

# Social Protection for active age population

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# Active age population

Immediately link with social protection for those who are able to work:

- 1) Traditionally: employment-related benefits (income replacement) - unemployment insurance; maternity benefits, work injury compensation;  
and active labour market policies: training, job placement; employment subsidies, public works
- 2) How to incorporate livelihood support, productive inclusion and PEPs/EGS, support for micro-entrepreneurs/microfinance (?)

# Active age population

Yesterday's databases

[http://epp.eurostat.ec.europa.eu/portal/page/portal/labour\\_market/labour\\_market\\_policy](http://epp.eurostat.ec.europa.eu/portal/page/portal/labour_market/labour_market_policy)

<http://www.oecd.org/els/emp/activelabourmarketpoliciesandactivationstrategies.htm>

[http://www.oecd-ilibrary.org/employment/public-expenditure-on-active-labour-market-policies\\_20752342-table9](http://www.oecd-ilibrary.org/employment/public-expenditure-on-active-labour-market-policies_20752342-table9)

Potential of SSI – Social Security Inquiry - to gather data on livelihood, productive inclusion and EGS/PEPs (statutory versus non-statutory; short-term v permanent policy; cross-functions programmes: PSNP – How to disaggregate?)

Household survey (ASPIRE?) – Panel data and cross section; timing; small coverage;