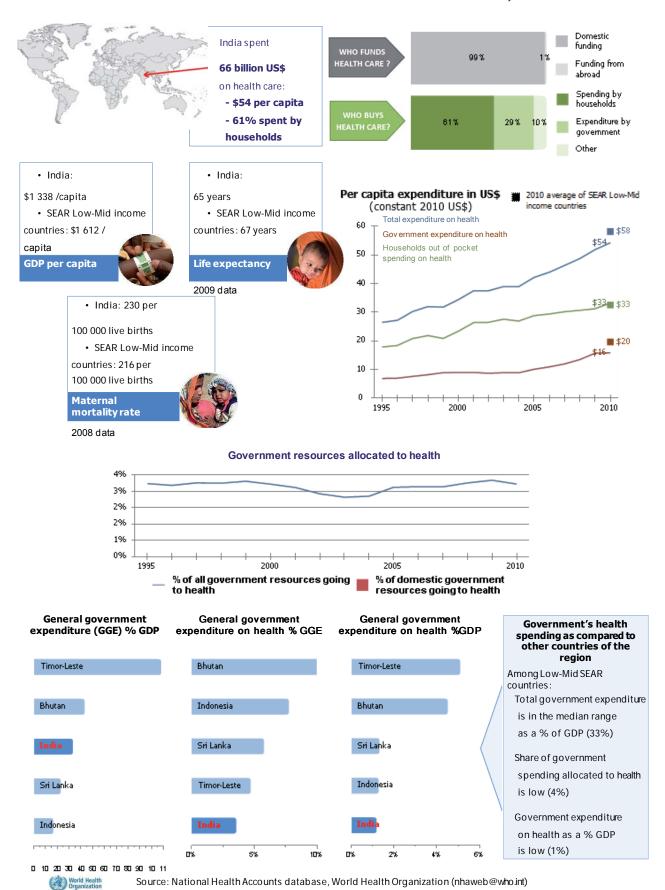




Source: National Health Accounts database, World Health Organization (nhaweb@who.int)

Footnote:

HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: India, 2010

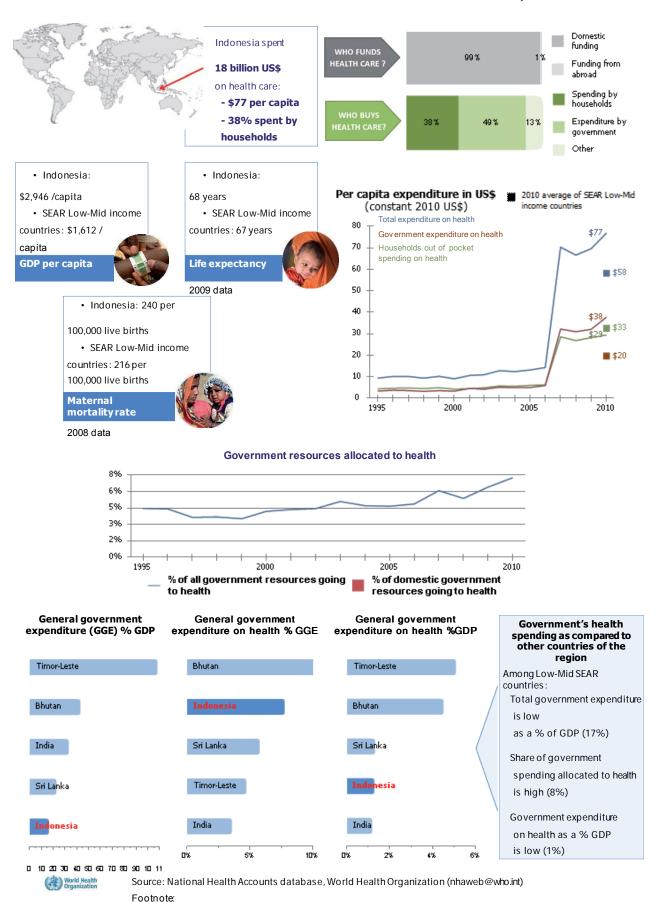


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Footnote:

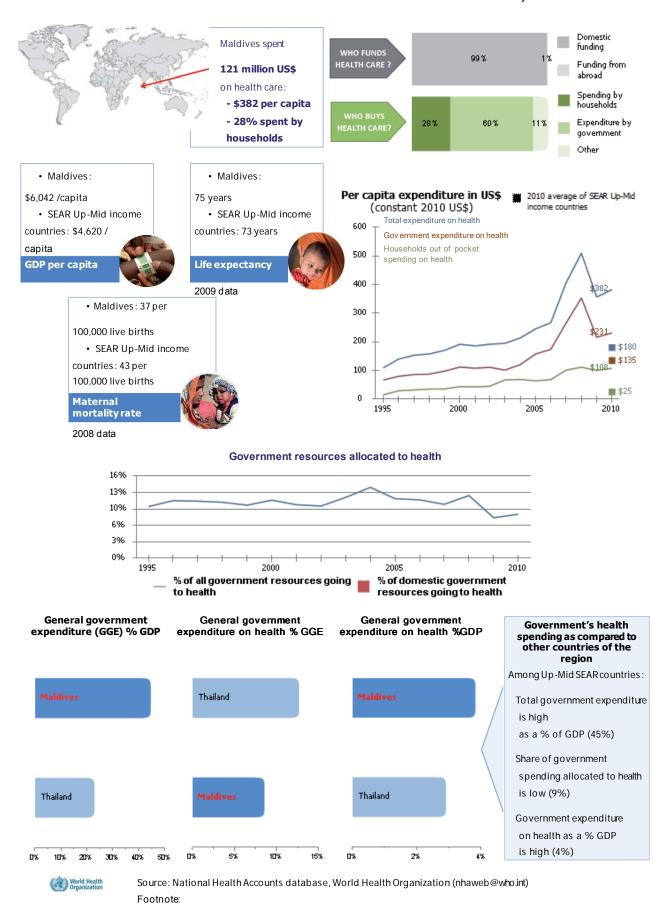
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HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Indonesia, 2010

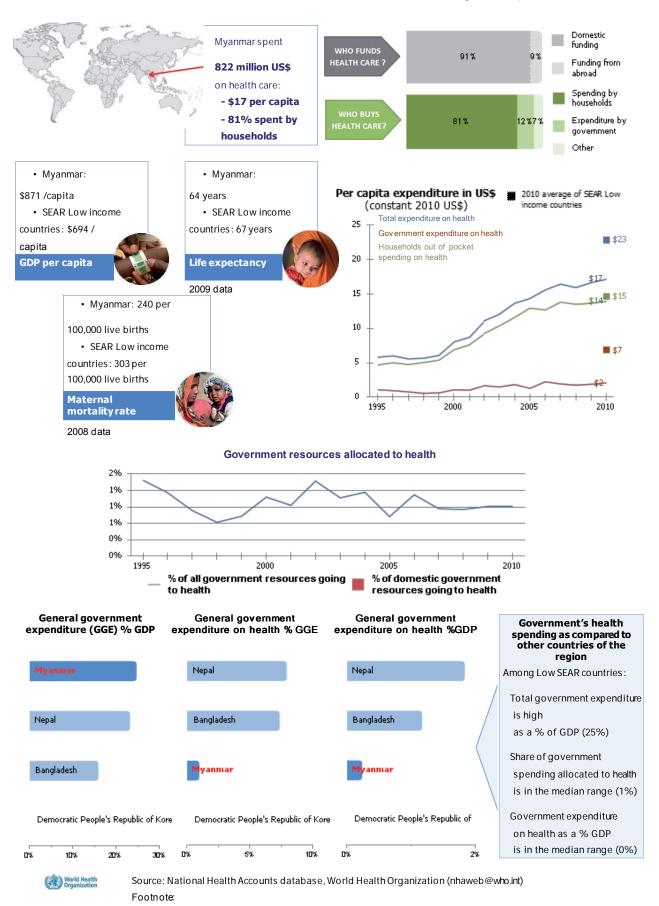


101

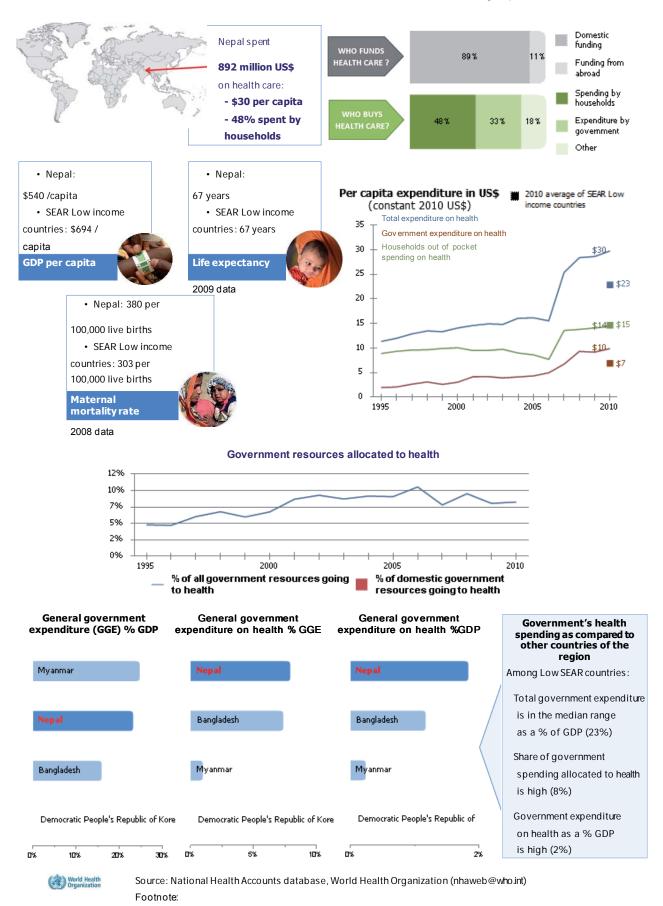
HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Maldives, 2010



HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Myanmar, 2010

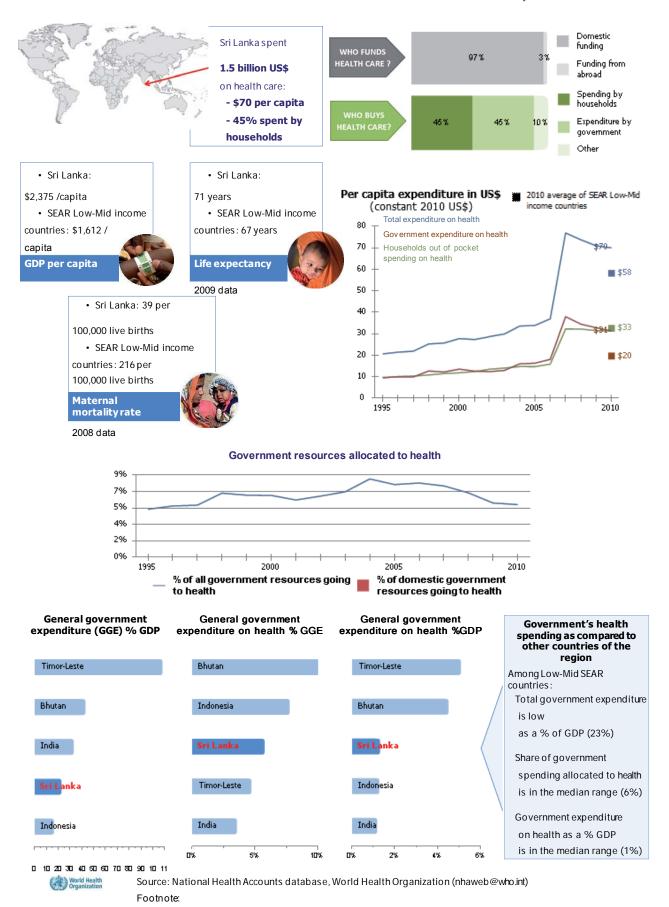


HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Nepal, 2010

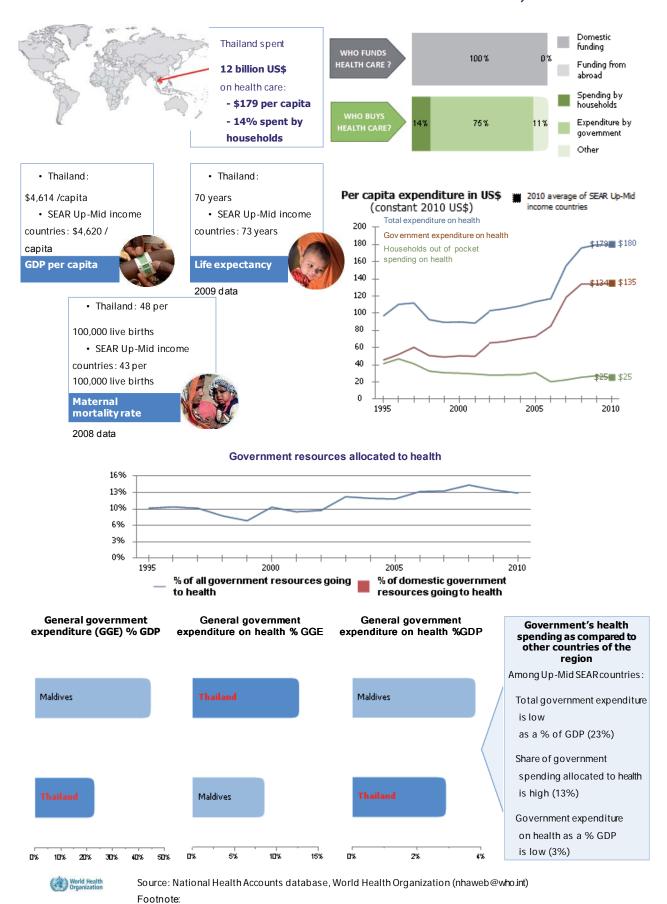


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HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Sri Lanka, 2010

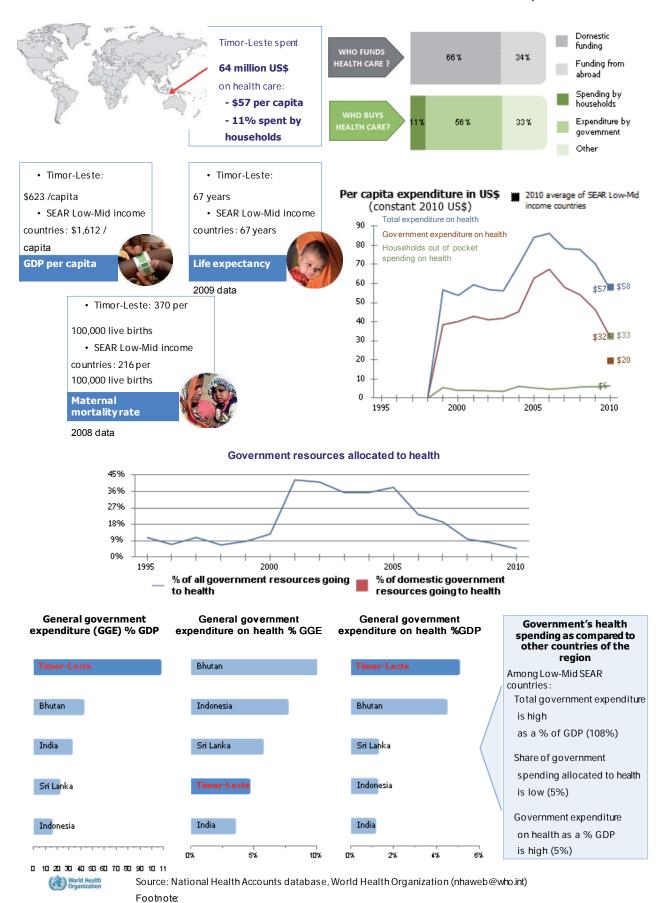


HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Thailand, 2010



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HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Timor-Leste, 2010





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Albania Latvia

Andorra Lithuania

Armenia Luxembourg

Austria Malta

Azerbaijan Monaco

Belarus Montenegro

Belgium Netherlands

Bosnia and Herzegovina Norway

Bulgaria Poland

Croatia Portugal

Cyprus Republic of Moldova

Czech Republic Romania

Denmark Russian Federation

Estonia San Marino

Finland Serbia

France Slovakia

Georgia Slovenia

Germany Spain

Greece Sweden

Hungary Switzerland

Iceland Tajikistan

Ireland Turkey

Israel Turkmenistan

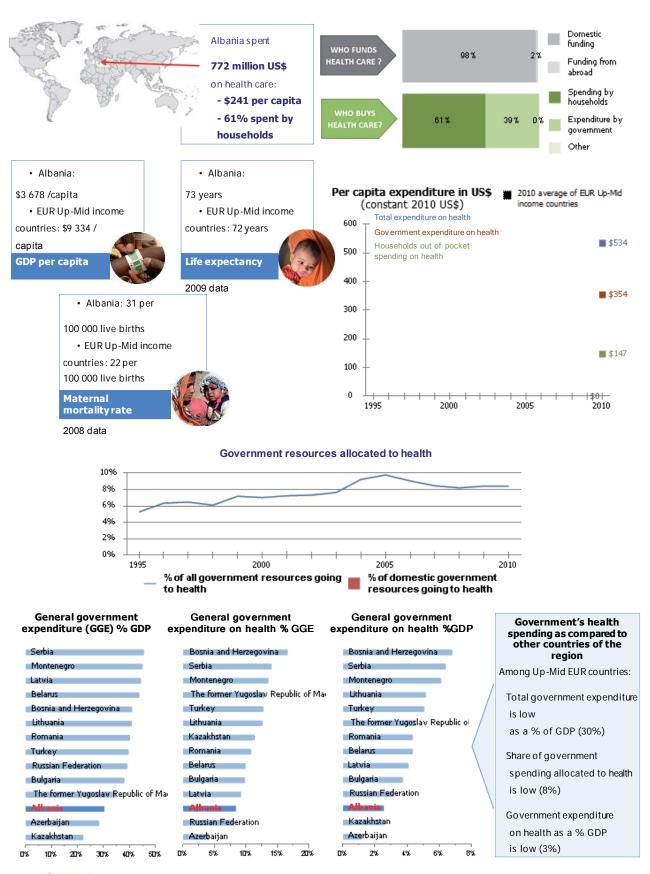
Italy Ukraine

Kazakhstan United Kingdom

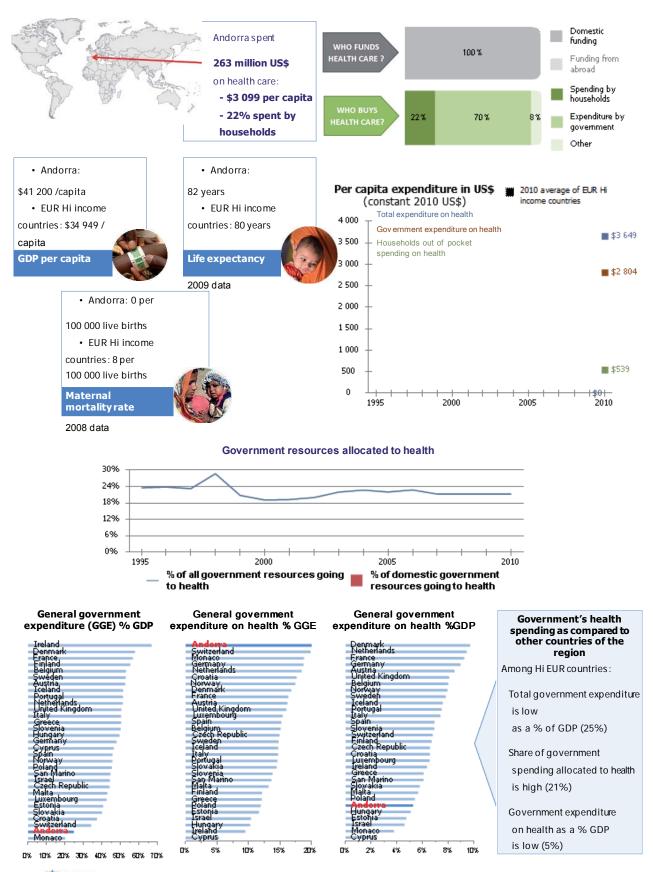
Kyrgyzstan Uzbekistan

Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia

HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Albania, 2010

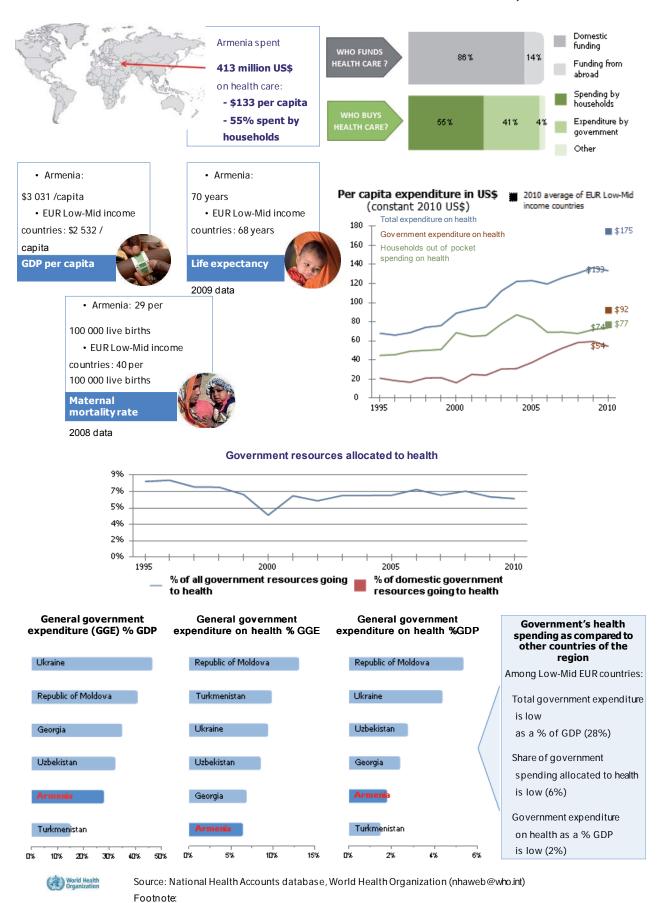


HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Andorra, 2010

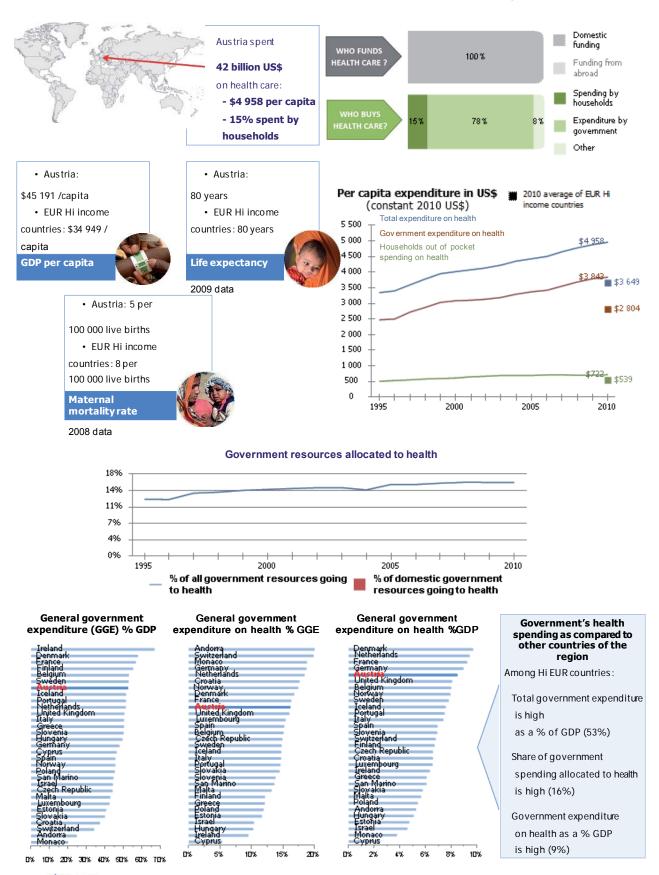


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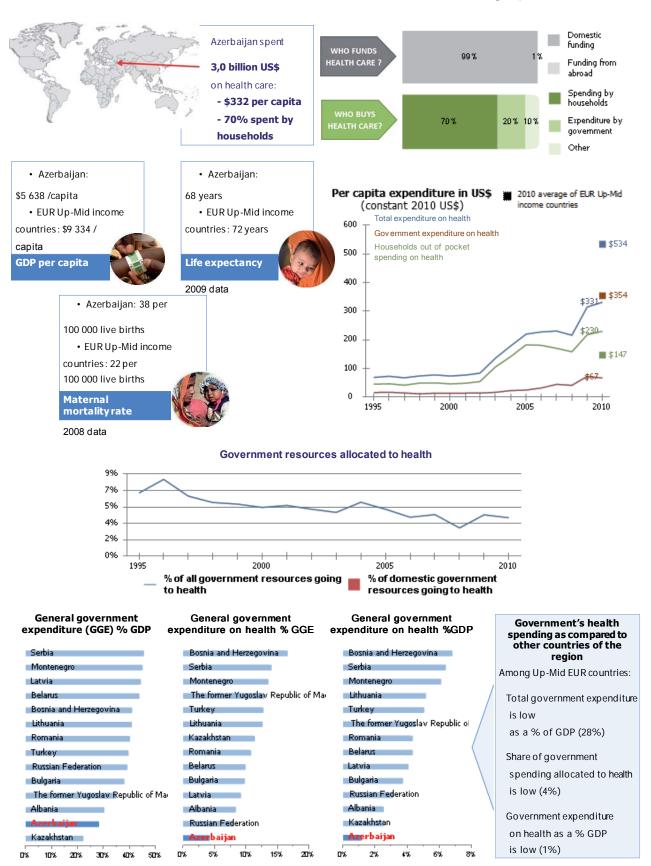
HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Armenia, 2010



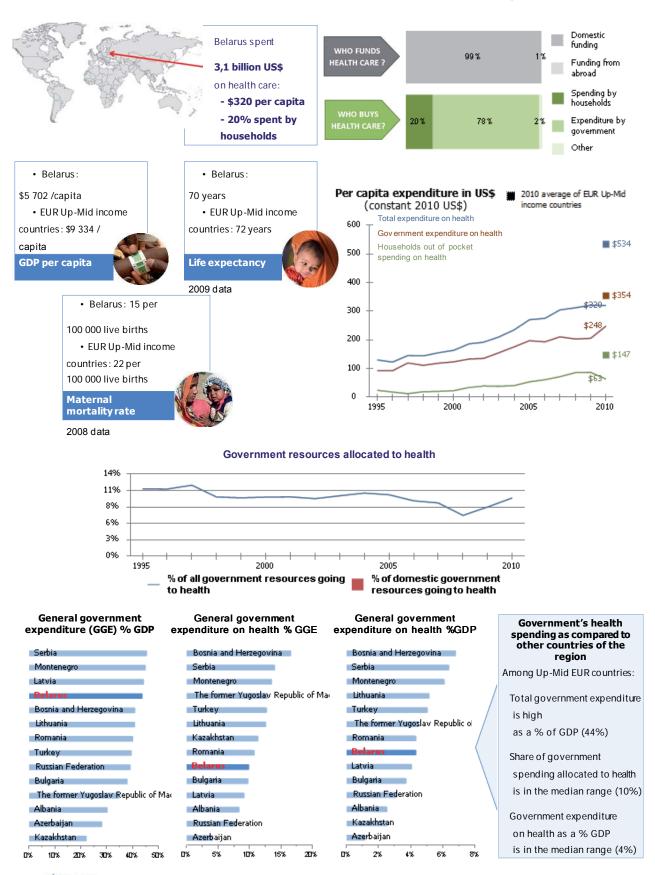
HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Austria, 2010



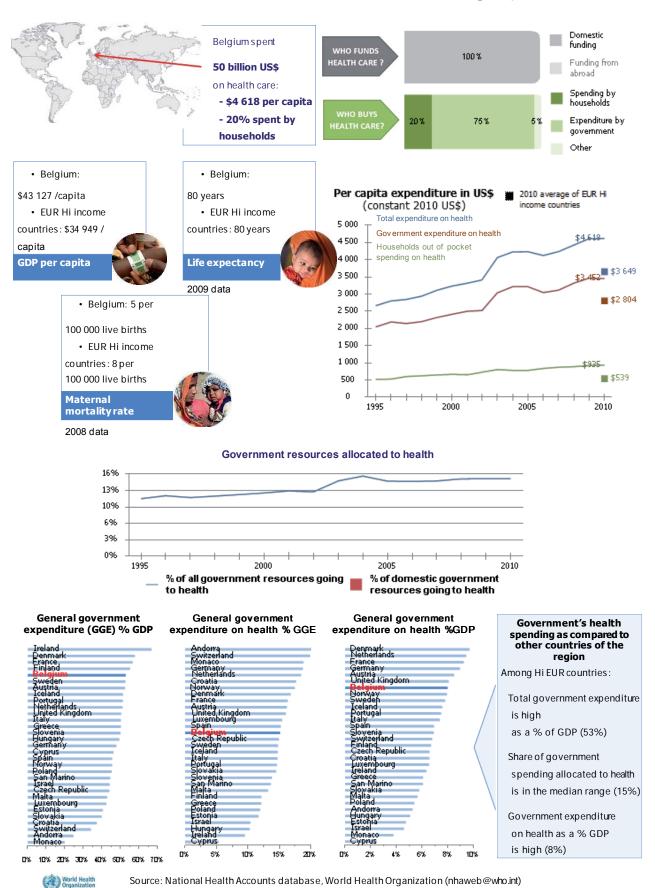
HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Azerbaijan, 2010



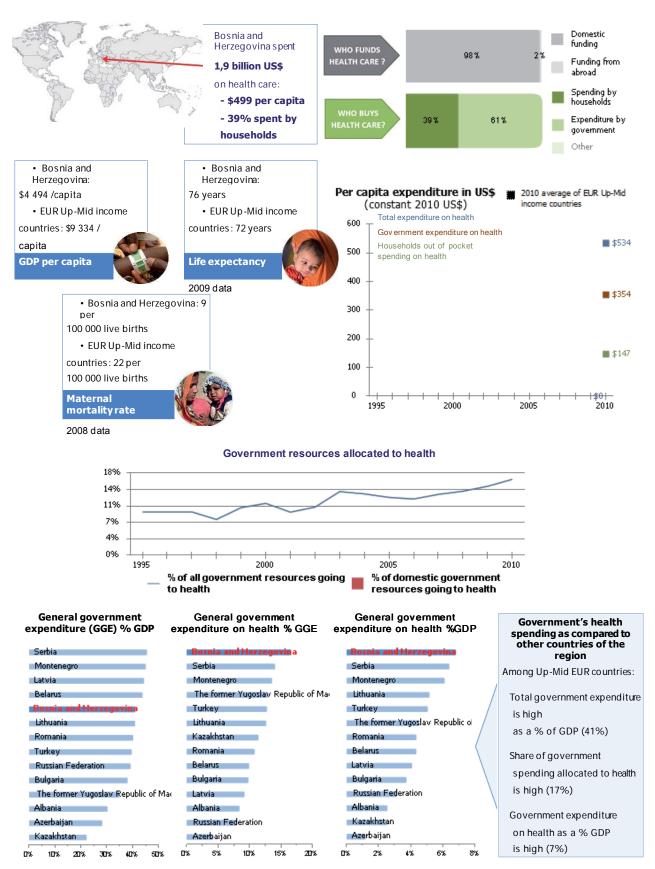
HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Belarus, 2010



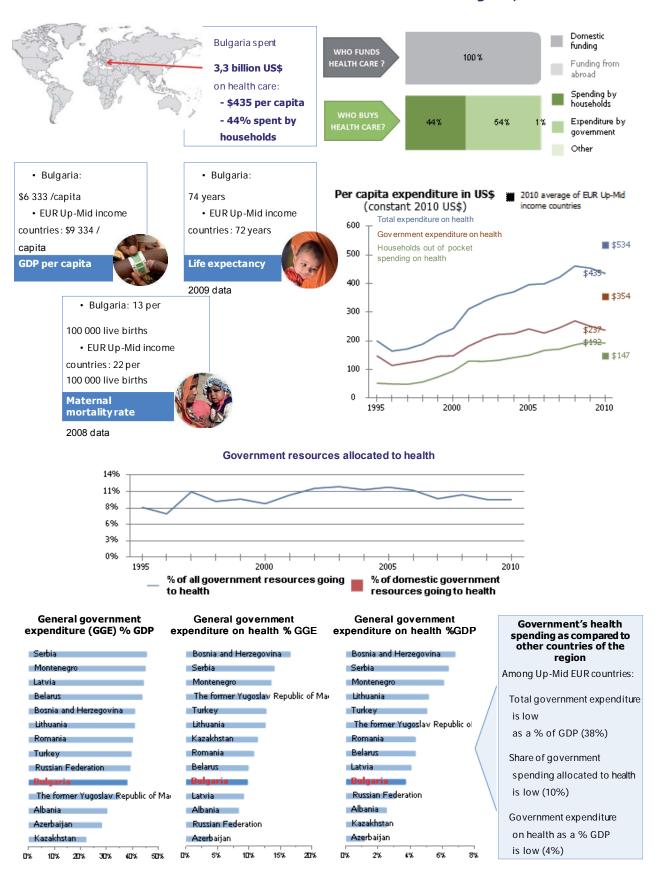
HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Belgium, 2010



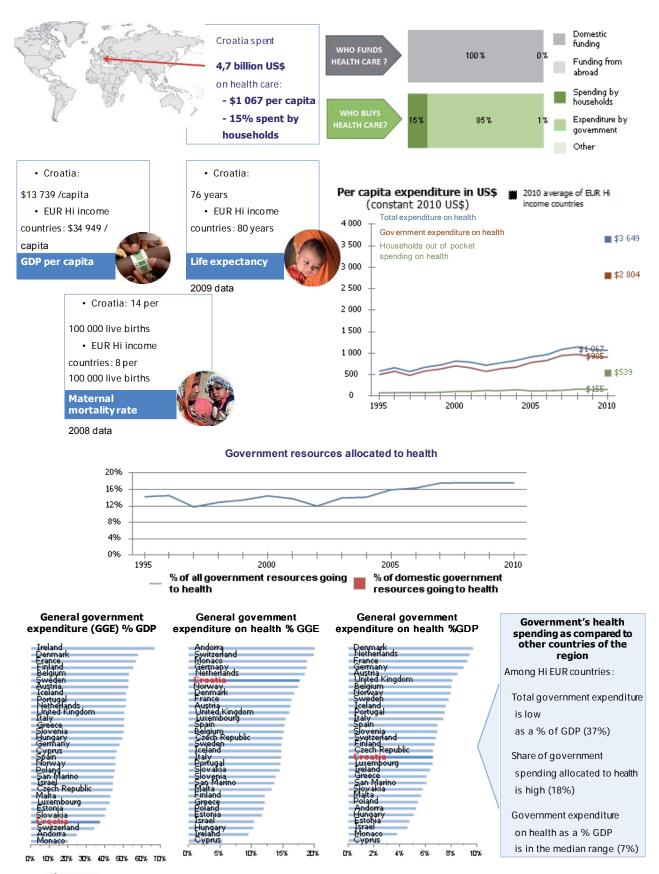
HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Bosnia and Herzegovina, 2010



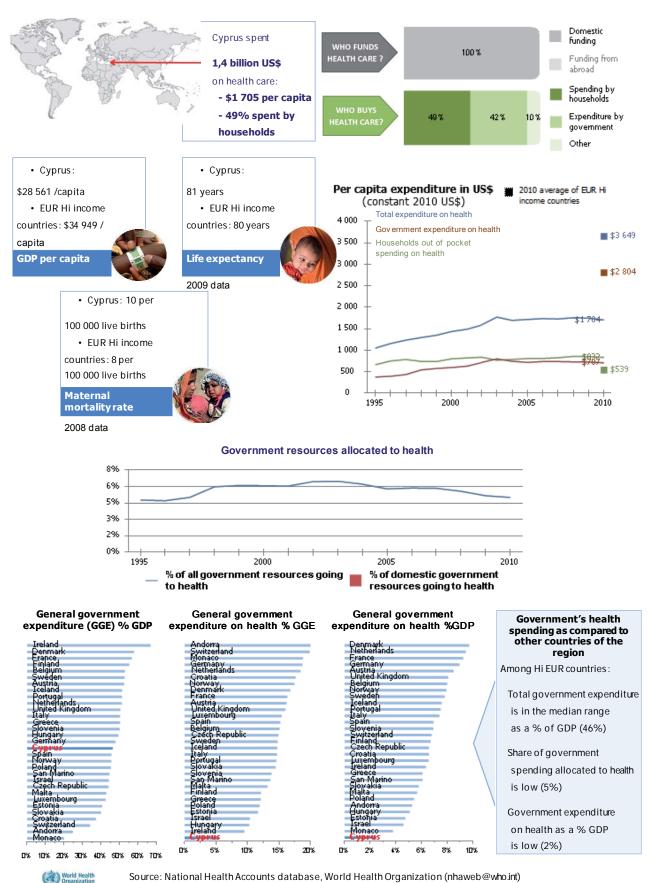
HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Bulgaria, 2010



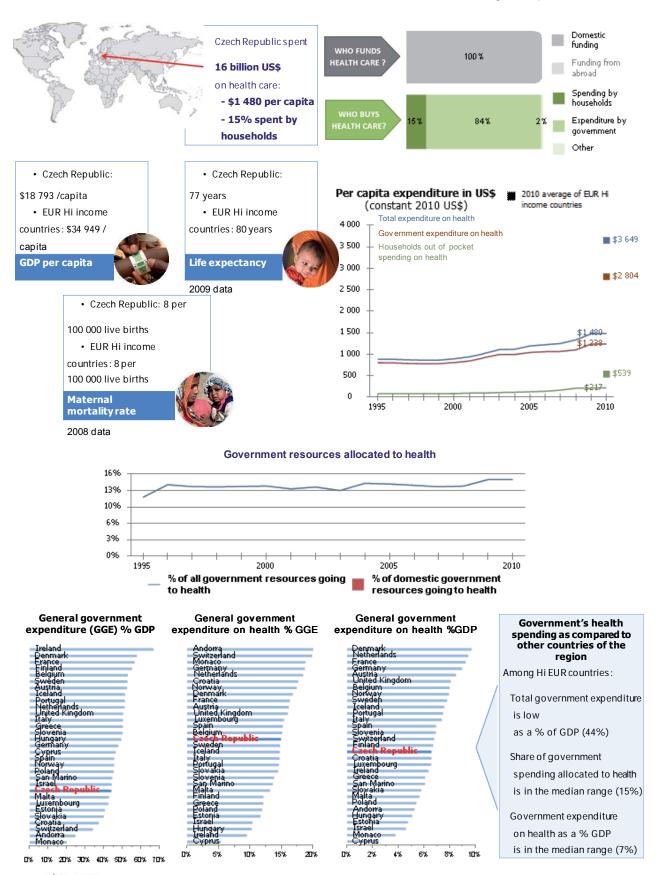
HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Croatia, 2010



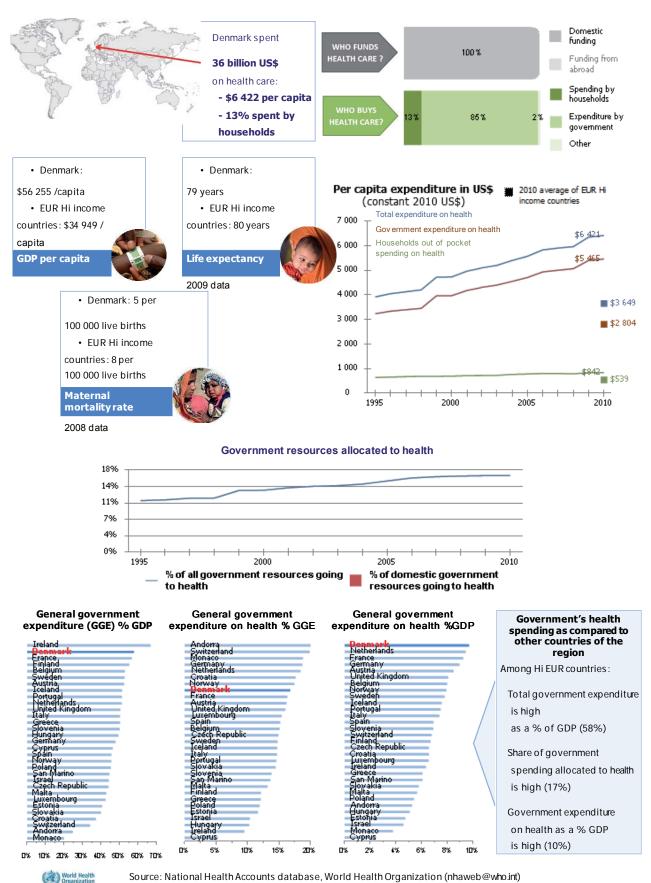
HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Cyprus, 2010



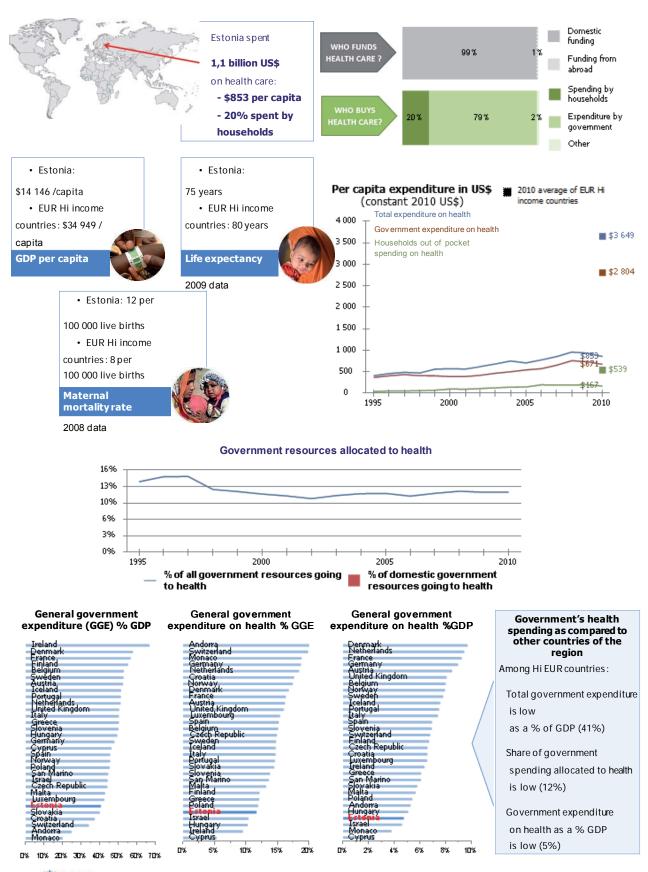
HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Czech Republic, 2010



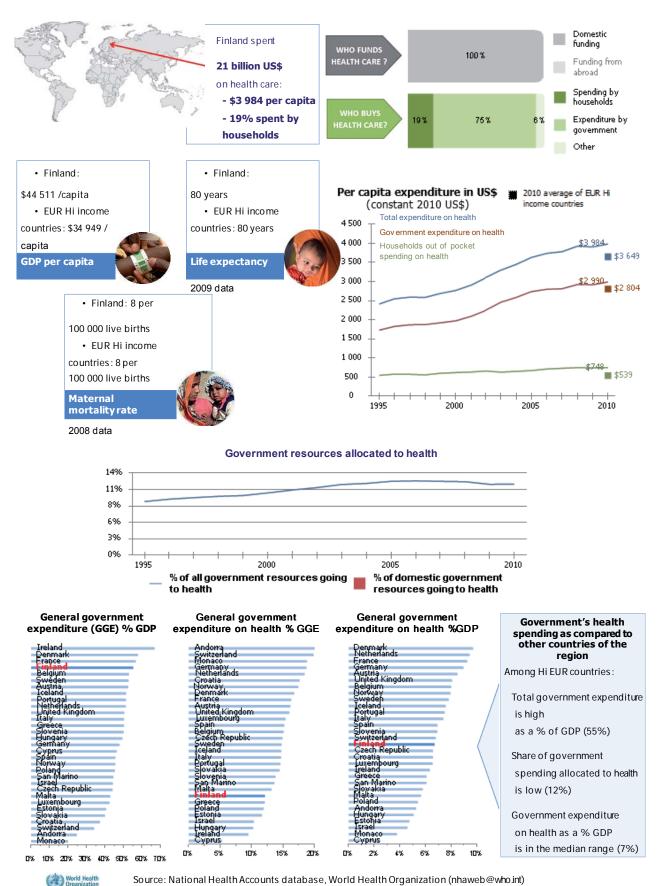
HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Denmark, 2010



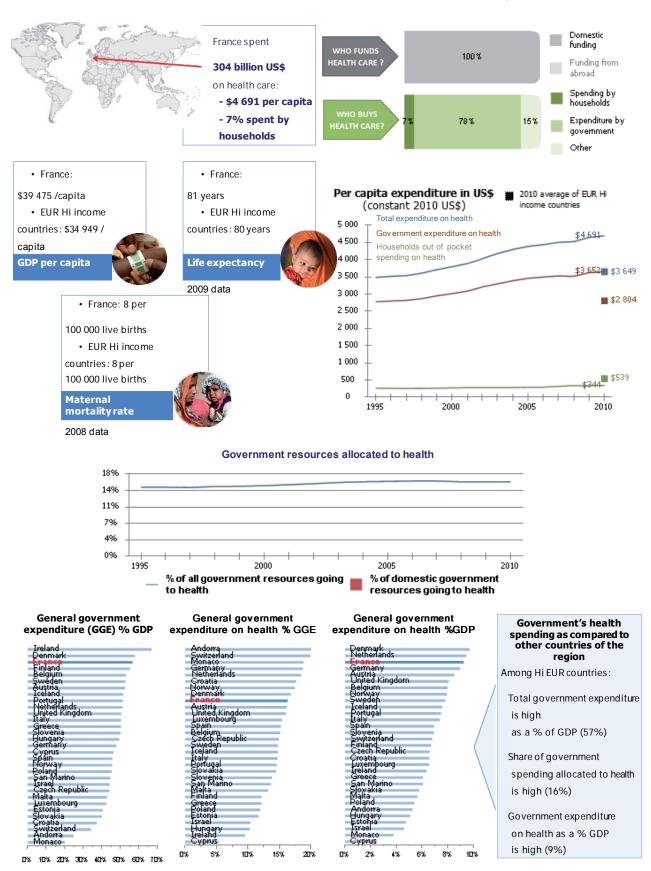
HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Estonia, 2010



HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Finland, 2010

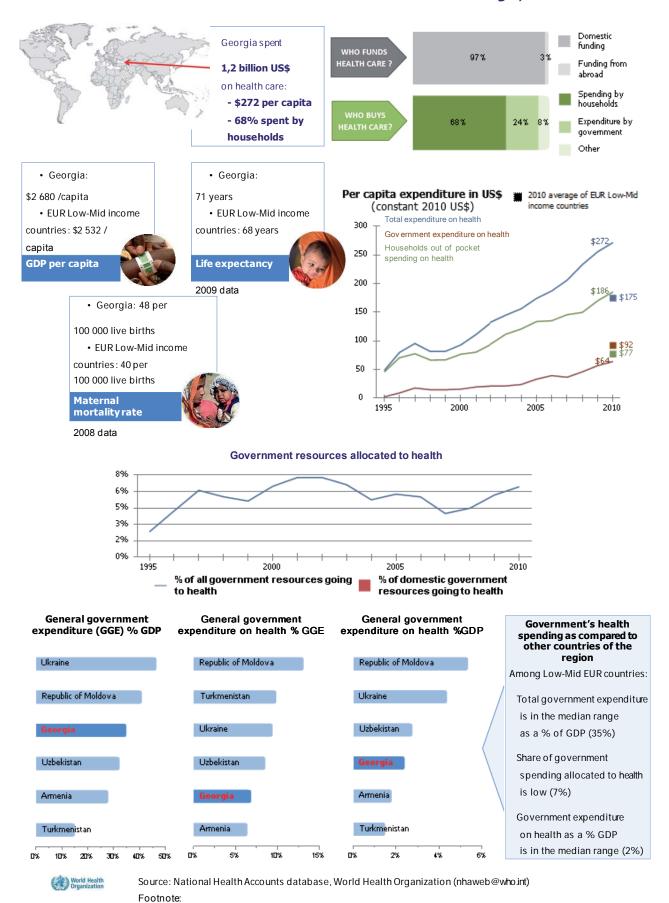


HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: France, 2010

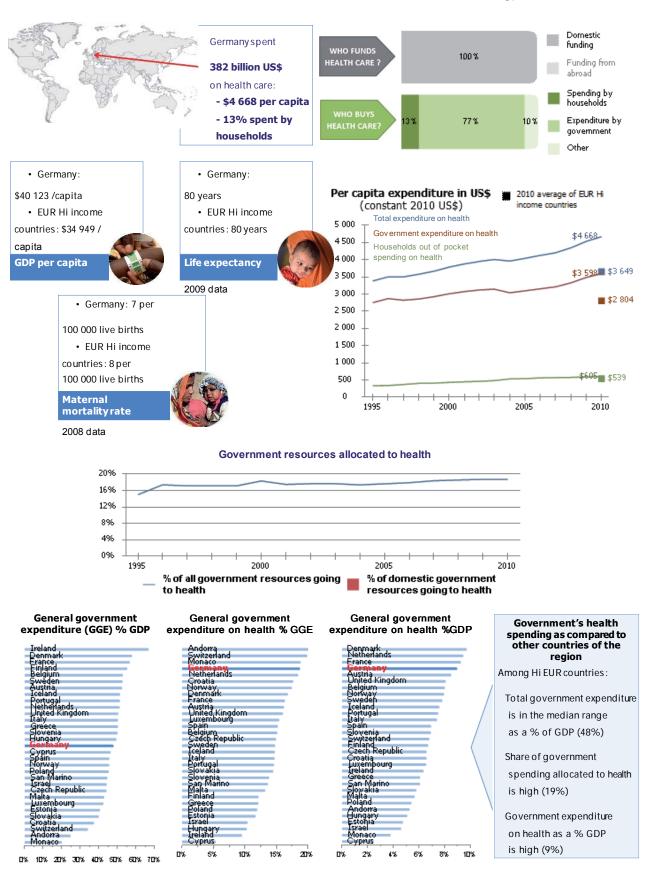


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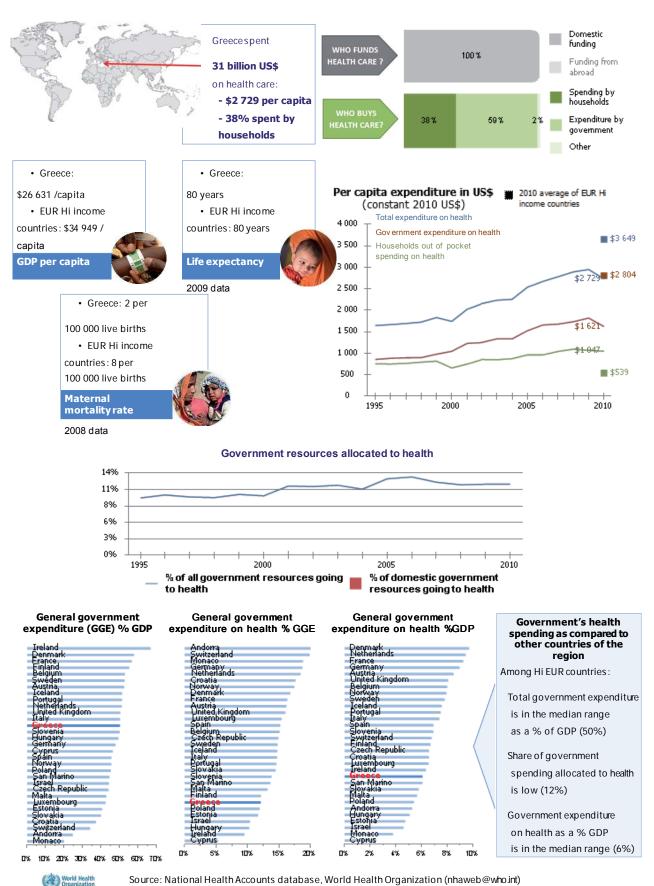
HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Georgia, 2010



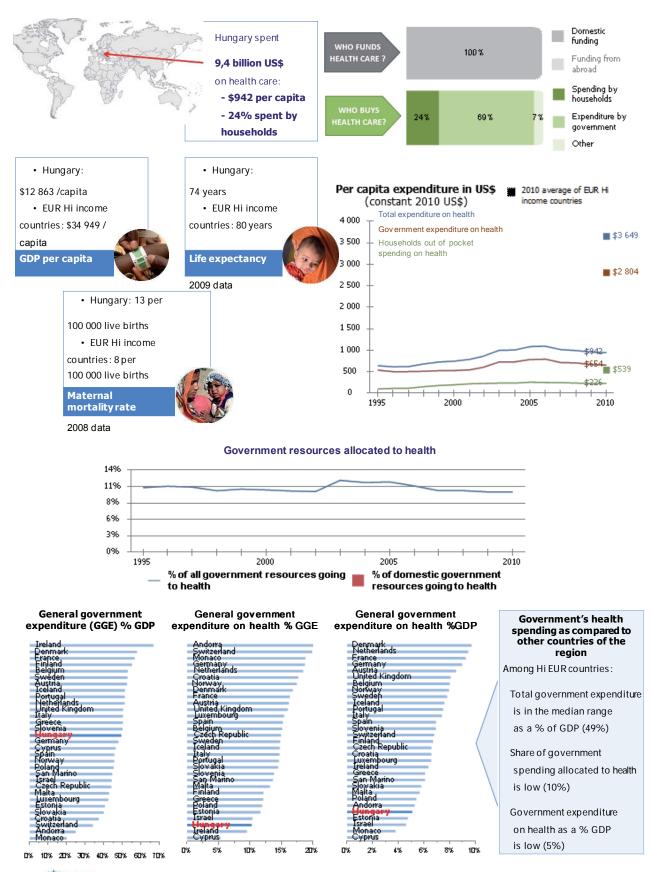
HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Germany, 2010



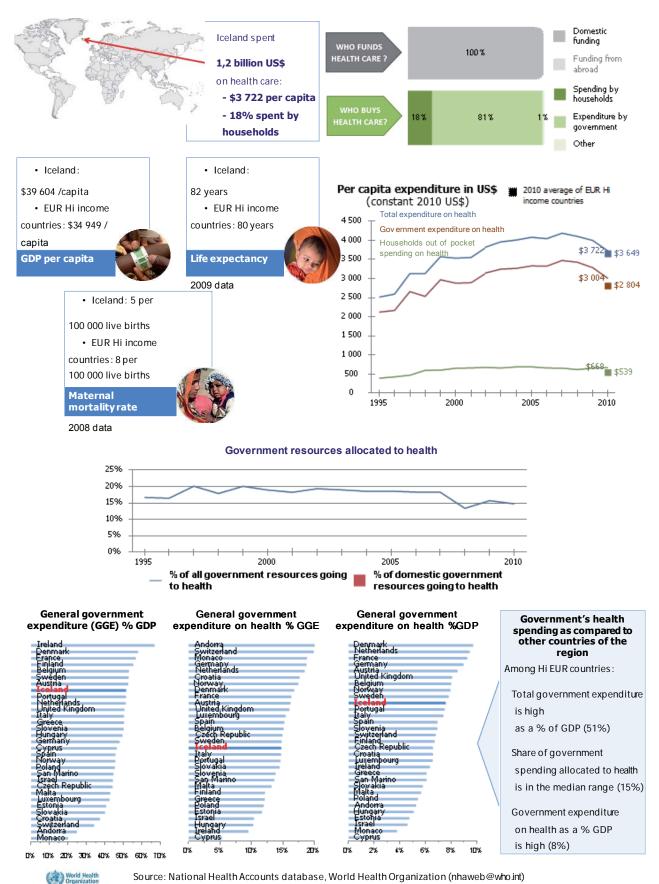
HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Greece, 2010



HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Hungary, 2010

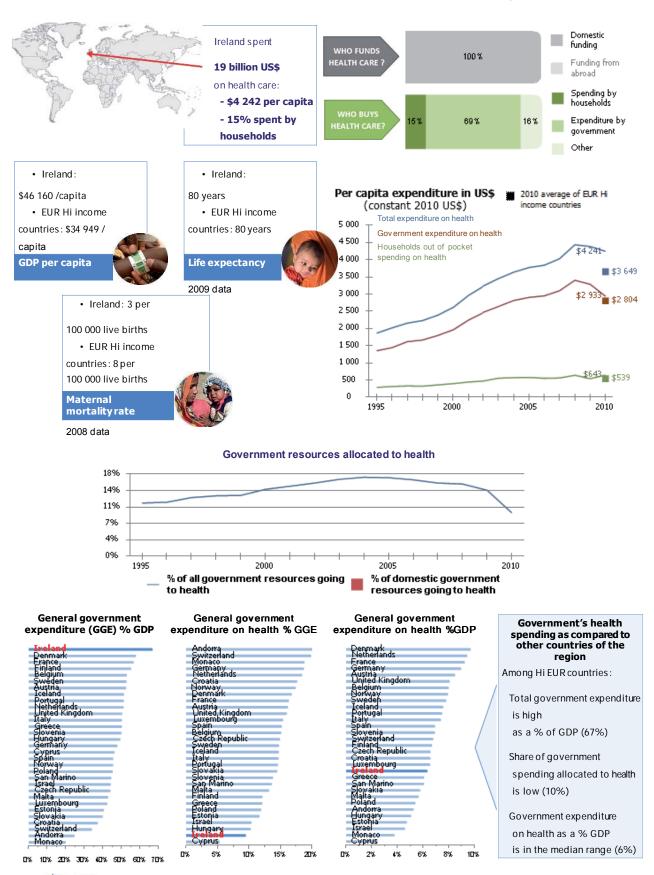


HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Iceland, 2010

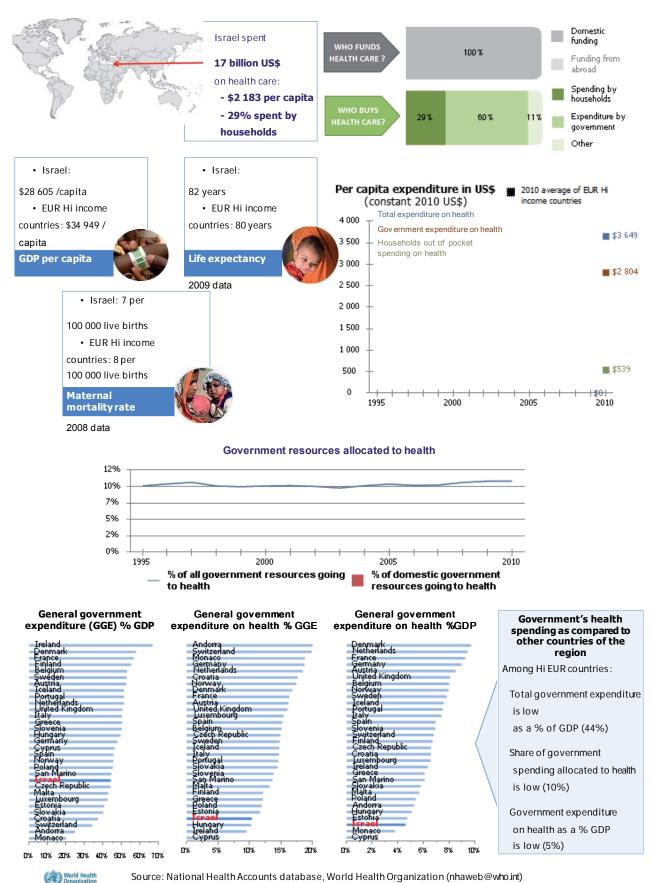


 $Source: National \, Health \, Accounts \, \, database, \, World \, Health \, Organization \, (\text{nhaweb} \, @who.int) \, \\$ Footnote:

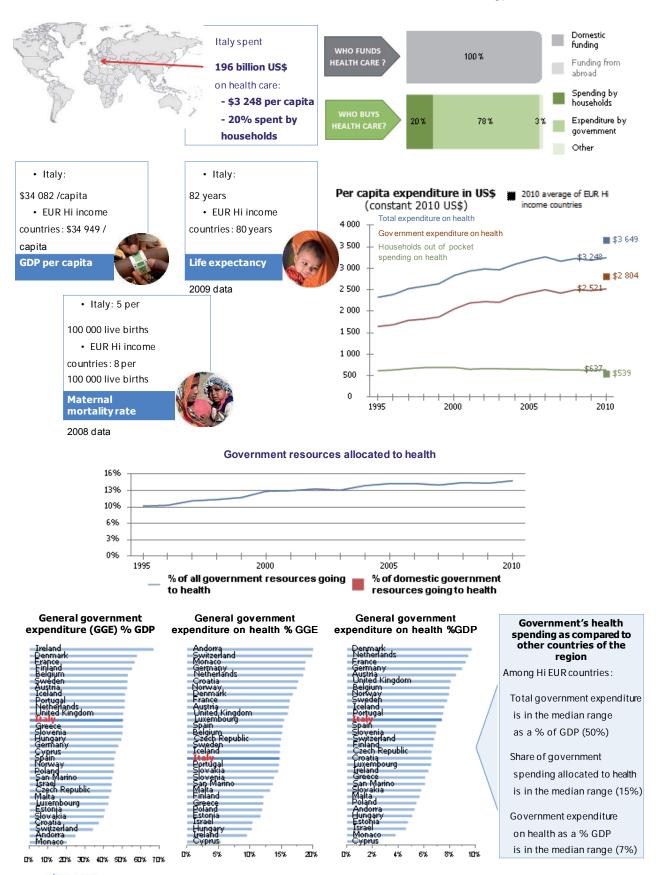
HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Ireland, 2010



HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Israel, 2010

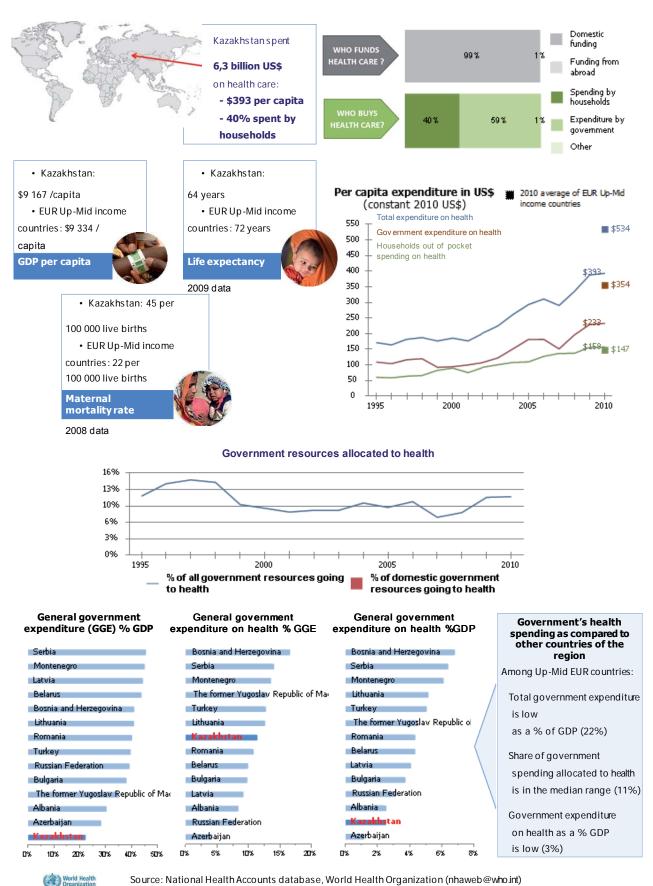


HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Italy, 2010

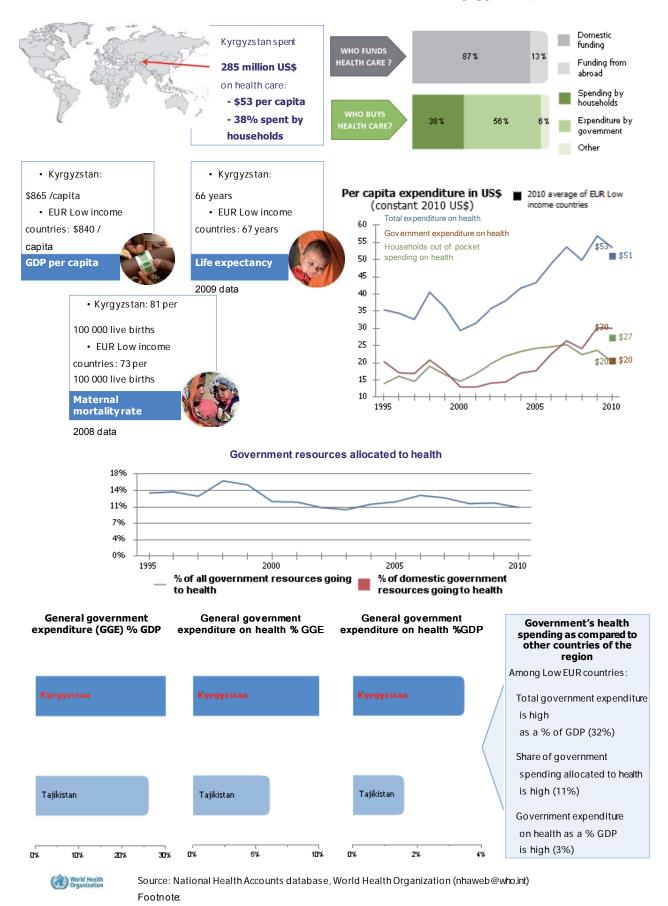


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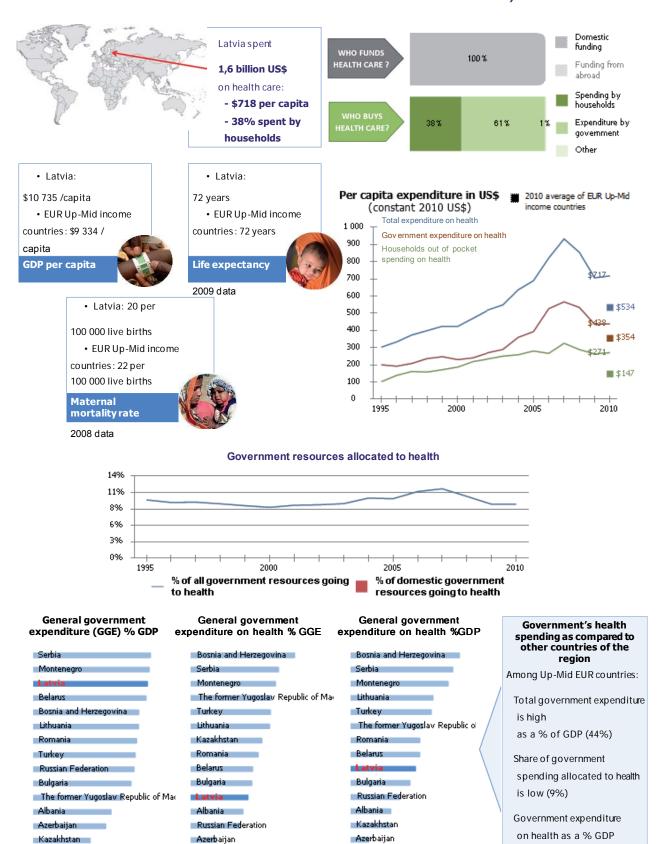
HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Kazakhstan, 2010



HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Kyrgyzstan, 2010



HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Latvia, 2010



Source: National Health Accounts database, World Health Organization (nhaweb@who.int) Footnote:

0%

2%

20%

15%

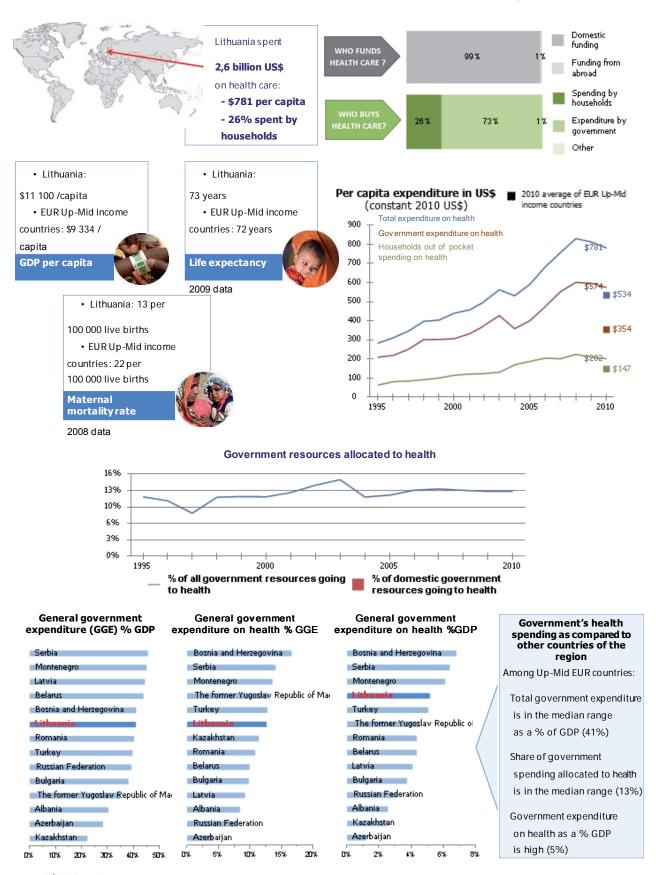
20% 30%

40% 50%

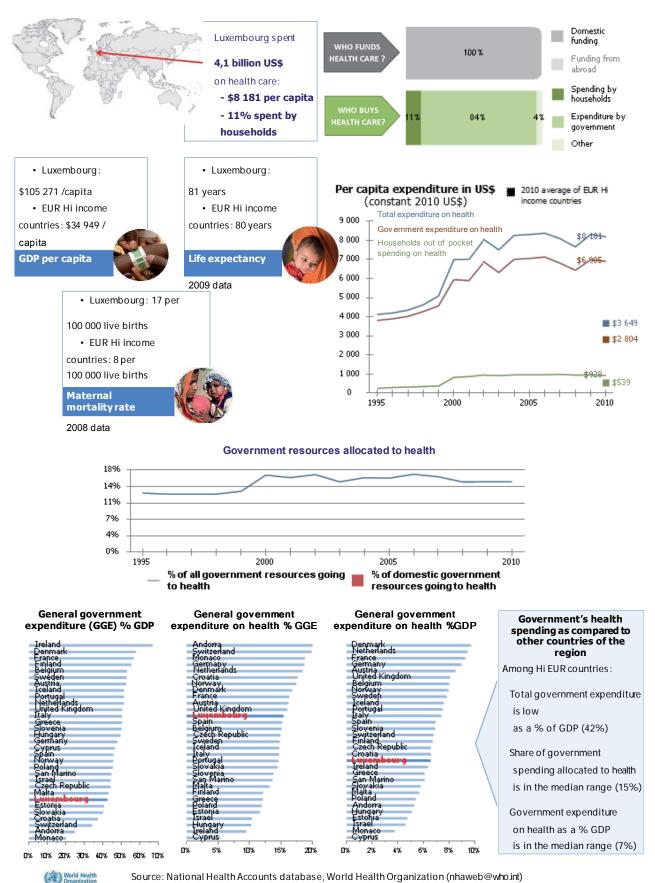
is in the median range (4%)

6%

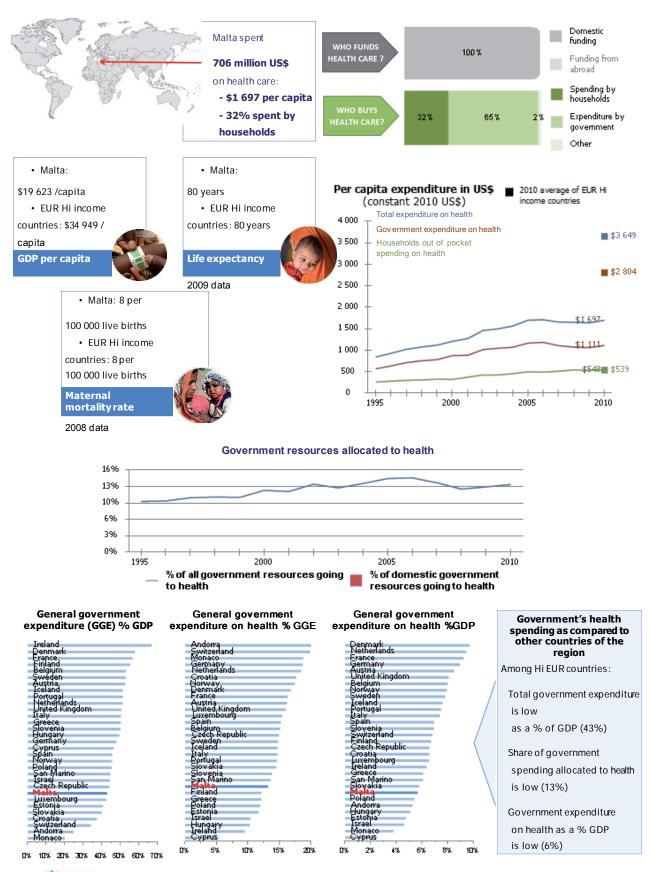
HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Lithuania, 2010



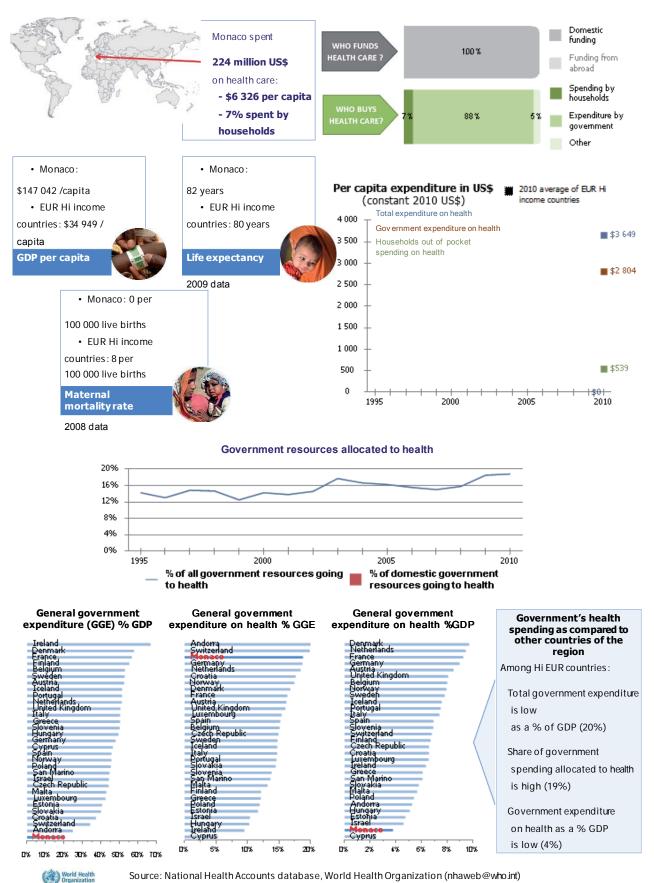
HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Luxembourg, 2010



HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Malta, 2010

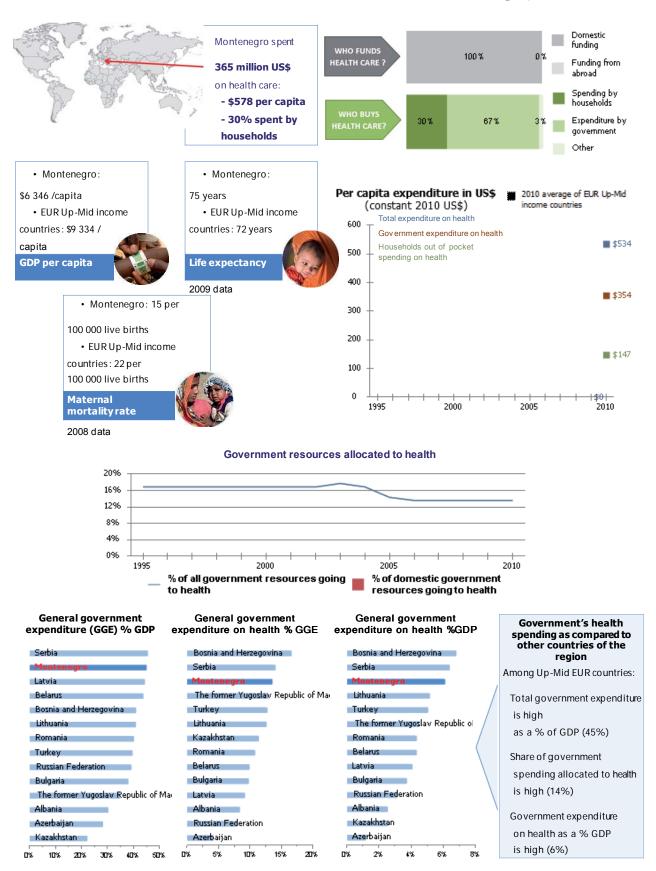


HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Monaco, 2010

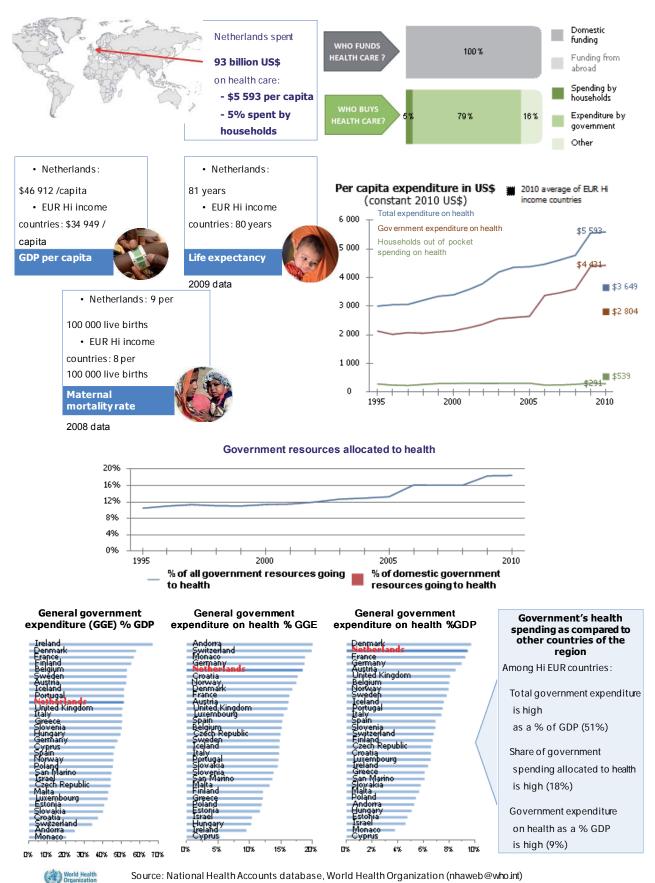


 $Source: National \, Health \, Accounts \, \, database, \, World \, Health \, Organization \, (\text{nhaweb} \, @who.int) \, \\$ Footnote:

HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Montenegro, 2010

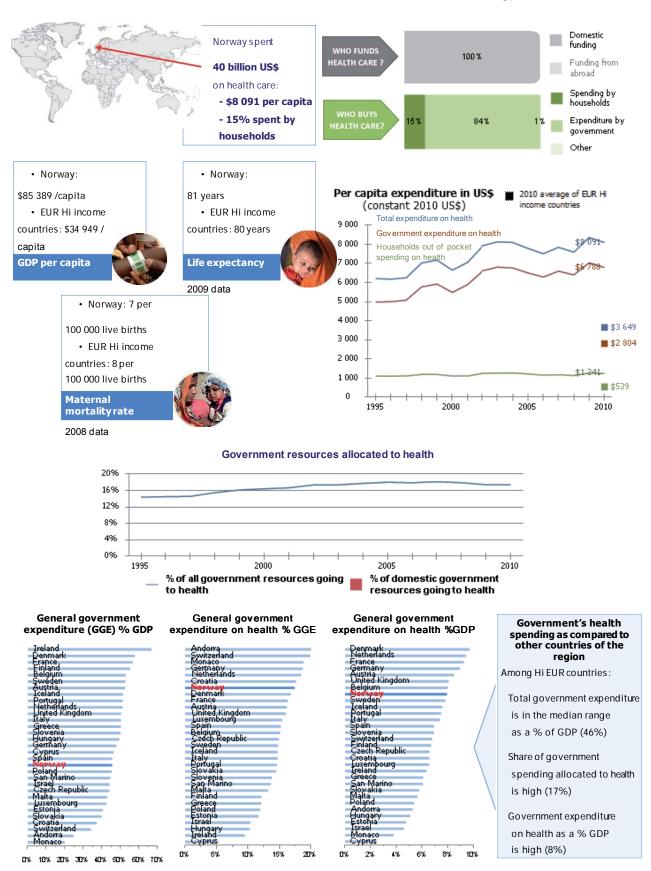


HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Netherlands, 2010

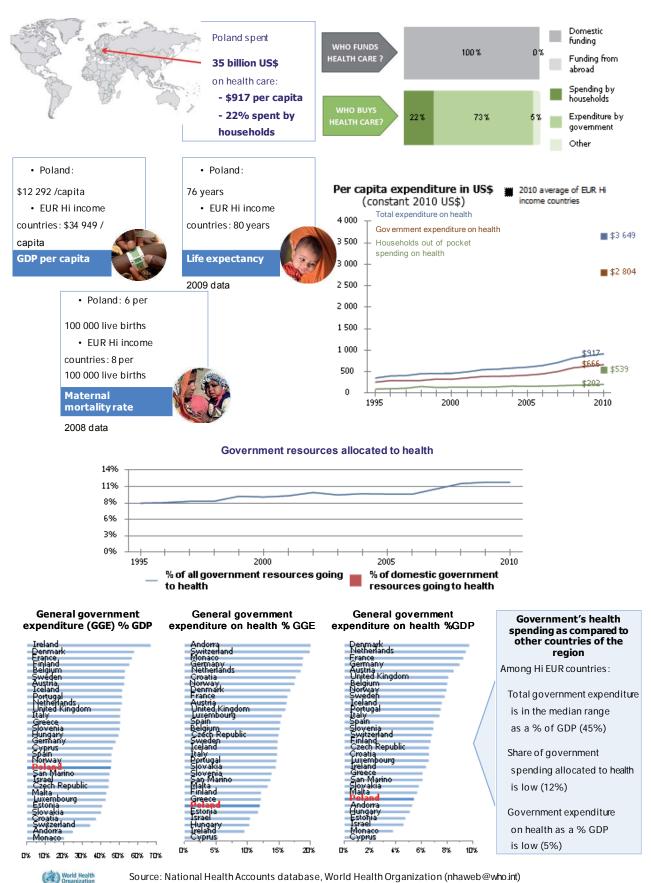


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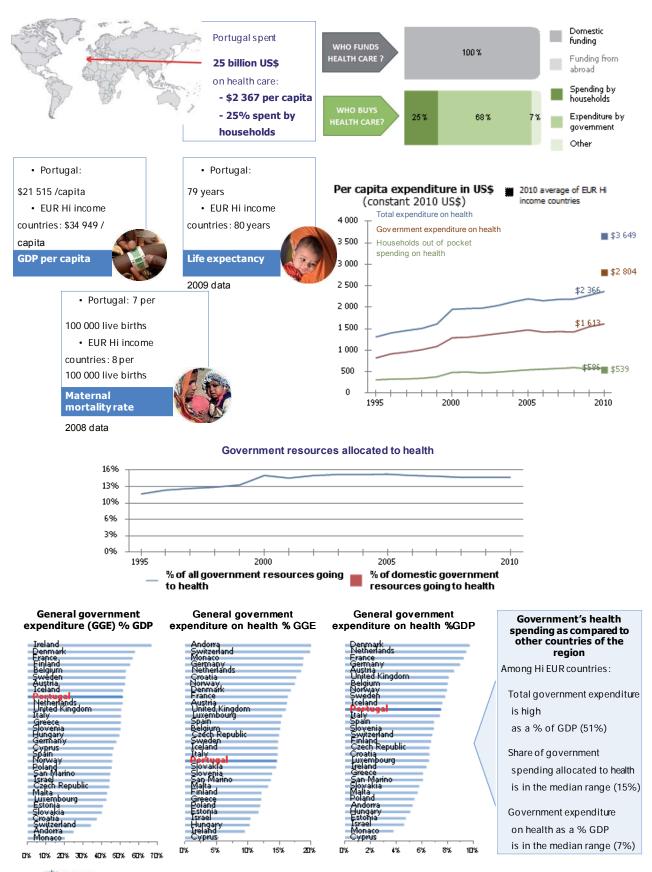
HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Norway, 2010



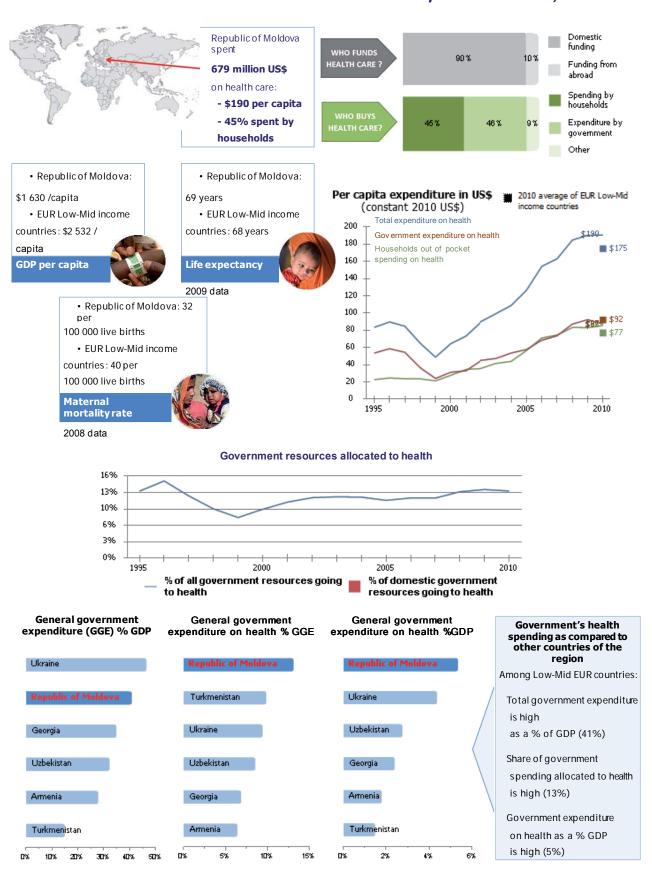
HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Poland, 2010



HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Portugal, 2010



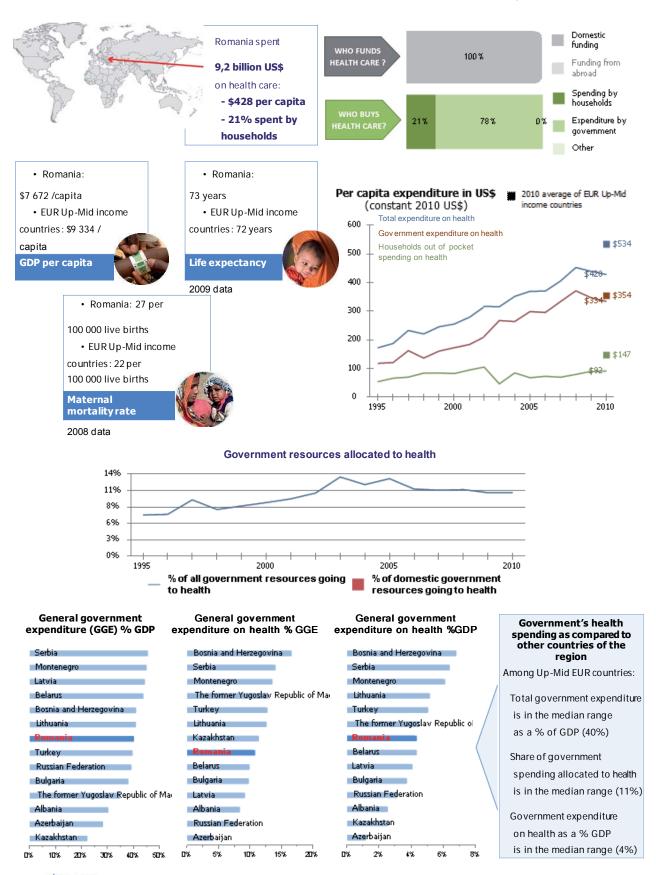
HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Republic of Moldova, 2010



Source: National Health Accounts database, World Health Organization (nhaweb@who.int)

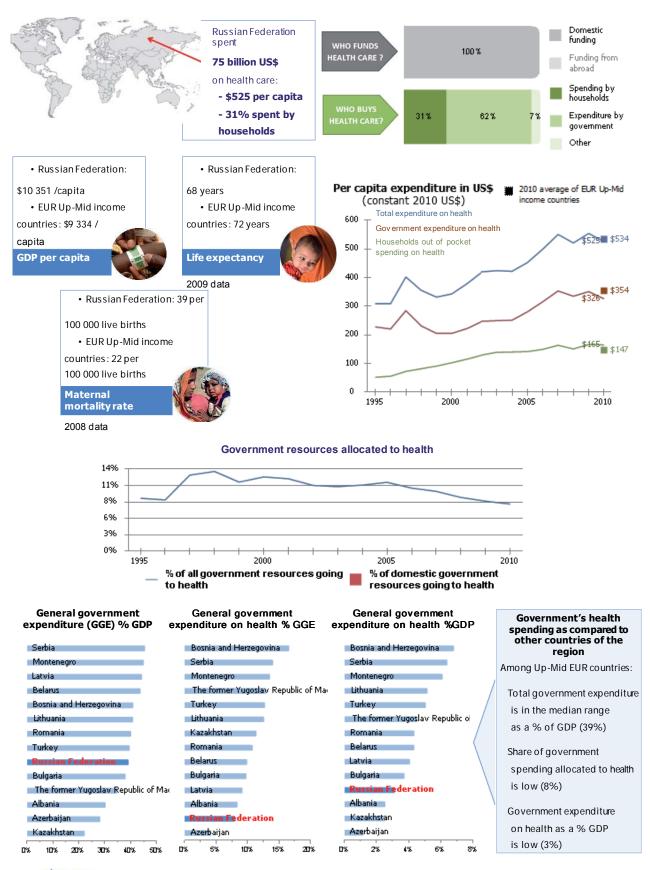
World Health Organization

HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Romania, 2010

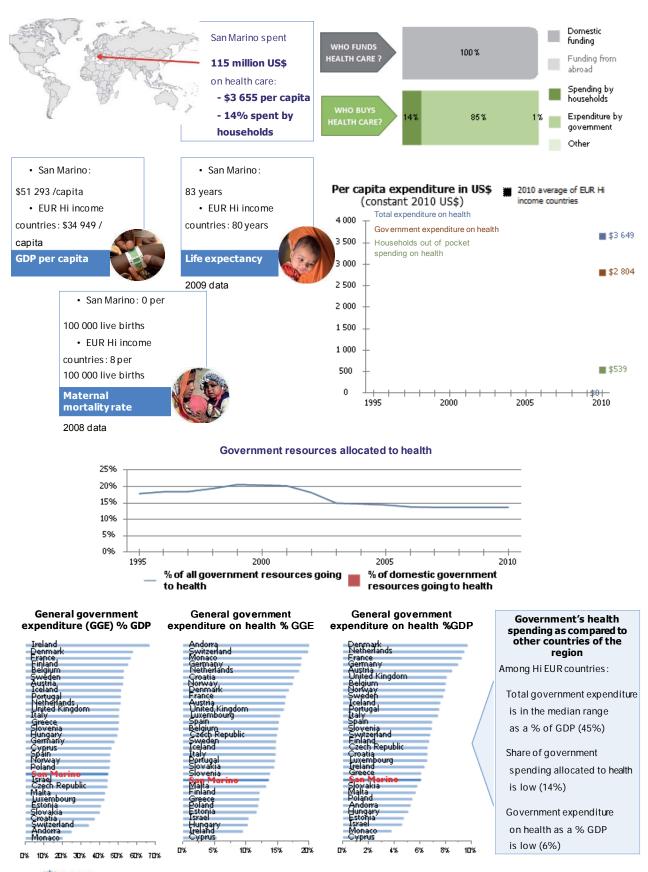


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HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Russian Federation, 2010

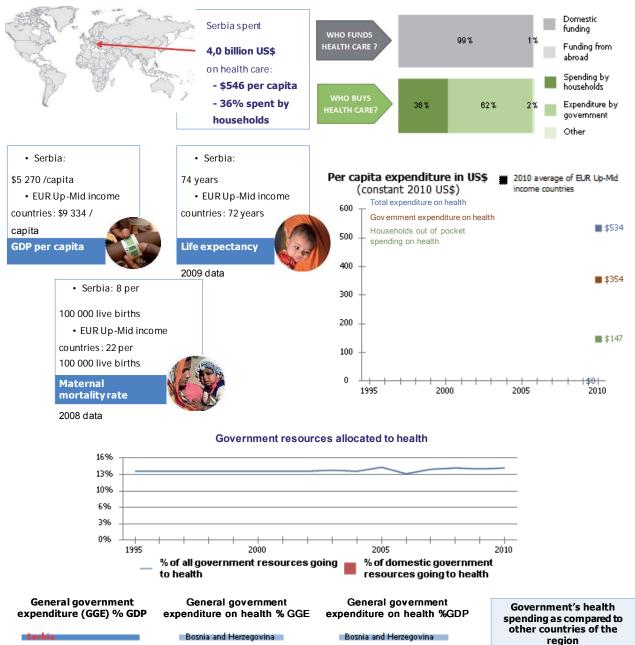


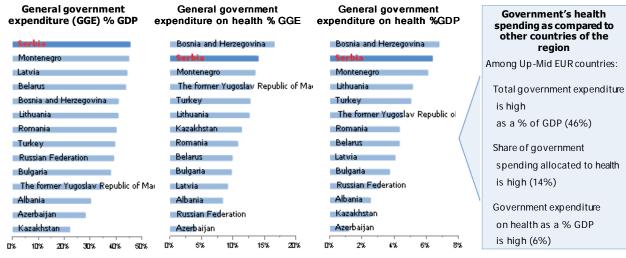
HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: San Marino, 2010



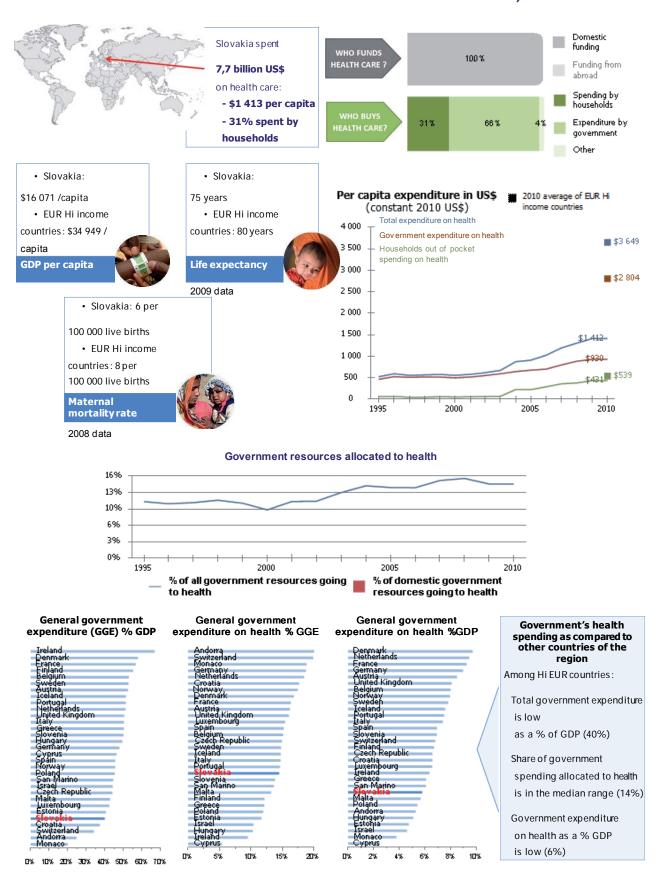
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HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Serbia, 2010

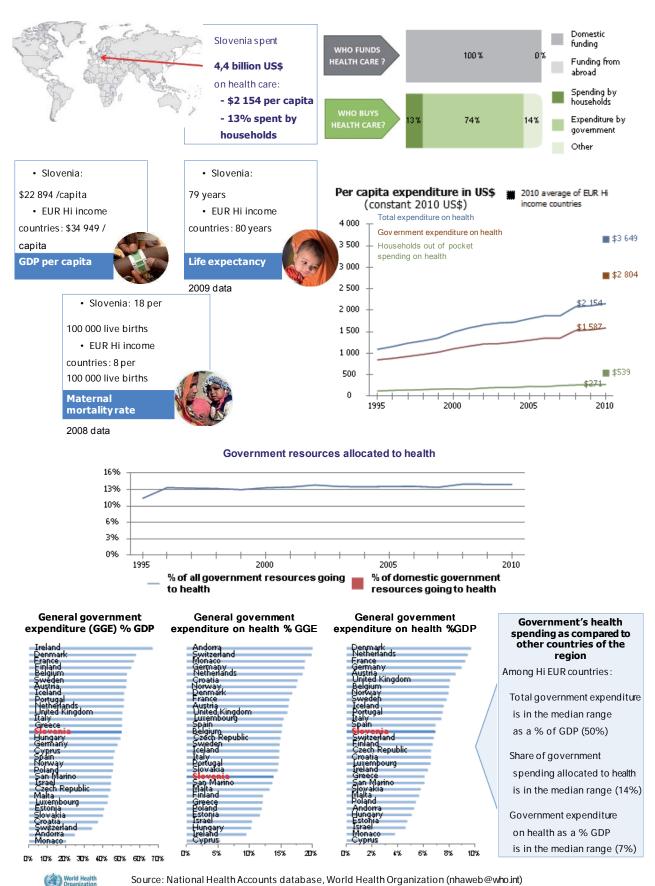




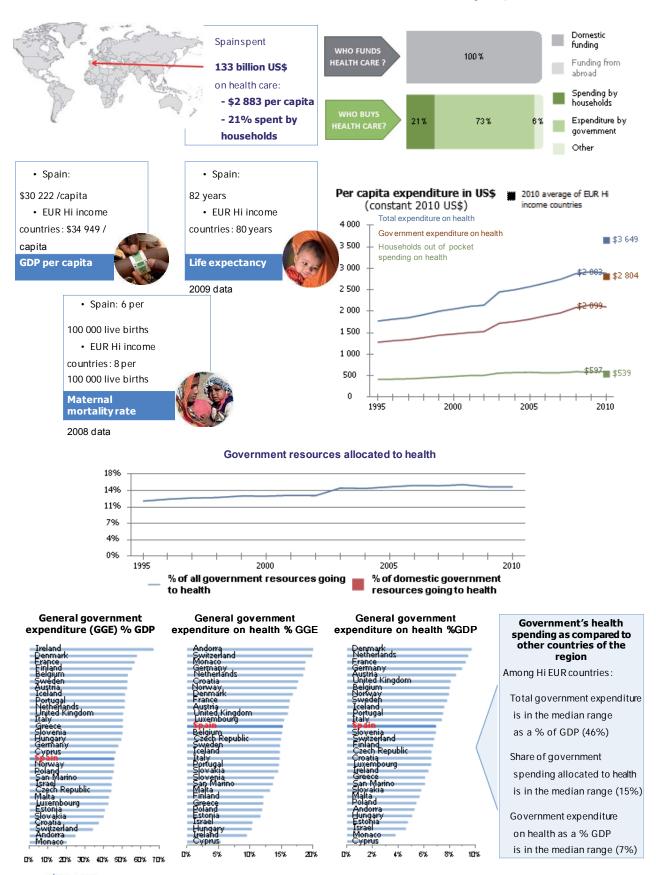
HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Slovakia, 2010



HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Slovenia, 2010

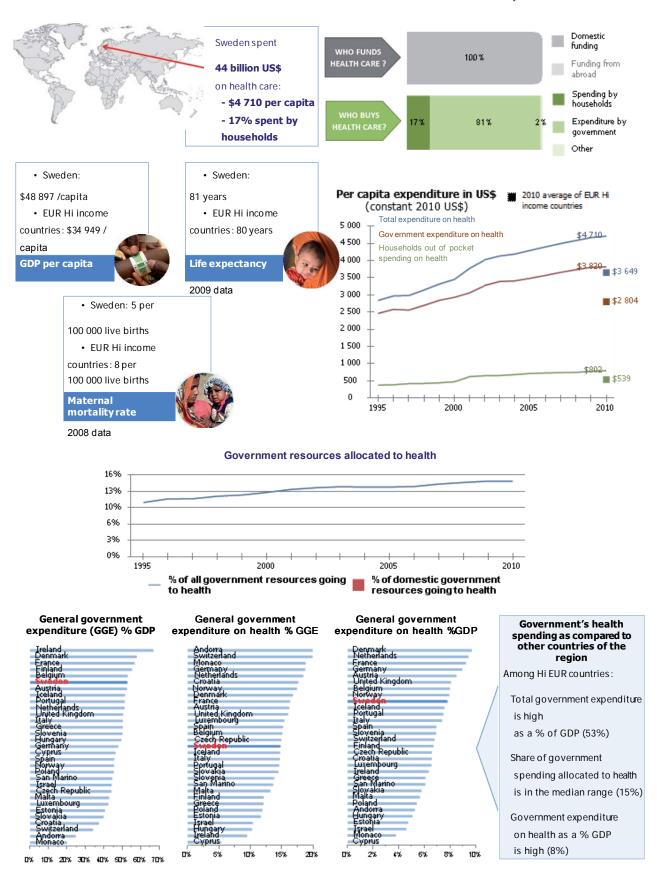


HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Spain, 2010



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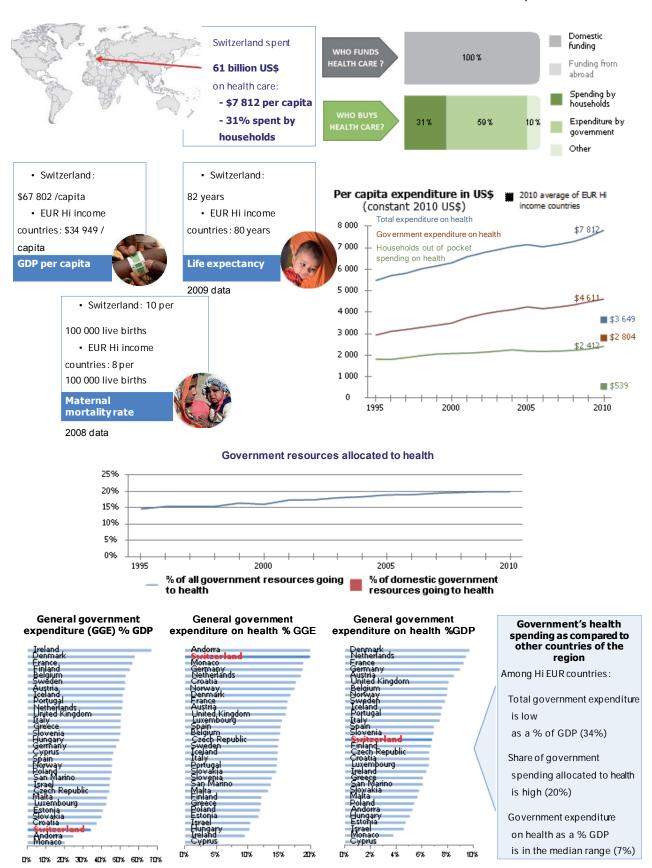
HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Sweden, 2010



Source: National Health Accounts database, World Health Organization (nhaweb@who.int) Footnote:

World Health Organization

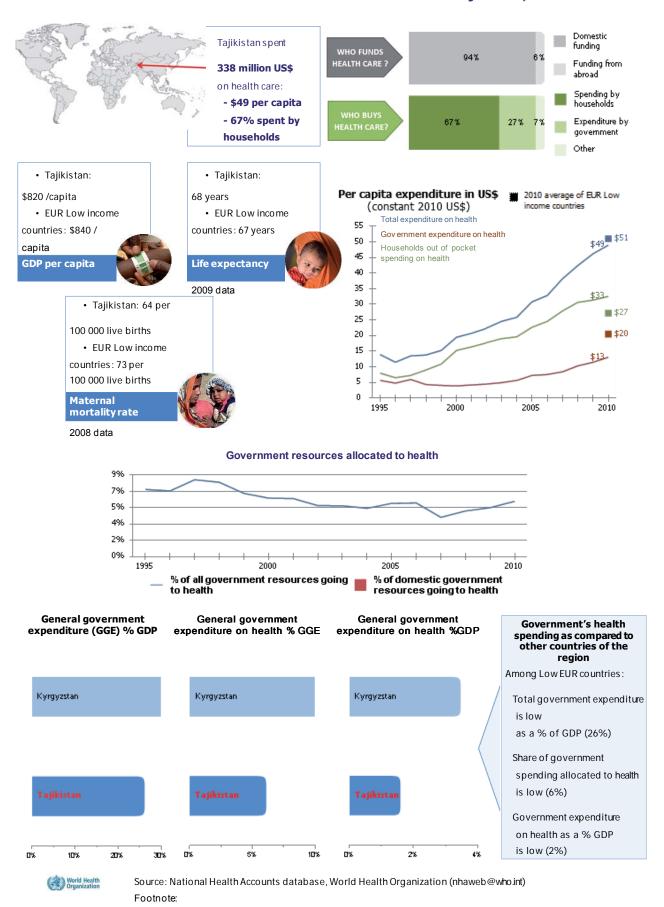
HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Switzerland, 2010



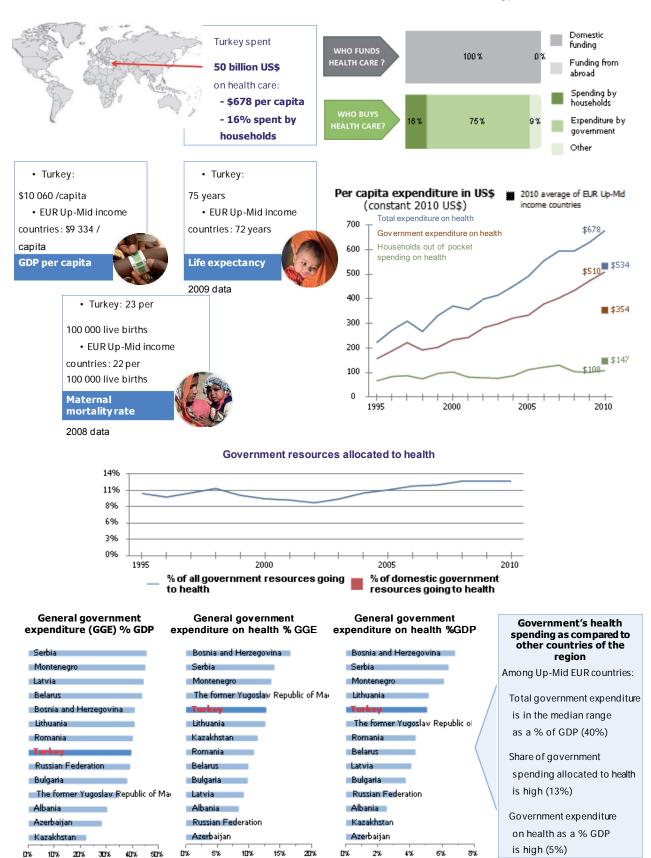
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HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Tajikistan, 2010



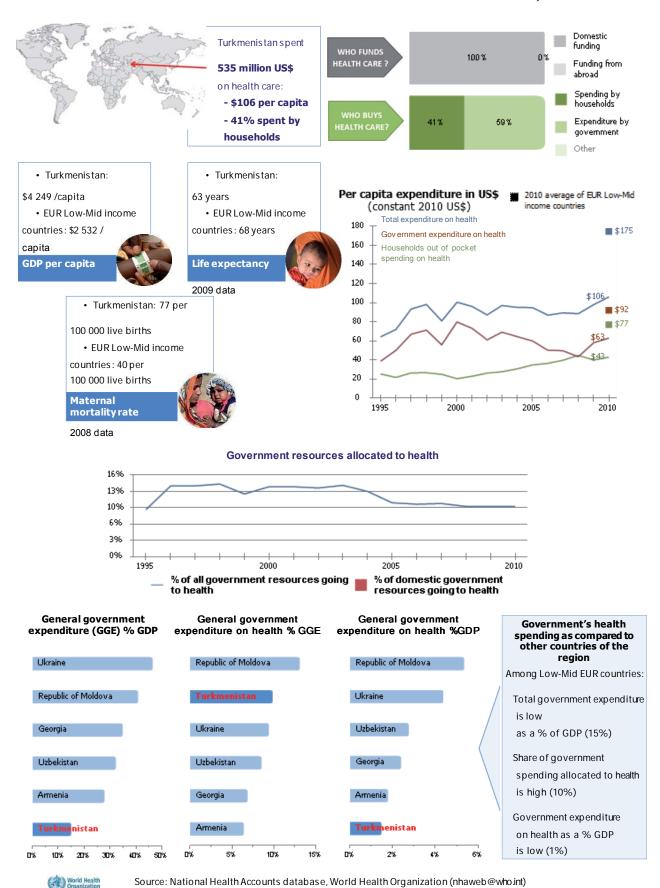
HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Turkey, 2010



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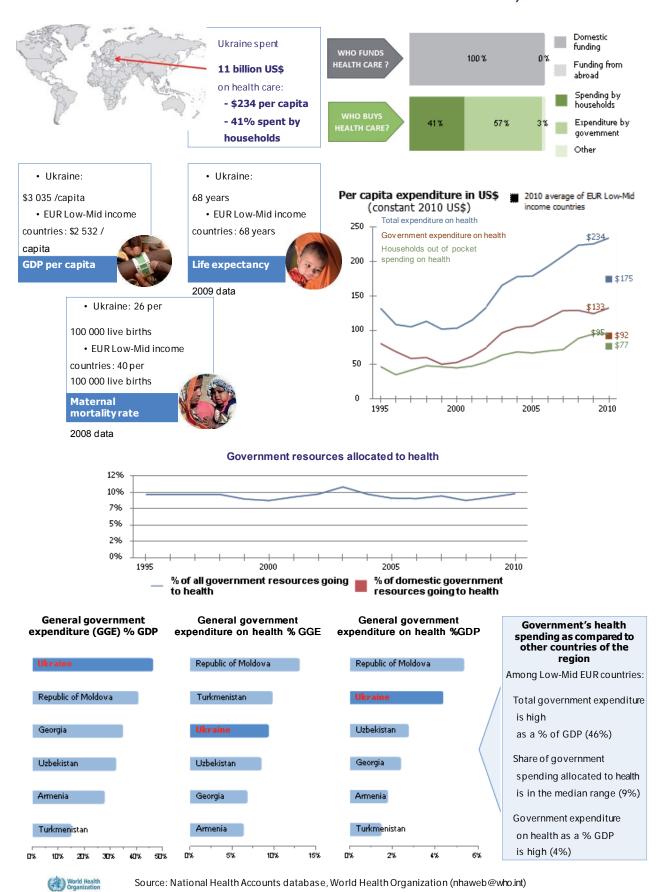
HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Turkmenistan, 2010



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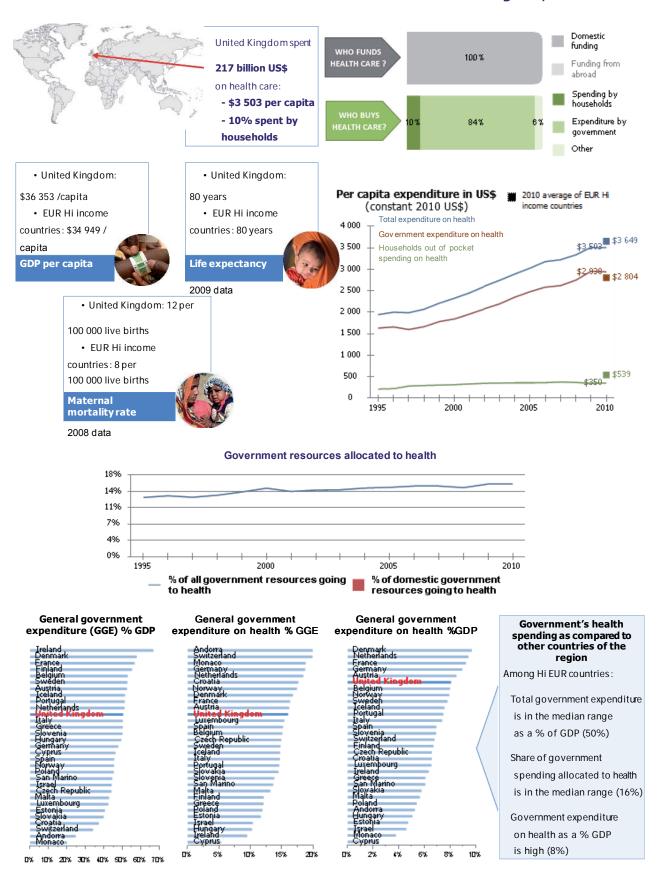
HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Ukraine, 2010



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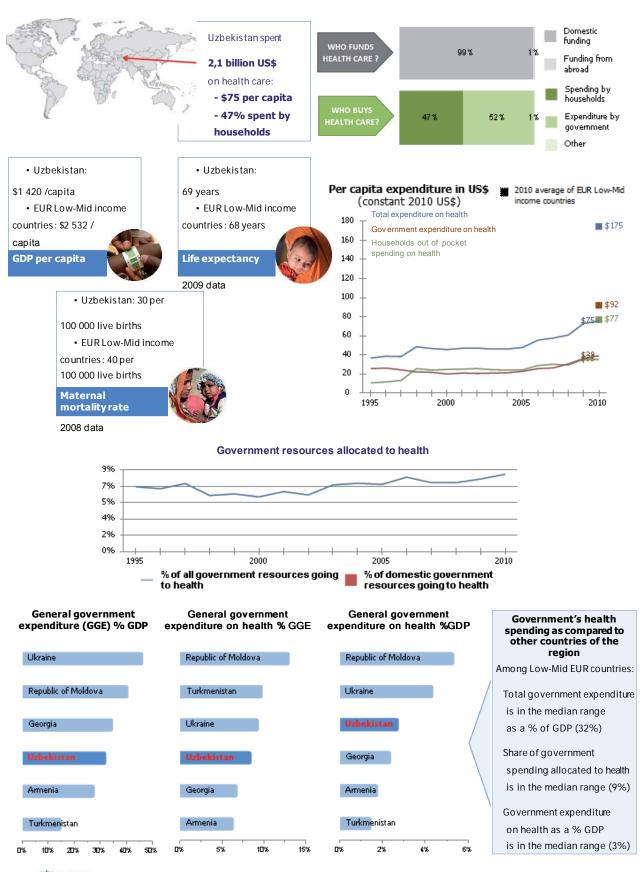
HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: United Kingdom, 2010



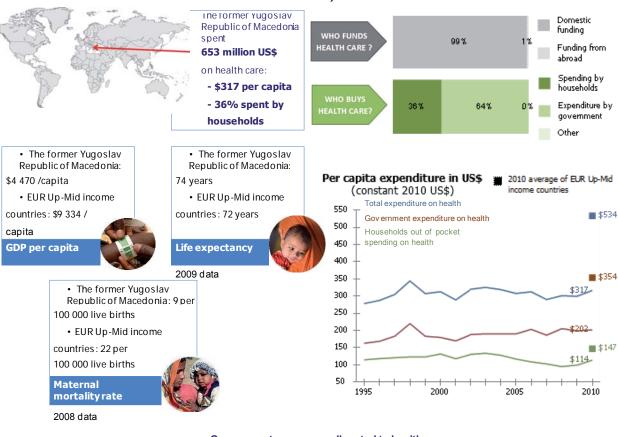
Source: National Health Accounts database, World Health Organization (nhaweb@who.int) Footnote:

World Health Organization

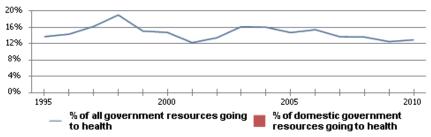
HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Uzbekistan, 2010

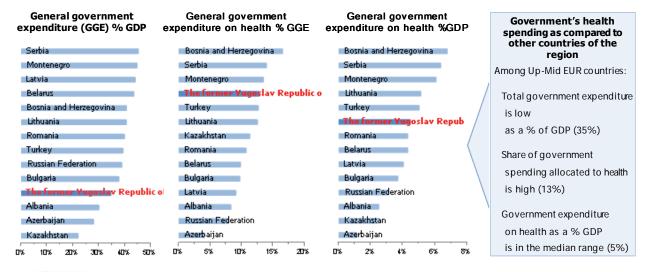


HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, 2010



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Afghanistan

Bahrain

Djibouti

Egypt

Iran (Islamic Republic of)

Iraq

Jordan

Kuwait

Lebanon

Libyan Arab Jamahiriya

Morocco

Oman

Pakistan

Qatar

Saudi Arabia

Somalia

Sudan

Syrian Arab Republic

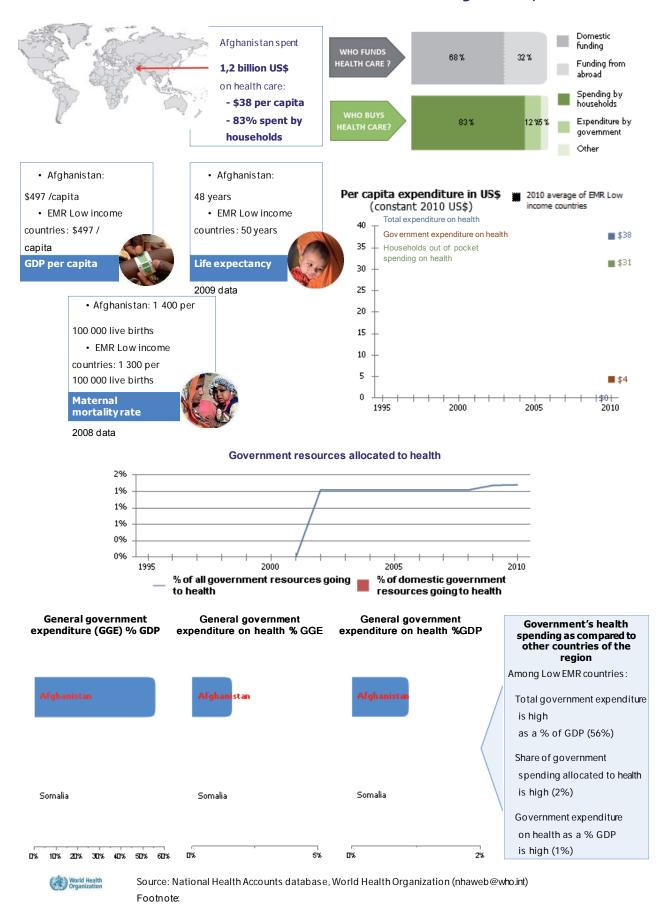
Tunisia

United Arab Emirates

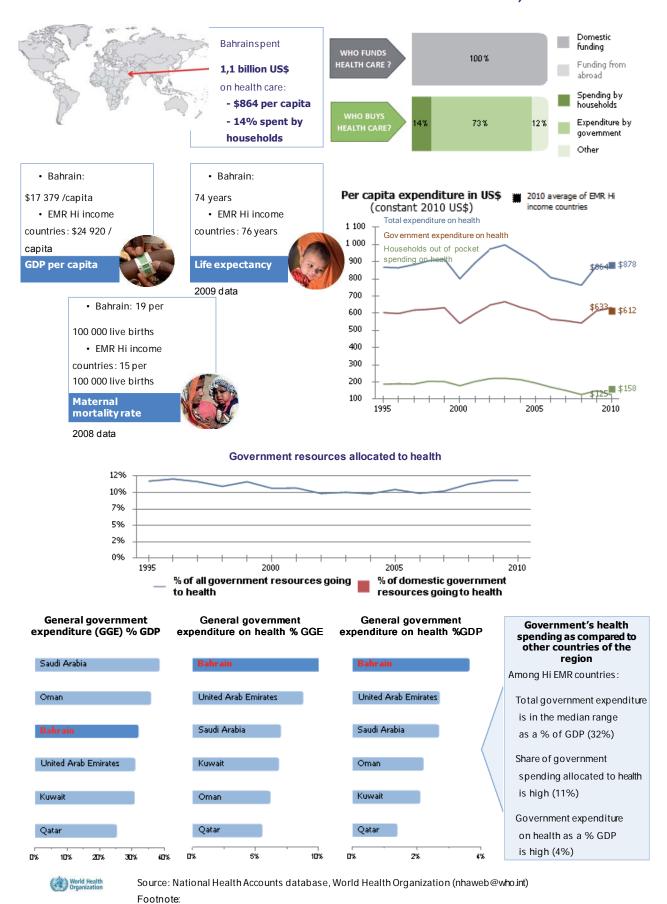
Yemen

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HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Afghanistan, 2010

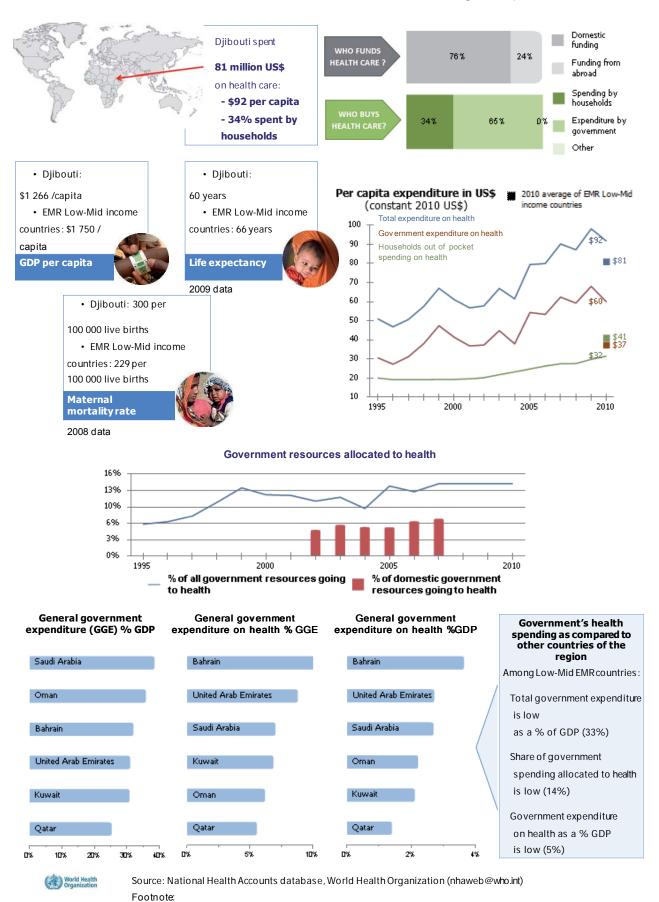


HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Bahrain, 2010

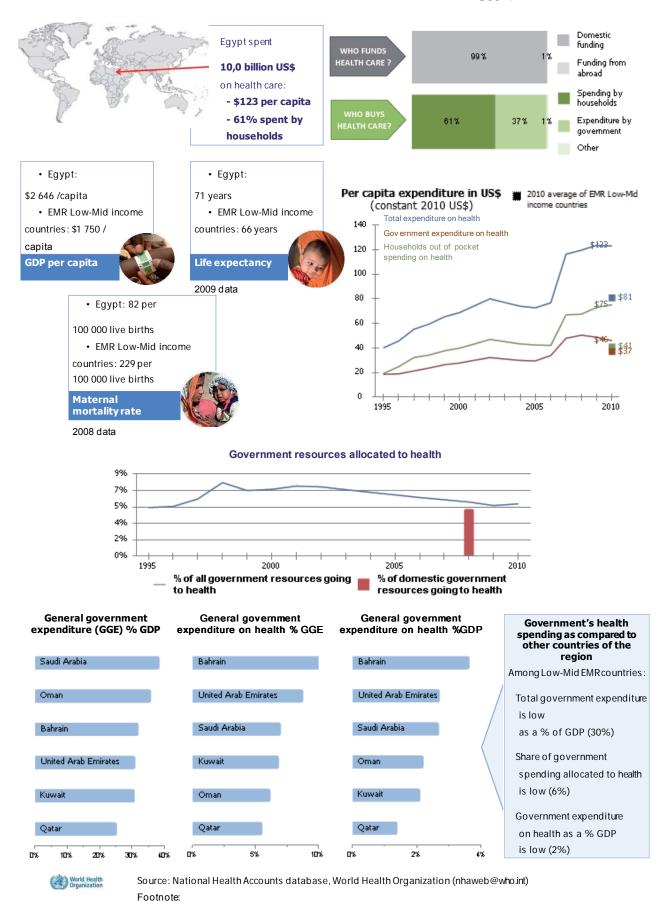


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HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Djibouti, 2010

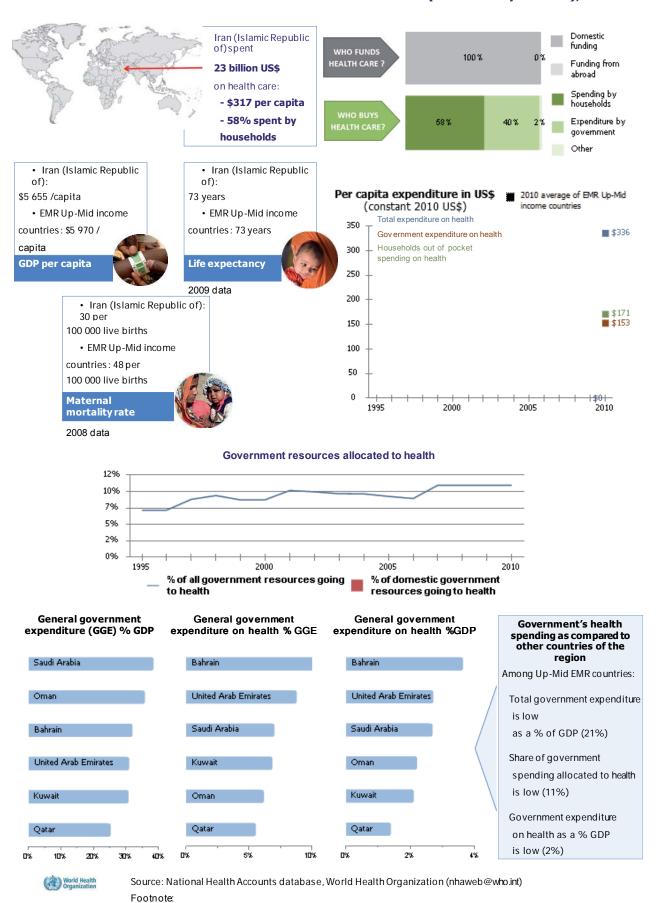


HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Egypt, 2010

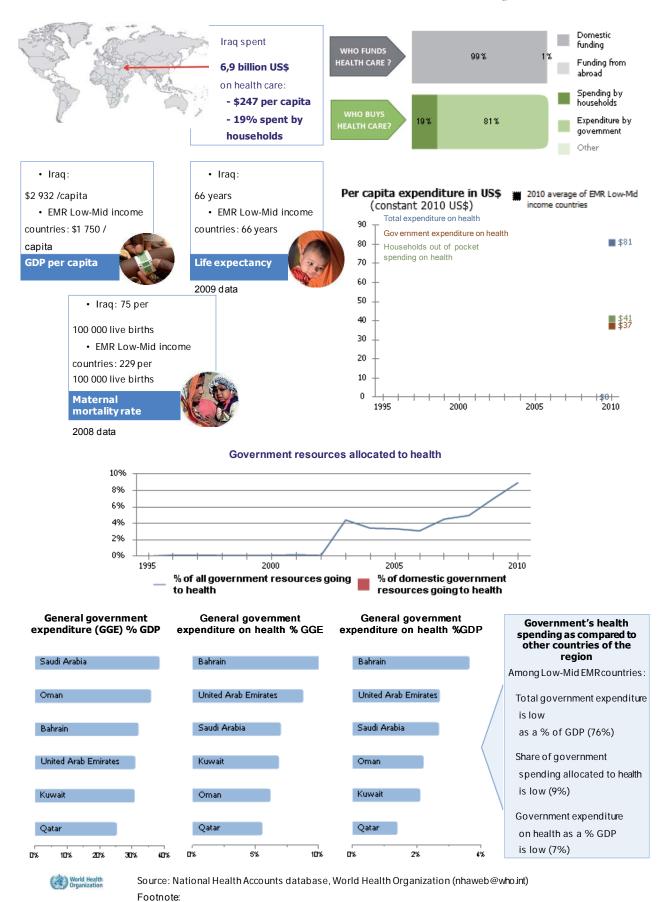


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HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Iran (Islamic Republic of), 2010

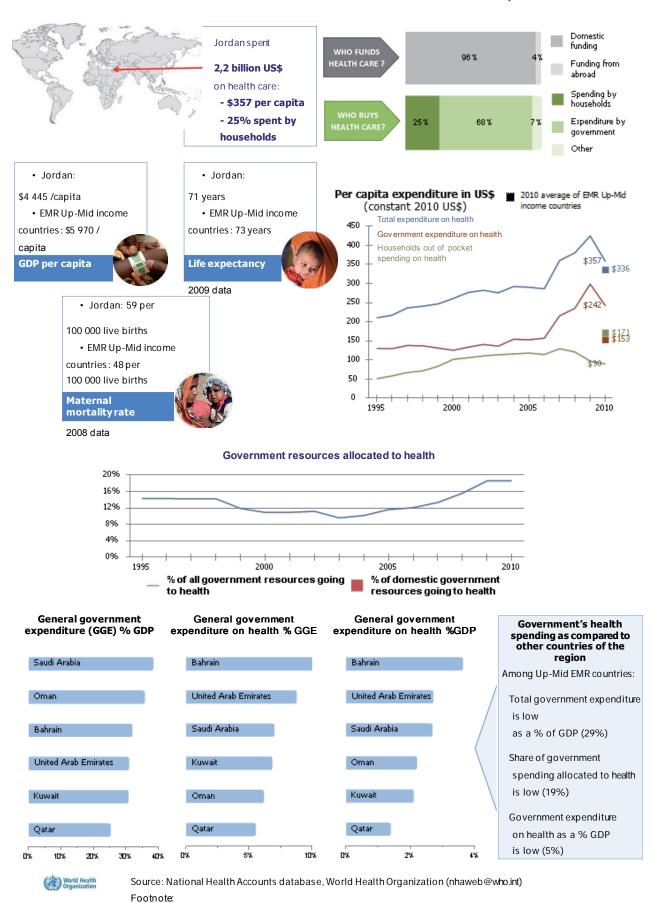


HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Iraq, 2010

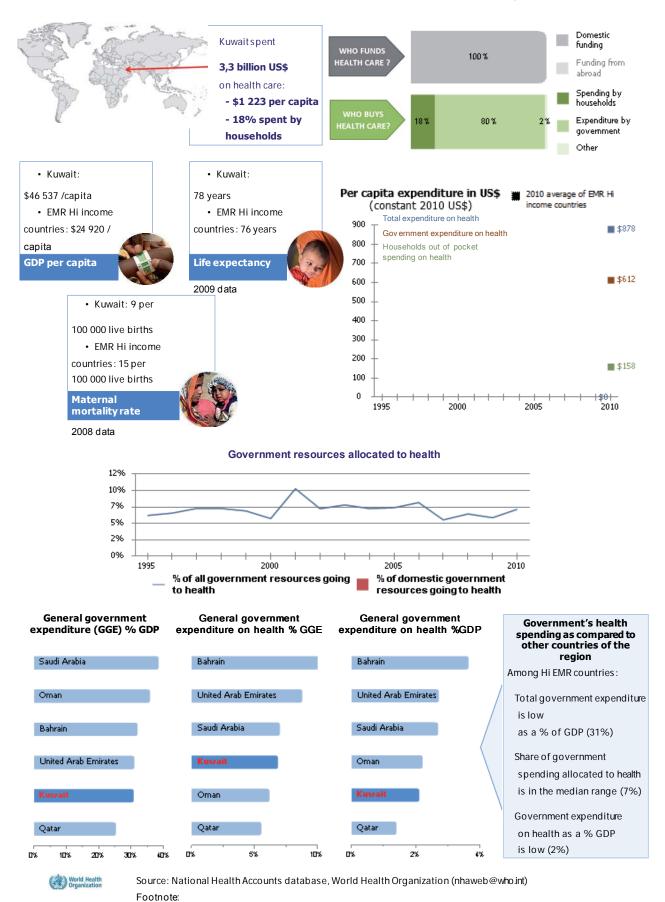


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HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Jordan, 2010

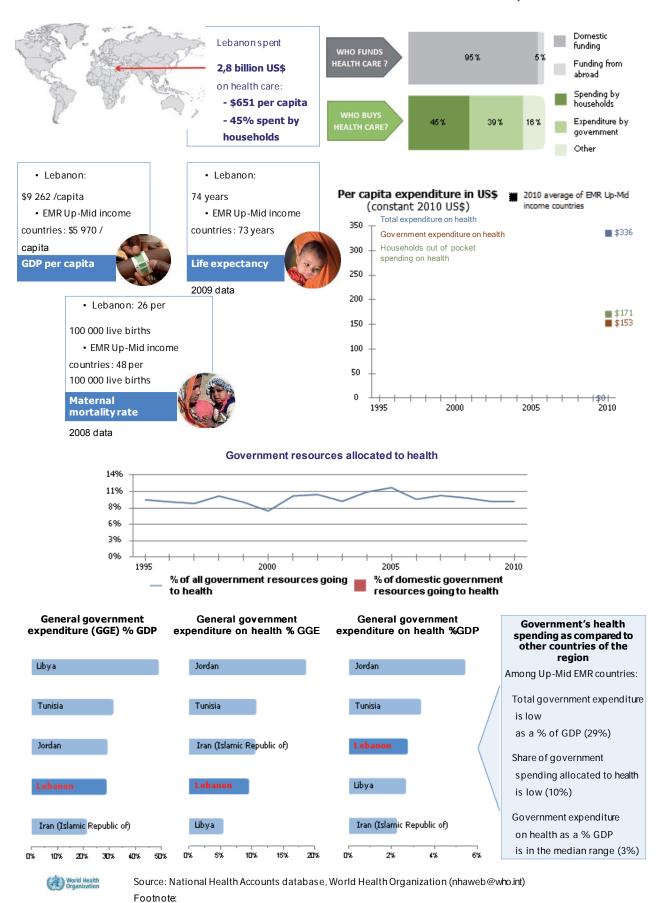


HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Kuwait, 2010

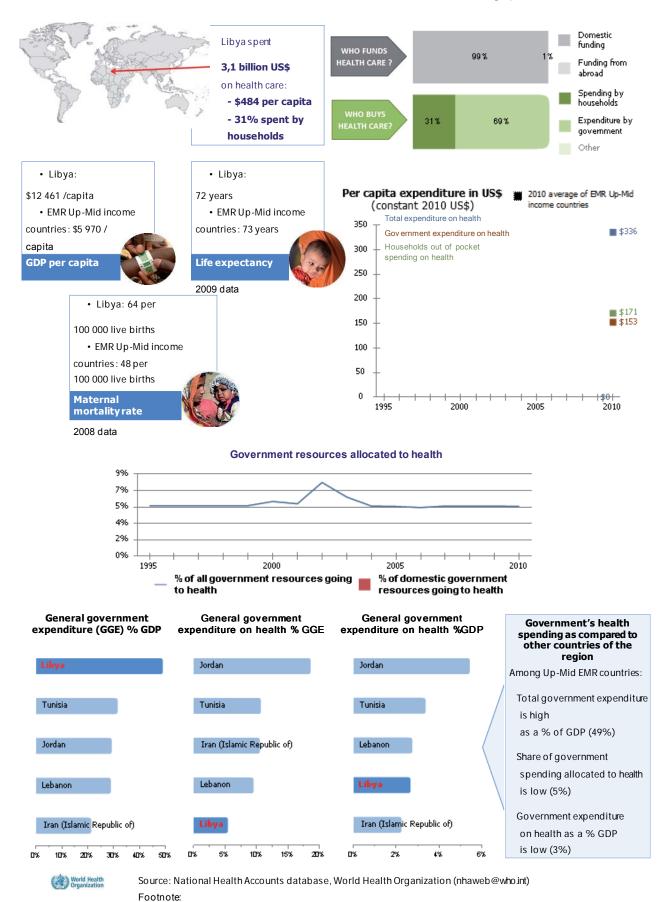


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HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Lebanon, 2010

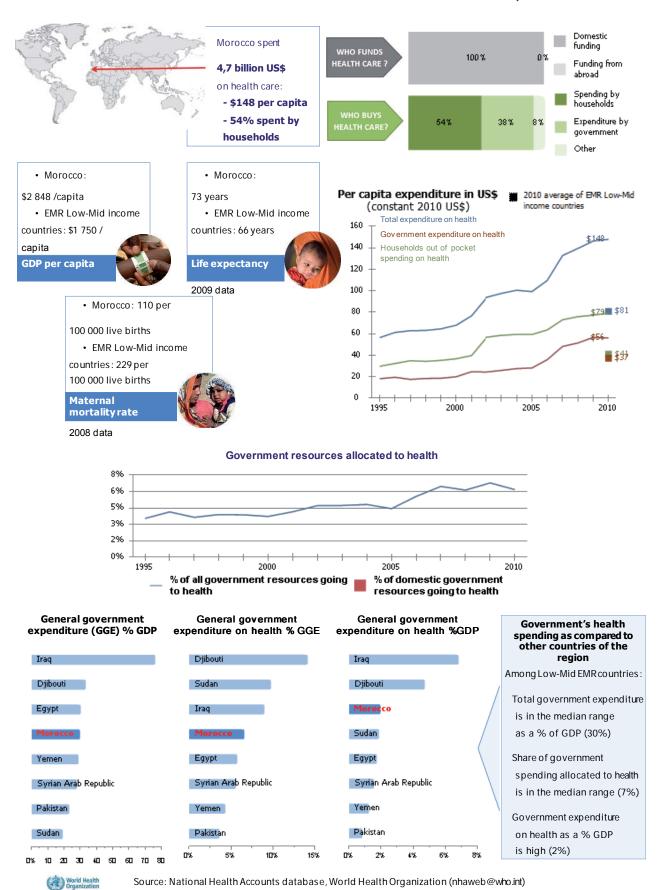


HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Libya, 2010



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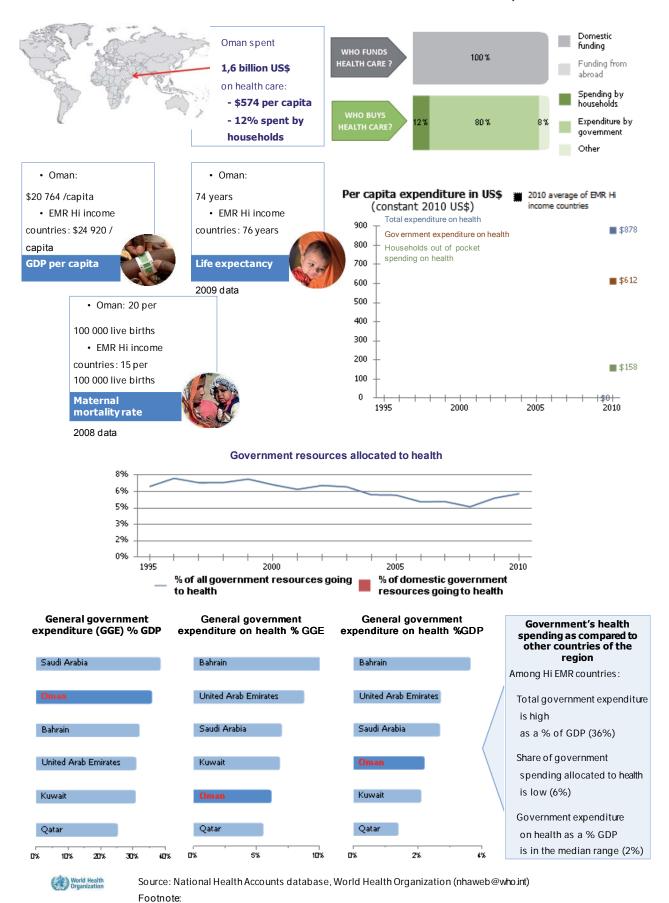
HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Morocco, 2010



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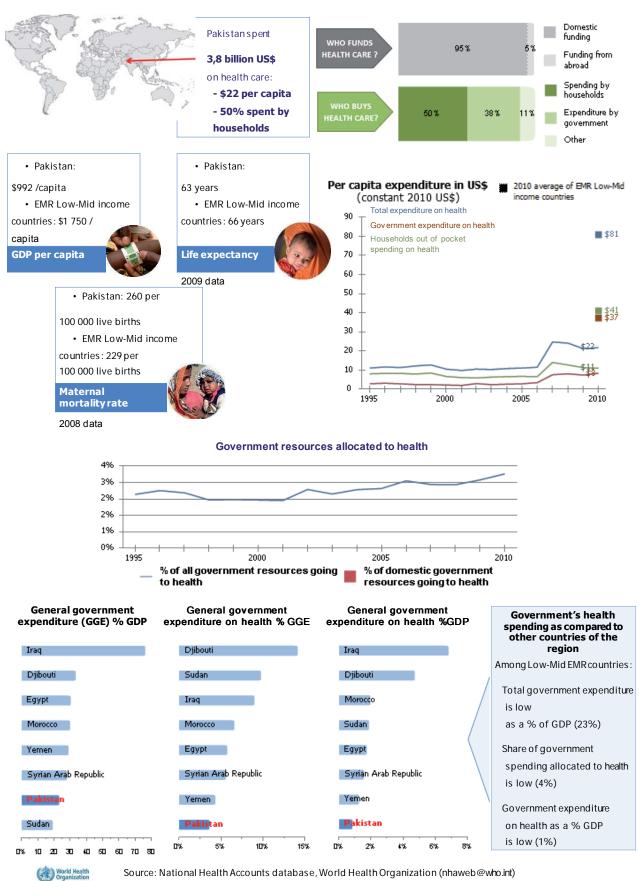
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HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Oman, 2010

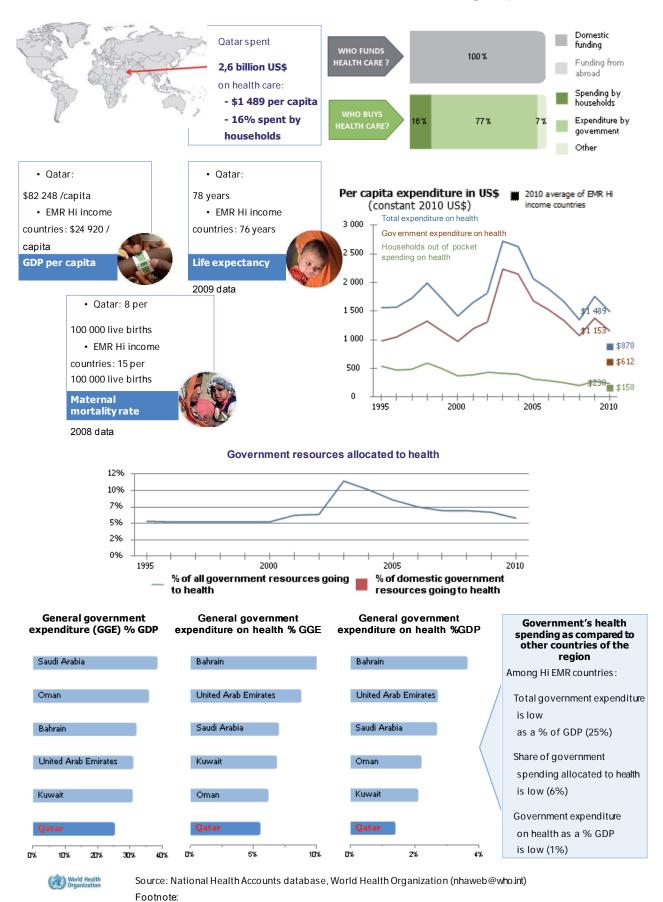


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HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Pakistan, 2010

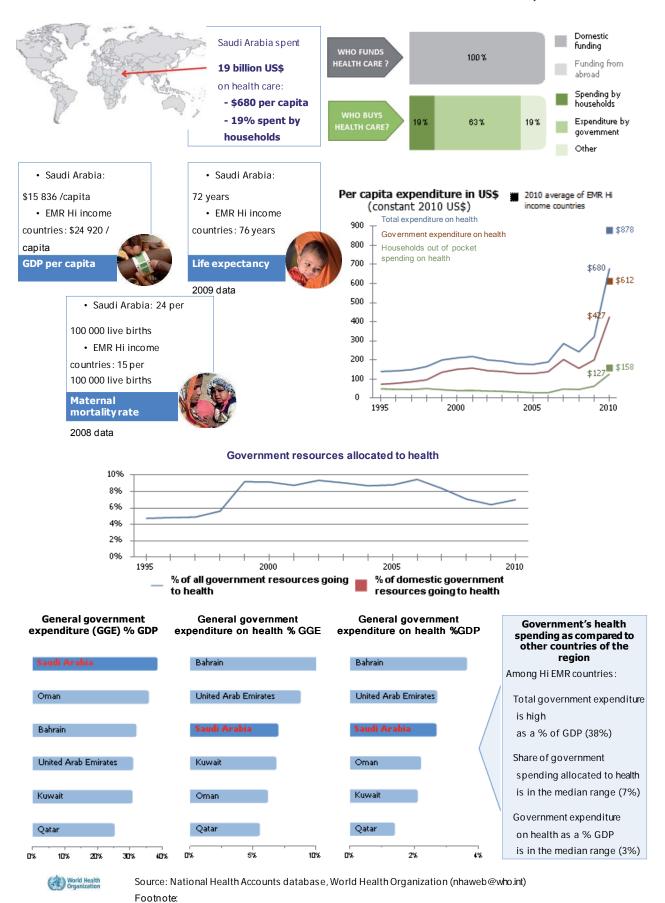


HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Qatar, 2010

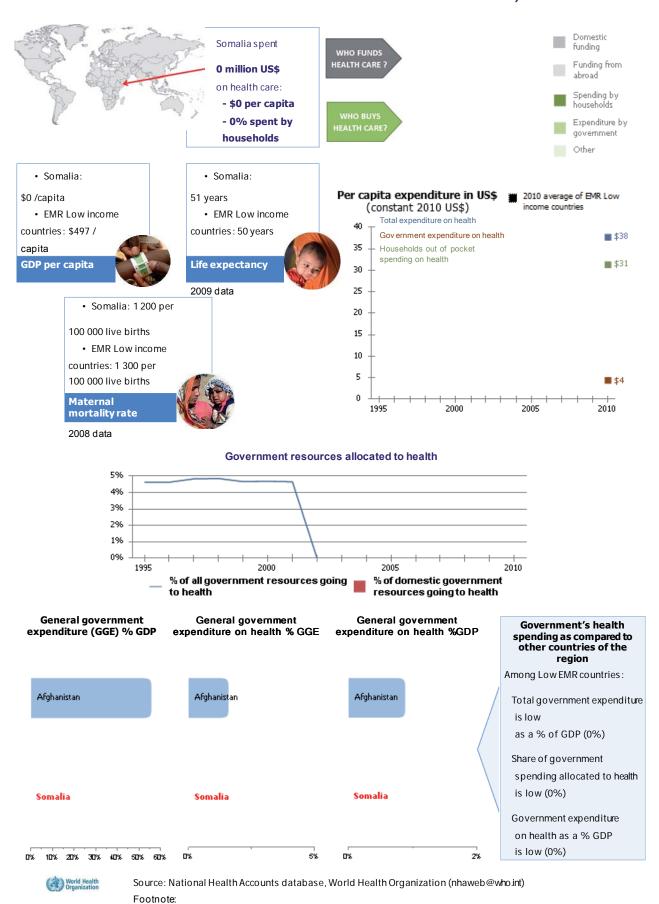


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HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Saudi Arabia, 2010

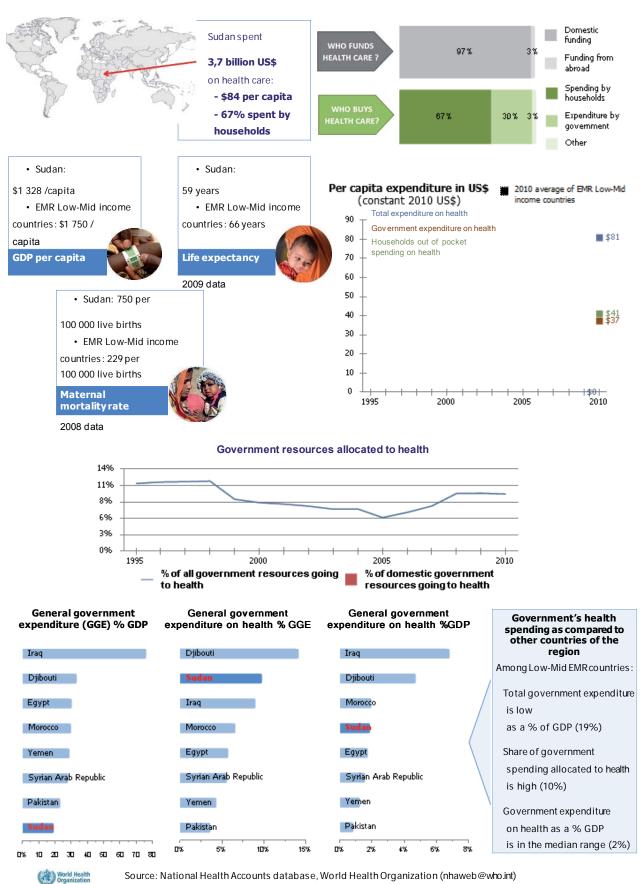


HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Somalia, 2010

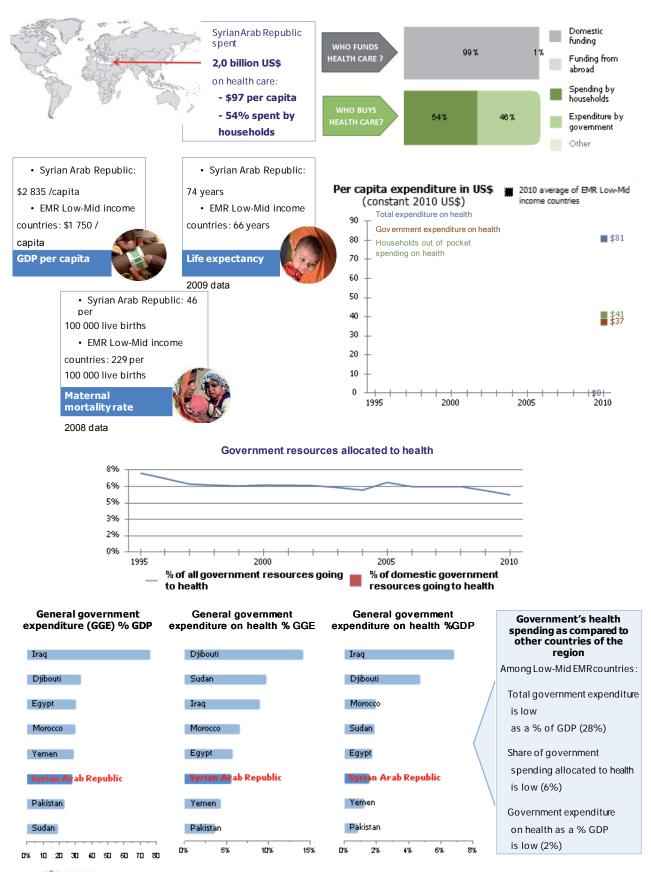


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HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Sudan, 2010

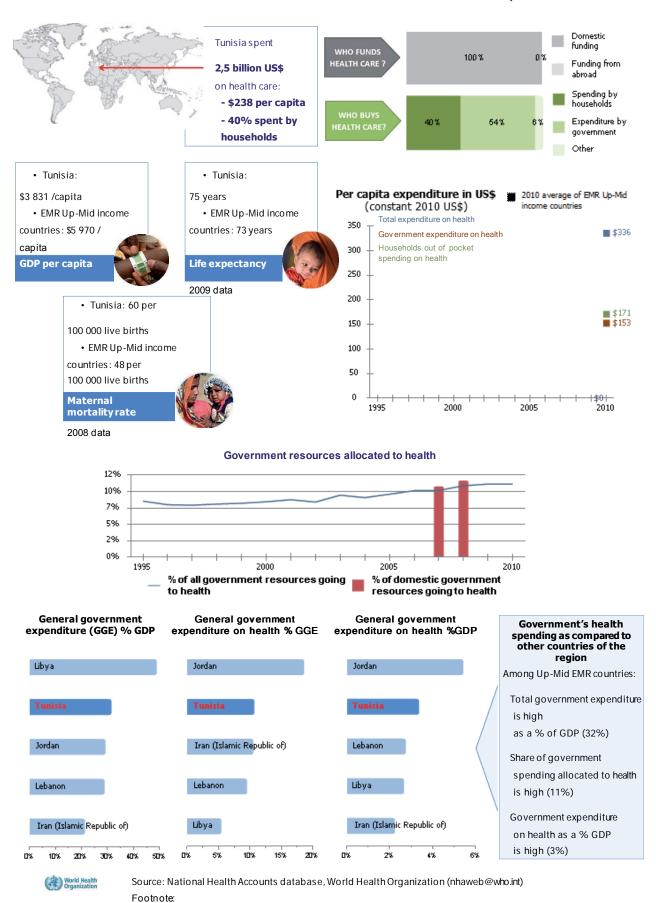


HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Syrian Arab Republic, 2010

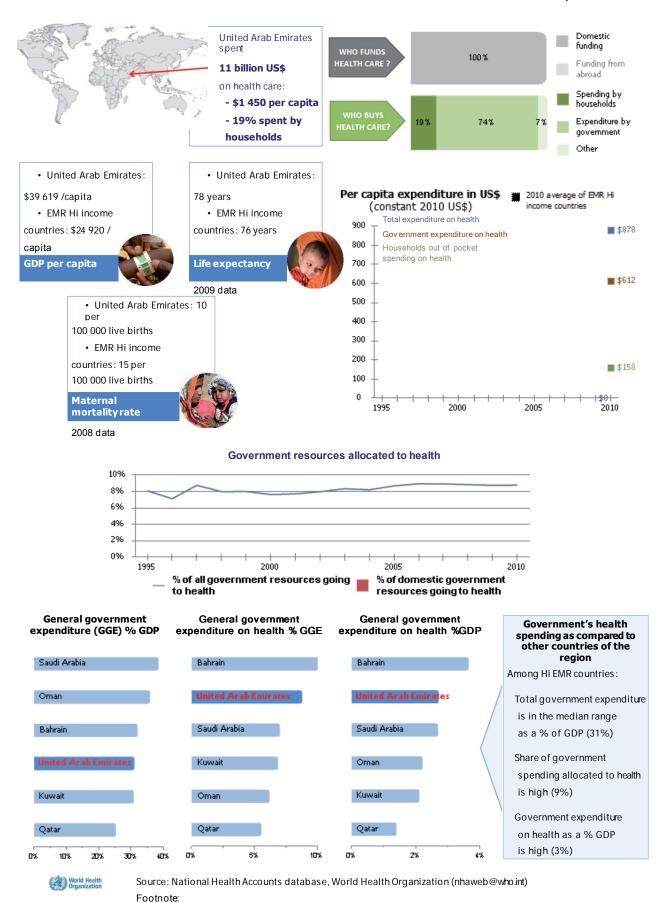


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HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Tunisia, 2010



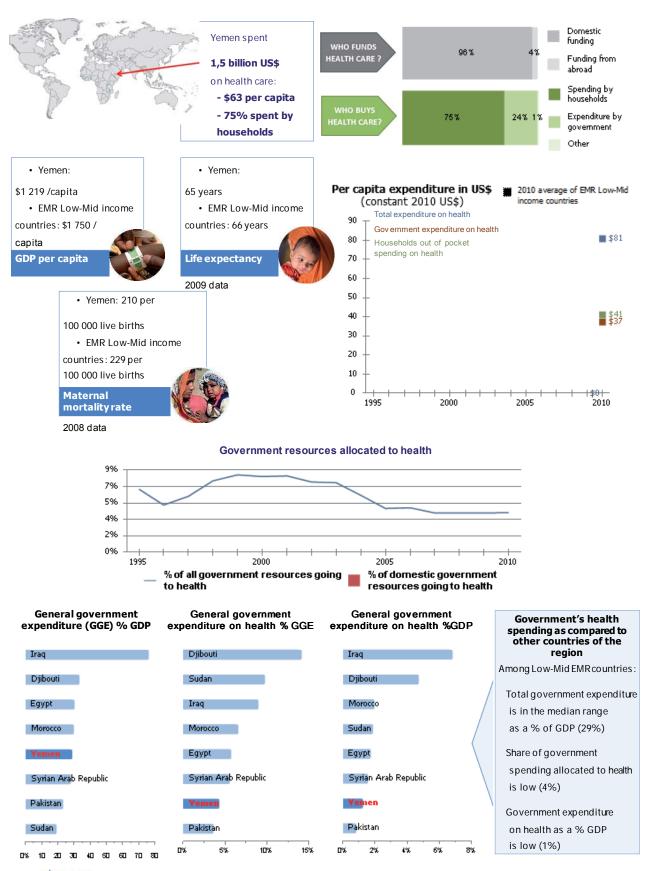
HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: United Arab Emirates, 2010



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HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Yemen, 2010





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Brunei Darussalam

Cambodia

China

Cook Islands

Fiji

Japan

Kiribati

Lao People's Democratic Republic

Malaysia

Marshall Islands

Micronesia (Federated States of)

Mongolia

Nauru

New Zealand

Niue

Palau

Papua New Guinea

Philippines

Republic of Korea

Samoa

Singapore

Solomon Islands

Tonga

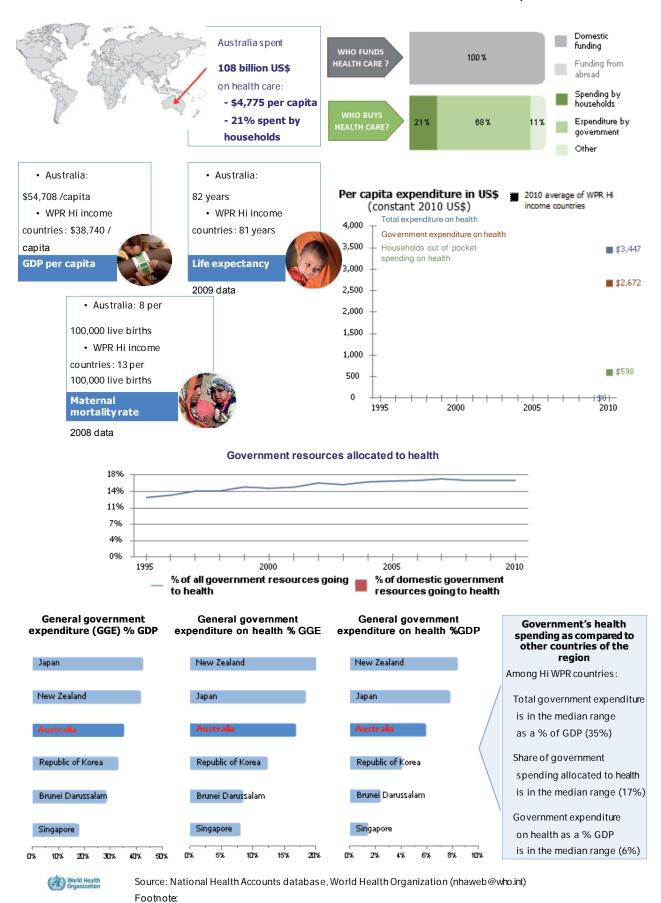
Tuvalu

Vanuatu

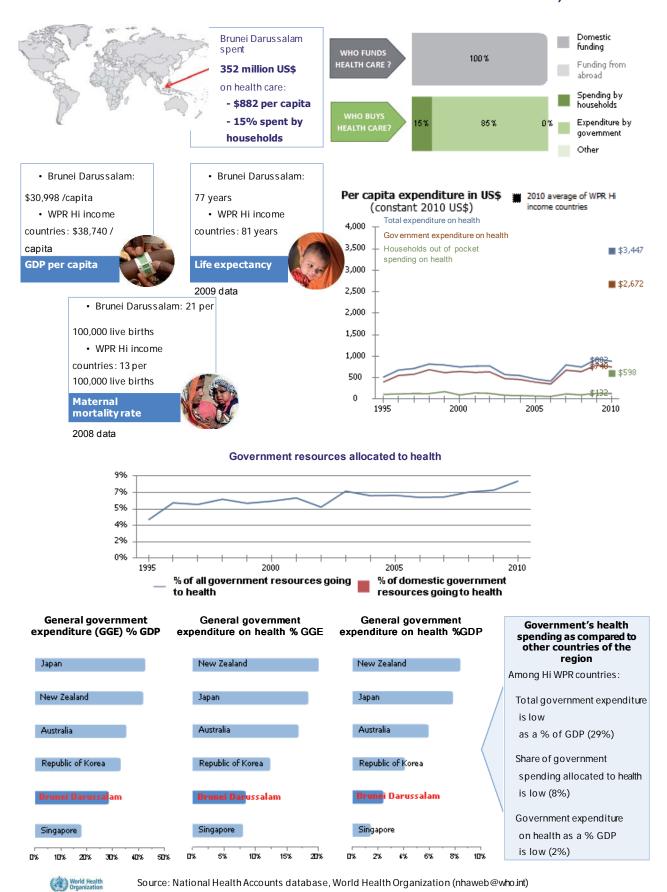
Viet Nam

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HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Australia, 2010



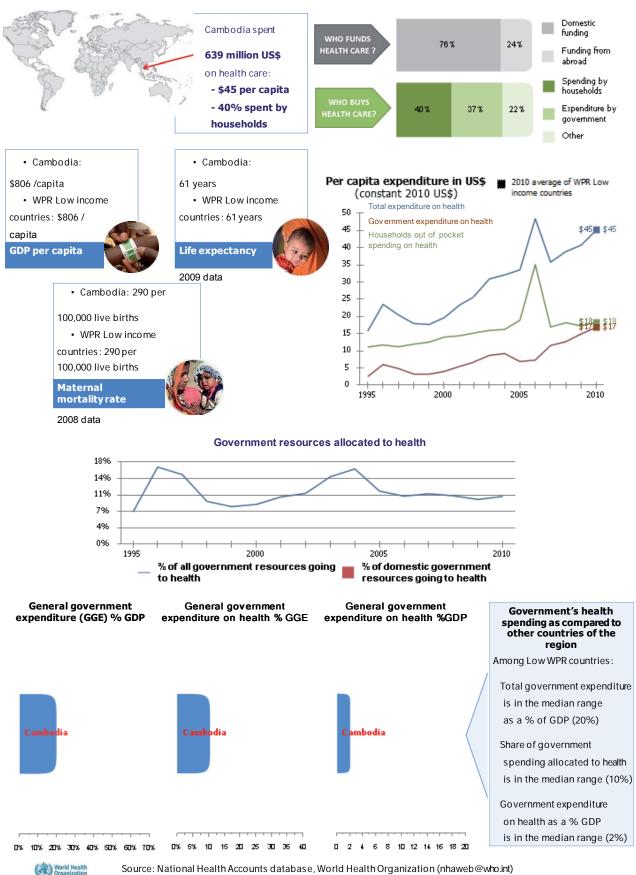
HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Brunei Darussalam, 2010



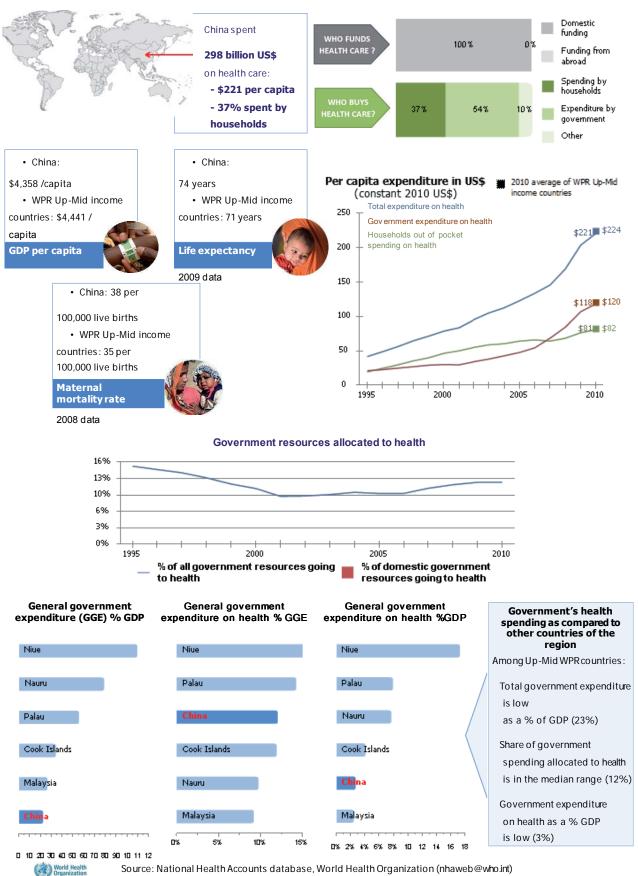
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HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Cambodia, 2010

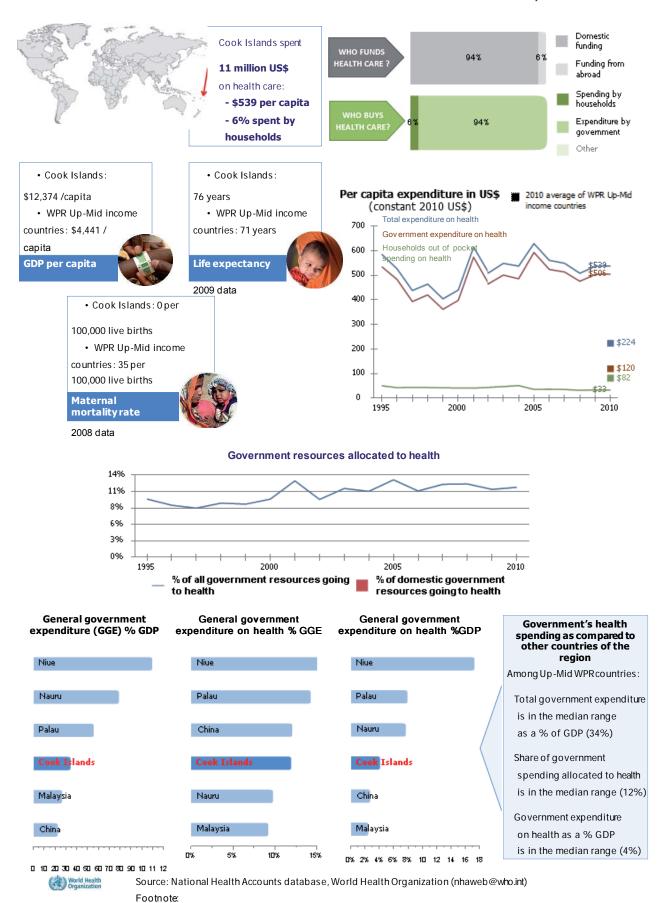


HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: China, 2010



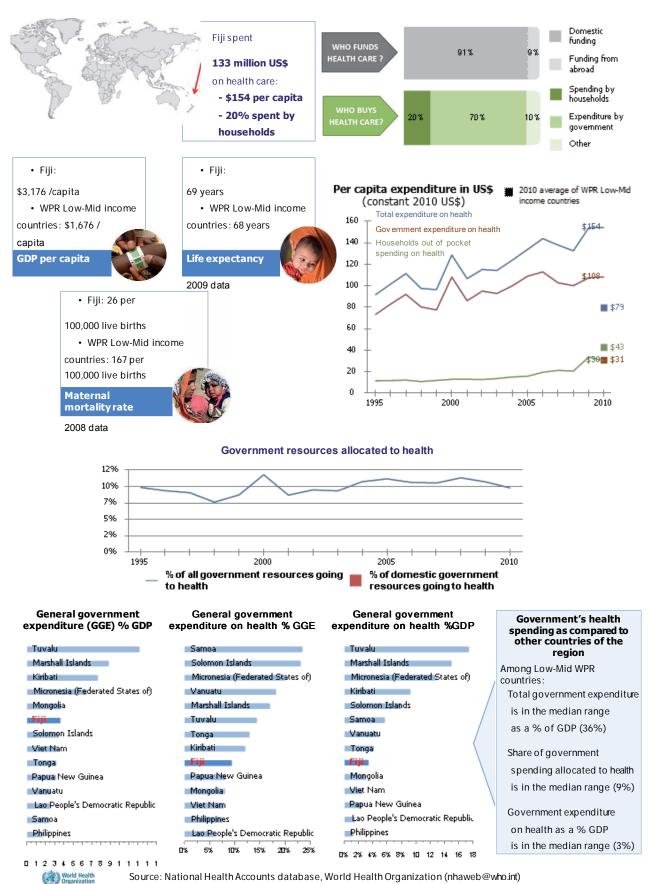
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HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Cook Islands, 2010



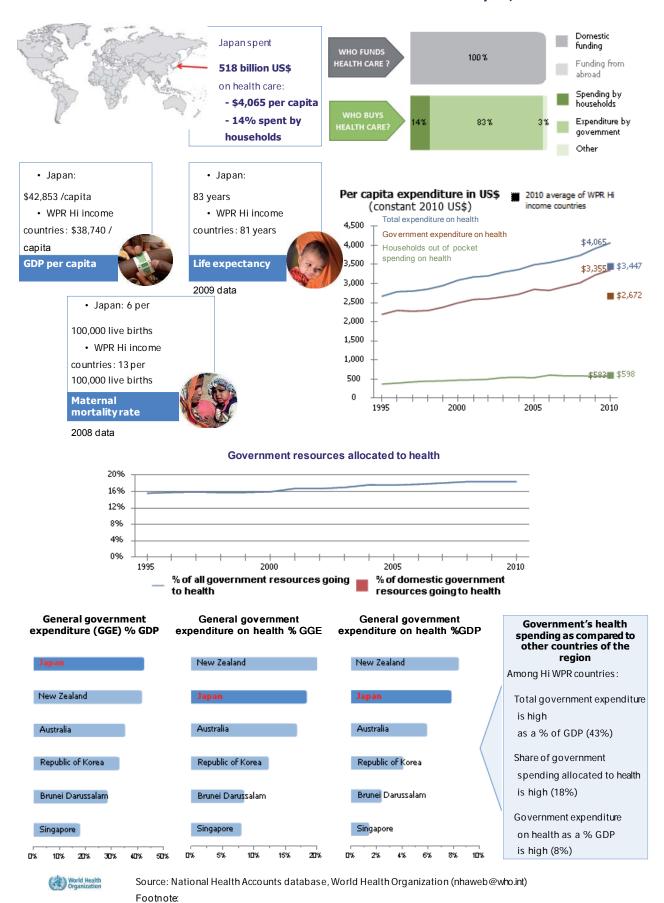
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HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Fiji, 2010

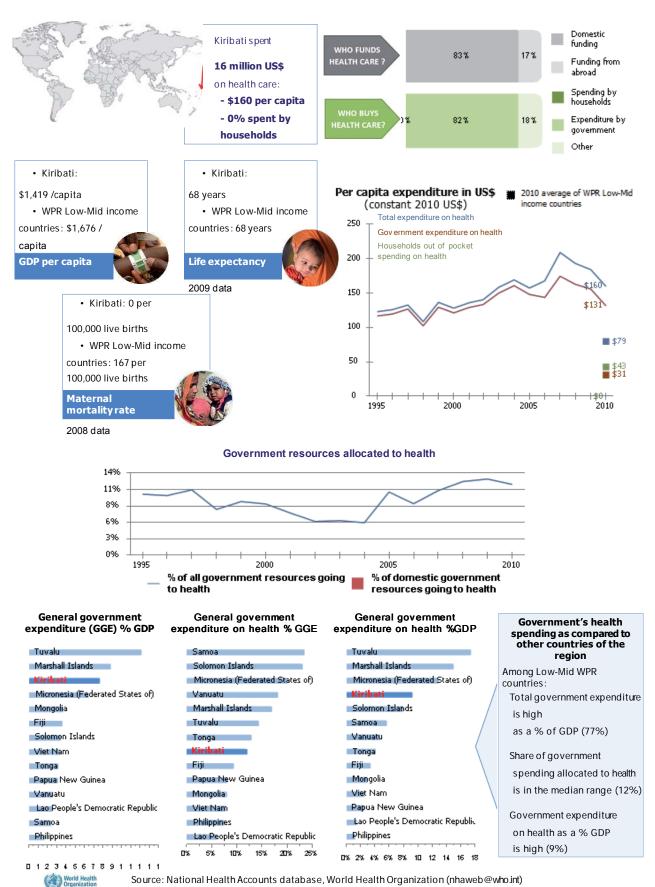


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HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Japan, 2010

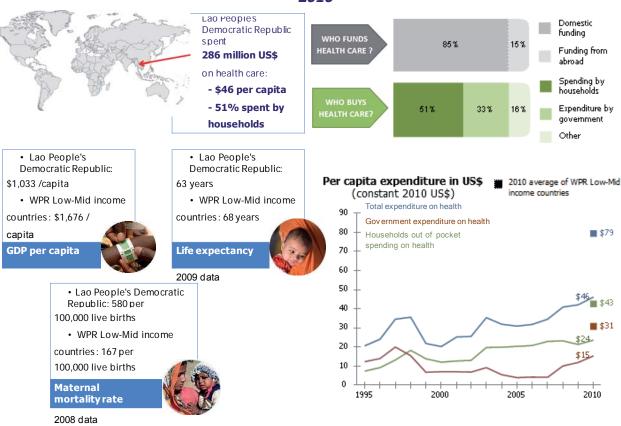


HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Kiribati, 2010

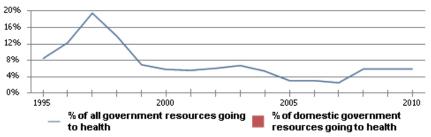


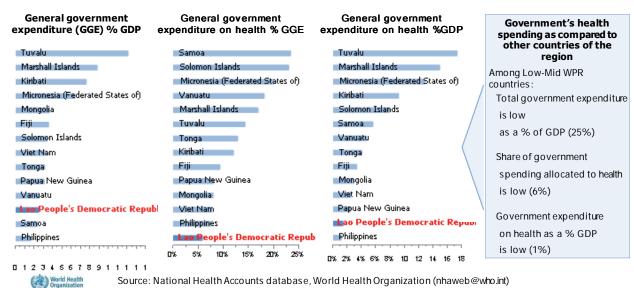
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HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Lao People's Democratic Republic, 2010

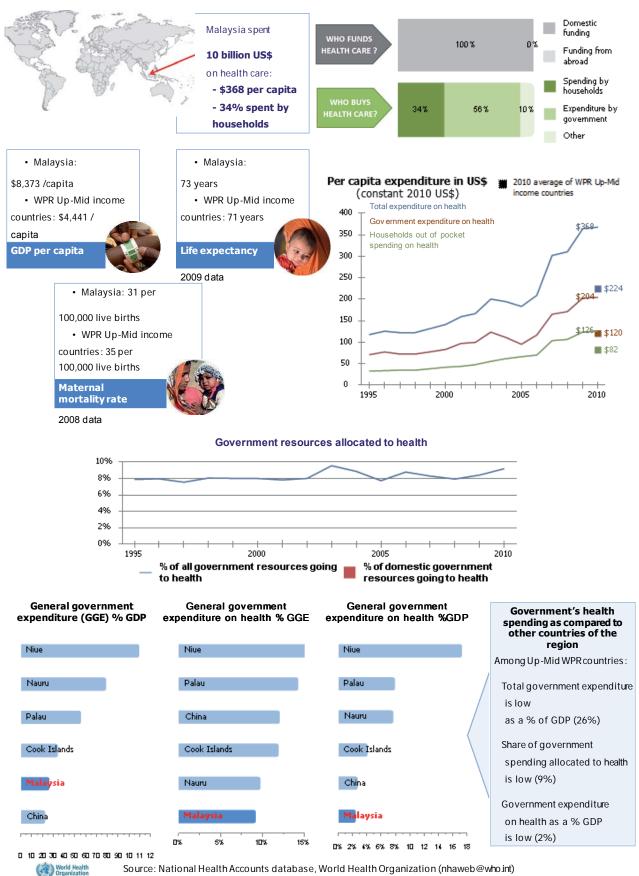


Government resources allocated to health



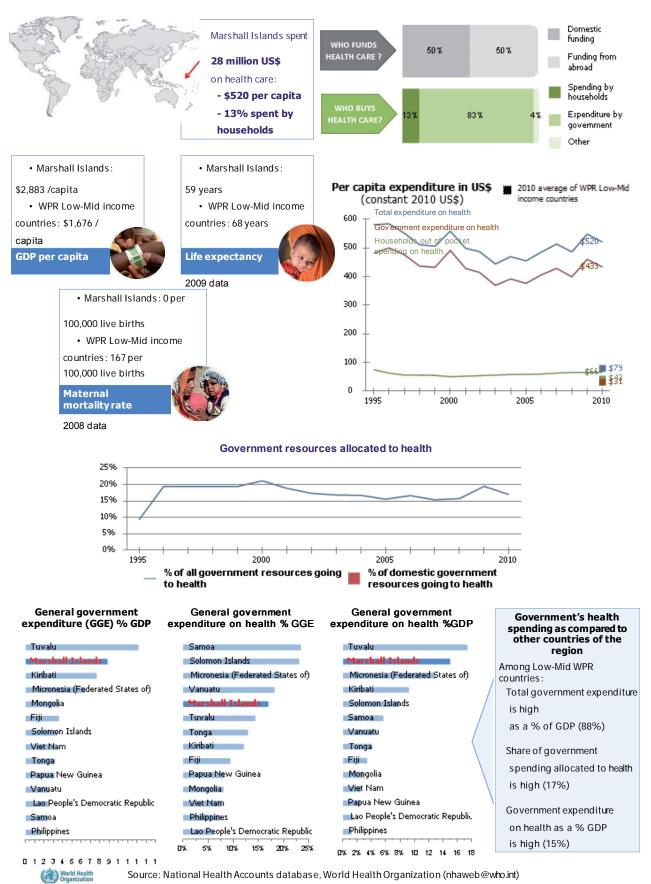


HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Malaysia, 2010



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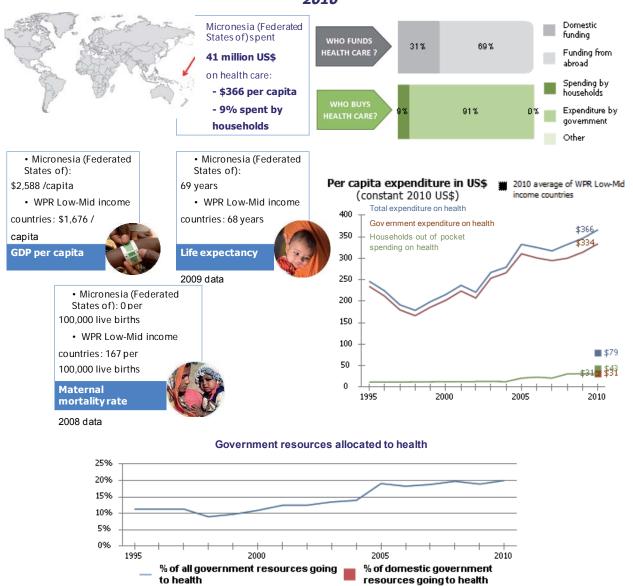
HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Marshall Islands, 2010

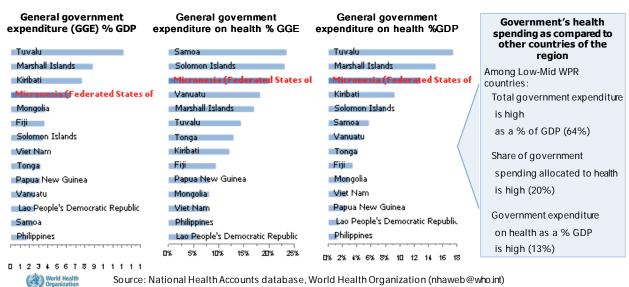


Source: National Health Accounts database, World Health Organization (nhaweb@who.int)

Footnote: A new basis for these estimates was provided by newly accessed household survey reports or sources

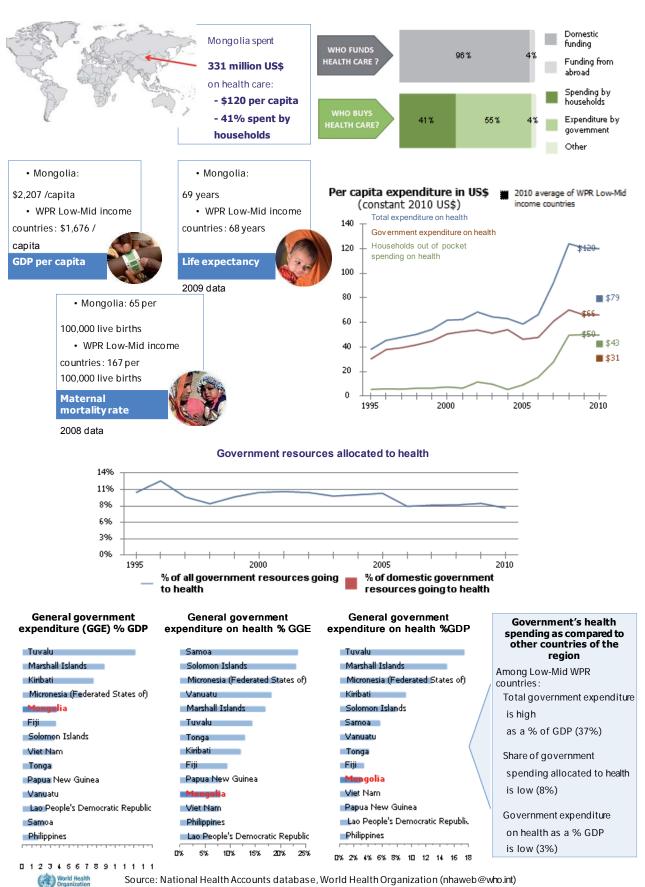
HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Micronesia (Federated States of), 2010



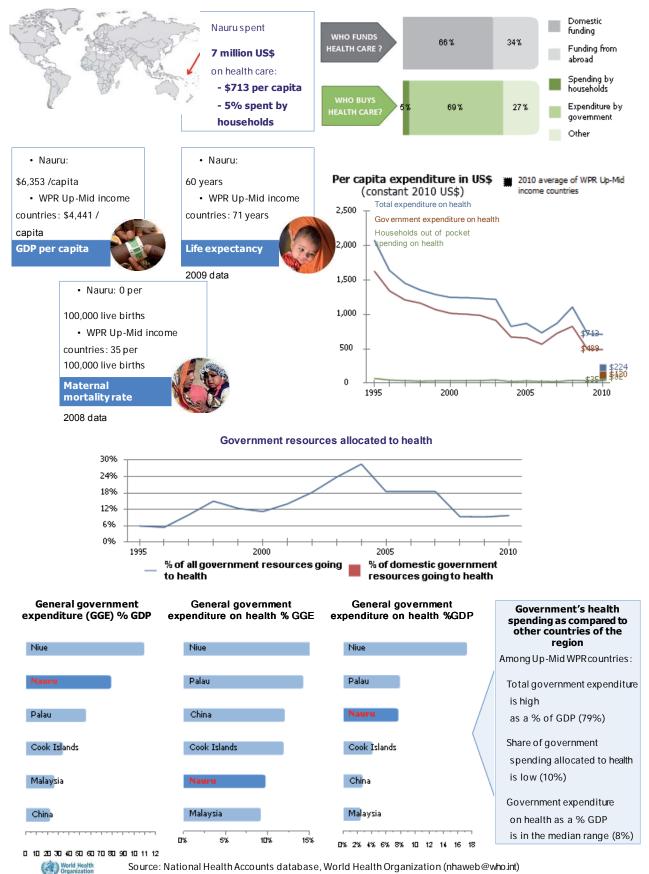


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HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Mongolia, 2010



HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Nauru, 2010

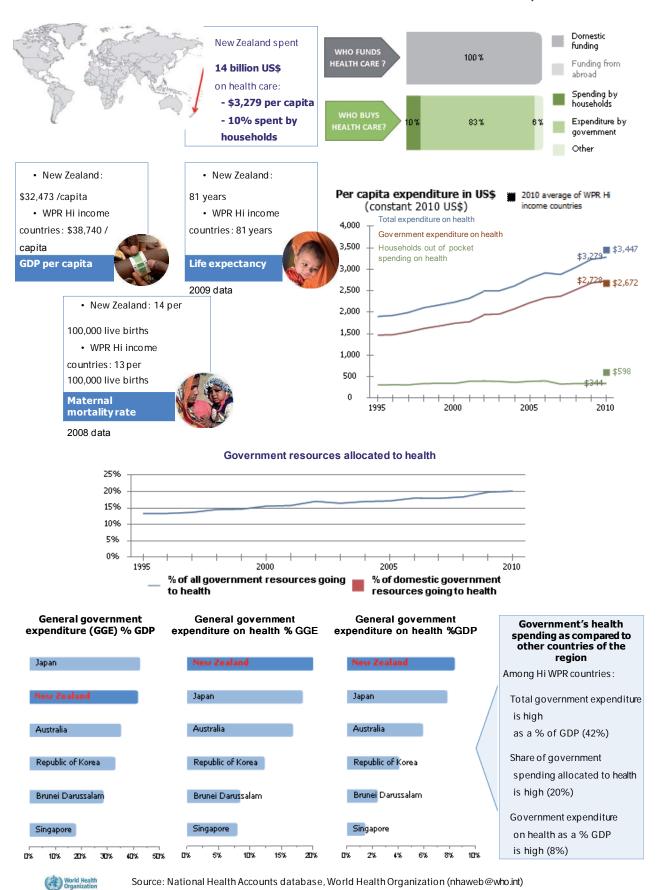


Source: National Health Accounts database, World Health Organization (nhaweb@who.int)

Footnote: A new basis for these estimates was provided by newly accessed household survey reports or sources

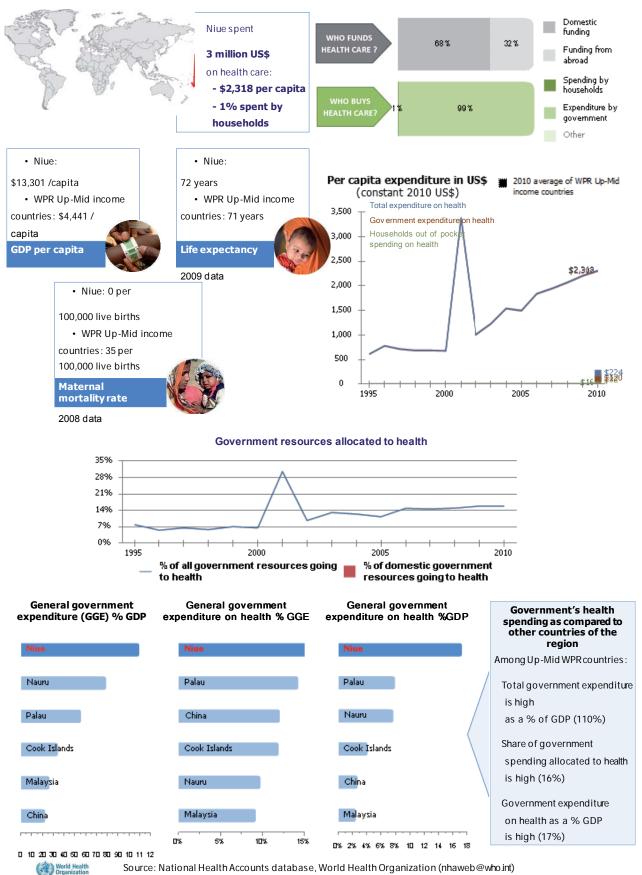
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HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: New Zealand, 2010



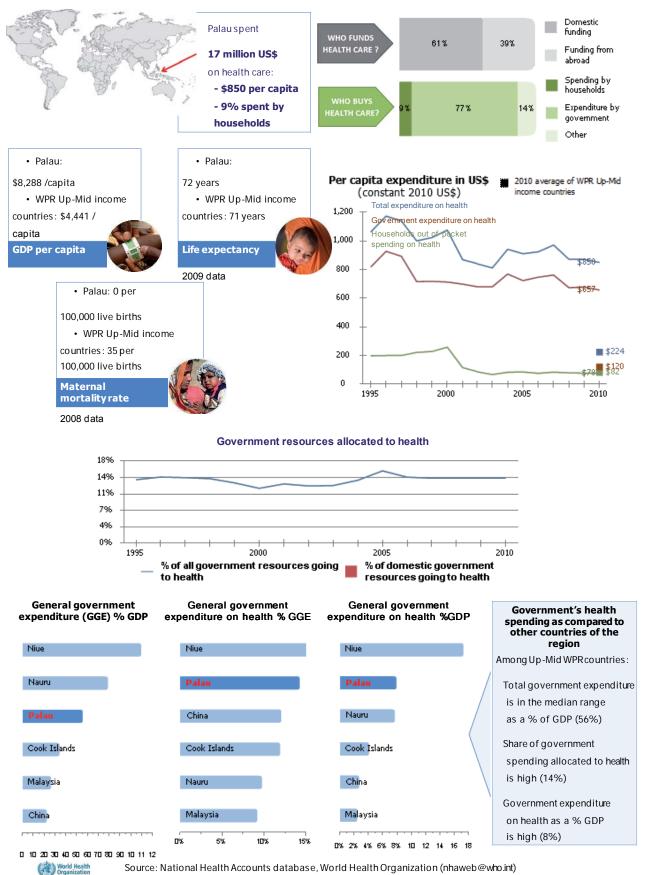
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HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Niue, 2010



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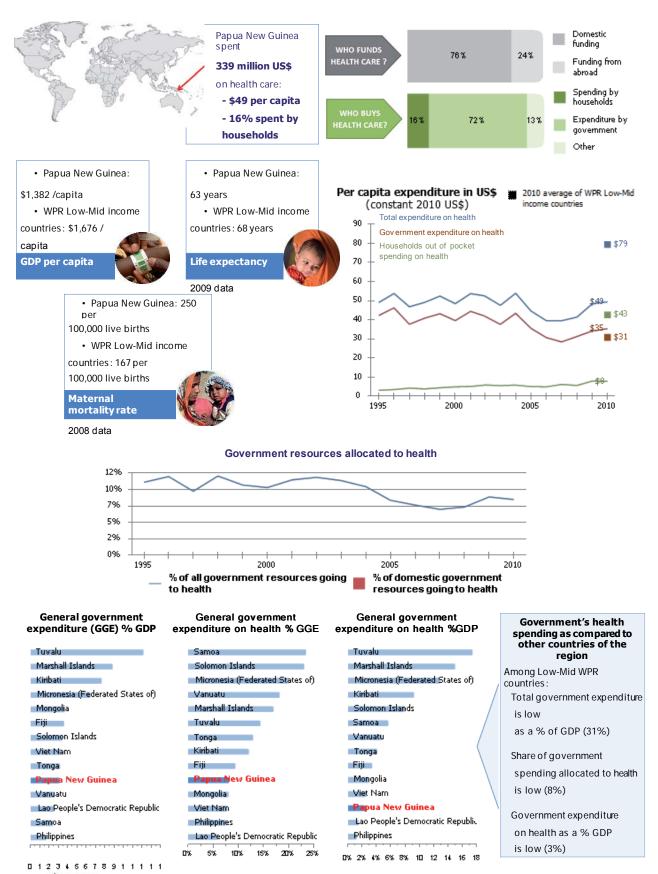
HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Palau, 2010



Source: National Health Accounts database, World Health Organization (nhaweb@who.int)

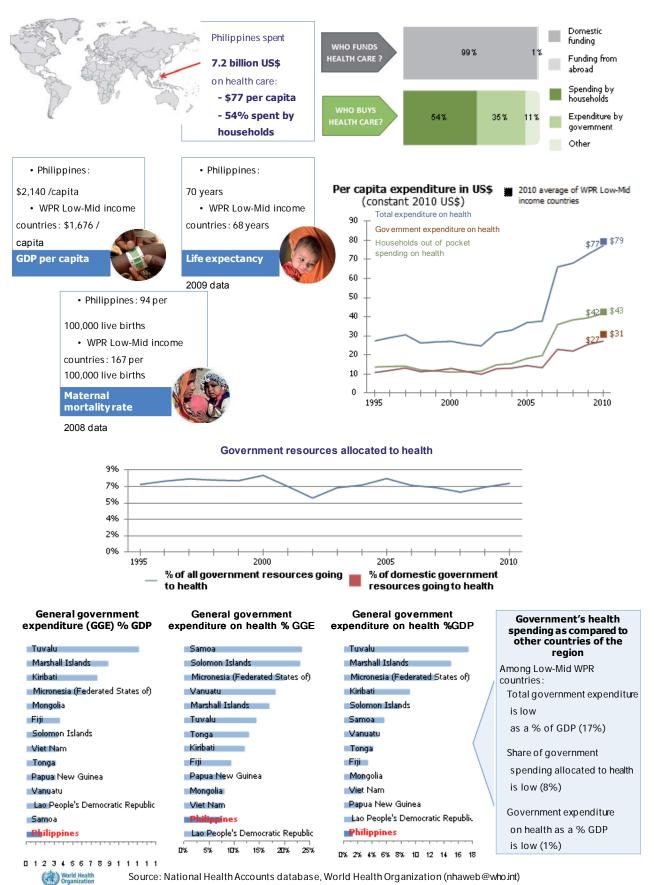
Footnote: A new basis for these estimates was provided by newly accessed household survey reports or sources

HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Papua New Guinea, 2010

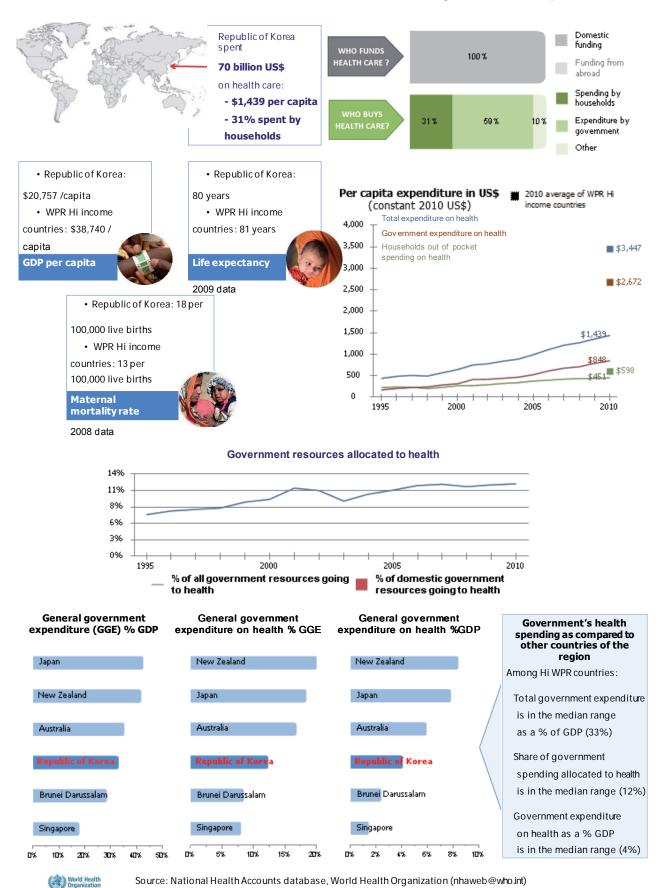


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HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Philippines, 2010



HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Republic of Korea, 2010

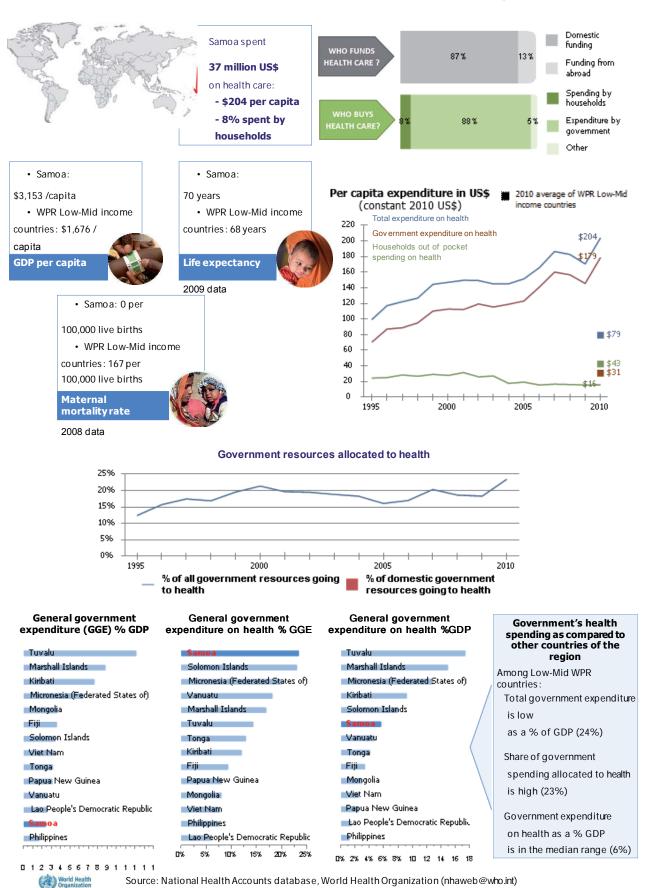


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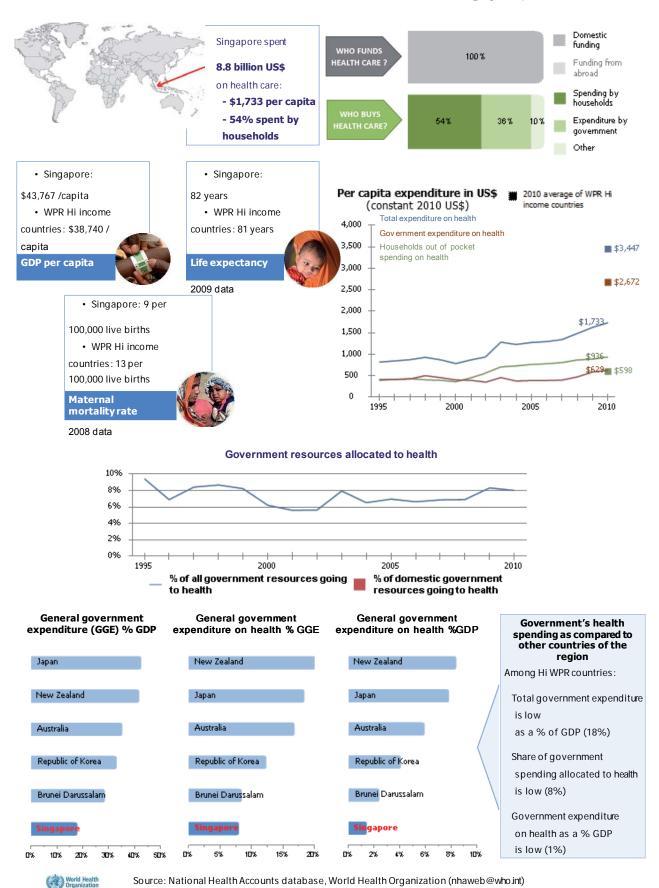
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HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Samoa, 2010



HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Singapore, 2010

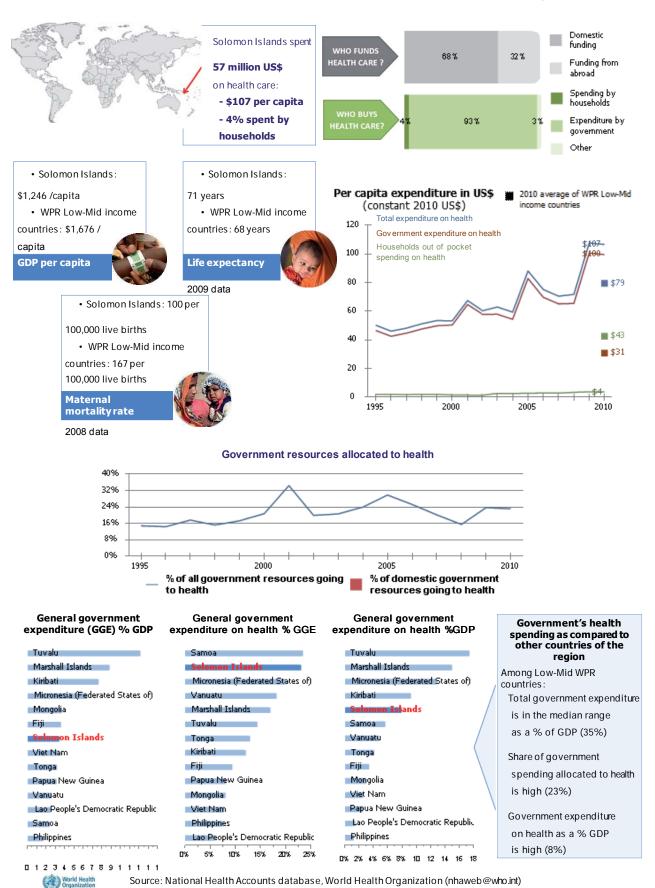


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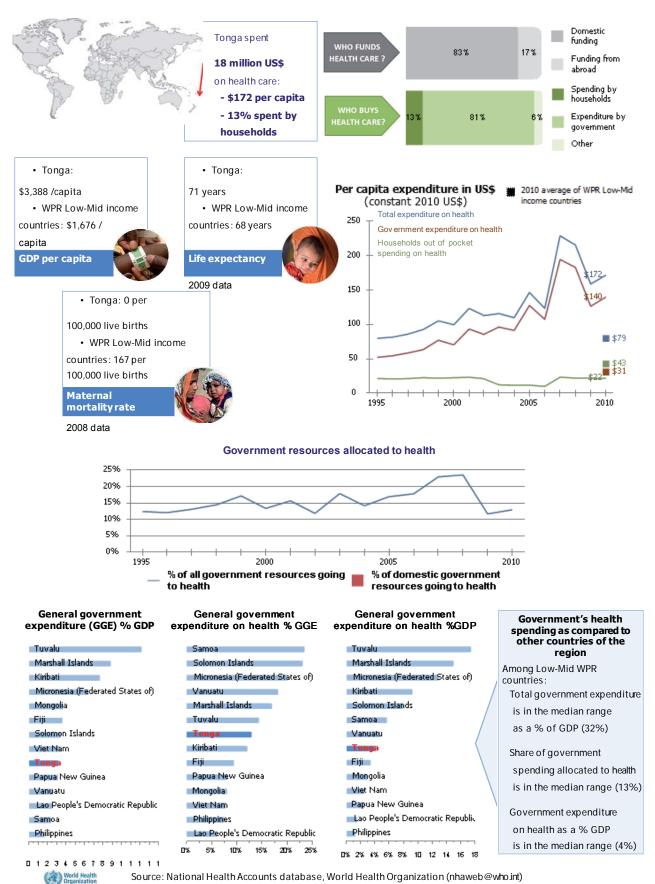
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HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Solomon Islands, 2010

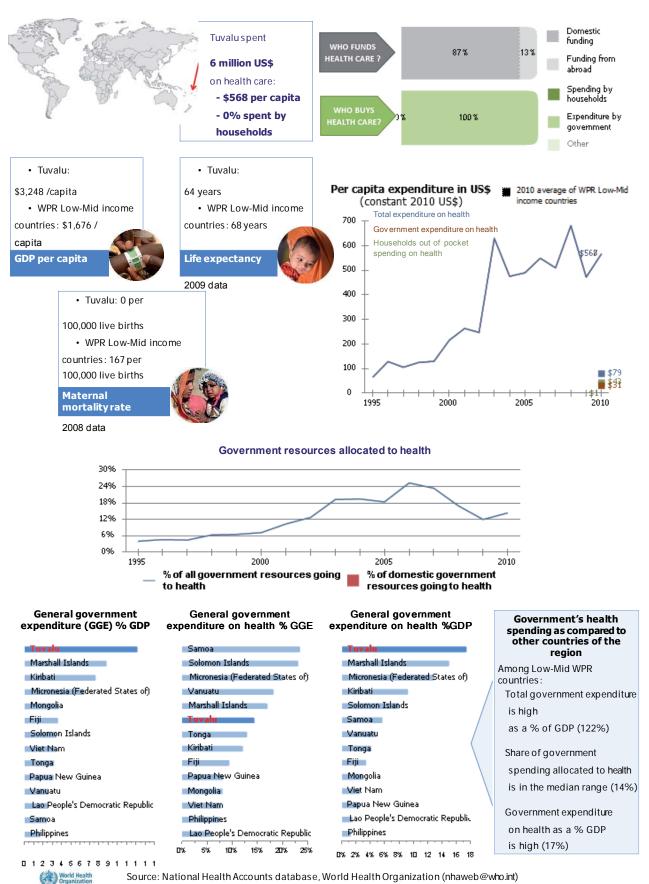


HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Tonga, 2010

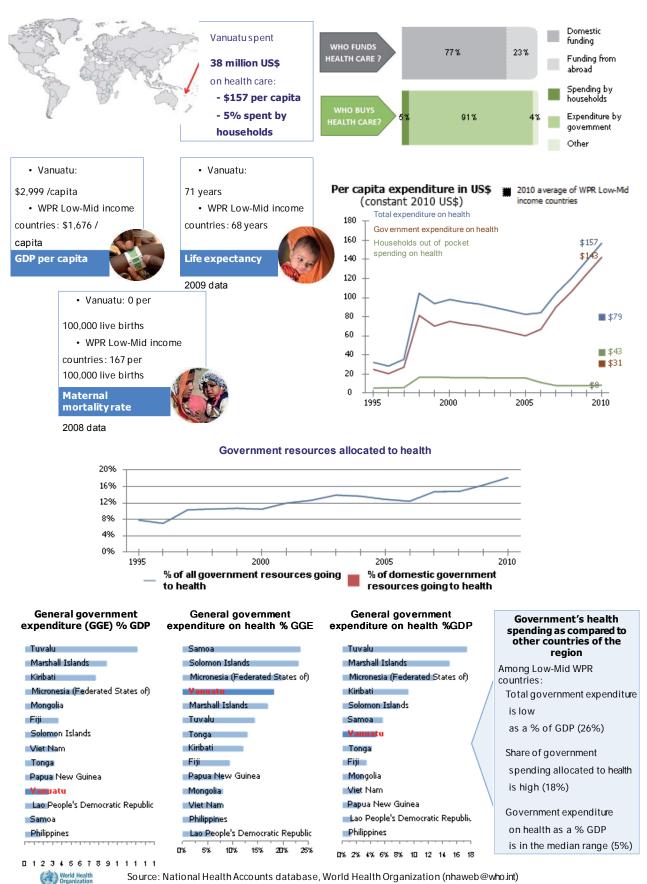


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HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Tuvalu, 2010

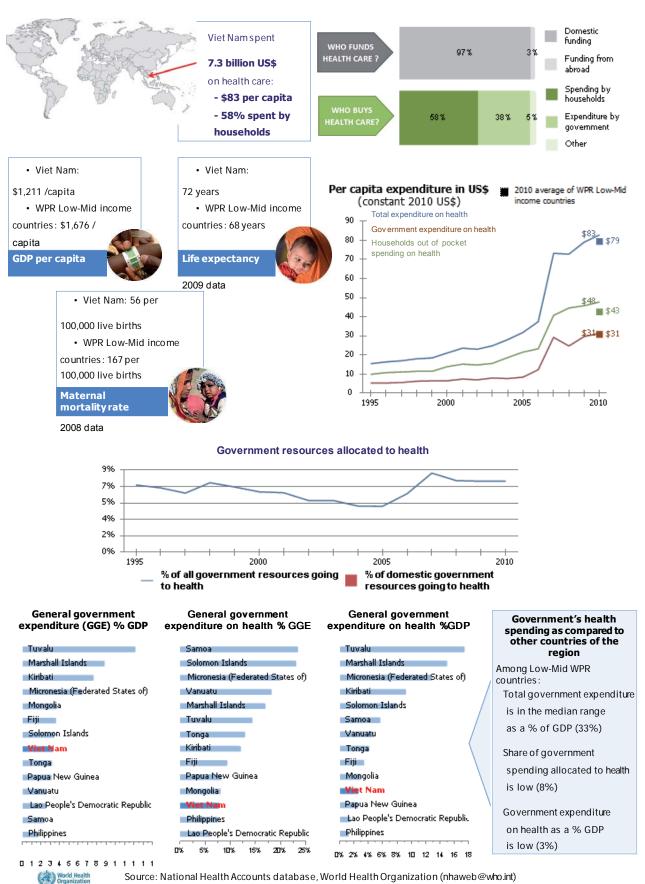


HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Vanuatu, 2010



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HEALTH SYSTEM FINANCING COUNTRY PROFILE: Viet Nam, 2010





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World Health Statistics 2012 tables present data on government, private, external, social security and out-of-pocket expenditures on health. These data are generated from information that has been collected by WHO since 1999. The most comprehensive and consistent data on health financing are generated from national health accounts (NHAs) that collect expenditure information within an internationally recognized framework. NHAs trace financing as it flows from funding sources to decision-makers (who decide upon the use of the funds) and then to the providers and beneficiaries of health services. Not all countries maintain or update NHAs – in such cases, data are obtained through technical contacts in the country or from publicly available documents and reports. Missing values are estimated using various accounting techniques depending upon the data available for each country.³² WHO sends all such estimates to the respective ministries of health every year for validation.

^{32.} To obtain the latest updates, a full series or more-disaggregated health expenditures including metadata and sources, please see: http://www.who.int/nha/



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Member State	Health expenditure ratios a Total expenditure on Congrel reversment Private expenditure Congrel reversment External recurrence for Congrel reversment												
	health as	enditure on % of gross c product	General go expenditure as % o expenditure	e on health of total	Private ex on he as % o expenditure	ealth f total	General government expenditure on health as % of total government expenditure		health as	sources for % of total e on health°	expend health general g	security liture on as % of overnment re on health	
	2000	2009	2000	2009	2000	2009	2000	2009	2000	2009	2000	2009	
Afghanistan e,f		7.6		11.6		88.4		1.6		24.3		0	
Albania	6.4	6.9	36.1	41.2	63.9	58.8	7.0	8.4	6.0	2.7	20.4	70.9	
Algeria	3.5	4.6	73.3	79.3	26.7	20.7	9.0	8.6	0.1	0.1	35.5	31.1	
Andorra	7.6	7.5	64.8	70.1	35.2	29.9	19.1	21.3	0	0	88.1	88.0	
Angola ^g	2.4	4.9	79.2	89.9	20.8	10.1	3.3	10.1	3.6	2.8	0	0	
Antigua and Barbuda®	4.8	4.8	69.0	67.1	31.0	32.9	12.1	8.0	0	0	0	0	
Argentina	9.0	9.5	55.4	66.4	44.6	33.6	14.7	22.2	0	0.1	59.5	59.4	
Armenia	6.3	4.6	18.1	43.5	81.9	56.5	4.6	6.6	8.7	8.4	0	0	
Australia h	8.0	8.7	66.8	68.0	33.2	32.0	15.1	16.8	0	0	0	0	
Austria	9.9	11.0	76.8	77.7	23.2	22.3	14.6	16.2	0	0	58.8	57.4	
Azerbaijan ⁱ	4.7	5.8	18.5	23.1	81.5	76.9	5.4	4.5	4.0	0.7	0	0	
Bahamase	5.9	8.3	47.6	46.8	52.4	53.2	14.5	15.2	0	0	1.8	3.1	
Bahrain	3.9	4.7	67.5	70.1	32.5	29.9	10.2	11.4	0	0	0.4	1.3	
Bangladesh	2.8	3.4	39.0	33.0	61.0	67.0	7.6	7.4	6.9	7.9	0	0	
Barbados	6.3	5.9	65.8	58.6	34.2	41.4	11.7	7.8	4.0	2.2	0	0.3	
Belarus	6.1	6.1	75.5	64.0	24.5	36.0	10.1	8.4	0.1	0.2	0	0	
Belgium ^j	8.1	10.8	74.6	75.1	25.4	24.9	12.3	15.1	0	0	85.4	84.9	
Belize ^e	4.0	5.5	52.8	63.8	47.2	36.2	6.5	11.8	2.1	0.7	0	3.3	
Benin	4.3	4.3	44.2	53.8	55.8	46.2	10.0	9.2	17.0	26.6	0.5	0.5	
Bhutane	6.9	5.1	79.3	86.5	20.7	13.5	12.2	12.1	21.3	8.1	0	0	
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	6.1	5.1	60.1	64.6	39.9	35.4	9.8	7.3	6.0	7.0	62.0	38.3	
Bosnia and Herzegovina	7.0	10.9	57.6	61.3	42.4	38.7	11.4	15.1	9.2	1.6	97.7	94.7	
Botswana	4.7	10.0	62.2	76.0	37.8	24.0	7.6	17.0	0.5	19.5	0	0	
Brazil	7.2	8.8	40.3	43.6	59.7	56.4	4.1	5.9	0.5	0	0	0	
Brunei Darussalam	4.2	3.0	86.5	85.2	13.5	14.8	6.3	7.5					
Bulgaria	6.2	7.2	60.9	55.4	39.1	44.6	9.1	9.8	1.9	0	12.0	64.6	
Burkina Faso ^e	5.1	6.6	39.6	49.7	60.4	50.3	8.8	13.6	13.9	26.0	0.8	0.5	
Burundi ^{e,g}	6.3	11.4	28.6	36.0	71.4	64.0	7.5	8.1	18.6	45.4	25.1	23.0	
Cambodia ^e	6.3	5.3	20.4	36.6	79.6	63.4	8.7	9.8	8.6	22.0			
Cameroon e,g	4.5	4.9	20.8	25.9	79.2	74.1	6.1	7.3	4.2	10.9	3.9	5.2	
Canada	8.8	11.4	70.4	70.6	29.6	29.4	15.1	18.3	0	0	2.0	1.9	
Cape Verde	4.6	3.9	73.5	74.1	26.5	25.9	9.6	9.7	13.5	7.4	36.1	27.5	
Central African Republic	3.8	4.0	41.4	34.2	58.6	65.8	10.1	8.5	20.3	10.1	0	0	
Chad	6.3	4.6	42.5	19.7	57.5	80.3	13.1	3.3	24.9	10.4	0	0	
Chile	8.3	8.4	41.6	47.6	58.4	52.4	14.1	16.2	0	0	15.0	14.2	
China e,k	4.6	5.1	38.3	52.5	61.7	47.5	10.9	12.1	0.1	0.1	57.2	64.7	
Colombiae	7.3	7.6	70.7	71.1	29.3	28.9	21.4	19.3	0.3	0.1	60.2	48.6	
Comoros ^g	2.9	3.2	52.8	53.2	47.2	46.8	9.3	7.3	25.7	18.2	0	0	
Congo	2.1	2.8	57.7	47.5	42.3	52.5	4.8	5.3	4.6	7.0	0	0	
Cook Islands e,l,m	3.4	4.3	90.5	93.8	9.5	6.2	9.9	11.6	2.2	3.8	0	0	
Costa Rica	6.5	10.5	76.8	67.4	23.2	32.6	21.7	30.6	1.0	0.2	89.6	85.6	
Côte d'Ivoire	5.1	5.2	26.3	20.9	73.7	79.1	7.2	5.1	5.4	10.5	0	0	
Croatia	7.8	7.8	86.1	84.9	13.9	15.1	14.5	17.7	0.4	0	97.6	91.0	
Cuba	6.1	12.1	90.1	92.7	9.9	7.3	10.8	14.9	0.2	0.1	0	0	
Cyprus	5.8	6.1	41.7	41.5	58.3	58.5	6.5	5.5	0	0	0	0.3	
Czech Republic	6.3	8.0	90.3	84.0	9.7	16.0	13.7	14.9	0	0	89.5	90.2	
Democratic People's Republic of Korea													
Democratic Republic of the Congo®	4.9	9.6	4.1	44.7	95.9	55.3	1.8	12.5	2.8	34.3	0	0	
Denmark	8.7	11.5	83.9	85.0	16.1	15.0	13.6	16.8	0	0	0	0	



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	Health expen	diture ratio)S ^a	Per capita health expenditures ^a						Member State		
expendit private ex	of-pocket ture as % of ependiture on ealth	plans as	e prepaid % of private ure on health	expenditu at averag	pita total ire on health e exchange (US\$)	expenditu	apita total ire on health ^d P int. \$)	expenditu at averag	a government ure on health ge exchange e (US\$)	expenditu	a government ire on health ^d P int. \$)	
2000	2009	2000	2009	2000	2009	2000	2009	2000	2009	2000	2009	
	94.0		0		34		46		4		5	Afghanistan e,f
99.9	99.8	0	0	75	260	266	591	27	107	96	244	Albania
96.7	94.7	3.1	5.1	63	181	188	365	46	143	138	289	Algeria
75.5	74.7	22.3	23.1	1330	3364	1967	3403	862	2358	1275	2385	Andorra
100	100	0	0	16	201	56	297	13	181	45	267	Angola ⁹
86.8	88.9	13.2	11.1	408	601	585	873	281	403	403	585	Antigua and Barbuda®
63.3	59.2	32.6	32.8	689	734	816	1386	382	488	452	921	Argentina
94.2	92.9	0	0.5	39	129	128	245	7	56	23	106	Armenia
59.7	61.0	21.8	25.2	1713	3945	2253	3484	1145	2683	1505	2369	Australia ^h
66.1	64.7	20.7	19.6	2374	5035	2862	4288	1824	3910	2199	3330	Austria
77.6	90.1	0.3	0.7	30	283	102	554	6	65	19	128	Azerbaijan ⁱ
40.2	54.0	58.6	45.1	1098	1741	1365	2086	523	815	650	977	Bahamas ^e
68.7	57.2	25.4	26.7	497	771	815	1083	335	540	551	759	Bahrain
95.1	96.5	0.1	0.3	10	21	24	53	4	7	9	18	Bangladesh
77.3	80.6	22.7	19.4	601	843	791	1179	396	494	520	690	Barbados
57.1	74.8	0.1	0.1	63	311	319	782	48	199	241	501	Belarus
80.9	80.1	15.4	19.1	1844	4749	2246	3948	1376	3567	1676	2965	Belgium ¹
83.0	74.3	2.6	12.4	132	242	197	393	69	154	104	251	Belize ^e
99.9	92.7	0.1	7.3	16	34	53	69	7	18	23	37	Benin
100	96.3	0	0	52	91	165	254	41	78	131	220	Bhutan®
81.6	77.2	8.1	19.1	61	90	192	237	37	58	115	153	Bolivia (Plurinational State of)
100 36.7	100 29.5	0 4.1	0 5.6	106 152	495 581	315 400	934 1296	61 94	303 442	182 249	573 985	Bosnia and Herzegovina Botswana
63.6	57.2	34.3	41.0	265	734	502	921	107	320	202	401	Brazil
98.8	98.9	0.6	0.5	551	833	1284	1516	477	710	1111	1291	Brunei Darussalam
100	97.1	0.0	1.0	98	463	385	995	60	256	235	551	Bulgaria
94.4	73.8	1.0	3.7	11	39	39	89	4	19	16	44	Burkina Faso ^e
70.6	61.5	0.3	0.2	7	19	20	45	2	7	6	16	Burundi ^{e,g}
89.5	66.8	0	0	19	41	58	110	4	15	12	40	Cambodia e
94.4	94.5	0	0	27	60	74	117	6	16	15	30	Cameroon e.g
53.7	49.6	38.8	43.2	2089	4519	2519	4314	1470	3191	1772	3047	Canada
99.6	99.7	0.4	0.3	57	150	95	174	42	111	70	129	Cape Verde
95.0	95.0	0	0	10	18	26	30	4	6	11	10	Central African Republic
96.2	96.7	0.4	0.2	11	28	42	60	4	6	18	12	Chad
62.2	64.6	37.8	35.4	405	802	768	1209	169	382	320	576	Chile
95.6	78.9	1.0	6.9	43	191	108	347	17	100	41	182	China ^{e,k}
76.7	74.8	23.3	25.2	184	392	429	687	130	278	303	488	Colombia®
100	100	0	0	10	24	27	34	5	13	14	18	Comoros ^g
100	100	0	0	22	67	58	108	13	32	34	52	Congo
100	100	0	0	175	435	241	382	158	408	218	358	Cook Islands e.l,m
88.2	87.6	2.3	7.4	266	667	471	1155	204	449	362	778	Costa Rica
98.1	98.8	1.9	1.2	32	61	81	95	8	13	21	20	Côte d'Ivoire
100	95.9	0	4.1	377	1112	847	1556	325	944	730	1320	Croatia
91.9	100	0	0	168	672	148	478	151	623	134	443	Cuba
95.7	83.5	4.3	9.4	744	1794	1107	1874	310	745	461	778	Cyprus
100	90.0	0	1.3	361	1495	981	2107	326	1255	886	1769	Czech Republic
												Democratic People's Republic of Korea
75.4	64.8	0	0.2	13	17	11	31	<1	7	<1	14	Democratic Republic of the Congo®
90.9	88.1	8.7	11.5	2609	6452	2507	4345	2188	5487	2103	3695	Denmark



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Member State	Health expenditure ratios ^a											
	health as	enditure on % of gross c product	expenditur as % o	overnment e on health of total e on health	Private ex on he as % o expenditure	ealth f total	General go expendii health a total gove expend	ture on s % of ernment	health as	esources for % of total e on health°	expend health general g	security liture on as % of overnment re on health
	2000	2009	2000	2009	2000	2009	2000	2009	2000	2009	2000	2009
Djibouti	5.8	7.8	67.8	69.3	32.2	30.7	12.0	14.1	32.6	26.3	11.3	9.6
Dominica	5.9	6.2	69.0	65.2	31.0	34.8	6.6	8.3	3.7	3.1	0	0
Dominican Republic	6.3	5.9	34.5	41.4	65.5	58.6	15.9	12.4	2.0	8.0	17.0	24.4
Ecuadore	4.2	8.8	31.2	34.9	68.8	65.1	6.4	7.7	4.1	0.7	28.0	38.3
Egypt	5.4	4.8	40.5	39.5	59.5	60.5	7.3	5.6	1.0	1.5	24.3	23.1
El Salvador	8.0	6.8	45.2	60.3	54.8	39.7	14.3	12.3	0.9	7.5	44.2	37.5
Equatorial Guinea g,n	1.9	4.5	46.3	76.0	53.7	24.0	7.8	7.0	8.8	2.8	0	0
Eritrea ^g	5.3	2.8	47.6	47.7	52.4	52.3	3.7	3.6	25.7	61.9	0	0
Estonia	6.0	6.7	67.8	78.4	32.2	21.6	11.3	11.7	0.8	63.1	86.0	86.4
Ethiopia ^e	4.3	4.4	53.6	53.6	46.4	46.4	8.5	13.3	16.5	38.0	0	0
Fiji ^{e,m}	3.8	4.9	84.1	69.4	15.9	30.6	11.3	10.1	7.5	6.1	0	0
Finland	7.2	9.0	71.3	74.7	28.7	25.3	10.6	12.1	0	0	19.5	19.9
France	10.1	11.9	79.4	77.9	20.6	22.1	15.5	16.3	0	0	94.3	90.5
Gabon ^g	2.5	3.6	42.0	47.9	58.0	52.1	4.8	6.6	2.6	1.7	5.7	24.9
Gambia	5.8	6.1	33.8	53.4	66.2	46.6	8.8	11.3	22.2	25.4	0	0
Georgia °	6.9	10.2	17.0	22.3	83.0	77.7	6.9	6.1	5.4	5.5	46.0	82.5
Germany	10.4	11.7	79.5	76.9	20.5	23.1	18.3	18.7	0	0	87.3	88.7
Ghana	4.7	5.0	48.7	56.7	51.3	43.3	8.3	12.4	14.5	14.4	0	27.1
Greece	7.9	10.6	60.0	61.7	40.0	38.3	10.1	12.1	0	0	45.9	51.8
Grenada ^e	6.6	6.2	52.0	49.2	48.0	50.8	13.2	9.5	0	3.8	0	0.2
Guatemala	5.5	6.9	39.8	37.0	60.2	63.0	16.7	17.0	3.4	2.3	52.3	45.0
Guinea	5.7	5.3	18.7	8.2	81.3	91.8	6.4	1.8	13.4	5.3	1.1	3.8
Guinea-Bissau ⁹	6.2	8.6	16.2	10.6	83.8	89.4	2.3	4.1	46.5	17.4	5.4	2.7
Guyana®	5.6	5.6	82.4	54.9	17.6	45.1	10.0	10.0	4.1	35.6	7.7	0
Haiti	6.1	6.1	27.7	21.8	72.3	78.2	16.0	6.0	9.4	40.8	0	0
Hondurase	5.4	7.0	66.8	66.3	33.2	33.7	18.1	17.7	3.1	6.9	13.7	25.3
Hungary	7.2	7.6	70.7	69.7	29.3	30.3	10.6	10.3	0	0	83.9	84.3
Iceland	9.7	9.8	81.5	82.2	18.5	17.8	18.9	15.7	0	0	32.4	35.2
India	4.4	4.2	26.0	30.3	74.0	69.7	3.6	3.7	0.5	1.1	18.3	17.4
Indonesia e	2.0	2.5	36.1	46.1	63.9	53.9	4.5	6.8	0	1.4	6.3	15.1
Iran (Islamic Republic of) e,p	4.6	5.7	41.6	41.1	58.4	58.9	8.4	10.5	0	0	57.8	55.6
Iraq ^{9,q}	2.8	8.4	1.1	78.1	98.9	21.9	0.1	7.0	12.9	1.5	0	0
Ireland	6.1	9.4	75.1	75.0	24.9	25.0	14.7	14.5	0	0	1.2	0.9
Israel	7.3	7.6	64.0	60.3	36.0	39.7	9.7	10.4	0	0	67.0	64.1
Italy	8.0	9.4	72.5	77.9	27.5	22.1	12.7	14.2	0	0	0.1	0.2
Jamaica	5.5	4.9	52.6	55.4	47.4	44.6	6.6	5.4	1.8	1.9	0	0
Japan Jordan ^e	7.7 9.7	9.5 9.6	80.8 48.0	82.3 70.3	19.2 52.0	17.7 29.7	15.9 10.9	18.4 18.6	0	0 4.2	84.9 9.7	87.7 26.5
Kazakhstan	4.2	4.5	50.9	59.2	49.1		9.2		4.5		0	0
Kenya	4.2	4.5	46.3	43.3	53.7	40.8 56.7	10.3	11.3 7.3	7.3 8.0	0.3 34.0	10.9	10.8
Kiribati e	7.9	13.0	94.6	84.7	5.4	15.3	8.7	13.0	28.4	36.2	0	0
Kuwait ^e	2.5	3.8	76.0	85.4	24.0	14.6	5.5	5.6	0	0	0	0
Kyrgyzstan	4.7	6.4	44.3	53.0	55.7	47.0	12.0	11.7	9.9	12.6	10.0	70.1
Lao People's Democratic Republic®	3.3	4.3	35.1	28.3	64.9	71.7	5.8	5.9	29.2	18.8	1.2	5.0
Latvia	6.0	6.6	54.4	61.6	45.6	38.4	8.7	9.2	0.5	0	0	0
Lebanon ^r	9.9	7.4	32.6	41.9	67.4	58.1	7.9	9.5	2.3	1.2	49.0	59.7
Lesotho	7.0	9.4	51.2	74.3	48.8	25.7	6.5	10.3	3.1	27.3	0	0
Liberia	5.1	12.2	26.4	34.5	73.6	65.5	9.0	13.8	10.1	47.0	0	0
Libya e.g	3.3	3.9	57.2	66.1	42.8	33.9	6.0	5.5	0	1.0		
	0.0	0.0	01.2	30.1	12.0	00.0	0.0	0.0	U	1.0	•••	



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expenditu private exp	i-pocket ure as % of penditure on alth	plans as 9	prepaid % of private re on health	expenditur at average	oita total re on health e exchange (US\$)	expenditu	pita total re on health ^d P int. \$)	expenditu at averag	government are on health ge exchange e (US\$)	expenditu	a government are on health ^d P int. \$)	
2000	2009	2000	2009	2000	2009	2000	2009	2000	2009	2000	2009	
98.4	99.1	1.6	0.9	44	94	90	180	30	65	61	124	Djibouti
88.9	84.2	11.1	15.8	231	342	378	592	159	223	261	386	Dominica
71.9	65.7	18.7	22.5	175	279	326	507	60	115	112	210	Dominican Republic
85.3	75.4	4.8	12.0	54	321	201	692	17	112	63	241	Ecuador ^e
97.4	97.7	0.4	1.7	79	114	196	286	32	45	79	113	Egypt
94.6	87.9	5.4	12.1	177	228	367	439	80	137	166	265	El Salvador
90.9	92.1	0	0	46	804	148	1560	21	612	69	1186	Equatorial Guinea g,n
100	100	0	0	9	11	30	16	4	5	14	8	Eritrea ^g
54.1	97.4	0	1.1	250	967	596	1338	169	758	404	1049	Estonia
79.2	79.9	0.5	1.5	5	16	20	42	3	8	11	23	Ethiopia ^e
63.5	72.2	26.2	19.3	80	144	133	194	67	100	111	135	Fiji ^{e,m}
77.7	75.3	8.8	8.5	1699	4078	1853	3226	1210	3047	1320	2410	Finland
34.4	33.1	61.6	60.1	2203	4840	2546	3969	1749	3772	2021	3093	France
100	100	0	0	102	266	293	511	43	127	123	245	Gabon ⁹
53.8	48.4	2.3	3.1	19	27	59	83	6	14	20	45	Gambia
99.4	85.6	0.6	5.3	45	251	143	487	1000	56	24	108	Georgia °
55.6	56.6	40.3	40.3	2387	4723	2679	4219	1898	3630	2130	3243	Germany
64.4	66.6	10.6	6.2	12	54	45	77	6	31	22	43	Ghana
94.5	94.5	5.5	5.5	917	3015	1451	3054	550	1859	871	1883	Greece
100	97.8	0	0	339	462	514	639	177	227	267	314	Grenada e
89.7 99.5	84.3 99.4	4.2 0	4.8 0	95 21	184 25	194 44	322 60	38 4	68 2	77 8	119 5	Guatemala Guinea
		0			48			2		10		
61.4 76.5	73.9 17.9	0	0	11 54	152	63 123	91 166	45	5 83	102	10 91	Guinea-Bissau ^g Guyana ^e
69.7	47.8	0	0	26	40	61	71	7	9	102	15	Haiti
91.4	89.4	8.6	10.6	62	134	138	268	42	89	92	178	Honduras ^e
89.8	78.3	0.6	8.9	326	957	853	1510	231	667	603	1053	Hungary
100	92.3	0.0	0.5	3034	3698	2829	3577	2473	3039	2306	2940	Iceland
91.8	86.4	1.1	4.6	20	44	67	124	5	13	17	38	India
72.9	75.2	6.4	3.1	15	56	45	100	5	26	16	46	Indonesia ^e
96.2	96.6	3.6	3.2	231	287	306	728	96	118	127	299	Iran (Islamic Republic of) e.p.
100	100			34	200	77	342	<1	156	<1	267	Iraq ^{9,q}
60.8	49.1	30.9	44.2	1561	4719	1762	3761	1172	3531	1322	2814	Ireland
68.5	73.5	8.7	16.6	1457	2004	1726	2111	932	1209	1105	1274	Israel
89.1	88.8	3.2	4.5	1554	3323	2064	3071	1127	2588	1496	2392	Italy
65.0	71.0	30.0	25.6	189	228	317	379	100	126	167	210	Jamaica
80.1	82.1	12.7	12.7	2834	3754	1974	3045	2290	3090	1595	2507	Japan
74.9	77.0	5.3	18.2	169	373	305	493	81	262	147	347	Jordan e
98.6	98.8	0.2	0.2	51	326	199	514	26	193	101	305	Kazakhstan
80.4	76.7	6.6	9.3	19	36	53	75	9	15	25	33	Kenya
1.7	0.6	0	0	64	159	166	294	61	134	157	249	Kiribati ^e
93.2	90.6	6.8	9.4	488	1579	705	1671	370	1349	535	1428	Kuwait ^e
89.3	88.5	0	0	13	57	62	148	6	30	27	78	Kyrgyzstan
91.8	70.7	0	0.5	11	39	40	92	4	11	14	26	Lao People's Democratic Republic®
96.8	97.3	3.2	2.1	197	756	479	1066	107	466	261	657	Latvia
77.8	73.5	19.3	22.1	455	617	754	965	148	259	246	404	Lebanon
74.0	69.0	0	0	27	75	68	139	14	56	35	103	Lesotho
49.4	52.2	0	0	10	28	21	50	3	10	6	17	Liberia
100	100	0	0	216	427	374	722	124	282	214	478	Libya ^{e,g}



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	Total expenditure health as % of grd domestic production with the second			overnment re on health of total e on health ^b	Private ex on he as % o expenditure	ealth of total	General go expendit health a total gove expend	ture on s % of ernment	health as	sources for % of total e on health°	expend health general g	security iture on as % of overnment e on health
	2000	2009	2000	2009	2000	2009	2000	2009	2000	2009	2000	2009
Lithuania	6.5	7.5	69.7	73.4	30.3	26.6	11.6	12.6	1.7	1.1	88.3	82.9
Luxembourg	7.5	7.9	85.1	84.0	14.9	16.0	16.9	15.4	0	0	71.0	81.0
Madagascar e	3.7	4.2	66.5	64.5	33.5	35.5	15.5	14.7	20.1	15.1	0	0
Malawi	6.1	6.7	45.8	65.2	54.2	34.8	9.0	14.2	26.9	80.0	0	0
Malaysia ^e	3.1	4.6	59.0	55.7	41.0	44.3	8.0	8.4	0.7	0	0.7	0.8
Maldivese	7.1	6.4	58.5	60.7	41.5	39.3	11.3	7.9	2.7	1.1	0	1.1
Mali	6.3	5.5	32.9	47.2	67.1	52.8	8.9	10.0	7.8	26.3	0	0
Malta	6.7	8.5	72.5	64.8	27.5	35.2	12.1	12.7	0	0	0	0
Marshall Islands	22.6	18.9	88.0	84.0	12.0	16.0	21.1	19.5	33.1	51.4	35.0	9.8
Mauritania ^e	6.0	4.2	66.5	52.8	33.5	47.2	12.8	7.3	11.2	14.4	8.7	15.3
Mauritius	3.7	5.6	52.0	37.1	48.0	62.9	8.7	8.3	1.4	1.6	0	0
Mexico	5.1	6.5	46.6	48.3	53.4	51.6	16.6	11.9	1.0	0	67.6	54.6
Micronesia (Federated States of) ^e	8.1	13.4	93.9	90.7	6.1	9.3	10.9	18.9	71.5	68.9	21.4	17.6
Monaco ^g	3.2	4.2	87.1	88.0	12.9	12.0	14.2	18.5	0	0	98.1	98.7
Mongolia	5.5	5.7	81.9	54.8	18.1	45.2	10.7	8.8	28.1	4.0	24.5	37.1
Montenegro s	7.9	9.4	69.1	71.3	30.9	28.7	16.9	13.6	0	1.1	99.0	97.9
Morocco	4.2	5.2	29.4	38.8	70.6	61.2	4.0	7.2	0.5	0.2	0	22.9
Mozambique	6.0	5.4	72.4	73.1	27.6	26.9	17.0	12.2	26.2	33.6	0.3	0.4
Myanmar e,t	2.1	2.1	13.4	11.3	86.6	88.7	1.2	1.0	1.1	9.2	3.1	1.3
Namibia ^e	6.1	7.2	68.9	55.0	31.1	45.0	13.1	12.1	3.8	12.6	1.8	2.6
Nauru	12.3	11.2	81.5	68.5	18.5	31.5	11.2	9.2	10.9	39.2	0	0
Nepal®	5.2	5.5	21.7	32.0	78.3	68.0	6.5	7.7	15.9	16.4	0	4.6
Netherlands	8.0 7.6	12.0	63.1 78.0	79.0	36.9	14.3	11.4	18.4 19.8	0	0	93.9	89.7
New Zealand		10.0		83.0	22.0	17.0	15.6		7.0	12.6		11.7
Nicaragua	7.0 3.4	9.6 5.4	53.5 43.8	54.8 50.3	46.5 56.2	45.2 49.7	13.1	18.1 11.1	7.8 39.8	13.6 19.9	27.0 3.3	22.6 1.3
Niger Nigeria	4.6	6.1	33.5	35.1	66.5	64.9	4.2	5.9	16.2	5.1	0	0
Niue	7.9	17.5	98.5	99.3	1.5	0.7	6.5	15.8	4.5	60.7	0	0
Norway	8.4	9.7	82.5	84.1	17.4	15.9	16.4	17.4	0	0	17.1	14.1
Oman	3.1	3.0	81.8	78.8	18.2	21.2	7.1	5.8	0	0	0	0
Pakistan	3.0	2.2	21.2	34.8	78.8	65.2	2.3	3.3	0.8	4.4	5.8	4.1
Palau ^e	12.8	10.6	66.3	78.0	33.7	22.0	12.0	14.3	29.0	39.7	0	0
Panama	7.8	8.1	68.1	74.8	31.9	25.2	21.3	14.7	1.0	0.1	50.0	35.6
Papua New Guinea ^{e,m}	4.0	3.7	81.7	70.6	18.3	29.4	9.9	8.5	23.8	21.5	0	0
Paraguay ^e	9.4	6.6	39.9	39.0	60.1	61.0	17.7	10.4	2.8	2.6	52.4	57.0
Peru	4.7	5.3	58.7	57.7	41.3	42.3	14.9	15.9	1.1	1.0	49.5	44.5
Philippines ^e	3.2	3.6	47.6	35.1	52.4	64.9	8.4	7.1	3.5	1.0	14.7	27.5
Poland	5.5	7.4	70.0	72.3	30.0	27.7	9.4	11.9	0	0.1	82.6	83.7
Portugal	9.3	10.7	66.0	67.8	34.0	32.2	15.0	14.6	0	0	1.7	1.7
Qatar e	2.3	2.6	68.8	78.4	31.2	21.6	5.0	6.4	0	0	0	0
Republic of Korea	4.5	6.9	48.6	58.2	51.4	41.8	9.7	12.2	0	0	77.3	76.9
Republic of Moldova ^u	6.7	12.5	48.5	48.5	51.5	51.5	9.5	13.4	14.7	7.0	0	86.3
Romania	5.2	5.6	67.7	79.0	32.3	21.0	9.1	10.8	5.7	0	0	80.7
Russian Federation	5.4	5.6	59.9	63.4	40.1	36.6	12.7	8.5	0.2	0	40.3	38.7
Rwanda	4.2	10.1	39.2	48.6	60.8	51.4	8.2	20.1	52.0	49.0	6.4	3.8
Saint Kitts and Nevis ^e	5.5	5.1	60.3	49.0	39.7	51.0	9.5	5.4	5.4	1.7	0.5	0.5
Saint Lucia ^e	5.1	8.4	61.9	63.0	38.1	37.0	11.7	14.8	0.4	1.9	4.9	2.2
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines ^e	3.7	4.6	82.2	84.3	17.8	15.7	10.8	11.5	0.3	2.7	0	0
Samoa e,m	6.0	5.4	76.7	85.3	23.3	14.7	21.4	18.3	16.2	11.3	0.3	0.8



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ı	Health expen	diture ratios	a			Pe	r capita healt	th expenditu	ıresª			Member State
expenditu private exp	-pocket ire as % of penditure on alth	Private plans as % expenditure	of private	expenditur	ita total e on health e exchange (US\$)	expenditur	pita total re on health ^d int. \$)	expenditu at averag	government re on health e exchange (US\$)	expenditu	a government re on health ^d P int. \$)	
2000	2009	2000	2009	2000	2009	2000	2009	2000	2009	2000	2009	
86.2	97.3	0.3	2.4	212	836	559	1292	148	614	390	949	Lithuania
79.0	72.8	13.1	20.1	3474	8262	4011	6592	2955	6942	3412	5538	Luxembourg
52.8	68.2	10.8	15.2	9	18	30	41	6	11	20	26	Madagascar ^e
40.6	27.2	7.9	15.4	9	25	36	65	4	17	16	42	Malawi
72.2	76.8	12.5	14.7	125	316	281	629	73	176	166	350	Malaysia®
55.4	71.6	3.4	4.6	162	355	217	457	95	216	127	277	Maldives ^e
99.1	99.5	0.1	0.5	15	33	46	57	5	16	15	27	Mali
96.9	92.6	3.1	6.3	643	1668	1248	2141	466	1081	904	1387	Marta
75.2 94.5	75.2 94.5	24.8 0.6	24.8 0.6	466 24	540 38	333	392 79	410 16	454 20	293 48	329 42	Marshall Islands Mauritania
74.6	88.8	8.3	6.3	145	382	73 305	79	75	142	159	265	Mauritius
95.3	92.3	4.7	7.7	328	525	508	922	153	253	237	445	Mexico
100	97.5	0	0	170	336	213	424	160	305	200	384	Micronesia (Federated States of) e
54.3	58.2	45.7	41.8	2435	6658	2823	5932	2121	5857	2459	5219	Monaco g
66.9	92.1	0	0	22	97	90	217	18	53	74	119	Mongolia
91.1	91.0	0	0	117	621	474	1215	81	443	328	866	Montenegro s
76.6	86.3	23.4	13.7	54	152	109	241	16	59	32	93	Morocco
45.7	44.3	0	0	14	23	27	47	10	17	19	35	Mozambique
99.2	92.4	0	0	3	14	14	36	<1	2	2	4	Myanmar e,t
18.2	17.9	77.3	61.2	126	297	243	448	87	163	168	246	Namibia ^e
15.8	15.8	0	0	333	595	500	256	271	408	407	175	Nauru
91.2	72.4	0.1	0.4	11	24	42	63	2	8	9	20	Nepal®
24.3	40.3	43.0	35.7	1925	5751	2340	4881	1214	4546	1476	3858	Netherlands
69.9	62.6	28.5	29.3	1051	2702	1603	2907	820	2243	1250	2414	New Zealand
91.6	92.6	0.6	2.6	54	104	133	254	29	57	71	139	Nicaragua
80.4	84.5	9.0	4.4	5	19	17	37	2	10	7	19	Niger
92.7	95.6	5.1	3.1	17	67	60	136	6	23	20	48	Nigeria ⁹
100	100	0	0	318	1825	814	3280	313	1812	802	3257	Niue
95.8	95.2	0	0	3155	7533	3042	5353	2603	6335	2509	4502	Norway
64.4	63.5	21.3	24.0	264	520	657	826	216	410	537	651	Oman
80.6	81.9	0.2	0.4	15	20	49	57	3	7	10	20	Pakistan
71.3 81.3	40.3 80.2	28.7 18.7	43.3 19.8	802 305	854 564	1427 560	1431 1054	532 208	666 422	946 381	1115 788	Palau ^e Panama
56.0	55.9	5.5	5.5	26	44	69	85	21	31	56	60	Papua New Guinea®m
86.6	89.7	13.4	10.3	124	147	316	295	50	57	126	115	Paraguay ^e
81.3	84.7	15.0	12.1	97	236	231	466	57	136	135	269	Peru
77.2	83.6	11.1	10.6	34	66	77	133	16	23	37	47	Philippines ^e
100	80.6	0.8	2.1	247	829	583	1391	173	600	409	1006	Poland
73.2	77.8	9.6	14.0	1066	2365	1654	2690	704	1604	1092	1825	Portugal
84.5	73.3		25.5	688	1612	1517	1965	473	1264	1044	1541	Qatar ^e
80.9	77.5	9.4	12.5	508	1184	771	1879	247	689	375	1093	Republic of Korea
83.3	84.8	0	0.4	24	191	98	357	11	92	47	173	Republic of Moldova ^u
100	98.0	0	0.4	87	432	297	818	59	341	201	646	Romania
74.7	82.1	8.1	10.5	96	476	369	1043	57	302	221	661	Russian Federation
40.7	44.4	0.9	10.2	9	52	25	111	4	25	10	54	Rwanda
94.2	94.6	5.8	5.4	387	523	564	689	233	256	340	337	Saint Kitts and Nevis®
97.4	98.5	2.6	1.5	231	467	376	798	143	294	233	502	Saint Lucia ^e
100	100	0	0	137	286	234	487	113	241	192	411	Saint Vincent and the Grenadines ^e
81.6	63.0	0	0	79	154	163	234	61	132	125	200	Samoa e,m



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	health as	enditure on % of gross c product	expenditur	overnment e on health of total e on health	Private ex on h as % o expenditure	ealth of total	General go expendi health a total gov expen	ture on as % of ernment	health as	esources for % of total e on health	expend health general g	security liture on as % of overnment e on health
	2000	2009	2000	2009	2000	2009	2000	2009	2000	2009	2000	2009
San Marino	7.5	7.1	86.0	85.2	14.0	14.6	20.4	13.6	0	0	100	85.8
Sao Tome and Principe	9.5	7.2	38.1	40.1	61.9	59.9	9.0	13.2	30.7	37.9	0	0
Saudi Arabia	4.3	4.4	71.6	62.4	28.4	37.6	9.2	6.4	0	0	0	0
Senegal	4.3	5.7	36.8	54.5	63.2	45.5	8.5	11.6	17.4	14.5	8.8	4.1
Serbia s,v	7.4	10.5	70.0	61.9	30.0	38.1	13.5	13.9	1.1	1.6	92.5	93.5
Seychelles ^e	4.8	3.3	82.7	92.7	17.3	7.3	7.3	9.0	6.1	6.2	5.0	1.2
Sierra Leone e	15.6	13.9	13.2	10.5	86.8	89.5	7.4	6.4	6.2	20.1	0	0
Singapore e	2.4	4.1	51.4	36.1	48.6	63.9	6.2	8.3	0	0	4.8	16.1
Slovakia	5.5	9.1	89.4	65.7	10.6	34.3	9.4	14.5	0.9	0	98.2	89.7
Slovenia	8.3	9.3	74.0	73.4	26.0	26.6	13.1	13.8	0.2	0	93.7	89.9
Solomon Islands ^{e,m}	6.9	8.7	94.6	93.5	5.4	6.5	20.7	23.7	13.1	29.4	0	0
Somalia												
South Africa e	8.5	9.2	40.5	43.8	59.5	56.2	10.9	11.4	0.3	1.8	3.3	2.5
Spain	7.2	9.6	71.6	73.6	28.4	26.4	13.2	15.2	0	0	9.6	6.0
Sri Lanka	3.7	3.2	48.8	46.2	51.2	53.8	6.8	5.9	0.3	2.5	0.3	0.1
Sudan ^e	3.4	7.3	27.3	27.5	72.7	72.5	8.3	9.9	4.4	3.8	8.1	11.6
Suriname ®	8.0	7.5	48.8	51.0	51.2	49.0	9.7	11.9	10.9	3.0	40.7	41.7
Swaziland	5.4	6.7	56.3	66.5	43.7	33.5	10.5	10.1	5.8	11.4	0	0
Sweden	8.2	10.0	84.9	81.5	15.1	18.5	12.6	14.8	0	0	0	0
Switzerland	10.2	11.4	55.4	59.7	44.6	40.3	16.0	19.9	0	0	72.8	68.4
Syrian Arab Republic w	4.9	3.5	40.4	46.0	59.6	54.0	6.5	6.0	0.1	0.8		
Tajikistan	4.6	5.9	20.4	24.9	79.6	75.1	6.5	5.4	2.3	8.5	0	0
Thailand e	3.4	4.2	56.1	74.6	43.9	25.4	9.9	13.3	0	0.3	9.4	10.1
The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	8.8	6.9	57.5	66.5	42.5	33.5	14.8	12.5	2.8	1.4	97.4	92.9
Timor-Leste ×	8.4	11.9	74.9	66.1	25.1	33.9	12.7	7.8	55.6	36.0	0	0
Togo	4.7	7.4	31.1	43.0	68.9	57.0	8.5	15.4	6.5	13.6	11.7	6.5
Tonga e,I,m	6.1	4.6	70.7	79.3	29.3	20.7	13.3	11.4	22.3	11.6	0	0
Trinidad and Tobago	3.9	5.8	43.0	60.6	57.0	39.4	5.8	9.6	6.8	0.3	0	0
Tunisia ^e	6.0	6.4	54.9	54.9	45.1	45.1	8.1	10.7	0.9	1.2	28.9	48.4
Turkey	4.9	6.7	62.9	75.1	37.1	24.9	9.8	12.8	0.1	0	55.5	60.1
Turkmenistan ^{9,y}	4.0	2.5	79.6	59.2	20.4	40.8	13.7	9.9	1.4	0.2	6.5	6.5
Tuvalu ^{e,m}	10.9	14.3	99.8	84.7	0.2	0.1	5.0	10.0	44.0	15.2	0	0
Uganda ^e	6.6	8.5	26.8	21.8	73.2	78.2	7.3	13.6	28.3	20.4	0	0
Ukraine	5.6	7.8	51.8	55.0	48.2	45.0	8.4	8.9	0.5	0.5	0	0.5
United Arab Emirates	2.6	4.4	65.1	76.9	34.9	23.1	7.6	8.8	0	0	0	0
United Kingdom	7.0	9.8	79.2	84.1	20.8	15.9	15.1	16.0	0	0	0	0
United Republic of Tanzania®	3.4	5.5	43.4	66.1	56.6	33.9	10.2	12.9	27.8	53.4	0	3.3
United States of America	13.4	17.6	43.2	47.7	56.8	52.3	17.1	19.6	0	0	33.5	86.4
Uruguay	8.5	8.4	72.3	65.3	27.7	34.7	20.5	20.2	0	0	27.4	57.9
Uzbekistan	5.7	5.9	44.1	45.3	55.9	54.7	6.0	8.0	6.2	0.9	0	0
Vanuatu ^{e,m}	3.6	4.9	76.6	89.8	23.4	10.2	10.5	16.4	2.5	23.3	0	0
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	5.7	6.0	41.5	40.0	58.5	60.0	8.0	8.6	0.7	0	34.6	30.8
Viet Nam	5.3	6.9	30.9	37.5	69.1	62.5	6.6	7.8	2.6	3.0	19.7	36.0
Yemen ^e	4.5	5.5	53.8	26.5	46.2	73.5	8.3	4.3	8.0	5.3	0	0
Zambia	5.7	6.2	51.3	58.6	48.7	41.4	9.4	15.7	17.8	38.5	0	0
Zimbabwe												



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	Health expen	diture ratios	a	Per capita total Per capita total					resa			Member State
Out-of	f-pocket ure as % of	Private	prepaid 6 of private		ita total e on health	Per cap	oita total e on health	Per capita		Per capita g		
private exp	penditure on		e on health	at average	exchange		int. \$)	at average	e exchange (US\$)	(PPP i		
2000	2009	2000	2009	2000	2009	2000	2009	2000	2009	2000	2009	
	1		1			ı	1		1			One Made
95.9	96.4	4.1	3.6	2158	3864	2466	2838	1855	3291	2120	2417	San Marino
80.7 66.7	75.3 52.3	10.4	0 31.7	52 400	93 608	304 767	144 964	20 287	37 379	116 550	58 602	Sao Tome and Principe Saudi Arabia
91.6	78.5	7.1	17.9	21	60	59	106	8	32	22	58	Senegal
84.2	92.2	0	1.9	60	576	432	1162	42	357	302	719	Serbia s,v
99.0	67.7	0	23.0	377	301	803	712	311	279	664	660	Seychelles ^e
94.9	89.5	0.6	1.0	24	45	59	110	3	5	8	12	Sierra Leone ®
94.5	85.5	0	11.9	580	1531	822	2111	298	553	422	762	Singapore e
89.2	89.4	0	0	208	1474	604	2084	186	968	540	1369	Slovakia
44.1	48.7	51.0	46.9	830	2231	1450	2551	614	1638	1073	1873	Slovenia
54.2	54.2	0	0	48	102	91	227	46	95	86	213	Solomon Islands e,m
												Somalia
25.0	29.6	69.9	66.1	251	521	564	930	102	228	228	407	South Africa e
83.1	76.1	13.7	20.3	1040	3032	1537	3067	745	2232	1101	2258	Spain
83.3	82.5	2.6	4.9	32	65	101	149	16	30	49	69	Sri Lanka
90.9	96.2	2.7	1.0	12	94	42	159	3	26	11	44	Sudan®
44.0	21.9	0.8	16.7	152	467	350	567	74	238	171	289	Suriname ^e
42.4	42.1	18.9	18.8	75	169	195	336	42	112	110	223	Swaziland
91.1	90.1	0	1.2	2280	4347	2286	3722	1935	3543	1941	3033	Sweden
74.0	75.7	23.8	21.9	3519	7185	3210	5105	1951	4290	1779	3049	Switzerland
100	100			59	95	163	182	24	44	66	84	Syrian Arab Republic w
99.0	90.3	0	0.1	6	44	40	123	1	11	8	31	Tajikistan
76.9	59.6	12.8	28.5	66	160	165	327	37	119	93	244	Thailand ^e
99.2	99.1	0	0	157	311	520	763	90	207	299	508	The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia
30.9	25.6	0	0	32	65	64	103	24	43	48	68	Timor-Leste *
86.6	84.2	5.4	4.3	13	41	36	74	4	18	11	32	Togo
77.5	67.8	10.6	17.9	91	142	162	207	65	113	115	164	Tonga e.l.m
86.3	81.8	7.1	14.7	245	848	479	1465	105	514	206	888	Trinidad and Tobago
80.3	87.0	17.9	11.2	122	243	291	479	67	133	160	263	Tunisia ^e
74.6	64.4	11.8	7.3	205	575	454	957	129	432	286	719	Turkey
100	100	0	0	45	92	83	181	36	55	66	107	Turkmenistan ^{g,y}
100	100	0	0	161	396	226	382	161	335	225	323	Tuvalu ^{e,m}
56.7	63.6	0.1	0.2	16	44	46	118	4	10	12	26	Uganda e
91.4	93.3	1.1	2.0	36	200	184	495	19	110	95	273	Ukraine
77.0	73.3	11.4	15.7	885	1704	1019	1956	577	1311	664	1505	United Arab Emirates
64.7	62.0	7.8	6.5	1759	3440	1828	3438	1393	2895	1447	2893	United Kingdom
83.5	41.7	4.5	10.1	10	27	25	73	4	18	11	48	United Republic of Tanzania®
25.5	23.4	60.3	62.7	4703	7960	4703	7960	2032	3795	2032	3795	United States of America
67.7	40.0	32.3	60.0	584	787	719	1099	422	514	520	718	Uruguay
97.0	81.4	10.7	16.3	32	73	120	177	14	33	36	100	Uzbekistan
71.6	56.7	10.7	20.6	52	123	120	210	40	110	92	188	Vanuatu ^{e,m}
90.9 95.6	90.6 92.7	3.2	3.4	274 21	688 77	482	734 204	114	275 29	200	294	Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)
95.6	98.6	2.2	1.3	25	63	74 89	139	14	17	23 48	76 37	Viet Nam Yemen ^e
80.4	67.4	0.9	3.7	18	63	52	90	9	37	27	53	Zambia
												Zimbabwe
												ZIIIIDUDWG



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Ranges of country values

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Minimum	1.9	2.1	1.1	8.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	1	0	0	0	0
Median	5.8	6.6	57.6	61	42.4	39	9.9	11.4	5.4	7	24.8	26.8
Maximum	22.6	18.9	99.8	99.3	98.9	91.8	21.7	30.6	71.5	80	100	98.7
WHO region												
African Region	5.5	6.5	43.9	49.3	56.1	50.7	8.2	9.6	6.5	10.2	7.9	7.0
Region of the Americas	11.4	14.4	45.1	49.3	54.9	50.7	14.5	16.9	0.1	0.1	31.7	72.0
South-East Asia Region	3.7	3.8	31.9	37.1	68.9	62.9	4.4	4.9	0.9	1.6	13.3	14.4
European Region	8.0	9.3	73.9	74.9	26.1	24.8	14.0	14.6	0.1	0.1	52.2	49.5
Eastern Mediterranean Region	4.2	4.7	47.2	50.9	52.8	49.1	6.9	7.1	1.0	1.1	18.4	19.4
Western Pacific Region	6.0	6.5	63.9	64.4	36.1	35.6	13.8	14.4	0.2	0.2	68.1	68.6
Income group												
Low income	4.2	4.9	36.2	38.9	63.8	61.1	8.0	8.5	14.1	25.7	2.1	3.6
Lower middle income	4.2	4.4	33.6	39.0	66.4	61.0	4.9	5.5	2.5	2.4	14.7	15.0
Upper middle income	5.5	6.1	48.1	54.8	51.9	45.1	9.3	10.5	0.5	0.2	39.9	45.7
High income	9.9	12.5	59.5	61.9	40.5	38.0	15.3	17.1	0.0	0.0	47.1	65.2
Global	8.2	9.4	56.3	59.1	43.7	40.8	13.3	14.3	0.3	0.4	45.1	59.5

- a Global health expenditure database. Geneva, World Health Organization, February 2012 (latest updates are available at: http://www.who.int/nha/country/en/index.html). All the indicators refer to expenditures by financing agent except "external resources for health" which is a financing source. WHO regional, income-group and global aggregates are calculated using Purchasing Power Parity (PPP) terms. When the number is smaller than 0.05% the percentage may appear as zero. For per capita expenditure indicators, this is represented as <1. In countries where the fiscal year begins in July, expenditure data have been allocated to the later calendar year (for example, 2008 data will cover the fiscal year 2007–08), unless otherwise stated for the country. Absolute values of expenditures are expressed in nominal terms (current prices). National currency unit per US\$ is calculated using the average exchange rates for the year. For 2008, the use of yearly average exchange rates (compared to year-end exchange rates) may not fully reflect the impact of the global financial crisis.</p>
- b In some cases, the sum of general government and private expenditures on health may not add up to 100% because of rounding.
- ^c Care needs to be taken in interpreting external resource figures. Most are taken from the OECD DAC/CRS database except where a reliable full national health account study has been conducted. The figures show disbursements to recipient countries as reported by donors, with a lag of one year to account for the delay between disbursement and expenditure. Prior to 2002, disbursement data are not available and commitments are used instead.
- d For each country, the PPP value resulting from the 2005 International comparison project estimated by the World Bank has been used. For countries where this is not available, PPP values have been estimated by WHO.

- ^e A new basis for these estimates was provided by new NHA reports, surveys, National Accounts series, accessed information and/or country consultations.
- Non-profit institutions such as nongovernmental organizations (NGOs) that provide support to households are accounted for in "external assistance" and recorded under government expenditure. Gross domestic product (GDP) includes both licit and illicit GDPs (for example, opium). Government expenditures include external assistance (external budget).
- ^g Some estimates should be viewed with caution as these are derived from scarce data.
- h About 30% of the expenditure in residential facilities for care of the aged has a health purpose, but this is difficult to estimate routinely, and is thus not included under health at present. Such health-purpose expenditure was about US\$ 2.1 billion in 2005–06 or 0.2% of GDP. The data for 2007 correspond to the fiscal year 2007–08 starting on 1 July 2007. All 2008 entries are WHO estimates unless otherwise specified.
- Adjustments for currency change (from old to new manat) were made for the entire Azerbaijan series starting from World Health Statistics 2008.
- $^{\rm I}$ From 2003 onwards, the basic information used changed from national accounts to NHA.
- k A huge increase in external-resource health expenditure has been reported by national sources.
- Fiscal year starts in July and expenditure data have been allocated to the later calendar year (i.e. 2008 data cover the fiscal year 2007–08).
- $^{\scriptscriptstyle \rm m}$ Assumption made that all external funding was channelled through government.

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1	Health expen	diture ratios	S ^a			Pe	r capita healt	h expenditu	res ^a			Member State
expenditu private exp	-pocket ure as % of penditure on alth	plans as 9	prepaid % of private re on health	expenditur at average	oita total re on health e exchange (US\$)	expenditur	pita total re on health ^d int. \$)	expenditu	government re on health e exchange (US\$)		government e on health ^d int. \$)	
2000	2009	2000	2009	2000	2009	2000	2009	2000	2009	2000	2009	
				I								
1.7	0.6	0	0	3	11	11	16	<1	2	<1	4	Minimum
81.3	80.6	7.5	9.4	106	292	266	483	66	160	157	271	Median
100	100	77.3	66.1	4703	8262	4703	7960	2955	6942	3412	5538	Maximum
56.7	61.6	35.1	29.0	35	82	88	157	15	41	39	77	African Region
					3187							-
33.0 89.0	31.2 84.4	54.6 2.3	56.8 5.2	1851 19	48	1987 62	3346 120	829 6	1566 19	896 20	1648 44	Region of the Americas South-East Asia Region
68.5	69.7	21.5	21.2	937	2204	1215	2218	706	1677	898	1661	European Region
88.2	88.2	5.4	7.7	937	175	173	324	45	96	82	165	Eastern Mediterranean Region
86.1	78.6	7.2	9.8	289	516	296	614	210	361	189	395	Western Pacific Region
												_
83.8	78.4	1.3	2.1	11	25	29	59	4	10	10	23	Low income
90.0	87.8	2.5	4.3	24	62	75	144	8	25	25	56	Lower middle income
79.5	75.1	15.7	16.9	116	326	242	565	55	177	117	309	Upper middle income
38.7	37.0	48.6	50.8	2567	4692	2662	4504	1524	2946	1583	2788	High income
50.5	50.2	38.7	38.9	485	900	568	990	280	549	320	584	Global

n Increases in government expenditure on health are due to investment in capital expenditures.

- As a result of recent health-care reforms in Georgia, public compulsory insurance has since 2007 been implemented by private insurance companies. The voucher cost of this insurance is treated as general government health expenditure.
- $^{\rm p}\,$ Exchange rate changed in 2002 from multiple to a managed floating exchange rate. Inter-bank market rate used prior to 2002.
- $\ensuremath{^{\mathrm{q}}}$ The estimates do not include expenditures for Northern Iraq.
- r Social Security expenditures include expenditures by three public schemes (National Social Security Funds; Civil servants cooperative; and Mutual funds).
- After the declaration of independence on 3 June 2006, Serbia and Montenegro are now separate states. Health expenditures for the previous years have been estimated separately for each of the two countries.
- ^t The market exchange rate is used to estimate the per capita figures.
- ^u The health expenditure data as well as the population data after 2000 do not include Transdniestria. Data on GDP and private final consumption expenditure exclude Transdniestria from 1995.
- Y The estimates do not include the expenditures of the provinces of Kosovo and Metohia, which are under the administration of the United Nations.
- The exchange rate used for the Syrian Arab Republic is the rate for non-commercial transactions from the Central Bank of Syria.
- × GDP does not include the income from petroleum. The country became independent in

- 2002. However, NHA estimates have been produced for previous years based on the available macro data. Until 2007, the fiscal year ended in June. There was then a transition period in the second quarter of 2007 during which the fiscal year was aligned with the calendar year. Expenditure data have been allocated exceptionally to the previous calendar year (i.e. 2005 data cover the fiscal year 2005–06).
- y On 1 January 2009 Turkmenistan introduced the new manat ISO code TMT. The exchange rate between the old and the new currency is 1 TMT = 5000 TMM. The entire health-expenditure series has been adjusted.



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Expenditure on health is about **WHO BUYS HEALTH CARE**. Households are the main private sector actor. Other private sector actors include non-profit institutions, private insurances, and enterprises.

Expenditures on health are financed by domestic resources (government funds and private sector funds), and by funding from abroad (external resources). This is about **WHO FUNDS HEALTH CARE**. Funding from abroad is the sum of resources made available by all non-resident institutional units, which are used for payments of health goods and services.

PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE IN US\$ (constant 2010 US\$) illustrates the trends on spending per person in constant US\$, since 1995, in total expenditure on health, and for two purchasers of health care, government¹ and households. The trends are adjusted to only show the real change in expenditure, and correct for fluctuations due to inflation (data is in constant 2010 US\$). The last year of the series can be compared to the average value, for that year, of expenditures on health by countries belonging to the same geographical² and income³ group as the selected country (square marks).

GOVERNMENT RESOURCES ALLOCATED TO HEALTH highlights efforts by government⁴ to allocate resources to health as compared to their total spending envelope. Two trends are shown: allocation of total expenditure going to health (blue line) and allocation of expenditure only funded out of domestic resources - before receiving aid – going to health (red bars).

GENERAL GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURE ON HEALTH AS SHARE (%) OF GDP is a set of 3 graphs that describes aspects of the fiscal context of countries and situates them within their geographical and income group. The first graph describes government's realized capacity to spend in any given year (General government expenditure % GDP); the second graph highlights the allocative decision by governments to spend on health (General government expenditure on health % General government expenditure); and the third graph is the product of the first two graphs and evaluates general government expenditure on health in terms of country's income (% GDP).

¹ Government is the sum of outlays for health maintenance, restoration or enhancement paid for in cash or supplied in kind by government entities, such as the Ministry of Health, other ministries, parastatal organizations, social security agencies (without double-counting the government transfers to social security and to extra-budgetary funds). Includes transfer payments to households to offset medical care costs and extra-budgetary funds to finance health services and goods. The revenue base of these entities may comprise multiple sources, including external funds.

² WHO regions link

³ World Bank income groups <u>link</u>

⁴ Government expenditures (total or for health) include expenditure by government entities, such as the Ministry of Health, other ministries, parastatal organizations, and social security agencies. It includes all compulsory health insurance (including private insurances that are publicly mandated and funded through compulsory contributions).

