00:00:00.000 --> 00:00:14.340

Yu, Zhiming

I have the third tab here on. What is your prediction data dashboard and under data compilation you have the documentations needed for Social Security inquiry, including the manuals that we're updating and adapting for the online version.

00:00:15.020 --> 00:00:25.410

Yu, Zhiming

Right now the online version is available in three languages and we we intend to translate it into more languages, for example Portuguese in the very near future.

00:00:26.430 --> 00:00:56.840

Yu, Zhiming

So with that I I finished my part on the social secret inquiry. Now I will show a little bit of what variables and indicators goes to the words are protection database. Right now we have 151 variables indicators and then it's increased it. Keep growing and whenever we have analysis and we want to store in the words of production database. So right now we probably have 170 or even more with the.

00:00:57.180 --> 00:01:15.850

Yu, Zhiming

As we are producing a vertical report that include raw data include intermediate variables, the final results and then also order a, let's say server variables are some indicators the worst reputation database has the following structure.

00:01:16.770 --> 00:01:27.500

Yu, Zhiming

It is divided in a 3 level of information, the first one being the country where we have demographic information, for example population.

00:01:28.330 --> 00:01:38.950

Yu, Zhiming

On labor market information, for example, labor force to 1st we have data from the UN WP United Nations World population prospective.

00:01:40.370 --> 00:01:46.940

```
Yu, Zhiming
```

Add the labor force comes from idle stat where we also connect to the source to get all the informations.

00:01:47.640 --> 00:02:03.040

Yu, Zhiming

To macroeconomic information GDP GDP per capita that comes forward bank Wi-Fi my depending I'm F or social protection data. For example, our ready calculated effective coverage by country or by region.

00:02:04.840 --> 00:02:34.380

Yu, Zhiming

In term of scheme, as we presented the exercise structure that ICE I format, ultimately the data is stored as well in the water separation database, but then the database per say is not accessible, but I society is accessible. So whenever you want to have a pre few minutes aside because you want to start a collection, we can just tell us and then we will give you access to access it online where you can have all the countries order service in one place.

00:02:35.850 --> 00:02:50.050

Yu, Zhiming

The schema information include those variable we just see for example some meta data including the names or the instruction azatian. Some key characteristic of features. For example the functions or branch covered by each scheme.

00:02:50.940 --> 00:02:59.140

Yu, Zhiming

The coverage, for example contributors or beneficiaries number of them off, well scheme and then expenditure and revenue information.

00:03:00.420 --> 00:03:25.390

Yu, Zhiming

As we have seen beneath every scheme, there are many benefits and then for every benefits they are variables or indication related as well. We have names retirement age 4, different benefits between the ODI within one single data scheme. We have the coverage information such as weather Publishing Group covered as well. Again number of contributing beneficiaries per benefit.

00:03:26.130 --> 00:03:31.550 Yu, Zhiming And then expenditure for every benefit. And of course live on duration of the benefit.

00:03:33.050 --> 00:03:38.180 Yu, Zhiming Right now the water Surge protection database are covering all Aiello regions.

00:03:38.830 --> 00:04:08.610

Yu, Zhiming

For example, a well not, for example, is actually Africa, Americas, Asian Pacific State. You're in Central Asia, and then we're moving on SDG regions which is already partially covered, but not on all the aggregates. So we have the key information for all IO regions and the right now. Also, I'm quite often for the subregions and next we want to include more regions and then also more country groups. For example, right now we have pallop and they Casa.

00:04:09.060 --> 00:04:16.500

Yu, Zhiming

Uh, as country groups and next we want to produce the data and aggregate for as Ian G20 breaks etc.

00:04:17.790 --> 00:04:47.820

Yu, Zhiming

We have 214 countries and territories included in the worship take database ways different, lesser degree, availability of information. But then ISIS I covers, I believe around 180 countries. Ice aside together with SS country profiles they cover around 200 countries. Then in the next coming months we are adding more indicators, disaggregated by ***.

00:04:48.080 --> 00:04:55.860 Yu, Zhiming More tables to download and then updated original estimates as well, and then we did it right now so.

00:04:57.010 --> 00:05:25.840

Yu, Zhiming

As I said, the database ages are coded database and right now it's a host it on the island violent, which we don't have direct access to due to the lockdown letter. Each one is a city in our home, but we managed to display the dashboards which is the visual side of the database without the information and we want to display and then we think this relevant for the public.

00:05:27.340 --> 00:05:28.320 Yu, Zhiming I will go there.

00:05:29.830 --> 00:05:36.340 Yu, Zhiming So we I think for some of you you have you already familiar with the data dashboards.

00:05:36.950 --> 00:05:45.930

Yu, Zhiming

Which is in this format here. So we have the data, but Dashboard info reports type, global country Maps and table.

00:05:46.890 --> 00:05:51.170 Yu, Zhiming For the first two global and country, we displayed a set of graphs.

00:05:52.340 --> 00:05:58.820 Yu, Zhiming With the most relevant indicators. For example, the bank card information. Effective coverage.

00:05:59.530 --> 00:06:07.980

Yu, Zhiming

Impost in dots and then in bar charts we have small map. We have the legal coverage by function and by 6.

00:06:08.930 --> 00:06:10.840 Yu, Zhiming We have the expenditure data.

00:06:11.630 --> 00:06:13.450 Yu, Zhiming In this case, this is for word.

00:06:14.530 --> 00:06:19.040 Yu, Zhiming And then we have a developer social protection programs by policy area as well.

00:06:20.660 --> 00:06:27.790

Yu, Zhiming

So here you can see this information available not only for word. By for all dial or regions.

00:06:28.740 --> 00:06:32.980 Yu, Zhiming It's important to click and change to see information for other region.

00:06:34.530 --> 00:06:47.320

Yu, Zhiming

So this as you can see, we're connecting dots. Here we can see all this information coming from different sources in the workshop production database through our agreement and data exchange with other agencies.

00:06:47.910 --> 00:06:48.690 Yu, Zhiming And then.

00:06:49.400 --> 00:06:58.340

Yu, Zhiming

Some information were produced in ourselves, for example effective coverage which is calculated using the ICSI data as a basis.

00:06:58.990 --> 00:07:03.970 Yu, Zhiming The legal coverage which is using the ether information as a basis.

00:07:05.890 --> 00:07:16.320

Yu, Zhiming

The expenditure information which is using integrating both ISIS I information information and I for my or what bank data and also national sources.

00:07:17.090 --> 00:07:21.120 Yu, Zhiming And send it implements or protection program by policy. Error is also an.

00:07:21.730 --> 00:07:24.980 Yu, Zhiming And our sources, based on ESET under national sources.

00:07:26.030 --> 00:07:26.670 Yu, Zhiming So.

00:07:27.430 --> 00:07:30.770 Yu, Zhiming This is the word and dashboard.

00:07:31.910 --> 00:07:33.680 Yu, Zhiming We can also go to the.

00:07:34.360 --> 00:07:41.630

Yu, Zhiming

Country dashboard and this case we are in Cape Verde. We have a little more of background information.

00:07:43.430 --> 00:07:50.150 Yu, Zhiming We have to fit your coverage and rates by different functions. This is the latest data.

00:07:50.980 --> 00:08:00.360

Yu, Zhiming

We have the public social expenditure as well along with the time series of expenditure in the in the last years and then the legal card information.

00:08:01.060 --> 00:08:11.540

Yu, Zhiming

We have an extra two small tables on the ratification of ILO Social Security conventions so you can go to any other countries and see what our convention ratified.

00:08:12.810 --> 00:08:18.890 Yu, Zhiming And then what are the programs that are existent anchor international legislation?

00:08:20.210 --> 00:08:24.820 Yu, Zhiming I will risk the Internet connection and then let's see the case Algeria.

00:08:26.550 --> 00:08:27.580 Yu, Zhiming 'cause he was the most.

00:08:33.270 --> 00:08:38.850

Yu, Zhiming Yes, I think the each day it went OK. So for Algeria we have.

00:08:40.650 --> 00:08:46.030 Yu, Zhiming All the branches or all the areas that have at least a scheme and coin adulation.

00:08:46.960 --> 00:08:50.240

Yu, Zhiming We don't have to effective coverage for Algeria yet.

00:08:50.930 --> 00:08:57.230 Yu, Zhiming We have to population 100% of population affiliated to a social house protection program.

00:08:59.090 --> 00:09:12.540

Yu, Zhiming

And then we don't have any conclusion. Ratified bulge area in this case, and so this is a very quickly how to use it. So you can always go to any country, look for the latest rates, look for the legal coverage.

00:09:13.780 --> 00:09:14.530 Yu, Zhiming And then. 00:09:16.050 --> 00:09:20.030 Yu, Zhiming 40 That's original analysis. We can also go.

00:09:20.750 --> 00:09:21.690 Yu, Zhiming To the.

00:09:22.520 --> 00:09:23.150 Yu, Zhiming Maps

00:09:24.090 --> 00:09:28.180 Yu, Zhiming so here, and this is actually the same changing.

00:09:28.980 --> 00:09:52.700

Yu, Zhiming

It is called Microsoft Power BI. It is, let's say, a relatively easier to use tool and that the prefix uni and some colleagues in the sort of attention partement receive the training back to 2018 and then since then we have been using this tool to generate to integrate with our database and then to generate both the dashboard and different digraphs.

00:09:53.950 --> 00:09:54.910 Yu, Zhiming Procedes free.

00:09:56.590 --> 00:10:02.790 Yu, Zhiming So here on the word, we could for example, let's go to the Americas.

00:10:06.790 --> 00:10:08.450 Yu, Zhiming So we can zoom in.

00:10:09.160 --> 00:10:23.430

Yu, Zhiming

Their map into the Americas, so we're showing only the American countries, and then we can choose different indicators. For example, total population. Or you can see where we have best coverage, and then we have a lesser extent of coverage.

00:10:24.480 --> 00:10:27.420 Yu, Zhiming And then we can change the indicator to see children as well.

00:10:28.500 --> 00:10:29.170 Yu, Zhiming Here.

00:10:30.610 --> 00:10:34.720 Yu, Zhiming Or we can go to let me see unemployment, which could be interesting. 00:10:36.890 --> 00:10:56.440

Yu, Zhiming

And then, as you can see here. So I this is a coverage of unemployed 50 coverage for unemployment. So this is can be a quite interesting and powerful tool for your advocacy and outreach work. And then you can always just take it Home printer page into a PDF and then take it with you.

00:10:58.610 --> 00:11:02.590 Yu, Zhiming We have also the ratification map here.

00:11:03.180 --> 00:11:04.670 Yu, Zhiming Along with all the indicators.

00:11:07.290 --> 00:11:16.300

Yu, Zhiming

And see if we can see that Latin America is doing much better than Northern America in term of ratification, file or conventions.

00:11:17.820 --> 00:11:32.520

Yu, Zhiming

Here we have for example Brazil that has ratified Commission 102 and at least another up-to-date convention, and then we have, uh, Parkway, which is easy way on C. One or two but still not have any convention ratified.

00:11:34.880 --> 00:11:35.720 Yu, Zhiming Then

00:11:36.840 --> 00:11:50.930

Yu, Zhiming

in case that format is over straightforward. If you have a very data or quantity, I hear the data also displayed in the tables, so we have the ratification of ILO Social Security Convention that we just see for all the countries at once.

00:11:52.900 --> 00:11:57.730 Yu, Zhiming Of course we can pick a section as well. For instance in Americas.

00:11:59.430 --> 00:12:17.620

Yu, Zhiming

So here I have all the American countries here with different replication to have. So you have a little bit more detailed in in terms of information and then we know like Brazil and summing it a map, they just see one or two and another after Darren Freaky Convention. But here we have already by branch.

00:12:18.550 --> 00:12:38.800

Yu, Zhiming

So this it is pretty much the same structure we have been using since the last word, Sir protection report. Just this time is online easier to maintain. Its alive, easier to update and then of course easy to navigate. So you have one place you can just focus on one or the other region and then choose different countries.

00:12:39.520 --> 00:12:41.170 Yu, Zhiming So there's a convenience of this tool.

00:12:42.680 --> 00:12:53.150

Yu, Zhiming

So an ICM showing the tables and I multiplied to say that the the words between database, specially part of tables will perform as.

00:12:53.810 --> 00:13:00.900 Yu, Zhiming So Alex is a statistic antics that we had before. Of course we still have a lot of work to do.

00:13:01.540 --> 00:13:07.620

Yu, Zhiming

To reach a, let's take to reach the good state of the information, both in terms of static and then integrationist.

00:13:09.040 --> 00:13:30.400

Yu, Zhiming

And then here, uh, if you remember, like in the previous word search petition report, we have almost half a report will be done and Alex is displaying the key feature of such addictive programs. In this case this example is old age pension benefits. So here we don't have any age restriction. So when displaying.

00:13:31.100 --> 00:13:35.480 Yu, Zhiming And this is a is a mapping of the Social Security schemes.

00:13:36.230 --> 00:13:37.880 Yu, Zhiming In this table for Monk.

00:13:38.690 --> 00:13:40.420 Yu, Zhiming We have for example.

00:13:42.100 --> 00:13:52.490

Yu, Zhiming Australia that has a mandatory occupational pension together with a so called Universal program and then we have the contribution from the different parties.

00:13:53.610 --> 00:13:55.330 Yu, Zhiming Let me zoom in this little bit.

00:13:56.640 --> 00:14:04.520

Yu, Zhiming

For example, from the insured person from the employer, from government from self employed, and then also retirement age which you can see it's different.

00:14:05.080 --> 00:14:05.720 Yu, Zhiming Bye.

00:14:06.380 --> 00:14:07.850 Yu, Zhiming Every ski.

00:14:09.080 --> 00:14:13.480 Yu, Zhiming So we don't have any limitation numbers of schemes of benefit to. We can put Venice.

00:14:14.150 --> 00:14:19.440 Yu, Zhiming Then you can quickly jump to another country, another region, alternative function.

00:14:21.720 --> 00:14:22.390 Yu, Zhiming So.

00:14:23.080 --> 00:14:27.050 Yu, Zhiming With that, and as we we have, uh.

00:14:27.680 --> 00:14:32.960 Yu, Zhiming Alder dashboards as well. We have the social protection monitor on Cova 19 crisis.

00:14:34.600 --> 00:15:03.930

Yu, Zhiming

As a side dashboard and then we are still doing a lot of improvement on the this dashboard and other ones. For example, we recently translated and launch the expanded version and then we tend to do the French version and then coming up the Portuguese version pass as well to have all these features included. So there're lot for their. They require action, larger maintenance work that we need certainly to count. With your help both on the data update size.

00:15:04.180 --> 00:15:08.380 Yu, Zhiming Side and then also on the feedback and the use of the tool in your daily work.

00:15:10.960 --> 00:15:17.150 Yu, Zhiming So with that I think I can conclude my part of the presentation. Let me know if I'm in doubt.

00:15:18.220 --> 00:15:21.350 Yu, Zhiming Uh, let me see if I have anything to compliment.

00:15:22.980 --> 00:15:49.900

Yu, Zhiming

Yes, it's important to say that we had a very recent uptick in terms of data, so right now the dashboards until the publication of the words are protection report. The data will have constant update, so don't be surprised if the data changed from night today, but we will. We will tell you so

here and we want to also, for example add small message saying when was the latest update after data Dashboard.

00:15:53.080 --> 00:15:56.460 Yu, Zhiming OK, so with that I have my presentation.

00:15:57.350 --> 00:15:57.840 Yu, Zhiming So.

00:15:58.860 --> 00:16:05.000 Yu, Zhiming I will yes stop sharing my screen and will ask you if I had a question on my part.

00:15:59.000 --> 00:16:00.050 Razavi, Shahrashoub OK, great.

00:16:09.880 --> 00:16:31.810

Razavi, Shahrashoub

Sorry, calling just to say is. I mean this was a real tool. The box I don't know how much you covered in very limited amount of time, so colleagues if you have any questions you would like to ask the mean, we can take a few minutes for those questions. If you put your hand up or just come in and unmute yourself and ask your question.

00:16:32.630 --> 00:16:33.560 Razavi, Shahrashoub Please do so.

00:16:44.020 --> 00:16:46.420 Yu, Zhiming Of course we can leave the question to the end as well.

00:16:49.400 --> 00:16:59.190 Duran Valverde, Fabio So that's another option. In that way we we we can give the space to do to the colleague because we're we're running late with with the time.

00:16:52.790 --> 00:16:53.400 Yu, Zhiming Yes.

00:16:57.940 --> 00:17:05.850 Razavi, Shahrashoub OK, maybe just because that has one question. I do want to ask since we did ask for a question, may be sad. You want to come in and ask your question and then we move on.

00:17:06.250 --> 00:17:06.720 Yu, Zhiming Yes. 00:17:07.710 --> 00:17:13.780 Gilani, Saad Thank you Sarah, and thank you some in fabulous congratulations on this really good achievement.

00:17:15.240 --> 00:17:35.390 Gilani, Saad

Pakistan we were lacking the data on social protection and just recently since last year we have started working with the comment to develop dashboard on SDG. One point 3.1 and now we are almost completing it and the first report will be launched before June 2021.

00:17:36.890 --> 00:18:01.130

Gilani, Saad

Now looking at this data that you are producing and maybe there are some additional requirements I just ask, will there be an opportunity where we can link you up with our national counterparts so that you can see what they're producing and what is lacking in what you require in your dashboard? So if there is some letting lacking data, we can then cover for that. Thank you very much.

00:17:43.190 --> 00:17:43.530 Schwarzer, Helmut No.

00:18:10.790 --> 00:18:11.610 Duran Valverde, Fabio To Terra.

00:18:17.220 --> 00:18:19.250 Razavi, Shahrashoub Fab, you want to come in or is it mean?

00:18:21.830 --> 00:18:42.980 Duran Valverde, Fabio Now I think that's that's great that you are progressing with this exercise on data collection etc. So let's discuss how we can collaborate with you. I think the most important is that the OH exercises the control level that we can have a where in the same patient terms of the methodology etc.

00:18:37.540 --> 00:18:37.960 Schwarzer, Helmut So.

00:18:44.830 --> 00:19:00.640 Duran Valverde, Fabio Yeah, and then you use exactly the same framework. I think that this is the framework intensive, the metadata definitions, etc. This is very clear, is well established, is the. This is the only official the unique official you know set of.

00:19:02.400 --> 00:19:22.020

Duran Valverde, Fabio

An meta data and methodology for Edu 1.31 point 8.1 because we are the custodians and everything that is out there is following our methodology's so this is not just I love it already, but the UN methodology for reporting SDS.

00:19:23.590 --> 00:19:46.100

Duran Valverde, Fabio

Anything also tell you that we are now developing a new airport and we are producing guide on how to develop national social protection systems. This is part of the effort we're we're doing. We have the thing working action Portugal project with together with the support the Ilysm and list. Yeah and.

00:19:47.640 --> 00:20:06.340 Duran Valverde, Fabio

Government sorry, assisting on the production of this important tool that in the future will allow us to to work more at the country level development systems and creating the ordinations antibodies in charge of consolidated data in the data reporting, etc. Thank you.

00:20:06.820 --> 00:20:11.810 Razavi, Shahrashoub OK great. I also see that Veronica has a question. Veronica, please coming.

00:20:13.380 --> 00:20:40.820

Wodsak, Veronika

M Yes, just very quickly. I mean one of the most frequent comments. I think that we got from our reviewers of the world. Social Protection Report was this question of trends and reasons why the data is not come parable between the current and previous versions of the world. Social protection report. Maybe this would be important to explain because this may also be a question that our colleagues in the field will will very often be confronted with maybe.

00:20:43.660 --> 00:20:48.090 Duran Valverde, Fabio To me you want to reply you. You want me to do it. Well I can say something so.

00:20:49.740 --> 00:20:55.710 Duran Valverde, Fabio Kathy information for producing reports and tables on trends.

00:20:57.270 --> 00:21:23.580

Duran Valverde, Fabio

And we we will do it at some time. So far we are trying to solve some methodological issues and some problems we have in in terms of the trans. Because it's not so simple. For example, let me tell you if in one country the GDP changes automatically, it changes the calculations and that can change the calculation back in time just to give one example. But there are many other.

00:21:25.120 --> 00:21:56.350

Duran Valverde, Fabio

And of course, for some some variables and indicators we have a we have the series time series, but for the others that are very new and we are still struggling to to calculate with we don't have. We have two or three points in overtime, so it's not sufficient. Has to presenting a full report on trans. But of course this is part of the database. There are databases organized so the time is fundamental component of the database and.

00:21:56.460 --> 00:22:04.550 Duran Valverde, Fabio At some point we will be able to provide more information on trends as a part of the dashboards and their reports in German.

00:22:05.560 --> 00:22:34.970

Razavi, Shahrashoub

OK, I'm gonna have to. I'm going to stop now because I do want to keep some time for our other colleagues were going to come in about innovations at the country level and I know that they've prepared their presentation. So we want to make sure that there is time for them. So maybe without wasting any more time, I'm going to quickly ask Ruben please to come in to save to, to give us a little sense of the experience of Mozambique in developing national capacities on statistics on social protection.

00:22:35.470 --> 00:22:41.670 Razavi, Shahrashoub Now so over to you, Reuben for your brief remarks, thank you.

00:22:42.880 --> 00:22:44.490 Vicente Andrés, Ruben Thank you Sarah, and thank you colleagues.

00:22:46.290 --> 00:22:59.250 Vicente Andrés, Ruben Uh, greetings from from sunny Mozambique. So I will. I'm on mission this week so the the connection is quite unstable so I will switch off my camera and I will kindly ask Becky to to share the presentation I I shared before.

00:23:05.630 --> 00:23:09.360 Giroud-Castiella, Victoria I'm trying to share my screen. Can you see it or?

00:23:10.420 --> 00:23:12.370 Vicente Andrés, Ruben Uh, not yet in my case.

00:23:11.840 --> 00:23:13.890 Razavi, Shahrashoub Not yet, no, no.

00:23:13.060 --> 00:23:15.960 Giroud-Castiella, Victoria Yeah, something, let's see.

00:23:14.630 --> 00:23:15.260 Yu, Zhiming Not yet.

00:23:23.600 --> 00:23:26.140 Giroud-Castiella, Victoria It's not working, I'm so sorry.

00:23:28.620 --> 00:23:29.460 Giroud-Castiella, Victoria See now. 00:23:30.120 --> 00:23:31.120 Yu, Zhiming Yes, it's coming through.

00:23:31.670 --> 00:23:32.200 Vicente Andrés, Ruben Yes.

00:23:31.700 --> 00:23:32.280 Giroud-Castiella, Victoria OK.

00:23:31.870 --> 00:23:32.340 Yu, Zhiming Yes.

00:23:32.420 --> 00:23:33.030 Velasco, Sergio Yes.

00:23:33.680 --> 00:24:03.010

Vicente Andrés, Ruben

Thank you Vicki. So just briefly sharing with you. I would experience in Mozambique in developing national capacities on a statistics on social protection and also developing the statistical Bulletin on social protection. So just quickly a starting point as retrospective in 2018. Not long ago, under this action portal project, we organize the first thing I'll training on statistics in income. Over there you will see some non phases in that photo on the on the right.

00:24:04.200 --> 00:24:33.670

Vicente Andrés, Ruben

Joanna myself, so we on this meat. On this training we focus especially on improving usage, accuracy and robustness of national statistical data. In there, the Mozambican delegation we agreed there on with the team that it was needed for the country to develop some sort of harmonized statistics on social protection, both for the contributory and noncontributory pillars of the social protection system, with with Caleb technical and.

00:24:33.720 --> 00:24:34.950 Vicente Andrés, Ruben And financial support.

00:24:35.960 --> 00:25:00.380

Vicente Andrés, Ruben

So as key aspects are for other countries to maybe to consider on their experiences, what was key in our case was that since so many countries developing countries, mostly few situations produce its own administrative and statical data and if they produce is just for their own internal consumption. So the use of statistics in in policy program program design is it was limited.

00:25:01.490 --> 00:25:32.390

Vicente Andrés, Ruben

Another key factor for us was to ensure that all relevant institutions for both contributory and non contributory pillars were invited and present at that first, training to set the ground for this for the for the journey we are we were about to start and also we it was key to count on the National

Institute of Statistics from the very beginning that was key for for success and another aspect I would like to highlight it was the the ownership that was created on the importance of institutions institutionalizing.

00:25:32.440 --> 00:26:04.760

Vicente Andrés, Ruben

The Inter Ministerial Group Group that was attended that first training that was because it was important for them to feel that they are the the, uh, the driving seat of this process and and also to break blockages and institutional level. As simple as mentioned before. So in some countries both the contributor inside the non contributory side, they don't talk to each other, they they they work in silos so also to avoid rotation of staff and like individual commitment. It was key to ensure that this group was institutionalized from the very beginning and in this case in our case.

00:26:04.990 --> 00:26:08.680

Vicente Andrés, Ruben

Ministry of Labor and Social Security was chosen as as a chair from the beginning.

00:26:10.300 --> 00:26:39.490

Vicente Andrés, Ruben

So another key aspect on the ILO role is key on provided Technical Support and also financial support to ensure that this publication is edited and printed annually. But also I think our role is important to create a space for those institutions to meet and work together with with a common and shared view on goals towards the more effective social protection system that is also the role we can play in in building up those those social protection statistics or social protection. So the bullet Internet.

00:26:39.540 --> 00:27:12.210

Vicente Andrés, Ruben

In a nutshell, is and. Then we'll publication since 2019, so we're about to publish the 3rd edition consecutive addition, so the bulletin presents consolidated statistics concerning the coverage on Mozambique social Protection system to enable easy access to the most relevant data. Promoting the use of guidance and strategies. And also that's important in our views to make data protection data accessible forward for other stake stakeholders. Also at National international level as the presentation of seeming, and.

00:27:12.500 --> 00:27:27.100

Vicente Andrés, Ruben

You mention, but also national level is important to open this space for for other, for your lists, for example to academic researchers, NGO's and citizens in general to be aware of how far is the coverage from reaching for example universe.

00:27:29.070 --> 00:28:00.960

Vicente Andrés, Ruben

Only to mention for example or other how, how this social protection system is is doing in at country level. So just highlighting some key results in 2018, just one year after the first training we were able to produce the first national Statistical Bulletin on social Protection. So I'm just highlighting the word national because it's a national fully on publication done with idle support. But as you can see on the right side or those are the covers of the 1st and 2nd on the second bullet.

00:28:02.670 --> 00:28:09.470 Vicente Andrés, Ruben Is Publix under the government of Mozambique logo and you will see below the logos of the institutions involved, including Milo.

00:28:10.430 --> 00:28:31.510

Vicente Andrés, Ruben

So in our experience also this this experience of constituting the Inter ministerial group are supporting them to publish and to develop those national statistical bulletins we saw on Hanson use an appetite inside those institutions for technical assistance to keep improving their own statistical data.

00:28:33.270 --> 00:29:01.450

Vicente Andrés, Ruben

So we consider that the awareness was raised on the need to count on reliable and robust data for institutional growth and efficiency in managing social protection system. So, as Fabio was mentioned in the in the previous and the previous presentation, all institutions are doing an effort to clean up their their own data. So we can expect some some kind of discontinuity because we are looking backwards, so we cannot see a clear trend. Or we can see some some disparities between.

00:29:02.250 --> 00:29:20.260

Vicente Andrés, Ruben

So big and so many other countries as we move forward cleaning up their their own internal data. So as I mentioned before also the title role in providing Technical Support and training is is quite important, but also creating the space for those institutions to meet and work together and breaking those values between contributory and non contributory.

00:29:08.840 --> 00:29:09.240 Giroud-Castiella, Victoria Yes.

00:29:21.730 --> 00:29:53.020

Vicente Andrés, Ruben

Opinions we try to give some visibility to this to the launch of this first and 2nd bulleting so we we choose the Social Protection Week which is used to take place in October to promote the debate and we also invite journalists and other stakeholders so to increase visibility and promote the debate and also important is that since this group was created they are responsible to feel and they're coordinated among themselves to feel the exercise so.

00:29:53.070 --> 00:30:14.080

Vicente Andrés, Ruben

We can expect from Mozambique enhance accuracy and that are robust from now onwards. That's important because before they they used, there was not clear focal point to fill this SI just last slides, just as you can see on the right there is a photo of we had the last meeting.

00:30:14.550 --> 00:30:28.030

Vicente Andrés, Ruben

Uh, technical rooty two. To prepare the third National bulletin, it was last week, so it's we're about to finalize the theoretician and will be launched soon, probably in in July.

00:30:28.590 --> 00:30:30.280 Vicente Andrés, Ruben Uh, so.

00:30:31.760 --> 00:31:02.900

Vicente Andrés, Ruben

In this edition, that's also important to note. We manage to have Mr Finance on board, they they joined the team. Now they are seven institutions involved, and that's important also to enhance the analytical content on the on the bulletin regarding regarding impact on social protection on poverty, elevation alleviation, for example, but also to be to have Ministry of Finance more engaged on social protection discussions. An is an indirect way for us to advocate for enhanced physical space for social protection.

00:31:03.210 --> 00:31:07.820 Vicente Andrés, Ruben So in this third edition, the the one that will be launching in some few months.

00:31:09.540 --> 00:31:39.280

Vicente Andrés, Ruben

They they we received a request from the Ministry of Labour Health Self asking for this for our support for to organize and provide Technical Support for this retreat. Technical ready to elaborate the 3rd edition and to ensure that the coherence and promote discussions among the group and also another important aspect, is that from the 2nd edition we try to include a chapter on critical aspects. We call it that way for so for policy consideration. So in 2021 reversal.

00:31:39.330 --> 00:31:40.690 Vicente Andrés, Ruben Universal knowledge pension.

00:31:41.260 --> 00:32:11.050

Vicente Andrés, Ruben

And in 2021 we are about to include a special chapter on on social protection response to COVID-19. So the idea is to keep improving the air after year and not being just a repetition and just last slide. You have the links there for the first second bullet in the third one will be ready soon and also the document that was shared this few days ago around the DDT that was supported by Action Portal as well. Our colleague Anna Catalina. So you have there the links.

00:32:11.350 --> 00:32:14.510 Vicente Andrés, Ruben So that will be all from my side.

00:32:15.810 --> 00:32:16.430 Vicente Andrés, Ruben Thank you.

00:32:16.760 --> 00:32:45.570 Razavi, Shahrashoub

OK brilliant. What would have wonderful innovation Ruben. Congratulations, this bulletin sounds like an excellent idea with your thematic focus. So thanks a lot for that presentation and thank you for taking time during when you were on leave to be with our son to share the experience. I'm going to go straight straight now to Mariko for presentation, with a focus on South Asia and the challenges of having very big countries over to you by Rico. 00:32:46.820 --> 00:32:53.650 Ouchi, Mariko Thank you very much, uh, I will try to share my presentation, can you?

00:32:55.520 --> 00:32:56.380 Ouchi, Mariko Can see.

00:32:56.600 --> 00:32:57.150 Yu, Zhiming Yes.

00:32:57.020 --> 00:32:58.330 Razavi, Shahrashoub Yes, yes we can.

00:32:59.070 --> 00:33:27.800

Ouchi, Mariko

Beginning, so I'd like to. I'd like to go into gaps and challenges. You know directly, because time is quite limited then, then you know, like I have. I started working for this in covering this region for six months ago and then you know, I know. Then I find you know more, you know challenges you know, like actually in many sense you know and didn't work. Team work team New Delhi covers 7.

00:33:27.850 --> 00:33:58.140

Ouchi, Mariko

South Asian countries with approximately 1.8 billion population, which is around the 23% of the world population and of course India is the biggest one. With the 1.3 billion which is around the 17% toward population. So it's quite critical to improve the data social protection data in our region, particularly India, because it affects not only at the national level, but it affects also to the original and the global.

00:33:58.400 --> 00:34:01.690 Ouchi, Mariko A social protection statistics, so I go.

00:34:02.650 --> 00:34:16.120

Ouchi, Mariko

To the UPS, excuse me challenges you know. Like more in South Asia, you know there are some common challenges and different challenges. Excuse me it goes different challenges, you know, because the.

00:34:17.480 --> 00:34:50.690

Ouchi, Mariko

'cause, uh, the country situation I I'm sorry it goes next, why it goes? Because you know, like country size is different and then the social protection system is different by country so you know and there are there some common issues though. And then the first challenge I as I highlight is annoying institutionalized mechanism for social protection data collection and then you know, like I put, you know like 3 points here that you know like.

00:34:50.740 --> 00:35:21.730 Ouchi, Mariko Particularly for India and Pakistan, there is a central also called Central State which is used for India. You know like in India if we call state then it means that you know like like can't and you know like for systems you know like and then central and state you know like for India or Federal and provincial Social Security structure you know like which is a term used for Pakistan. You know like there are kind of two layers you know like between central and.

00:35:21.820 --> 00:35:51.880

Ouchi, Mariko

A more pro state provincial level, so you know like which makes already difficult to collect social protection data. And the second point is a lack of institutional setup. You know, like which is applicable for some countries like Bangladesh and Afghanistan where there is no Social Security Funds, which means that they do not have really, they do not have contributory schemes, so it's quite critical to collect non contributory schemes and including health data in these countries.

00:35:51.930 --> 00:36:01.670

Ouchi, Mariko

Whereas that it's still a challenge because for example, in case of Bangladesh there are quite done like more than 160 non contributory schemes exist.

00:36:02.530 --> 00:36:32.890

Ouchi, Mariko

And the Third Point is a lack of comprehensive social protection data and registry system, which is queso, Bangladesh and Pakistan. And the now Rodrigo is engaging into these two countries and then I hope he understands that they are quite big challenges ahead. You know, like on this issue on this aspect. In case of India, India has introduced a the other system so called you know like sometimes I think it was like five years ago. You know like which.

00:36:32.940 --> 00:37:03.030

Ouchi, Mariko

Is identification ID system you know like which is but you know like which is not really used to it, which is not exactly the same as the so called Social Security number in United States. So you know, like so it's it's. This system is still limited. You know, like in terms of use you know like and then you know like for extending or including some Social Security information for example, then there are some concerns like privacy and safeguard problems.

00:37:03.270 --> 00:37:21.350

Ouchi, Mariko

Need to be solved so and then, which is actually the common problem for some other countries you know. Like when they introduce some ID system at such you know like to be linked to the to be linked to the Social Security system. Then they have to provide the proper proper safeguards system.

00:37:23.150 --> 00:37:54.460

Ouchi, Mariko

And then the second point about the challenges is high informality and lack of the trace ability. I would say trace ability or for social protection coverage to population, including informal workers and in case of Bangladesh India there is a fragmented non contributory schemes as I mentioned and then introduction of new non contributory scheme was used has been used as a kind of the commitment for for each election time. You know like both at.

00:37:54.680 --> 00:38:24.870

Ouchi, Mariko

National and state levels. So you know, like having each election and then having new government

then having you contributor scheme accumulated and then this is more of the historical background. And then that's that's one of the main reason why that there are so many non contributory scheme exists in in these countries. Just a moment now I can I can show the metrics you know like which was compiled which was compiled by the Institute which was backed up by.

00:38:24.920 --> 00:38:47.870

Ouchi, Mariko

Uh, valid yeah, you know like which explains how many schemes are there in each state in India. And then India has a 28 states. So you know like if each state has a 30 or 40 or 5045, you know like skins, then multiply 28 states. Then it's quite number of schemes you know running in the country.

00:38:49.940 --> 00:39:20.140

Ouchi, Mariko

To trace and then you know, like one of the specifics in this region. Uh, as I see, you know, like in India, particularly, is so called existence of welfare board. For unorganized workers I used the word of unorganized excuse me. I use the word of unorganized workers and not the informal workers because it's a little bit tricky to use. The term of informal workers because this damn this welfare board is like.

00:39:20.480 --> 00:39:39.080

Ouchi, Mariko

Membership based social protection system based on occupational group you know, and so it's like a kind of a social protection occupational yield type of you know group and which exist. And then in case of India it's it's control at the state of the state level mostly.

00:39:39.750 --> 00:40:12.530

Ouchi, Mariko

And then you know like this welfare board, you know, like Members, uh, particularly for the unorganized workers you know, like for example, like a construction and building workers, but you know they belong to this welfare board and then they receive some benefits. And then I'll give some small examples for one of the states in the later presentation. But, you know, like the information of Welfare Board is extremely limited. And then it's. It's not. It's not covered in the statistics at this moment.

00:40:13.590 --> 00:40:43.700

Ouchi, Mariko

Reflected and then I go into the large country example which is India and then the summary of social Social Security system in India. It's very difficult to summarize because it's very complicated system but just just briefly, that coverage of formal sector workers is a around 7 to 8% mainly covered by so-called ESI S employers stages insurance scheme.

00:40:43.830 --> 00:41:04.640

Ouchi, Mariko

And Employees Provident Fund scheme and then the coverage of organized workers are defined on the new Social Security Code. And then I use the word of unorganized workers and then not the informal workers. Because because of the reason you know, as I explained, that because of some of the some of the organized workers at a member of this.

00:41:06.220 --> 00:41:06.890 Ouchi, Mariko If you're bored.

00:41:11.280 --> 00:41:23.190

Ouchi, Mariko

And then the summary of a Social Security in India. Another point is the social protection schemes at the state level. As I, as I mentioned, that large number of social protection schemes in each state.

00:41:23.910 --> 00:41:54.760

Ouchi, Mariko

And, uh, as I understood, and I discussed with him in you know, like before before having this presentation. And they are not fully reflected to the present forthcoming World Social Protection Report because of too much complexity. Somehow, data compiled data information received, but it was too complicated. And then a verification is not possible with the with the limited time. As I understand, you know, like.

00:41:54.960 --> 00:42:25.500

Ouchi, Mariko

Since I couldn't talk with various so you know, I cannot confirm 100%, But this is my understanding at least, and then because the data collection was done before I before I arrive to before I started working and you daily office. So how to reflect these information at the state level is a challenge in the end and then as I said that institutionalization of data collection is a key, but it's at the same time that it's necessary to avoid the double counts.

00:42:27.330 --> 00:42:51.140

Ouchi, Mariko

And then second point is this welfare board. What are they? And then you know, like there's no clarity about whether board in general, annnoying institutional social protection data collection for welfare board knowing information reflected to the world Social Protection Report either. And it's even on the web based it's very difficult to get the information of welfare boards actually.

00:42:52.710 --> 00:42:53.730 Ouchi, Mariko Just a moment.

00:42:56.120 --> 00:43:27.070

Ouchi, Mariko

Third Point again, you know, like I just give an example of welfare board, you know like taking the building and other construction welfare boarding careless careless states. So coverage wise that there's there's several branches covered and then the benefit level some of them indicated some of them not indicated this is a web information, but very limited information in general and the payment modalities. No information about the board Member membership number, so this is just one example of.

00:43:27.120 --> 00:43:28.550 Ouchi, Mariko The welfare board.

00:43:30.580 --> 00:43:59.550

Ouchi, Mariko

So what are the future steps ahead in case of India? This is just my idea at this moment and then I need to discuss with zooming in some other colleagues also. And then I I would welcome some suggestions from other colleagues about the future steps and then you know in the end at the

critical point is that how to institutionalized social social protection data collection and improve data quality under central state structure.

00:44:00.240 --> 00:44:23.910

Ouchi, Mariko

And the first first important step is that it's we have statistics statisticians actually in the team. You know, in addition to our team and he received oral or receive the request official request from the Start Office for the SDG 1.3 data collection. So you know, like snow later, we are going to provide the training to the National Statistics Office in India.

00:44:24.950 --> 00:44:40.780

Ouchi, Mariko

And also, you know like this, uh, knowledge, knowledge of data collection has to be somehow transferred from state to central to state levels. But still, you know like some I know intervention will be required.

00:44:41.460 --> 00:44:52.960

Ouchi, Mariko

And also some training at state level in largely populated states will be one of the effective method to start up with.

00:44:53.520 --> 00:45:24.090

Ouchi, Mariko

Uh, so I listed out, but with the Pradesh, Maharashtra, Bihar, West Bengal. Actually these these four states having these four states already, it covers 5 billion people which is around the 35% of the population in India and then seven around 7 to 8% of world population. So it's I think this is my idea that it's reasonable to start with large states with large Corporation.

00:45:24.140 --> 00:45:26.870 Ouchi, Mariko Uh, for capacity building.

00:45:27.700 --> 00:45:56.530 Ouchi, Mariko

Uh, and then some. Some states needs a data quality improvement of data quality itself and as various effort you know to cover, uh, to get information from India, you know like out of 28 states there are 22 states in information available, which means that 66 states have some problem. Serious problem with the data access or data quality, either one of them.

00:45:57.290 --> 00:46:15.900

Ouchi, Mariko

And another one is a welfare board. How to to start with some big welfare board in selected States and last but not least, there will be a transition period before until this so called institutionalized mechanism to be in place. I hope it will be in place at one point.

00:46:16.550 --> 00:46:26.390

Ouchi, Mariko

Then you know, like how to how to steal the cover. The gap, uh, would be for data collection would be still challenge. Thank you very much.

00:46:28.620 --> 00:46:30.100 Ouchi, Mariko Finished over to you.

00:46:28.880 --> 00:47:00.290 Razavi, Shahrashoub

OK yeah OK, great thank you very much. Mary Cohen. Lot of questions there. That probably will need to be discussed bilaterally with the stats team, but I think this question about state level data I think is one that obviously applies to many other countries and not just India. So it be good to see what our colleagues say with regard to that, but I want to we only have about 15 minutes and I do want to make sure that we get some time to our next speakers. Andrew Ann Marie at so over to you Andrew from.

00:47:00.650 --> 00:47:06.520 Razavi, Shahrashoub For a perspective from Sub Saharan Africa and Southern Africa, is you more specifically thank you.

00:47:07.780 --> 00:47:13.070 Allieu, Andrew I thank you very much, Sarah and good afternoon. Good morning.

00:47:14.330 --> 00:47:28.030 Allieu, Andrew Called ***** on the call. UM, I don't have a presentation. He had suggested preference for the discussions to be conversational, so I I don't have a presentation.

00:47:29.180 --> 00:47:29.800 Allieu, Andrew I see.

00:47:31.380 --> 00:47:32.650 Allieu, Andrew In the region.

00:47:34.020 --> 00:47:34.840 Allieu, Andrew Being

00:47:35.800 --> 00:47:39.010 Allieu, Andrew but the data issues have become.

00:47:40.430 --> 00:47:42.060 Allieu, Andrew Uh.

00:47:43.540 --> 00:47:50.210 Allieu, Andrew More prominent because of us, as many of you may know, they.

00:47:50.880 --> 00:48:01.440 Allieu, Andrew They pronouncement by regional director that that coverage will move or is expected to move from 17.8.

00:48:03.000 --> 00:48:06.320 Allieu, Andrew Now to talk to 40%.

00:48:07.330 --> 00:48:29.060 Allieu, Andrew By 2025, and that's about four years ago that has brought renewed interests, renewed new questions, new energies, and maybe pressures to to do more about shopping security at shop protection coverage, of course.

00:48:31.470 --> 00:48:38.600 Allieu, Andrew There's also the thinking that coverage could be higher if we have more data.

00:48:41.570 --> 00:49:07.430

Allieu, Andrew

Well that is not always the case actually, because in fact we've seen in in for for some indicators not only share protection dictators like, but that more and better data sometimes leads to. Yeah, it's been. Lower indicators are not things grew from from there.

00:49:08.960 --> 00:49:14.240 Allieu, Andrew So of course the gaps in the region could be.

00:49:15.260 --> 00:49:21.840 Allieu, Andrew Uh, put in into two very broad categories. One is the fact that.

00:49:23.070 --> 00:49:38.080

Allieu, Andrew At the schemes over the years have not not been doing very much. Most of the schemes traditionally have three branches, three at three contingencies, which I have mostly old age.

00:49:39.590 --> 00:49:47.620 Allieu, Andrew Uh, invalidity that or survivor ships? So when you you, you you.

00:49:48.720 --> 00:50:18.540

Allieu, Andrew

When you have a data collection framework or the shop protection arrangement are along the branches and you are on most games are covering only three. You find out that naturally there there must be gaps. Then of course there are gaps in the data collection. Most of the schemes, as in wins shared the Excel file for my. For my region in terms of the countries.

00:50:18.830 --> 00:50:30.060 Allieu, Andrew

Up-to-date, so most of the country is really not up to date, so of course with the whole interest in moving things from 42.

00:50:30.690 --> 00:50:47.730

Allieu, Andrew

To add from 17.8 to 40 means that our walk on the extension of coverage has to be closely linked and monitored by data. Of course this has not been the traditional approach where you have.

00:50:48.940 --> 00:51:17.880

Allieu, Andrew

It's on the on the Coverage ** extension. The traditional approach has been do it I and in yeah in in in line with the puglisi approaches and then there's not been traditionally. So what what we've tried to do? Basically in the region is first of all try to understand the data and coverage issues better.

00:51:18.290 --> 00:51:37.720

Allieu, Andrew

Of course, there's the under the belief that when you expand to the informal sector code coverage might might go, but care has to be taken as as well such that as such expansion is done properly, but also that that schemes that are put in place.

00:51:39.000 --> 00:52:06.760

Allieu, Andrew

I actually don't, in a sustainable way and then yeah, so that so. So one issue that we are looking at closely. Of course they we already have in the region at 222 subregions North and Southern Africa that are already around the 40%. So the last report showed that.

00:52:07.840 --> 00:52:38.620

Allieu, Andrew

Not Africa was around 39.2. The current report at sorry under the same last report, soon as Southern Africa is around 443.7. Of course, there's the temptation of saying, well, let's go full. Let's focus on the big countries at the Big Big wins. The Egypt, Ethiopia, South Africa, and South Africa is the Nigerians. But of course, as we saw with the MDGs, if we remind ourselves

00:52:38.940 --> 00:53:08.310

Allieu, Andrew

and that when they were huge advances in China, some energies were met, but it marks the whole story, so care has to be taken as well, how we will look into that and then we are, we are looking systematically looking at how we could improve data which the 40% target, but also make sure that things are done properly. And then of course.

00:53:08.950 --> 00:53:23.760

Allieu, Andrew

That also brings the issue of trends are nothing pernica raised as fabulous as well, waste. If we have a target and we are look, look, look, looking at five years from now, it is.

00:53:25.680 --> 00:53:56.120

Allieu, Andrew

It it makes a lot of sense to yeah to to be able to monitor things here on. Yeah, and as we saw with the current report, we waited for a few years and we have not a very good software price that some of the numbers have gone down. So it's it's. It's also possible to have things monitored, so we are considering that closely. Yeah, of course.

00:53:56.770 --> 00:54:22.250 Allieu, Andrew Also means that at at the country level there should be a mechanism where as the data come comes in, even at the level of the specialist you should be able to tell how this how this additional data is helping you in terms of the the extension. Then of course in the region we've seen the.

00:54:23.690 --> 00:54:49.390

Allieu, Andrew

The issue of data link to the ITC, the infrastructure and all of that and show security institutions are investing a lot of that on that. But what we've also seen is that they're putting a lot of money's onto databases. The ICT infrastructure. But it's actually not improving the data quality 'cause you cannot impose superimpose.

00:54:50.610 --> 00:55:09.460

Allieu, Andrew

And not a a good database on all the at the nice things about it on a date arrangement that is is either non-existent or so. Then another issue which I probably will end with. I think we're running out of time is.

00:55:11.450 --> 00:55:33.450

Allieu, Andrew

The the issue of the SSI and then it's also important we what we're trying to do is to move from the traditional approach where they exercised the Excel file is is it in his email to the Ministry, Ministry of Labor, so so.

00:55:35.140 --> 00:55:45.910

Allieu, Andrew

Actually have a consultant on the ground help with with Big Data collection. Be 'cause that our approach has really not worked very well in the past there.

00:55:47.450 --> 00:56:04.160

Allieu, Andrew

But in many many many data gaps and then we also trying to explore working with the National Statistics offices closely to see how we we can fill some of the gaps one by looking at their existing.

00:56:05.680 --> 00:56:36.110

Allieu, Andrew

And not yet, yes statistical framework to see how we can bring on board so many questions on should I should I should have protection in their nocturnal so so so that that in national service. But we also know that that might not be enough 'cause already this country is that collecting a lot of data in their service. But they have two issues. One the reports are drafted to a fit.

00:56:36.420 --> 00:57:06.270

Allieu, Andrew

They added the needs of the sponsor, so if yes, so if if yeah, if the sponsor of the report is not frame, just adding social protection. Should I social protection data may not come up even though the the question is did inclusion protection. Another approach we are we are thinking strongly is is really there lot of data out there. There are lot of data out there from.

00:57:06.590 --> 00:57:37.120

Allieu, Andrew

From from from service. But it's also the Statistica keep. Yeah, keep capacity of this institution to be able to go into this huge at the databases extract so and most countries use they tell you we don't

have data, but really there are lots of data and also end on the issue of our now end on the issue of reforms over the years with we found out that when accurate valuations were.

00:57:37.170 --> 00:57:43.440 Allieu, Andrew Included in in in laws in in national security laws, we found out that.

00:57:44.800 --> 00:58:11.630

Allieu, Andrew

Countries are quite up-to-date, so we may also want to explore. And now we are. We are thinking of that closely. How do we explore the possibility that in in the new reforms the collection of social oxidase, Social Security protection data is actually part of the the new logs? Because we we have seen it work for a social protection.

00:58:13.810 --> 00:58:18.500 Allieu, Andrew Over the years, then finally we doing a lot of actual PO.

00:58:20.040 --> 00:58:38.300

Allieu, Andrew

And valuations, I mean right now all the actual user busy. So I think we should find a more cyst. We're trying to see how we could systematically find a way where the data from from from those valuations an an.

00:58:38.410 --> 00:59:05.590

Allieu, Andrew

And adjustments that we do I actually feed into our databases in the region in the more systematic way without of of of of calls with all all the proposals were talking about, we have to work with with with a fab Yuan, Andre and yeah. And thank you very much and over.

00:59:07.840 --> 00:59:28.350

Razavi, Shahrashoub

Great, thank you very much Andrew, and I'm sorry that we have to rush from 1 presentation to another, but I really do want to now ask my realtor come in on the social Health Protection data and I'm afraid we won't have any time for discussion, but at least we want to hear her fully. So over to you Maria.

00:59:29.390 --> 00:59:31.440 Marielle Phe Goursat Thank you, shara. Can you see my screen?

00:59:34.170 --> 00:59:36.180 Razavi, Shahrashoub Yes we can. Yes, yes.

00:59:34.430 --> 00:59:34.960 Yu, Zhiming Yes.

00:59:34.890 --> 00:59:35.610 Velasco, Sergio Yes.

00:59:35.230 --> 00:59:50.270

Marielle Phe Goursat

Yes yes, OK. Thank you. So I'm going to share my experience working on the social Health Protection data from selected countries and particularly Lao PDR on Miranda and Vietnam.

00:59:51.640 --> 01:00:13.490

Marielle Phe Goursat

So obviously on social Health Protection. As for other social protection branches, we we need data, two complementary levels. We need data for reporting at global level, particularly the the word social Protection report and the SSI, and we need additional data to respond and support our partners in policy reform at country level.

01:00:14.860 --> 01:00:35.330

Marielle Phe Goursat

To add global level for those not too familiar with social Health Protection. As you may know, we are monitoring both relation coverage, both legal and effective as well as adequacy of benefits. Focusing on documenting what health services are covered and to what extent their cover that the financial protection dimension.

01:00:35.970 --> 01:00:59.390

Marielle Phe Goursat

Uh, and in that regard a major achievement is upcoming publication of the World Social Protection Report, where for the very first time we have a very solid section on health with quite a lot of data compared to the past version. So this is definitely a very strong added value of the ILO filling an important social Health Protection data gap.

01:01:00.660 --> 01:01:32.360

Marielle Phe Goursat

Despite this major achievement, there of course data gaps remaining, particularly in monitoring legal coverage, in collecting additional information on sickness benefits and ensuring good compliance and good data for feeding the SSI. And of course, health should be an equal priority along with other social protection benefits and additional resources would be needed and should be allocated for systematic data.

01:01:32.410 --> 01:01:34.560 Marielle Phe Goursat Check collection for both reportes.

01:01:36.030 --> 01:01:54.880

Marielle Phe Goursat

working here.

I do country level. I'm afraid there is nothing new as far the other social protection branches of the challenges we're facing is gaps in the data availability and quality. So why search gaps day Centralny result from a combination of challenges.

01:01:55.480 --> 01:02:02.430

Marielle Phe Goursat Uh, first starting with operational issues, we have a variety of situation in the three countries I'm I'm

01:02:03.860 --> 01:02:34.950 Marielle Phe Goursat Some countries like in Jan Mar do not collect much data. In fact, very limited data. For instance they Yanmar Social Security Board does not record data on utilization and systematic manner. It is sometimes done only or mainly on paper pays. That's the case of Menma, again, or it's done in a fragmented way. For instance, if we take the example of of Vietnam, there are specific data on financing that only available at the provincial level.

01:02:35.180 --> 01:02:43.930

Marielle Phe Goursat

And there is no consolidation that central level, unless we we do ourselves. A national survey to collect all this information from the province.

01:02:44.740 --> 01:03:15.150

Marielle Phe Goursat

Uh, of course this issues are made worse by the lack of IT infrastructure and performing MIS system in countries. For instance, in laws that is covering 90% of the population, it's still is a National Health insurance still rely on the next cell spreadsheet and spreadsheet and nothing very sophisticated at all. So you can imagine all the data, gaps, mistakes, redundancy that are resulting from it.

01:03:16.220 --> 01:03:47.050

Marielle Phe Goursat

A second issue is human capacities at all levels of the administration. It's common to find mistaking recording data in health facilities. For instance, it's worsened by data collection, duplication at facility level, where different institutions would require the collection of different type of data, and even in countries with advanced systems like Vietnam, there is a real lack of people with sufficient quantitative background too.

01:03:47.100 --> 01:03:48.940 Marielle Phe Goursat Extract and analyze data.

01:03:50.370 --> 01:04:18.140

Marielle Phe Goursat

Lastly there there are also loopholes in the legal and regulatory framework which does not provide upturn sufficient practical guidelines to allow access to data, and that's often compounded by political issues like in Vietnam. There are also gaps on on guidance and directive on how to share data more broadly, including lack of obligation to publish official data, which of course.

01:04:20.790 --> 01:04:23.430 Marielle Phe Goursat Causes compatibility issues.

01:04:25.210 --> 01:04:56.350

Marielle Phe Goursat

Uh, so possible way for Wilder. Just a selection of of options, options, activities were trying to implement in the region first, working on more sensitization on the important of data for informing policy formulation and building capacity. So that's including value strategies, including developing digital health strategies, supporting the development of monitoring and information systems, support training on quantitative.

01:04:56.640 --> 01:04:59.800 Marielle Phe Goursat Wilson used uh use of data software.

01:05:01.470 --> 01:05:08.960 Marielle Phe Goursat And the in the future, hopefully more work on the familiarizing our partners with the yellow instrument like the ICSI.

01:05:10.050 --> 01:05:15.680 Marielle Phe Goursat Uh, in young ma. Well, the data situation is.

01:05:17.070 --> 01:05:47.600

Marielle Phe Goursat

Is quite complicate, I'm talking before the crew. Of course what we we tried is to work with the data company because data collection was really overwhelming for our partner. The Social Security board. So we engage a data company to work closely with us and the Social Security Board to compensate the deficiency of the Social Security Board and assisting digitalization of data, consolidation of data on behalf of the Social Security Board for the purpose of an actor.

01:05:47.750 --> 01:05:54.760 Marielle Phe Goursat Valuation, it was working very well until we had to drop our activities all together on the 1st of February.

01:05:56.490 --> 01:06:17.230

Marielle Phe Goursat

In Vietnam we also working on identifying the gaps and providing policy recommendation to the Government of Vietnam together with other development partners. Writing technical notes on data sharing policies and finally at the regional level. And I will. I will end with this since we're short of time.

01:06:18.540 --> 01:06:49.490

Marielle Phe Goursat

Thing to leverage. Partnership with Social Security institutions in the region. Working on social Health Protection and particularly with connect the platform on social Health Protection that we we are supporting. And it's taking the SharePoint instance of regional publication component on extension of social Health Protection in Asia and the Pacific. So thanks to the partners were part of of Connect an additional partners in the region.

01:06:49.630 --> 01:07:00.540

Marielle Phe Goursat

Uh, we are collecting data on strategies for extension of of corporations, social Health Protection that are not available in any other platform or publication at the moment.

01:07:01.610 --> 01:07:25.350

Marielle Phe Goursat

Uh, so I I will conclude just on the very last word on the high relevance and HMAC of the ILO and social Health Protection. It's very much question and then definitely the work on the world Social

Protection Report or original publication is really helping in bringing more visibility of the ILO on this important area of social protection.

01:07:25.960 --> 01:07:26.600 Marielle Phe Goursat Thank you.

01:07:30.970 --> 01:08:01.630

Razavi, Shahrashoub

Great, thank you very much money at for that comprehensive presentation and for keeping us within within time. So rather than you know we were supposed to have half an hour for discussion and questions, I'm afraid we don't have that kind of time. So what I thought is, if I can just ask Fabio to maybe just give us a couple of reflections based on what you heard from colleagues and in the mean time if you have any burning questions and you want to address specific speakers, please put it in the chat box. While Fabio gives his.

01:08:02.280 --> 01:08:07.400 Razavi, Shahrashoub Brief comments or reflections on what we heard over to Fabio.

01:08:08.450 --> 01:08:10.730 Duran Valverde, Fabio Thank you, thank you so much for your colleagues.

01:08:12.340 --> 01:08:42.960

Duran Valverde, Fabio

That's really very interesting session I I learned alot hearing from Nico leagues. Our colleagues in the field. So I don't want to to to say too much. I think the presentation, they were fantastic, all of them with very interesting content and reflecting the challenges. So obviously the my main conclusion is we have challenges will be progressing progressing a lot. You see for example using the situation in Africa.

01:08:43.520 --> 01:09:15.470

Duran Valverde, Fabio

Now we have the data for 38 countries compared to 18 countries. Three years ago, four years ago. So this is an enormous progress. Of course these promises bringing another practical challenges, ET cetera. That would we need to to face now, like for example, compare the comparative, comprar comparability, etc. But so we also see that the challenges are the different nature depending on the country. Depending on the size of the country, depending on the level of development of the country, so you can have.

01:09:15.520 --> 01:09:22.610 Duran Valverde, Fabio Two big countries, like for example comparing Brazil with with with India they're too big countries.

01:09:24.160 --> 01:09:49.000

Duran Valverde, Fabio

Is similar in some way but but, but the of course with different levels of development. In addition, Mr. John capacity to deal with the solution for data. Or you see India versus China as well to the medical profession. Comparison even more more more clear. So in the case of India is there is a centralized effort to deal with data and we we can note that we can see clearly the difference.

01:09:50.300 --> 01:10:11.070

Duran Valverde, Fabio

Well, there are many practical issues to solve at the global level for our work, for at the regional level, at the control level and and progress of many different nature's web mention. For example the the in some cases. In some countries like the lack of IT system so.

01:10:12.290 --> 01:10:21.200

Duran Valverde, Fabio If I this is systems are not in place, it is it's very difficult. It's hard to to produce the data. I mean everything is hard.

01:10:23.620 --> 01:10:53.110

Duran Valverde, Fabio

Just to emphasize on the progress is we have been doing at at all level, I would say the our progress in terms of data collection exercises at the country level. I would say it's incredible. This is the result of our joint effort, so I want to take the opportunity to thank all our colleagues in the field for the fantastic job you are doing for the continued support.

01:10:53.390 --> 01:11:22.400

Duran Valverde, Fabio

So this is difficult activity full of challenges full of difficulties etc. But well, we are here we are here to support you to continue working together and I hope that in the future we can intensify and this is something that we are discussing. We can intensify our joint work, not just collecting data, but working more on the kind of project presented by Ruin when we see that there is a.

01:11:23.230 --> 01:11:43.730

Duran Valverde, Fabio

I'm here for poor assistant. They wanted to progress in terms of creating a natural system for statistical such protection so well, congratulations. Thank you for all your support. Thank you for attending the The Kids Cafe so well that's all. Thank you.

01:11:44.160 --> 01:12:13.330

Razavi, Shahrashoub

Thank you, thank you very much. Bye bye yeah yeah and I think hopefully you will be hearing more about some of the some of the work that we hope to do with all of you in terms of capacity building at the national level on social protection statistics. We have some ideas and cooking things up so hopefully you'll hear more about that over the next few months. So let me just end by thanking all of you for taking time out of your really busy schedules to be here. I want to extend a particular thank you too.

01:12:13.530 --> 01:12:20.900

Razavi, Shahrashoub

Markiel, Andrew Mariko and Robert, for their excellent presentations. I want to thank you all so very much.

01:12:21.930 --> 01:12:53.220

Razavi, Shahrashoub

Being on a Catalina and Valeria who was here kind of in spirit with us even she was not here but for the work here, you all have been doing. I want to thank Fabio in particular Fabio for your leadership for your vision and for your persistence in really making making I'll or social protection data stand out and and really making the best use of the opportunity that we have with the custodian ship of the Social Protection indicator in the SDG's at last but not least, I want to thank Vicki.

01:12:53.400 --> 01:13:15.430

Razavi, Shahrashoub

And other colleagues who were involved in making this event possible. Thank you all and I hope you have a wonderful rest of day. And kudos to all of you for this amazing work that you're doing, which is really, we're seeing the progress as we compare each of the new World Social Protection reports that comes out compared to the previous one. Thank you all and have a lovely day.

01:13:18.520 --> 01:13:19.620 Yu, Zhiming Thank you bye bye.

01:13:19.620 --> 01:13:20.430 Ouchi, Mariko Thank you.

01:13:20.030 --> 01:13:21.150 Duran Valverde, Fabio Bye bye thank you.

01:13:28.350 --> 01:13:29.820 Razafinisoa, Nombana Solofoarimanga Bye bye everyone.

01:13:31.690 --> 01:13:32.310 Yu, Zhiming Bye bye.

01:13:33.360 --> 01:13:34.810 Cotinguiba, Luis I have a nice weekend.

01:13:35.550 --> 01:13:36.240 Yu, Zhiming Tell Louise

01:13:37.030 --> 01:13:38.370 Thein Than Htay Bye bye thank you.

01:13:42.860 --> 01:13:44.710 Schwarzer, Helmut Congratulations bye bye.