



From National Data to Global Monitoring: New approaches to building robust systems of social protection statistics



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I am your moderator today



Nuno de Castro

Coordinator of ACTION/Portugal Project, ILO & ITC-ILO

And to open the floor we have



Valérie Schmitt

Deputy Director, Universal Social Protection Department, ILO



José Luís Albuquerque

Director-General, Strategy and Planning Office - Ministry of Labour, Solidarity and Social Security of Portugal

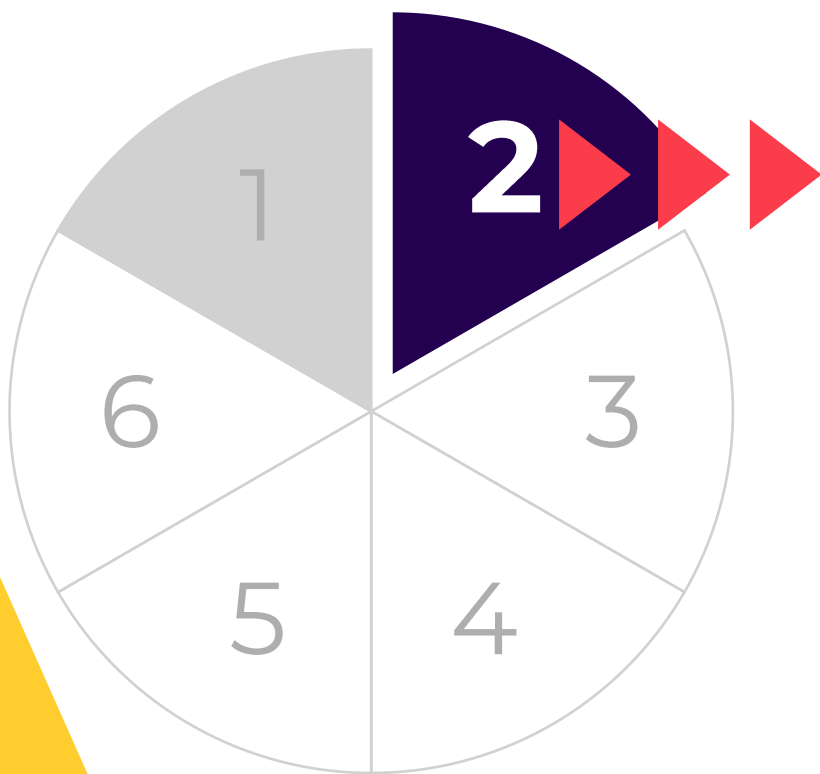
Building Social Protection Floors for All: Key achievements and future priorities of the ILO's Flagship Programme

The six-part webinar aims to foster knowledge exchange among national practitioners, policymakers, development partners and experts, highlighting concrete country experiences, innovative approaches and practical operational lessons derived from the implementation of social protection floors from 2021 to 2025, under the 2nd phase of the ILO's Global Flagship Programme on Building Social Protection Floors for All. By connecting ILO's stakeholders across regions, the series will contribute to strengthening shared understanding of pathways towards universal social protection and to informing future programme design and implementation.



See more at
the series page

Today's session



This session will explore a range of approaches and tools to strengthen social protection statistics at the national level. It will also highlight how the ILO is advancing innovative methods for collecting, disseminating and monitoring social protection data at the global level. The discussion will be anchored in two country case studies: **Cabo Verde**'s experience in developing a national Social Protection Statistics Bulletin, and **Nigeria**'s ongoing efforts to develop a social protection management information system.

Today's panel

Presenters



Valeria Nesterenko

Specialist, Social Protection Statistics, ILO



Zhiming Yu

Technical Officer - Social Protection Data, ILO

[Learn more](#)



Mariana Pereira

Technical Officer - Social Protection Data, ILO

[Learn more](#)



Frédéric dos Santos

Executive Manager, Instituto Nacional de Previdência Social (INPS) – Cabo Verde

[Learn more](#)



Olufolajimi Oguntayo

Research and Administrative Officer, National Bureau of Statistics (NBS) - Nigeria

[Learn more](#)

From National Data to Global Monitoring: new approaches to building robust systems of social protection statistics

▶ Evolving tools and processes to support the monitoring of social protection data at the national and global levels

Valeria Nesterenko, Specialist, Social Protection Statistics
Zhiming Yu, Technical Officer, Social Protection Data

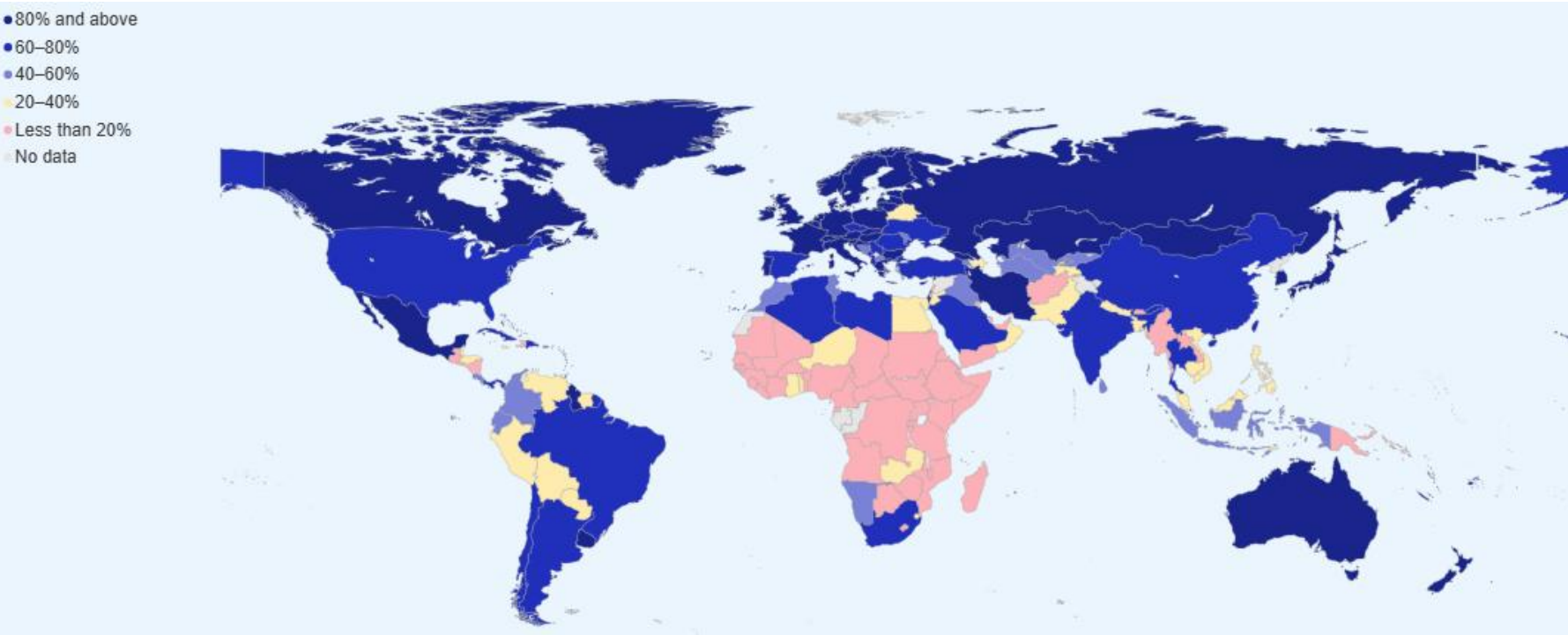
Department of Universal Social Protection
ILO

February 2026

► Overview of Global Social Protection Statistics

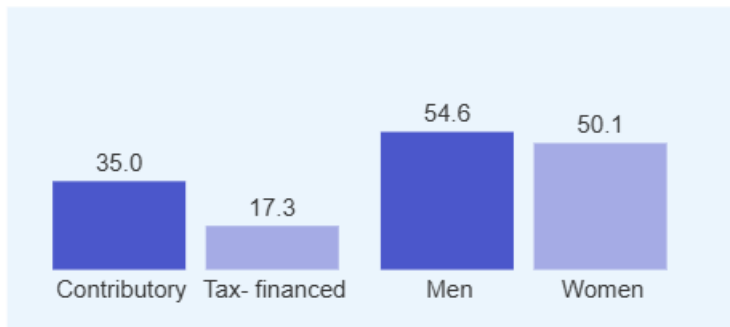
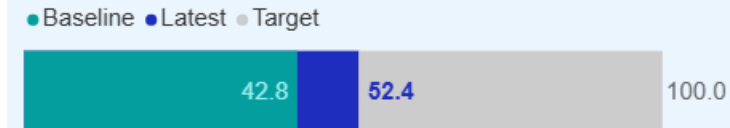
Aggregate social protection coverage – Latest (2023)

More than half the world's population (52.4 per cent) are covered by at least one social protection benefit.



SDG 1.3.1 effective coverage

Population covered by at least one benefit (%)



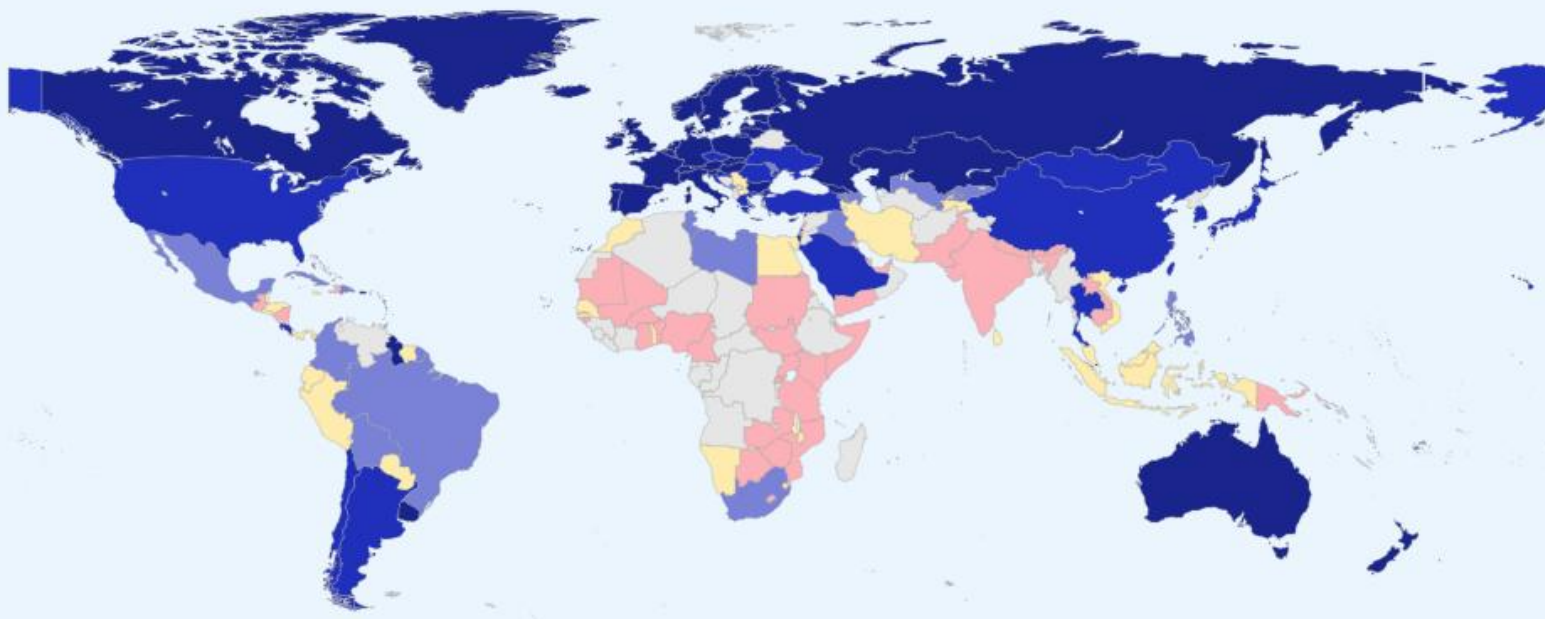
► **The human right to social security is not yet a reality for 3.8 billion people.**

Boundaries shown do not imply endorsement or acceptance by the ILO. See [full disclaimer](#).

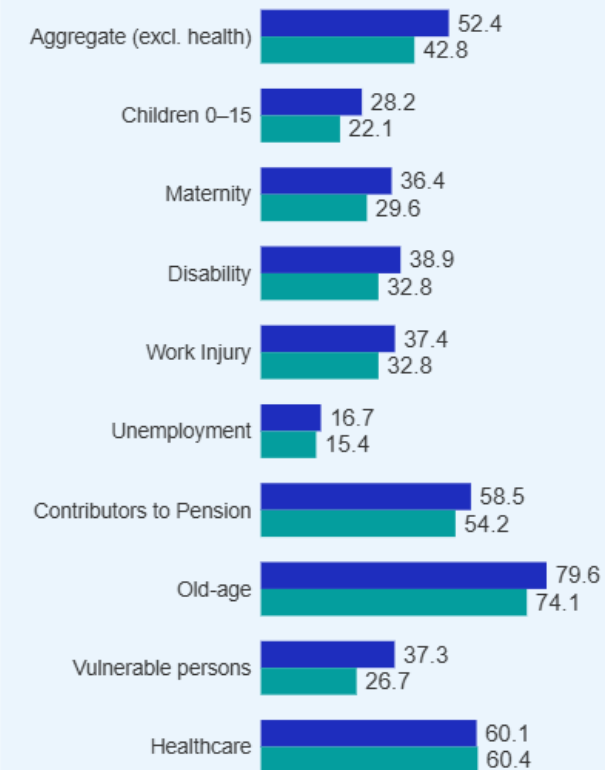
Aggregate social protection coverage – Baseline (2015)

... compared to 42.8 from the baseline (2015)

- 80% and above
- 60–80%
- 40–60%
- 20–40%
- Less than 20%
- No data



● Baseline ● Latest



Basic set of indicators, including the SDG 1.3.1

Indicator 1.3.1: Proportion of population covered by social protection floors/systems, by sex, distinguishing children, unemployed population, elderly population, population with disabilities, mothers with newborns, workers in case of work injury, poor persons, and vulnerable persons



- ▶ Total population covered by social protection systems/floors
- ▶ Proportion of children covered by social protection benefits
- ▶ Proportion of mothers with new borns receiving maternity benefits
- ▶ Proportion of elderly receiving old-age pensions and *proportion of the labor force contributing to a retirement plan*
- ▶ Proportion of persons with severe disability who receive benefits
- ▶ Proportion of the unemployed receiving unemployment benefits
- ▶ Proportion of the labour force covered by work injury schemes
- ▶ Proportion of poor persons covered by social protection systems
- ▶ Proportion of vulnerable persons covered by social protection systems.

**Statutory schemes
paying periodic cash
benefits**

- ▶ Proportion of the population protected by social healthcare schemes
- ▶ Total social protection expenditure as % of GDP (excluding health), by area

Data availability

Indicator	Total number of countries/territories with an update for the WSPR 2024	Of which disaggregated by sex
Aggregate SDG 1.3.1	172 with data 2021-2023 (total countries with a data point - 215)	59
Children	172	37
Maternity	188	n/a
Persons with disabilities	194	92
Unemployment	206	142
Old-age pension beneficiaries	215	148
Vulnerable	199	46
Contributors to pensions	212	171

ILO Social Protection Monitor

wspdb.social-protection.org



Updated on 16/12/2025

150 Countries 1271 Measures

Measures

- Select all
- Regular measures
- COVID-19 crisis
- Ukrainian crisis
- Cost of living crisis

Region or country/territory

Select region or group...
Select country or territ...

Function of social protection

Select function...

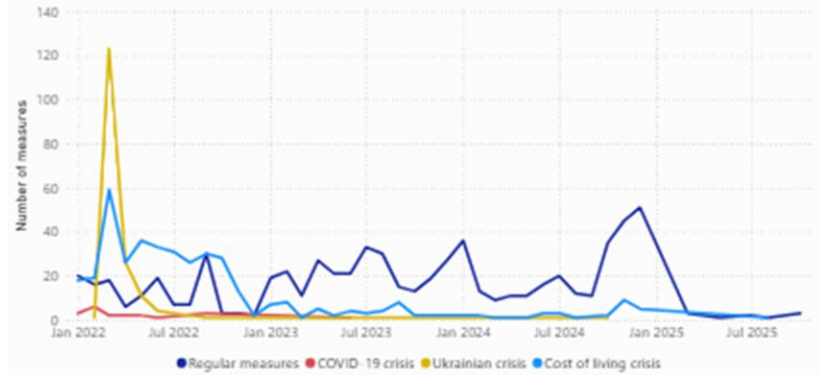
Clear filters

Social Protection Monitor: announced measures throughout the world

Select the range of years

2022 2025


Number of measures announced, by type and date




Expansion and contraction measures, by region



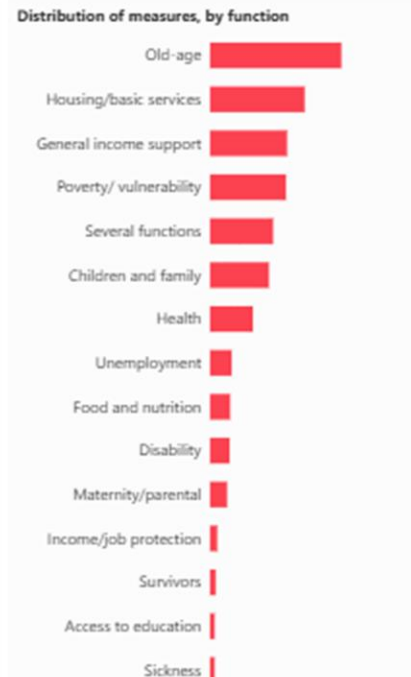
Source of funds



Gender sensitivity



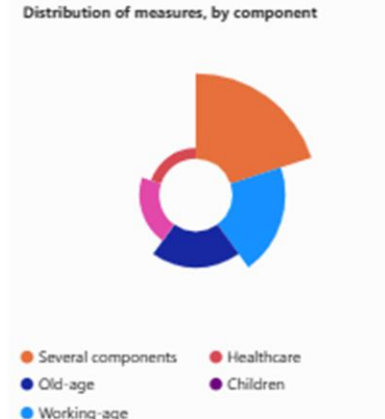
Distribution of measures, by function



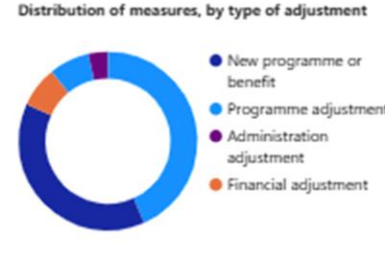
Since 2010, majority of countries and territories have announced measures in the field of social protection. Two-thirds of the regular measures were announced by high and upper-middle-income countries, while less than 10% by low-income countries.

The situation is even more unequal when it comes to social protection responses to COVID-19 crisis. Majority of measures in the regions had the expansion nature for contributory and non-contributory schemes focusing on extending coverage, introducing new benefit and increasing benefit level.

Distribution of measures, by component



Distribution of measures, by type of adjustment



Top-10 announced measures

Measure	Number
Introducing new programme or benefit	283
Increasing benefit level	240
Extending coverage	175
Introducing subsidies to or deferring or reducing cost of necessities/utilities	121
Increasing resources/budgetary allocation	57
Introducing benefit for poor or vulnerable population	52
Relaxing eligibility criteria / reducing length of contribution	34
Introducing benefit for workers/dependents	33
Improving access/administration	30
Increasing benefit duration	30

► World Social Protection Report 2024-26:

Universal Social Protection for Climate Action and a Just Transition

- Gives a **global overview of recent developments in social protection systems**, including floors, following a life-cycle approach.
- **Role of universal social protection in enabling climate action and a just transition.**
- Based on **improved statistical data**, for the first time with trend data (2015-2023).
- The **Executive Summary** is available in 8 languages (AR, CH, DE, EN, ES, FR, PT, RU).

► World Social Protection Report 2024-26

Universal social protection
for climate action and
a just transition

EMBARGO

Do not publish or distribute before
Thursday 12 September 2024
at 11:30 CEST (09:30 GMT)



Data are analysed, supplemented by indicators from other organisations, **SDG indicators are produced and sent to the countries for validation**

ILO specialists (field and HQ) **review and validate** data received and discuss with the country if necessary

ILO receives the **questionnaire completed**

Questionnaire shared with relevant agencies and the work on the **SSI is ongoing at the country level**

SSI questionnaire sent to the Ministry of Labour

New annual cycle for appx. 60 countries

February

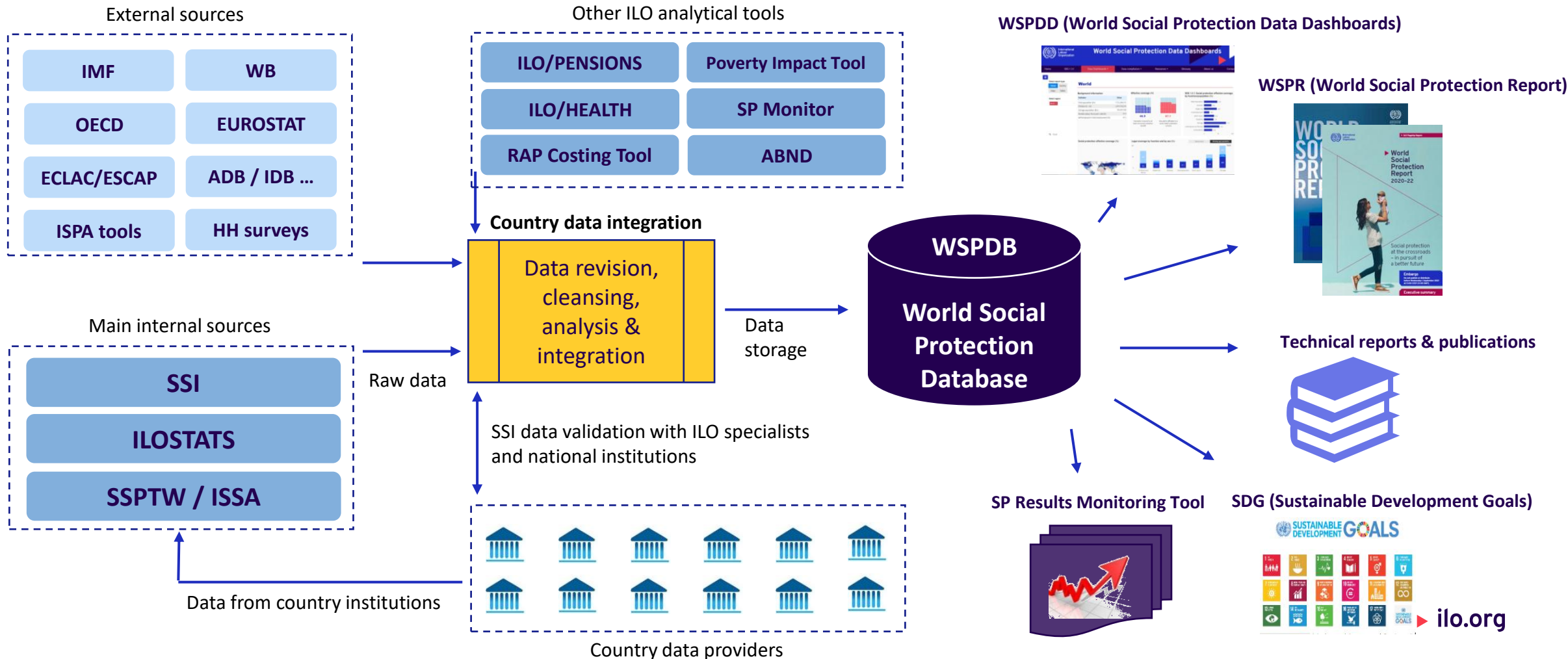
SDG indicator 1.3.1 is reported to UNSD

Indicators are included into the **World Social Protection Report** and other ILO publications

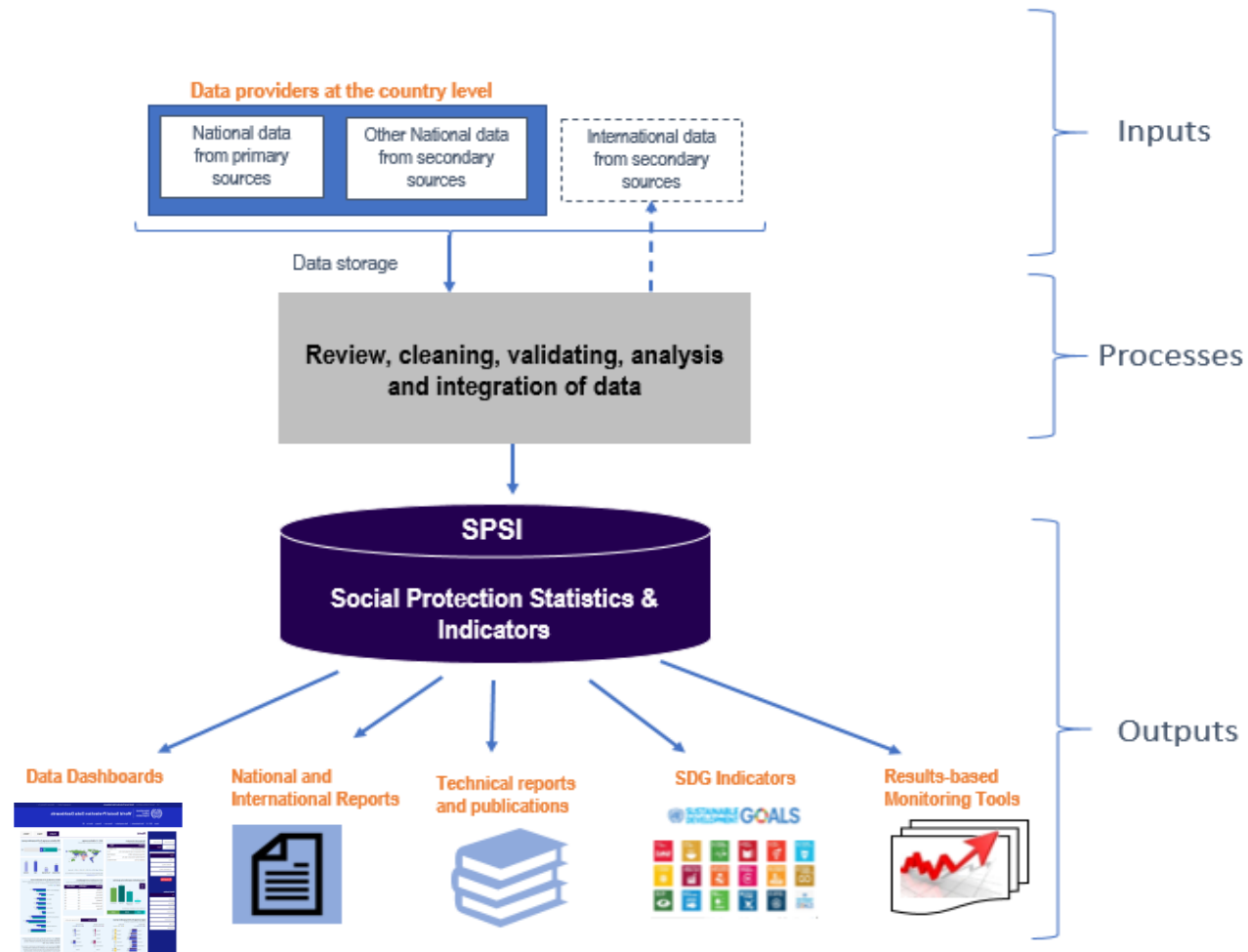


SSI data compilation cycle

World Social Protection Database – flow of data



► Evolving tools for data input, processing and knowledge generation



► Standardized Data Collection and Indicator Calculation

▶ ILO/SSI - Social Security Inquiry's new (and multi-lingual) interface

- ▶ Questionnaire is used to compile information on basic characteristics of social protection schemes and benefits, and administrative data on social protection coverage (incl. SDG 1.3.1 components), including access to social healthcare; indicators on benefit levels; revenue and expenditure.
- ▶ Online, secured, collaborative. Rapid, efficient and harmonized data compilation
- ▶ In English, Spanish, French, Portuguese, Russian, Arabic
- ▶ Used to assess the SDG 1.3.1 since 2016. Phased development. New interface with improved UI/UX in 2025.
- ▶ Used globally, with information for 200+ countries/territories



SYSTEM LOGIN

[Forgot Password](#)

[Change Password](#)

Log in

Welcome to ILO/SSI!

ILO/SSI, the ILO Social Security Inquiry, is the main questionnaire used to compile data on social protection systems worldwide, used as a basis for monitoring [SDG 1.3.1](#) and its components.

ILO/SSI data include indicators on social protection coverage, revenues and expenditures and the adequacy of benefit levels.

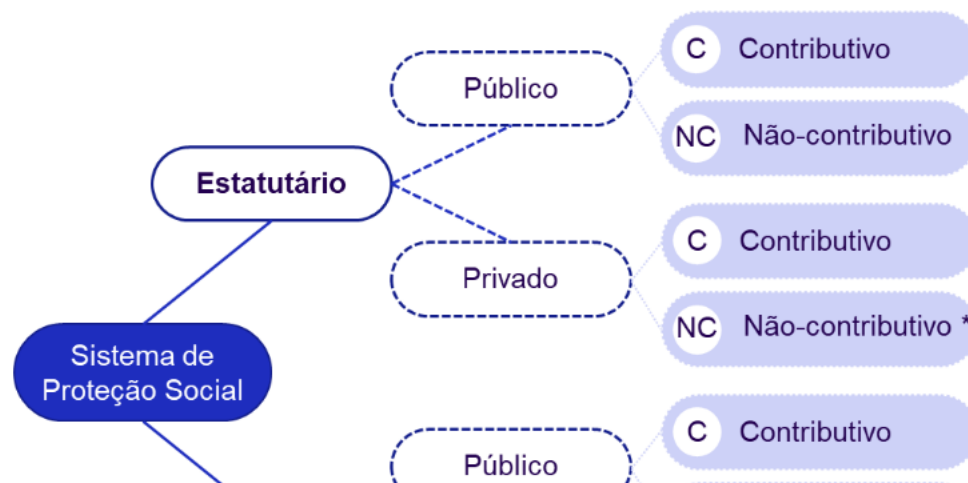
To see these data in action, visit the ILO [World Social Protection Dashboards](#) and read the most recent [ILO World Social Protection Report](#).

Instruções e conceitos

Diagrama de mapeamento

Diagnóstico: Categorização dos regimes e prestações

Definição dos regimes/programas



Características das prestações

Função	Tipo	Periodicidade	Eligibilidade
Idosos <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Velhice Sobrevivência** 	em Dinheiro	Periódico	Condição de recursos
Idade ativa <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Doença Deficiência/Invalidez Desemprego Acidente de trabalho Maternidade Sobrevivência** Políticas ativas de 	em Espécie	Montante único	Universal
		Pontual	Categorial
Outros critérios			

Prestações do regime - Bloqueado por Admin Admin

Características

Contribuintes

Beneficiários

Pagamento de prestações e despesas

Critérios de elegibilidade

Cancelar

Editar

Guardar

G17 *fx* Todos os trabalhadores (empregados + independentes),

	A	B	C	D	E	G	H	I	J
	Prestações do regime	Nome da prestação em inglês	Nome da prestação em português		Função abarangida	Grupos populacionais legalmente abrangidos (como contribuintes segurados ou beneficiários titulares de direitos)			Contributivo / não contributivo
					<i>selecione da lista</i>	<i>Grupos populacionais selecione da lista</i>	<i>por grupo etário selecione da lista</i>	<i>por área geográfica selecione da lista</i>	<i>selecione da lista</i>
4	Prestação 1	Old-age pension	Aposentadoria por idade		Velhice,	Todos os trabalhadores (empregados + independentes),	Idosos,	Todas as áreas	Contributivo
5	Prestação 2	Seniority pension	Aposentadoria por tempo de contribuição		Velhice,	Todos os trabalhadores (empregados + independentes),	Idosos,	Todas as áreas	Contributivo
6	Prestação 3	Disability pension	Aposentadoria por invalidez (por incapacidade permanente) previdenciária		Invalidez/deficiência,	Todos os trabalhadores (empregados + independentes),	Idade laboral,	Todas as áreas	Contributivo
7	Prestação 4	Survivor's pension	Pensões por morte		Survivors,	Todos os trabalhadores (empregados + independentes),	Crianças, Idade laboral,	Todas as áreas	Contributivo
8	Prestação 5	Old-age pension - Persons with disabilities	Aposentadoria por idade - Pessoa com deficiência		Invalidez/deficiência, Velhice,	Todos os trabalhadores (empregados + independentes),	Idosos,	Todas as áreas	Contributivo
9	Prestação 6	Seniority pension - Persons with disabilities	Aposentadoria por tempo de contribuição - Pessoa com deficiência		Invalidez/deficiência, Velhice,	Todos os trabalhadores (empregados + independentes),	Idosos,	Todas as áreas	Contributivo
10	Prestação 7	Sickness benefit	Auxílio-doença		Doença,	Todos os trabalhadores (empregados + independentes),	Idade laboral,	Todas as áreas	Contributivo
11	Prestação 8	Maternity pay	Salário maternidade		Maternidade,	Todos os trabalhadores (empregados + independentes),	Idade laboral,	Todas as áreas	Contributivo
12	Prestação 9	Accident aid	Auxílio acidente (previdenciário)		Outros (indicar em notas), Lesão laboral,	Empregados (trabalhadores assalariados),	Idade laboral,	Todas as áreas	Contributivo
13	Prestação 10	Disability pension (accident)	Aposentadoria por invalidez (por incapacidade permanente) acidentária		Lesão laboral,	Empregados (trabalhadores assalariados),	Idade laboral,	Todas as áreas	Contributivo
14	Prestação 11	Survivor's pension (accident)	Pensão por morte (acidentário)		Lesão laboral,	Empregados (trabalhadores assalariados),	Crianças, Crianças, Idade laboral,	Todas as áreas	Contributivo
15	Prestação 12	Sickness aid (accident)	Auxílio doença (acidentário)		Lesão laboral,	Empregados (trabalhadores assalariados),	Idade laboral,	Todas as áreas	Contributivo
16	Prestação 13	Accident aid (accident)	Auxílio acidente (acidentário)		Lesão laboral,	Empregados (trabalhadores	Idade laboral,	Todas as áreas	Contributivo

English

Español

Français

Português

العربية

Русский



Survey management

United Arab Emirates -
2023
Arabic

Instructions

Inventory of Schemes

Benefits

Additional info

United Arab Emirates-2023 / Inventory of Schemes

Export survey

Share survey access

Mark as F

eme

Help

#	Scheme name	Administrative organization	Contributory or not	A
1	Federal Pension Scheme	الهيئة العامة للمعاشات والتأمينات الاجتماعية	Contributory	
2	Sharjah Social Security Fund	صندوق الشارقة للضمان الاجتماعي	Contributory	
3	Abu Dhabi Pension Fund	صندوق أبوظبي للتقاعد	Contributory	 
4	Abu Dhabi Social Support Programme	هيئة أبوظبي للدعم الاجتماعي	Non-contributory	 
5	Dubai - Community Development	هيئة تنمية المجتمع - دبي	Non-contributory	 
6	Social Welfare Programme (UAE)	وزارة تمكين المجتمع	Non-contributory	 
7	Zakat	هيئة المساهمات الاجتماعية - معاً	Non-contributory	 
8	Health care svstem	هيئة الصحة بدبي	Contributory	 

▶ ILO/SSI-Calc – Standardised indicator calculation, including the SDG 1.3.1

- ▶ A standardised calculation protocol to estimate 50+ indicators on social protection coverage and expenditure – disaggregated by sex and by type of scheme, for every SSI filled.
- ▶ Built-in automatic data query, versatile, displays real-time result, and allows result verification
- ▶ Used globally, with information for 200+ countries/territories.
- ▶ Being implemented as a default module of ILO/SSI, accessible for registered users

Survey management

Ethiopia-2022 / Indicator Selection

Go to Indicator Calculation

Ethiopia - 2022 v1

Indicator Selection Matrix

Type of indicator

-- Choose option --

Select relevant indicators to include the values in the calculation

Scheme	Benefit/description of the value	Function covered	Financing	Mean	Aggregate	Children (0-15)	Children (0-17)	Maternity	Unemployment	Work injury	Disability	Contributors to pension	Old age	Poverty	Non-vulnerable	Vulnerable	Health
Public Servants Social Security Scheme	Maternity	Maternity	Contributory	Cash	✓												
Public Servants Social Security Scheme	Old Age Pension	Old age	Contributory	Cash	✓								✓		✓		
Public Servants Social Security Scheme	Survivors	Survivors	Contributory	Cash													
Public Servants Social Security Scheme	Invalidity	Invalidity/disability	Contributory	Cash	✓						✓				✓		
Public Servants Social Security Scheme	Employment injury	Other (indicate notes)	Contributory	Cash													
Private Organization Employees Social Security Scheme	Maternity	Maternity,	Contributory	Cash	✓			✓							✓		
Private Organization Employees Social Security Scheme	Old Age Pension	Old age,	Contributory	Cash	✓								✓		✓		
Private Organization Employees Social Security Scheme	Survivors	Survivors,	Contributory	Cash													
Private Organization Employees Social Security Scheme	Invalidity	Invalidity/disability,	Contributory	Cash	✓						✓				✓		
Private Organization Employees Social Security Scheme	Employment injury	Other (indicate notes),	Contributory	Cash						✓							
Private Organization Employees Social Security Scheme	Maternity	Maternity,	Contributory	Cash													
Private Organization Employees Social Security Scheme	Old Age Pension	Old age,	Contributory	Cash													
School Feeding	Maternity	Maternity,	Non-contributory	In-kind				✓									
School Feeding	Old Age Pension	Old age,	Non-contributory	In-kind									✓				
School Feeding	Survivors	Survivors,	Non-contributory	In-kind													
School Feeding	Invalidity	Invalidity/disability,	Non-contributory	In-kind							✓						
School Feeding	Employment injury	Other (indicate notes),	Non-contributory	In-kind													
Community Based Health Insurance	Permanent Direct Support	Poverty reduction, Family,	Non-contributory	Cash	✓									✓		✓	
Community Based Health Insurance	Public Work	Poverty reduction, Family,	Non-contributory	Cash										✓			
Community Based Health Insurance	Livelihood	Family,	Non-contributory	Cash													
Community Based Health Insurance	Temporary Direct Support	Maternity,	Non-contributory	Cash				✓									
Community Based Health Insurance	Old age (No data)	Old age,	Non-contributory	Cash													
Community Based Health Insurance	Indigent(Free enrolled)	Healthcare, Family,	Non-contributory	Cash													
Community Based Health Insurance	Paying memb.cbhi	Healthcare, Family,	Contributory	Cash													
Community Based Health Insurance	Paying memb.cbhi	Healthcare, Family,	Contributory	Cash													✓

List of Indicators

Save Result

Indicator	Numerator			Denominator				Calculated Rate (%)				Total	Ma
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Source	Total	Male	Female	Year		
Aggregate	313,378	150,587	157,791	522,331	200,000	250,000	ILO DB	60.0	75.3	63.1	2023		
<i>contributory</i>	283,081	142,322	140,759	522,331	265,690	256,641	ILO DB	54.2	53.6	54.8	2023		
<i>non-contributory</i>	30,297	8,265	17,032	522,331	265,690	256,641	ILO DB	5.8	3.1	6.6	2023		
Children (0-14)	67,609	36,096	31,513	137,743	70,811	66,933	ILO DB	49.1	51.0	47.1	2023		
Children (0-17)	72,188	35,876	31,312	186,312	94,473	91,839	ILO DB	38.7	38.0	34.1	2023		
Maternity	2,047	0	2,047	6,429	...	6,429	ILO DB	31.8	...	31.8	2023		
Unemployment	1,309	693	616	33,800	16,900	16,900	ILO DB	3.9	4.1	3.6	2023		
Work injury	139,275	72,502	66,773	250,000	151,774	114,981	National source	55.7	47.8	58.1	2023		
Disability	11,075	3,103	2,972	18,559	...	...	ILO DB	59.7	...	...	2023		
Contributors to pension (% of LF)	119,275	62,002	57,273	266,756	151,774	114,981	ILO DB	44.7	40.9	49.8	2023		
Contributors to pension (% of WAP)	119,275	62,002	57,273	384,588	194,880	189,708	ILO DB	31.0	31.8	30.2	2023		
Old age	44,404	17,733	26,671	39,975	13,328	26,647	ILO DB	111.1	133.1	100.1	2023		
<i>contributory</i>	24,196	11,867	12,329	39,975	13,328	26,647	ILO DB	60.5	89.0	46.3	2023		
<i>non-contributory</i>	20,208	5,866	14,342	39,975	13,328	26,647	ILO DB	50.6	44.0	53.8	2023		
Poverty	125,238	5,877	14,361	122,748	...	...	ILO DB	102.0	...	...	2023		
Non-vulnerables	258,919	124,033	134,886	522,331	265,690	256,641	ILO DB	49.6	46.7	52.6	2023		
Vulnerables	197,485	44,141	48,344	263,412	141,657	121,755	ILO DB	75.0	31.2	39.7	2023		
Healthcare	450,000	250,000	200,000	522,331	265,690	256,641	ILO DB	86.2	94.1	77.9	2023		

Parameters

Country/territory

Ethiopia

Retirement age - Men

65

Retirement age - Women

-- Choose option --

...

58

59

60

61

62

63

64

65

66

67

68

69

70

Log

Created: 2025-10-10 → Reviewed by kopp@iloquest.org

Save Changes

Trend Data

Data

Useful resources

SSI Documentations and example of questionnaire

<https://www.social-protection.org/gimi/WSPDB.action?id=41>

World Social Protection Report 2024-26

<https://www.social-protection.org/gimi/ShowWiki.action?id=52>

World Social Protection Database & Dashboards

<https://www.social-protection.org/gimi/WSPDB.action?id=19>

SOCIAL PROTECTION MONITOR

<https://www.social-protection.org/gimi/ShowWiki.action?id=3426>

Contact us: socprodata@ilo.org



From National Data to Global Monitoring:

Building Robust Social Protection Statistics in Nigeria

Nigeria's Experience with the Social Security Inquiry (SSI), SDG Indicator 1.3.1, and Social Protection Management Information Systems

ILO / socialprotection.org Global Flagship Programme Webinar

19 February 2026



WHY SOCIAL PROTECTION STATISTICS MATTER



Social protection statistics are essential tools for:

- Evidence-based policy design and programme targeting
- Monitoring coverage, adequacy, and equity of social protection schemes
- Assessing financing, fiscal sustainability, and expenditure priorities
- Enhancing transparency, accountability, and public trust
- Monitoring progress towards SDG Indicator 1.3.1

Reliable and integrated data are critical for ensuring that no one is left behind.

NIGERIA'S STARTING POINT



Nigeria's social protection data landscape was characterized by:

- Multiple social protection schemes administered by different MDAs
- Fragmented administrative data systems and parallel MIS platforms
- Limited interoperability across institutions
- Weak coverage of informal sector, disability, and unemployment data
- Significant gaps in sub-national (state-level) data availability

As a result, producing a coherent national picture of social protection coverage was challenging.

STARTING POINT – EU-SPONSORED SUSI PROGRAM IN NIGERIA



In 2025, the European Union provided generous funding to launch the "Supporting Sustainable Social Protection Systems in Nigeria" (SUSI) project.

The project sought to reinforce policy frameworks, integrate financial mechanisms into national budgets, and enhance the shock-responsiveness of social protection systems at both federal and state levels

Abia, Benue, Oyo, and Sokoto States were Pilot states

Through the support ILO, NBS received funding to institutionalize annual social protection statistics production in Nigeria and develop a Social protection Management Information System (SP-MIS) for Nigeria

NBS & ITS MANDATE



National Bureau of Statistics



Establish by
Sec. 5 of Statistics Act, 2007



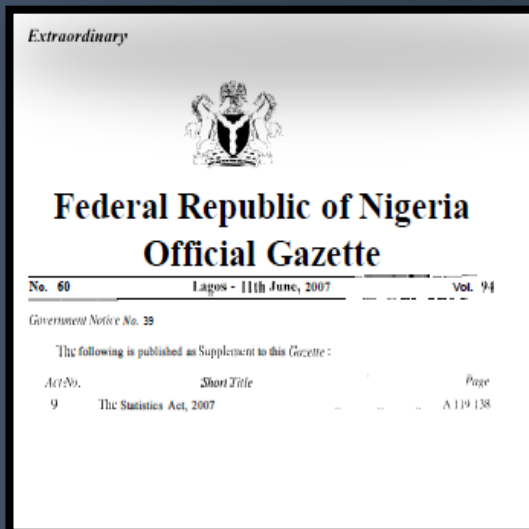
The main national agency
responsible for the development and
management of official statistics.



The authoritative source and
custodian of official statistics in the
country



Collecting, compiling, analyzing,
interpreting, publishing and
disseminating statistical information
alone or in collaboration
with other agencies, both
governmental and non-governmental
agencies



Extraordinary



Federal Republic of Nigeria
Official Gazette

No. 60 Lagos - 11th June, 2007 Vol. 94

Government Notice No. 39

The following is published as Supplement to this Gazette :

Act No.	Short Title	Page
9	The Statistics Act, 2007	A 119-138

RESPONSE -TECHNICAL NATIONAL AND SUBNATIONAL WORKSHOPS ON SPS



Technical Needs Assessment and Stakeholder Engagement Workshop was held in Abuja and already cascaded to 3 of the 4 pilot states to:

- Introduce concepts and principles of social protection statistics
- Present global, regional, and national coverage landscapes
- Build capacity on the Social Security Inquiry (SSI) tool
- Anchor national monitoring on SDG Indicator 1.3.1
- Identify data sources, producers, and gaps. Then collect available social protection data across MDAs and feed into the Social Security Inquiry tool
- Promoting collaboration towards a National System of Social Protection Statistics (NSSPS)

ANCHORING ON SDG INDICATOR 1.3.1 AND SSI



SDG Indicator 1.3.1 as the core framework for collecting and monitoring social protection coverage.

Key features:

- Standardized indicators across the life-cycle
- Clear definitions of numerators and denominators
- Integration of administrative and survey data
- Alignment with international ILO standards

The Social Security Inquiry (SSI) tool was adopted as the primary reporting and harmonization instrument.

CORE SOCIAL PROTECTION INDICATORS MONITORED – SDG 1.3.1



Key indicators include:

- Proportion of older persons receiving a pension
- Proportion of persons with severe disabilities receiving benefits
- Proportion of unemployed persons receiving unemployment benefits
- Proportion of workers covered against employment injury
- Proportion of mothers with newborns receiving maternity benefits
- Proportion of children covered by social protection benefits
- Proportion of poor and vulnerable persons receiving social assistance
- Proportion of population covered by at least one social protection benefit
- Public social protection expenditure as a proportion of GDP

Each indicator draws on data from multiple MDAs.

KEY CHALLENGES IDENTIFIED



Across national and sub-national levels, key challenges included:

- Fragmentation of administrative data across MDAs
- Weak interoperability of MIS platforms
- Limited disaggregation by sex, age, disability, and geography
- Incomplete coverage of informal sector populations
- Absence of standardized reporting templates
- Underdeveloped data governance and coordination mechanisms

These challenges constrained effective monitoring and reporting.

EMERGING SOLUTIONS AND WAY FORWARD



Key measures being pursued include:

- Establishment of a National System of Social Protection Statistics (NSSPS), coordinated by NBS
- Development of State Systems of Social Protection Statistics (SSSPS)
- Adoption of SSI as the standard reporting tool across MDAs
- Strengthening MIS interoperability through harmonized templates and API-based systems
- Regular production of Social Protection Statistical Bulletins
- Continuous capacity building for MDAs and state institutions

KEY LESSONS AND CONCLUSION



Key lessons from NBS' experience:

- Strong national coordination is essential for harmonization
- Administrative data are central to sustainable social protection statistics
- Sub-national engagement is critical for completeness and accuracy
- International standards provide a common language for all stakeholders
- Funding is critical to achieving a nation-wide social protection data production process

Nigeria' s ongoing efforts demonstrate how national and sub-national data systems can be aligned with global monitoring frameworks to strengthen social protection for all.



The experience of developing national social protection statistical bulletins in the PALOP countries and Timor-Leste (and beyond)

Mariana Pereira - Technical Officer - Social Protection Data, ILO - pereiram@ilo.org

Webinar: From National Data to Global Monitoring: new approaches to building robust systems of social protection statistics

Thursday, 19 February 2026

► **What are social protection statistical bulletins?**

- **Periodic publications;**
- Disseminate and make accessible a comprehensive **overview of the national social protection system**, including a **consolidated set of statistics**;
- More than a sum of tables and graphs: **they tell a story** of the evolution and development of national social protection systems:
 - functions covered;
 - programmes and schemes in place;
 - number and type of beneficiaries and contributors;
 - policy changes over time;
 - underlying demographic, economic and labour market factors that impact outcomes



► *Why are they useful?*

- **Quick access** to the most relevant social protection data and indicators;
- **Greater visibility** of social protection policies and outcomes, contributing to an enhanced culture of social protection;
- Informed and **evidence-based policy making** and more adequate design of national strategies and programmes;
- Better **quality of the data and information systems available** within the institutions;
- Promotes **linkages and synergies between institutions** and, internally, between departments/units of the same institution;
- Enhanced **transparency of social protection systems** leading to greater trust in these systems.



▶ The work in PALOP and Timor-Leste with the statistical bulletins

How did this work start?



Finance
Technical support



Implementation



Targeted countries



Guiné-Bissau



Cabo Verde



São Tomé e Príncipe



Angola



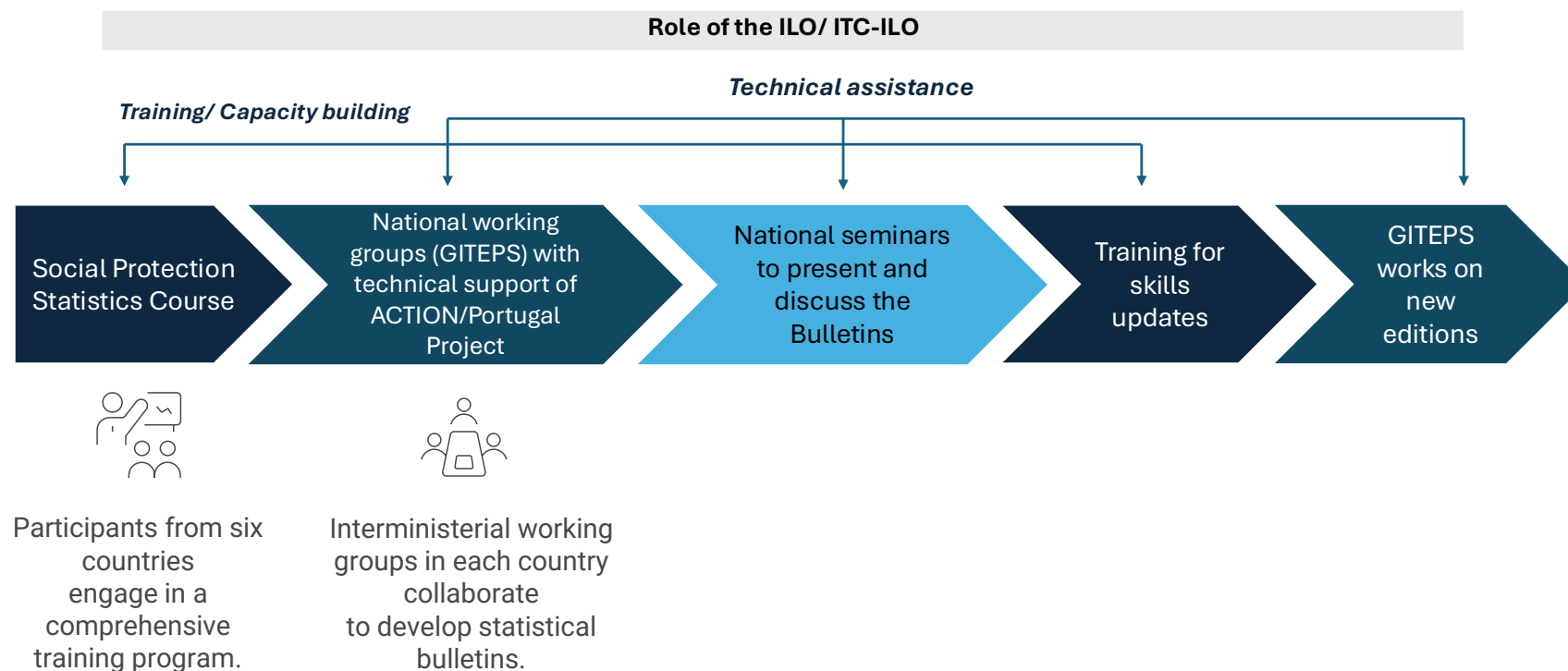
Moçambique



Timor Leste

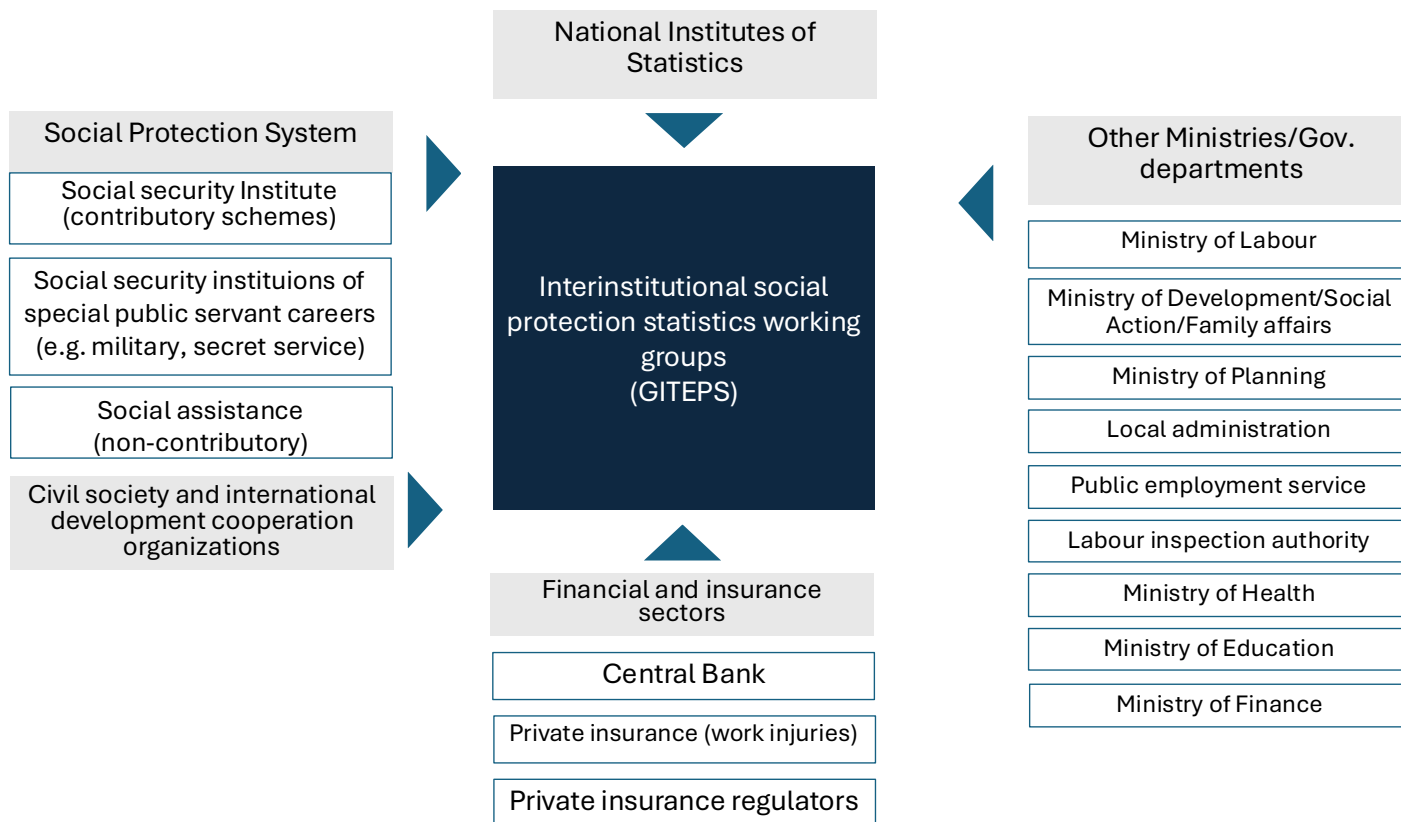


How did this work start?



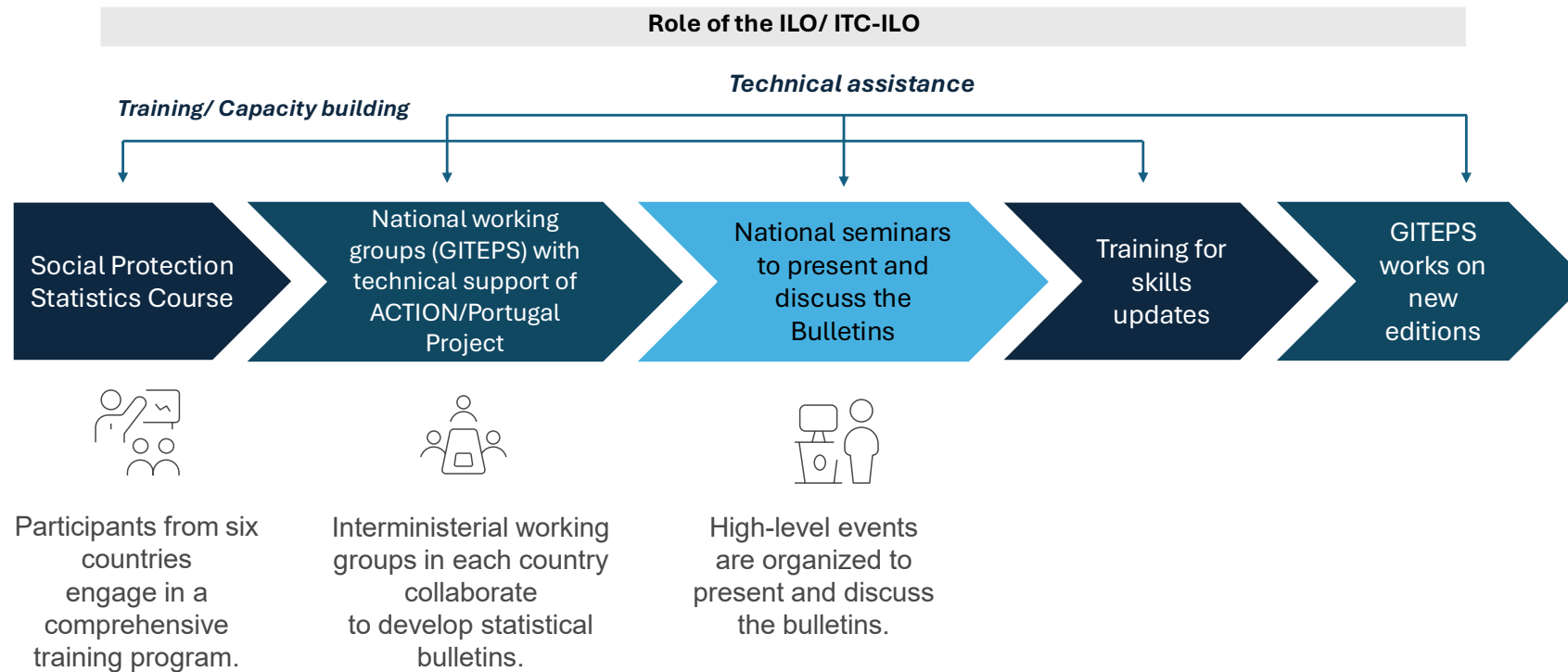
«GITEPS» working groups

Example of a configuration of an interinstitutional social protection statistics working group (GITEPS)



GITEPS Angola work meeting

How did this work start?



How did this work start?

High-level seminars

- Dissemination of social protection programmes and schemes and main indicators;
- Discussion of the Bulletin and its results;
- Ownership by GITEPS members and respective institutions;
- Engagement of current stakeholders and mobilization of new actors.

Armed Forces
Interior Ministry
asked to join GITEPS
+ union representatives asked to
join discussion

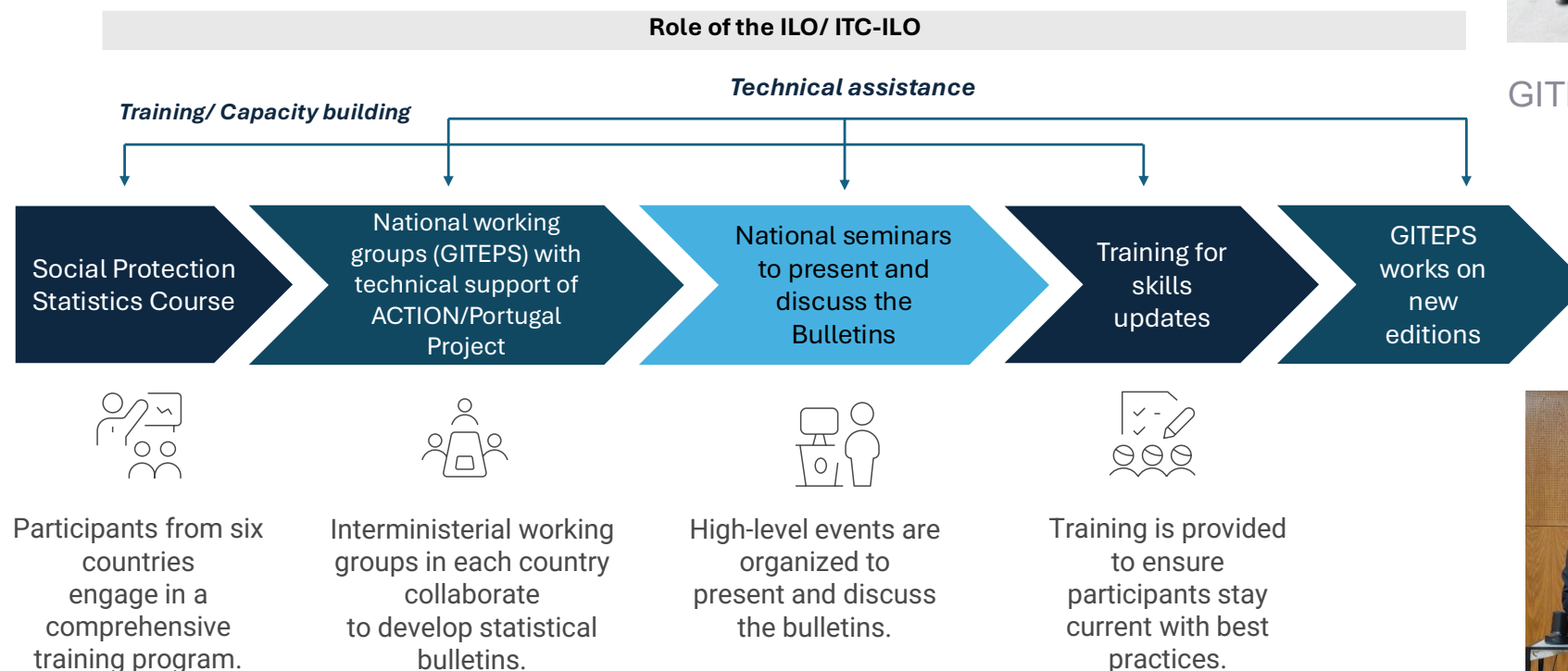


Launch of 1st Bulletin in Angola

How did this work start?



GITEPS Timor-Leste, training



GITEPS Cabo Verde, training

Achievements so far...



▶ Main lessons learned

Increased visibility of social protection, programmes, policies and outcomes

Positive institutional impacts

Improved culture of social protection

Improved national and global databases

International references and best practices

Trust and confidence in social protection systems

Role of the ILO



GITEPS São Tomé e Príncipe, training

Learn more about the experience with PALOP countries and Timor Leste:

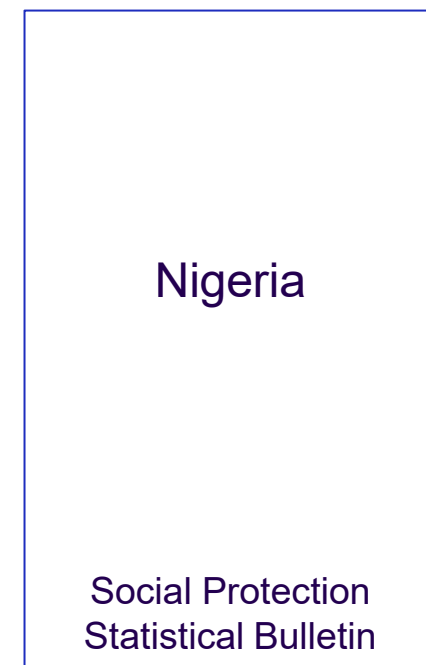
Draft working paper (2026) - The experience of developing Social Protection Statistics Bulletins in the Portuguese Speaking African Countries and Timor-Leste

SPF Brief (2022): Mozambique: The Mozambican Statistical Bulletin – a best practice in monitoring the progress of the extension of social protection coverage | ILO



To be published in 2026

▶ Other national experiences



To be published in 2026

Ongoing...



INPS

INSTITUTO NACIONAL
DE PREVIDÊNCIA SOCIAL

Estatísticas de Proteção Social como Pilar de Boa Governação

O papel do Boletim Estatístico de Proteção Social de Cabo Verde

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**AO MEU LADO.
A VIDA TODA.**

Cabo Verde

511 mil

População Residente

Estimativa atual da população que reside no conjunto das nossas dez ilhas.

1 Milhão

Comunidade da Diáspora

A população emigrante ultrapassa o dobro da população residente, abrangendo três gerações distribuídas a nível global.

2024

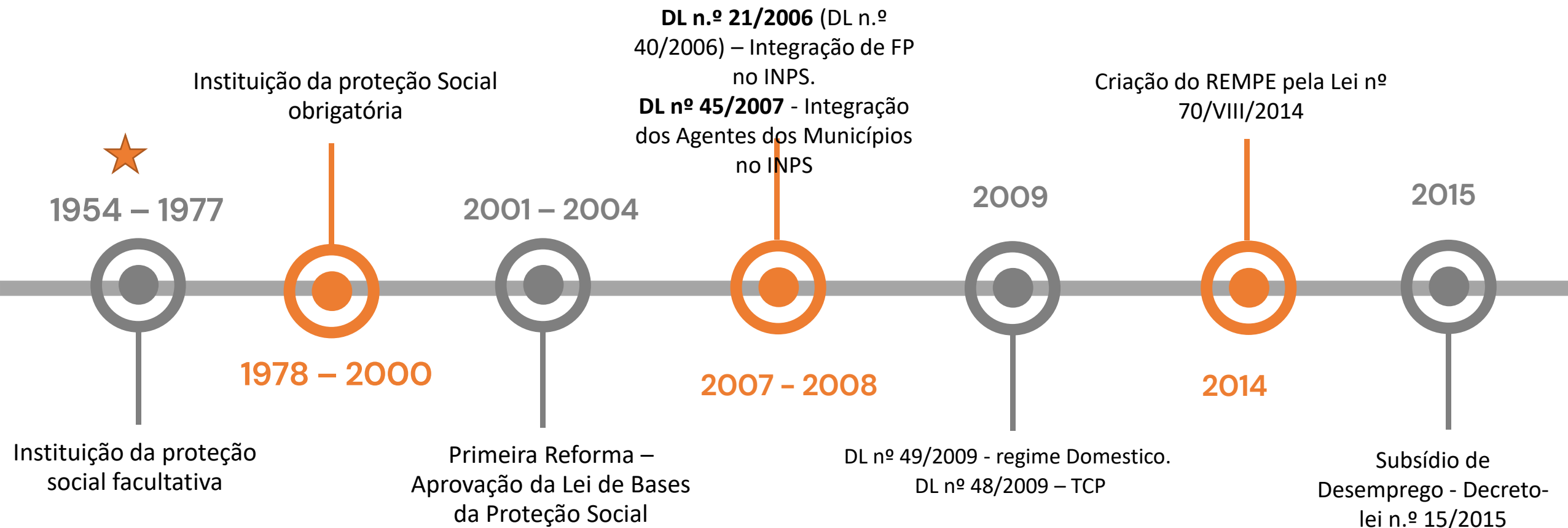


PIB ≈ USD 2,7 bilhões



PIB per capita ≈ USD 5 mil

Evolução do Sistema de Proteção Social de Cabo Verde



AO MEU LADO.
A VIDA TODA.

Evolução do Sistema de Proteção Social de Cabo Verde

Lei n. 131/V/2001

Proteção Social
Complementar



Proteção Social Obrigatória



Rede de Segurança
(Sistema Não contributivo)



AO MEU LADO.
A VIDA TODA.



Sistema de Proteção Social em Cabo Verde – Enquadramento Legal

- 👉 Constituição da República de Cabo Verde: o direito à proteção social está consagrado principalmente no Artigo 70º, sob a designação de Direito à Segurança Social.
 - 👉 Assegura a proteção na doença, velhice, invalidez, viuvez, orfandade e desemprego, visando a cobertura universal, a inclusão social e a redução da pobreza, com foco particular nos grupos vulneráveis e na solidariedade social.
- 👉 Lei de Bases da Proteção Social (Lei n.º 131/V/2001, de 22 de janeiro):
 - 👉 A Segurança Social constitui um dos direitos fundamentais dos cidadãos
 - 👉 Uma das principais responsabilidades do Estado
 - 👉 Assegurar a gradual realização das condições indispensáveis à efetivação desses direitos, através da adoção de uma política nacional de proteção social.
 - 👉 Um dos instrumentos indispensáveis para o desenvolvimento económico, e o garante do equilíbrio, equidade, tranquilidade e justiça social.

Proteção Social em Cabo Verde - Principais instrumentos de política

- 🍊 Agenda Estratégica de Desenvolvimento Sustentável do país (**Ambição 2030**) - Pilar 4: Proteção Social;
- 🍊 **PEDS (Plano Estratégico de Desenvolvimento Sustentável) 2017-2021** – meta de alargamento da cobertura da proteção social: atingir os 60% de cobertura da população residente;
- 🍊 **PEDS II** - atenção especial ao alargamento da cobertura de proteção social em alinhamento com os objetivos estratégicos definidos neste domínio;
- 🍊 **Programa de Governo da X Legislatura (2021-2026)** – uma das metas: alargamento do acesso da população à proteção social;







Proteção Social em Cabo Verde - Principais instrumentos de política

- 👉 **Objetivos de Desenvolvimento Sustentável (ODS), particularmente o ODS 1.3.** - Governo assumiu o compromisso de, no horizonte até 2026, aumentar a cobertura de proteção social obrigatória para pelo menos 66% dos trabalhadores, e 80% no horizonte de 2030, em todos os municípios do país;
- 👉 **Convenções e Recomendações da OIT** no que concerne à proteção social:
 - 👉 C 102: Normas mínimas
 - 👉 R 202: Implementação de Pisos Nacionais de Proteção Social para garantir segurança de rendimento e acesso a serviços essenciais a todos, incluindo crianças e idosos
 - 👉 R 204: Transição da economia informal para a formal

Proteção Social em Cabo Verde – Porque que as Estatísticas são Estratégicas

- 👉 Os sistemas de proteção social sustentáveis baseiam-se em evidência
- 👉 As estatísticas permitem:
 - 👉 Compreender a realidade social e económica
 - 👉 Apoiar decisões baseadas em dados
 - 👉 Garantir transparência e prestação de contas
 - 👉 Reforçar a confiança dos cidadãos e parceiros



Proteção Social em Cabo Verde – O que medem as estatísticas de PS

-  **Número de segurados e beneficiários**
-  **Contribuições arrecadadas**
-  **Prestações pagas**
-  **Pensões e subsídios**
-  **Indicadores financeiros e atuariais**
-  **Taxas de cobertura da proteção social**







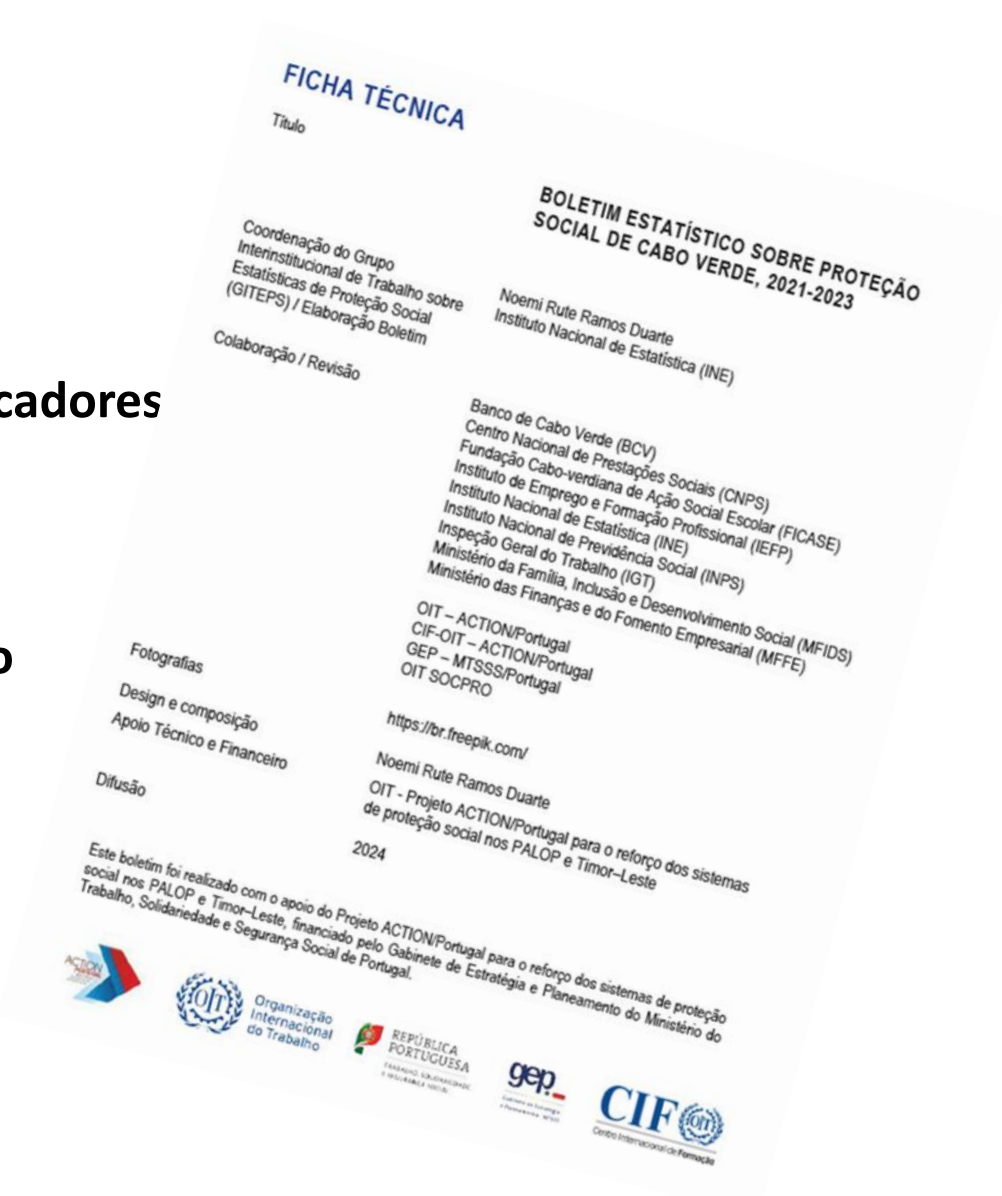
O Boletim Estatístico de Proteção Social de Cabo Verde

Metodologia de trabalho:

-  Constituição de uma equipa interministerial
-  Apropriação da metodologia do conjunto de indicadores

mínimos

-  Identificação das principais fontes de informação
-  Recolha e compilação dos dados
-  Cálculo dos indicadores
-  Elaboração do relatório



O Boletim Estatístico de Proteção Social de Cabo Verde

- 👤 **O Boletim Estatístico constitui um instrumento central para:**
 - 👤 **Divulgar dados oficiais e consolidados**
 - 👤 **Acompanhar a evolução do sistema**
 - 👤 **Apoiar o planeamento estratégico**
 - 👤 **Informar decisores, investigadores e parceiros internacionais**

- 👤 **Garantir a boa governança do sistema**

Boletim Estatístico da Proteção Social – Objetivos

Apresentar as estimativas sobre a cobertura efetiva da proteção social

-  Conhecer o progresso e extensão da proteção social em Cabo Verde

-  Calcular os indicadores sobre o ODS 1.3.1

Medir a adequação das prestações sociais atribuídas

-  Taxa de substituição das pensões

Calcular o rácio das despesas da proteção social sobre o PIB

-  Do regime não contributivo

-  Do regime contributivo

Impacto do Boletim Estatístico na gestão do sistema

O Boletim Estatístico contribui para:

 Monitorização regular da evolução do sistema

 Identificação de tendências e riscos

 Melhoria de articulação entre as entidades gestoras dos sistemas de PS

 Suporte à tomada de decisão estratégica

 Planeamento e avaliação de políticas públicas

Estatísticas e sustentabilidade financeira da PS

As estatísticas são fundamentais para:

Estudos atuariais e projeções financeiras

Estudo sobre o espaço fiscal para a proteção social

Avaliação do equilíbrio entre receitas e despesas

Análise de cenários macroeconómicos e demográficos

Planeamento de reformas e medidas de ajustamento



Importância das estatísticas para a cooperação internacional

- 👤 **Permitem comparações entre sistemas de proteção social**
 - 👤 **Facilitam benchmarking e aprendizagem mútua**
 - 👤 **Apoiam projetos de cooperação técnica**
 - 👤 **Reforçam a credibilidade institucional**
-

Boletins Estatísticos – Evolução da Proteção Social em Cabo Verde

ODS 1.3.1. – EVOLUÇÃO DA COBERTURA EFETIVA DA POPULAÇÃO

51%

286 006

PESSOAS COBERTAS POR PELO MENOS UMA PRESTAÇÃO DE PROTEÇÃO SOCIAL (ODS 1.3.1)



PROTEÇÃO SOCIAL

CABO VERDE, 2023



60%

da população de Cabo Verde está protegida por pelo menos uma prestação de proteção social.

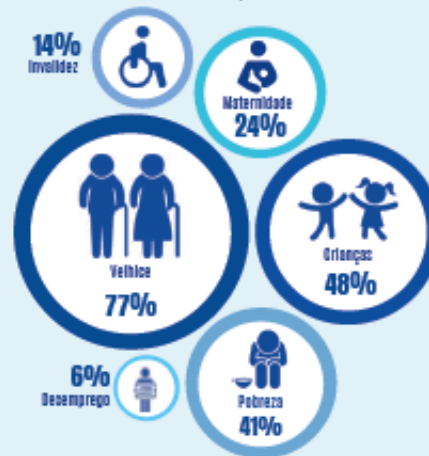
58%



62%



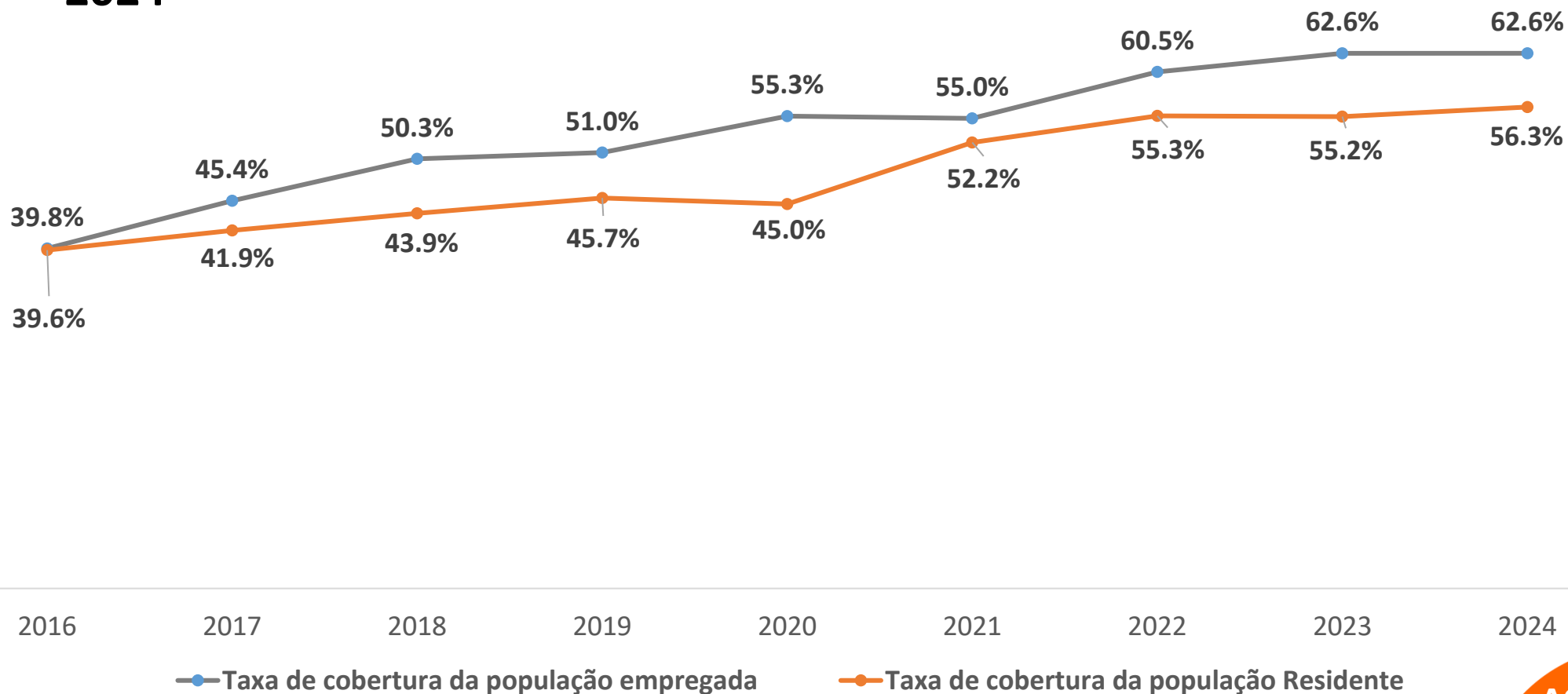
PROTEÇÃO SOCIAL POR TIPO DE PRESTAÇÃO







BOLETIM ESTATÍSTICO DE PROTEÇÃO SOCIAL DE CABO VERDE, 2021-2023

Expansão Sustentada da Cobertura da Proteção Social

Evolução da Taxa de Cobertura Pop. Empregada e Residente, 2016-2024



Desafios na produção estatística

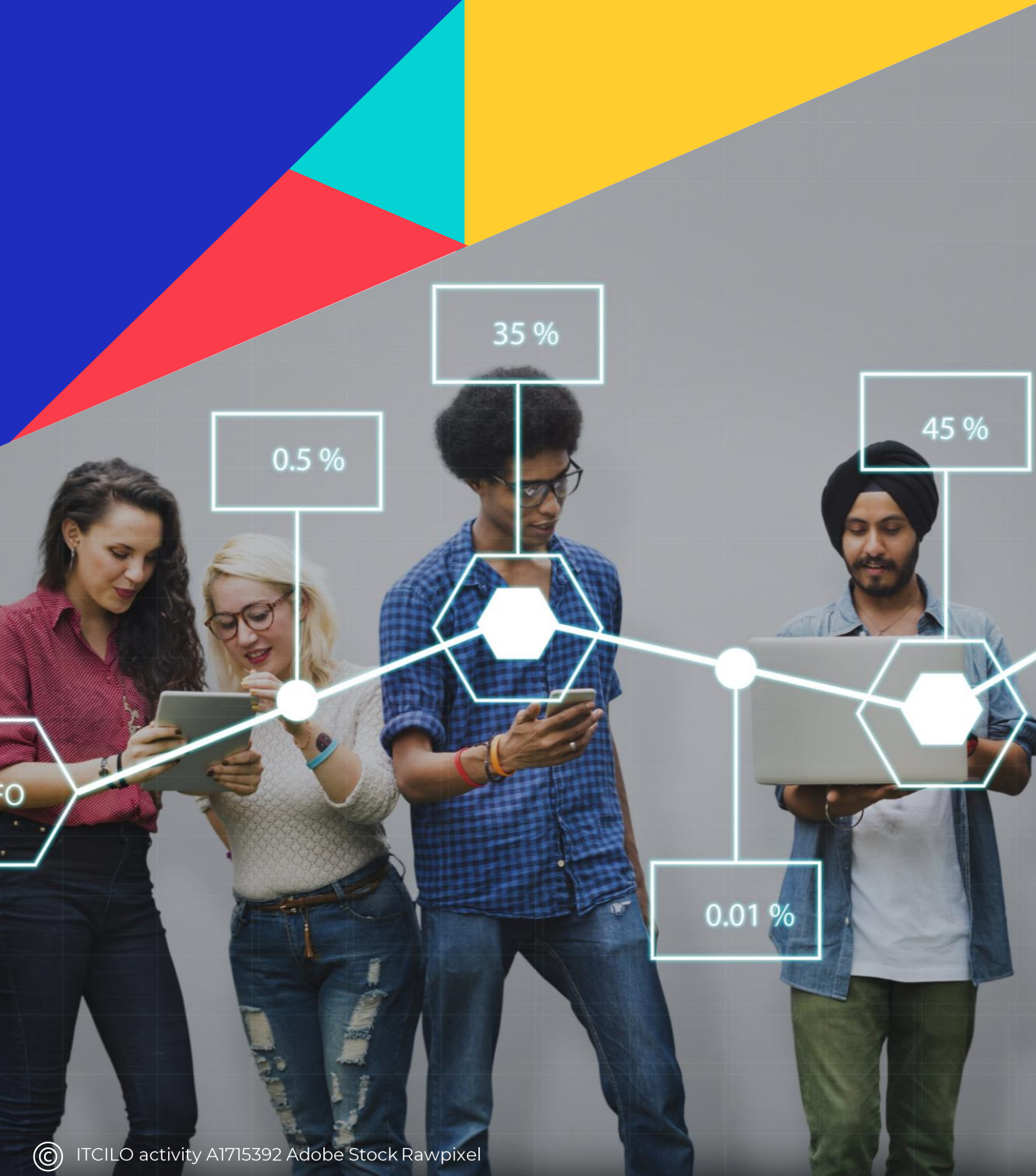
-  **Qualidade e integração de dados administrativos**
-  **Atualização e automatização dos processos**
-  **Harmonização metodológica com padrões internacionais**
-  **Desenvolvimento de capacidades técnicas**

Perspetivas futuras

- 👁️ **Maior digitalização e automatização**
- 👁️ **Desenvolvimento de *dashboards* e análise em tempo real**
- 👁️ **Integração com outras bases de dados públicas**
- 👁️ **Produção de indicadores mais analíticos e preditivos**

Conclusões

- 👉 **As estatísticas de proteção social são um instrumento essencial de boa governação, sustentabilidade financeira e transparência.**
- 👉 **O Boletim Estatístico de Proteção Social de Cabo Verde constitui uma referência fundamental para a compreensão e o acompanhamento do sistema.**



Thank you for joining!

Make sure to answer our survey, available when you leave the session, and join us for the next webinar of the series on **March 31!**



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